SCAB: serial to CAN bridge IGREBOT team

Contents

1	Introduction	4
2	Host application programming interface	5
3	Device firmware	6
4	Protocol between host and device	7

Abstract

This document describes the SCAB api library and the DSPIC33F firmware.

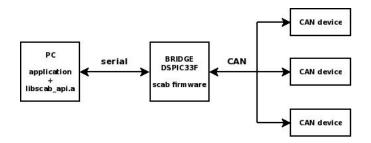


Figure 1: serial to CAN bridging

1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

Usually, PCs do not have the hardware interfaces required to communicate on a CAN network. SCAB is an opensource project to add CAN connectivity to PCs by bridging a serial port. To do so, SCAB provides the following:

- a firmware to be flashed on a DSPIC33F board,
- a programming interface implemented in a library used by host applications.

1.2 Availability

The project is maintained in a GIT repository:

https://github.com/texane/scab

In the remaining of this document, the expression:

\$SCAB_REPO_DIR

denotes the directory where the repository was cloned.

1.3 Dependencies

The project depends on the following softwares:

- a working LINUX system with standard GNU tools,
- MPLABX version 1.0.

Note that WINDOWS and MACOSX are not yet supported.

2 Host application programming interface

2.1 Overview

The source code is located in:

\$SCAB_REPO_DIR/src/api

The API is shipped as a standalone static library and can be built using:

```
cd $SCAB_REPO_DIR/build/api ;
make ;
```

It produces the file:

\$SCAB_REPO_DIR/build/api/libscab_api.a

If a GNU toolchain is used, the library is linked in a client application by adding the following flags to command line:

```
-L$SCAB_REPO_DIR/build/api -lscab_api
```

2.2 Interface documentation

```
int scab_open(scab_handle_t**, const char*);
int scab_close(scab_handle_t*);
int scab_sync_serial(scab_handle_t*);
int scab_read_frame(scab_handle_t*, uint16_t*, uint8_t*);
int scab_write_frame(scab_handle_t*, uint16_t, const uint8_t*);
int scab_enable_bridge(scab_handle_t*);
int scab_disable_bridge(scab_handle_t*);
int scab_set_can_filter(scab_handle_t*, uint16_t, uint16_t);
int scab_clear_can_filter(scab_handle_t*);
int scab_get_handle_fd(scab_handle_t*);
```

2.3 Example program

TODO

2.4 Limitations

TODO

3 Device firmware

3.1 Overview

The firmware is a piece of software put on a DSPIC33F board to perform the forwarding of frame to and from the host PC and the CAN network.

The source code is located in:

 $SCAB_REPO_DIR/src/device$

Assuming that MPLABX version 1.0 has been installed with the default paths, the firmware can be compiled using:

```
cd $SCAB_REPO_DIR/build/device.X ; make ;
```

It produces the file:

\$SCAB_REPO_DIR/build/device.X/dist/default/production/device.X.production.hex which is used to program the DSPIC33F flash.

3.2 Limitations

TODO

4 Protocol between host and device

4.1 Overview

All the symbolic constants used in this section can be found in the file:

 $SCAB_REPO_DIR/src/common/scab_common.h$

All the packets share the same basic format and are of the same fixed length SCAB_CMD_SIZE. The packets can be sorted in 2 groups:

- bridge management commands: set parameters such as link speeds, CAN filters ...
- frame forwarding: actual data frame forwarding.

4.2 Packet formats

TODO