Annotation Instructions:

Steps to determine if a text is humorous:

- 1) Read the entire text-discourse to establish a general understanding of the meaning
- 2) Determine if the text has implicit/explicit meanings of incongruous / conflicting / ambiguous / unexpected or strong emotions that make text humorous in the given context.
- 3) Determine whether the text invokes a humorous reaction from you.

NOTE: If you think an entry satisfies more than one type, write all the types (upto 3) that are applicable to the entry according to priority.

Humor:

If you think the entry is not humorous just fill the first column (humorous) as 0 and move on to the next entry.

If humorous fill 1

Type:

Teasing (T): the act of persistently annoying someone, especially playfully and with silly jokes about them.

Insulting (I): is that kind of humor which consists of offensive insults directed to a person or a group.

Satire (S): a way of criticizing people or ideas in a humorous way, especially in order to make a political point, or a piece of writing that uses this style.

Sexist (X): suggesting that the members of one sex are less able, intelligent, etc. than the members of the other sex, or referring to that sex's bodies, behaviour, or feelings in a negative way

Racist (R): having the belief that some races of people are better than others or having general beliefs about other people based only on their race

Age-ism (A): is defined as jokes that stereotype, prejudice, and discriminate against people on the basis of their age.

Self-defeating (SD): excessive self-disparaging humor; amusing others at one's own expense to facilitate integration or gain approval; allowing oneself to be the focus of others' humor

Dark humor (D): a gruesome or a tragic topic such as death/illness is mixed with an innocuous topic which creates shock and inappropriateness.

Pun (P): Puns are usage of certain words in speech to suggest two or more meanings or different associations of a word, or using two or more words with different meanings that sound the same or nearly the same in order to produce humor.

Sarcasm (SR): is often used to convey thinly veiled disapproval humorously. It is something that mocks or ridicules, usually by saying the opposite of what is actually meant.

Irony (IR): humor that involves incongruity and disagreement between what is said and what is understood or what is said and what actually happened.

Exaggeration (E): a statement that represents something as better or worse than it really is, i.e. an overstatement of the truth.

Relief (RE): when the main purpose of the joke is to act as an outlet for built-up tension by finding humor in morally problematic, dehumanizing conjectures.

Superiority (SU): where the joke expresses feelings of superiority or dominance over other people/communities or over a former state of ourselves.

Matter of-fact (obvious/facts) (M): to introduce a statement in an unemotional and practical way, that gives more details about what has just been said, an explanation of it, or something that contrasts with it.

Adaptive / Maladaptive :

If you think the entry is adaptive fill 1

Def; When someone uses humor that's affiliative or self-enhancing in nature, it's called adaptive humor.

affiliative humor: benign humor that is used to enhance relationships with others

self-enhancing humor: benign humor that is used to enhance the self

If you think the entry is maladaptive fill 0

Def: When someone uses aggressive or self-defeating humor, it's called maladaptive humor.

aggressive humor: injurious humor that is used to enhance the self

self-defeating humor: injurious humor that is used to enhance relationships with others

Category: the concept or setting the joke revolves around

Boredom (B)

physical appearance (PA)

itical & WHO (PO)	
rk from home (WFH) spitals & doctors (H)	
spitals & doctors (H)	
oceries (G)	
esses (I)	
o culture refs (PC)	
e/sexual (L)	
ndemic (P)	
change (LC)	
rk (W)	
ucation (E)	
dia (M)	

Target: the community/individual being targeted in the joke (who are being made fun of)

(For e.g. "I told a Coronavirus joke to a group of people. Everyone eventually got it, but the Chinese guy, he got it right off the bat." => The target in this joke would be China.)

Men (M)

Women (W)

Children (C)

Religions (R)

Working class (WC)

China (CN)

Antis (maskers, vaxxers) (AN)

Authorities (AU)

Infected (I)

Couples (CO)

Poor (P)

Fans (F)

Elderly (E)

Criminals (CR)

Celebrities (CE)

Families (FAM)

Health workers (HW)

General (G)

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Stereotypes:	
gender (G)	
race (R)	
sexual (S) social-class (SO) (dis)ability (D)	
social-class (SO)	
(dis)ability (D)	
age (A)	
nationality (N)	
political (P)	
religious (RE)	
political (P) religious (RE) occupational (O) Chinese culture (C)	
Chinese culture (C)	