

machine certificates

PKCS #7 = P7B

. P12 and . PFX for private and pub

certification path = cert chaining = chain
of trust

the certs for diff servers need
to be same

CA hierarchy

- root = top
- subordinate = intermediate
- issuing CAs

Email certificates sign and encrypt emails

Server/computer certificates for hardware

Private vs public root certs

public use chain of trust

private orgs must load emp pc;
web browser w/ internal
certs

Subject Alternative name SAN = diff
names

Wildcard = same name

pinning - ensure it is inspecting proper
cert when client inspects cert

prevents on-path

extended validation - more rigorous
check on subject's legal id
and control over domain

error in SAN = "does not support *"

extension field on web server

cert

X.509 cert standard ; format

domain validation - proving ownership
of domain

may be proved via email

highly vuln

Encrypt emails w/ ~~SMIME~~ or PGP

DER = binary

CER = ASCII

PEM = Base64

- key
- cert
- cer

~~HTTP~~ public key pinning ~~HTTP~~ PKP

Root CA must be powered on when
adding subordinate CA to hierarchy

Online CA sign, publish CRL, and other
cert manage tasks

~~Common Access Card~~ CAC - smart card
for cert-based auth

for cert-based auth

Common name CN - used to be used
to id FQDN but is deprecated