

ECE501_2025_12_Group_2

Project name: **Image Tampering Detection (Forgery Localization)**

Team Details:

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Work done till week 5:

- We tried another approach at image forgery identification, since our last attempt did not yield correct results.
- This week we tried to identify a better digital image processing pipeline, that would help us identify the forged regions in an image.
- The new pipeline is as follows:

```
• def keypoint_pipeline(gray,
•                         orb_nfeatures=5000,
•                         ratio_thresh=0.75,
•                         ransac_thresh=3.0,
•                         dbscan_eps=5,
•                         dbscan_min_samples=5):
•     """
•     Steps:
•     1. Detect ORB keypoints + descriptors (fast,
•        rotation-aware to some extent)
•     2. Match descriptors to themselves using BFMatcher + kNN
•        (k=2) and ratio test (Lowe)
```

```
• 3. Remove trivial self-matches (same location or  
extremely small displacement)  
• 4. Use RANSAC to filter matches that don't follow a  
consistent affine transform  
• 5. Cluster displacement vectors via DBSCAN to find  
coherent copy-move groups  
•  
• Returns: keypoints list, list of good matches, dict:  
label->list(matches), displacement_vectors, mask(initial  
binary)  
• """
```

- Detectors that are used to extract keypoints such as ORB.
- A local feature vector characterises every keypoint.
- A Brute-force Matcher (BFMatcher) matches all the descriptors with one another by k-Nearest Neighbors (kNN) algorithm to identify similar areas in the same image.

Errors faced:

- This pipeline in the first iteration did not produce the expected results.
- We still got a wrong detection in the image, and hence we still need to modify our current algorithm.
- The sample image, processed image, truth mask are as below:

Original



Preprocessed Gray



Block Mask



Our current algorithm keeps missing the forged areas.

- The solutions that we have outlined for further improvement are
 - Improving sensitivity to the forged areas
 - Use a hybrid version of the model (SIFT + DCT)