

# 1\_plot\_musicvenues\_1124

December 11, 2023

```
[1]: import geopandas as gpd
import os
import pyarrow.feather
import pandas as pd
import folium
from folium import plugins
from folium.plugins import HeatMap

# set path
current_path = os.getcwd()
root_path = os.path.dirname(current_path)
raw_path = os.path.join(root_path, 'data', 'raw')
process_path = os.path.join(root_path, 'data', 'processed')
# print(raw_path)

input_path = os.path.join(raw_path, 'flat_musicvenues.feather')
output_path = os.path.join(raw_path, 'musicvenues', 'musicvenues.shp')

/Users/rainylty/opt/anaconda3/envs/city8/lib/python3.10/site-
packages/geopandas/_compat.py:112: UserWarning: The Shapely GEOS version
(3.10.3-CAPI-1.16.1) is incompatible with the GEOS version PyGEOS was compiled
with (3.10.1-CAPI-1.16.0). Conversions between both will be slow.
  warnings.warn(

[2]: # read feather data with geopandas and turn it into a geodataframe
df = pd.read_feather(input_path)

# rename geometry column
df = df.rename(columns={'coordinates.latitude': 'lat'})
df = df.rename(columns={'coordinates.longitude': 'lon'})
df = df.rename(columns={'location.display_address': 'address'})

# turn object into string in price column
df['price'] = df['price'].astype(str)
# print(type(df['price'][0]))

gdf = gpd.GeoDataFrame(df, geometry=gpd.points_from_xy(df.lon, df.lat))
gdf.head()
```

```

[2]:
      id                  alias \
0  AbAw6Iqjrhts4CFxJD6hDA      bar-margot-atlanta-2
1  ZoFht0viJtWiAt4MeP6zvQ      kats-cafe-atlanta
2  8CV0o1eU0aTD7nDaxPcwzw      domaine-nightclub-atlanta-2
3  fMyqmv7MfjUR4HaA0w_5Ig      dome-in-the-city-atlanta
4  KAMJigcGSquToNvU1hjzQ      atlanta-symphony-hall-atlanta

      name                  image_url \
0      Bar Margot  https://s3-media2.fl.yelpcdn.com/bphoto/bT1Qdk...
1      Kat's Cafe  https://s3-media3.fl.yelpcdn.com/bphoto/E6KWha...
2      Domaine Nightclub  https://s3-media1.fl.yelpcdn.com/bphoto/ipdvNF...
3      Dome In The City  https://s3-media2.fl.yelpcdn.com/bphoto/Dxt4eu...
4      Atlanta Symphony Hall  https://s3-media3.fl.yelpcdn.com/bphoto/Bh9k4K...

      is_closed      url      review_count \
0      False  https://www.yelp.com/biz/bar-margot-atlanta-2?...      234
1      False  https://www.yelp.com/biz/kats-cafe-atlanta?adj...      273
2      False  https://www.yelp.com/biz/domaine-nightclub-atl...      24
3      False  https://www.yelp.com/biz/dome-in-the-city-atla...      3
4      False  https://www.yelp.com/biz/atlanta-symphony-hall...      13

      categories      rating      transactions \
0      Lounges, Music Venues      4.0      delivery
1      New American, Music Venues      4.0      delivery
2      Music Venues      3.0
3      Venues & Event Spaces, Stadiums & Arenas, Musi...      3.5
4      Music Venues      4.0

      ...      lon      location.address1      location.address2 \
0      ... -84.385511      75 14th St NE
1      ... -84.381030      970 Piedmont Ave
2      ... -84.384044      1150 Crescent Ave NE      Fl 1
3      ... -84.383650      1100 Peachtree St NE      None
4      ... -84.384719      1280 Peachtree St NE      None

      location.address3      location.city      location.zip_code \
0      Four Seasons Hotel Atlanta      Atlanta      30309
1      Atlanta      30309
2      Atlanta      30309
3      None      Atlanta      30309
4      None      Atlanta      30309

      location.country      location.state \
0      US      GA
1      US      GA
2      US      GA
3      US      GA

```

4

US

GA

```

                                address \
0  75 14th St NE, Four Seasons Hotel Atlanta, Atl...
1                                970 Piedmont Ave, Atlanta, GA 30309
2        1150 Crescent Ave NE, Fl 1, Atlanta, GA 30309
3        1100 Peachtree St NE, Atlanta, GA 30309
4        1280 Peachtree St NE, Atlanta, GA 30309

```

```

                                geometry
0  POINT (-84.38551 33.78688)
1  POINT (-84.38103 33.78112)
2  POINT (-84.38404 33.78592)
3  POINT (-84.38365 33.78488)
4  POINT (-84.38472 33.78935)

```

```
[5 rows x 25 columns]
```

```
[3]: gdf.describe()
      gdf.info()
```

```

<class 'geopandas.geodataframe.GeoDataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 56 entries, 0 to 55
Data columns (total 25 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   id                    56 non-null    object
1   alias                 56 non-null    object
2   name                  56 non-null    object
3   image_url             56 non-null    object
4   is_closed             56 non-null    bool
5   url                   56 non-null    object
6   review_count          56 non-null    int32
7   categories            56 non-null    object
8   rating                56 non-null    float64
9   transactions          56 non-null    object
10  price                 56 non-null    object
11  phone                 56 non-null    object
12  display_phone         56 non-null    object
13  distance              56 non-null    float64
14  lat                   56 non-null    float64
15  lon                   56 non-null    float64
16  location.address1     55 non-null    object
17  location.address2     43 non-null    object
18  location.address3     47 non-null    object
19  location.city         56 non-null    object
20  location.zip_code     56 non-null    object
21  location.country      56 non-null    object

```

```

22 location.state      56 non-null    object
23 address             56 non-null    object
24 geometry            56 non-null    geometry
dtypes: bool(1), float64(4), geometry(1), int32(1), object(18)
memory usage: 10.5+ KB

```

```

[4]: # give gdf a crs, use WGS84 mercator
gdf.crs = {'init': 'epsg:4326'}

```

/Users/rainylty/opt/anaconda3/envs/city8/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pyproj/crs/crs.py:141: FutureWarning: '+init=<authority>:<code>' syntax is deprecated. '<authority>:<code>' is the preferred initialization method. When making the change, be mindful of axis order changes:  
<https://pyproj4.github.io/pyproj/stable/gotchas.html#axis-order-changes-in-proj-6>  
in\_crs\_string = \_prepare\_from\_proj\_string(in\_crs\_string)

```

[9]: # plot the geodataframe with folium
m = folium.Map(location=[33.7868794367165, -84.3855107579268], zoom_start=11,
↳tiles='cartodb positron')
# folium.GeoJson(gdf, tooltip=folium.GeoJsonTooltip(fields=['name', 'price'])).
↳add_to(m)
# different colors for different price levels
folium.GeoJson(gdf,
                tooltip=folium.
↳GeoJsonTooltip(fields=['name', 'price', 'rating',
↳'review_count', 'address']),
                # style_function=lambda x: {'color': 'green' if
↳x['properties']['price'] == '$' else 'orange' if x['properties']['price'] ==
↳'$$' else 'red' if x['properties']['price'] == '$$$' else 'black'},
                # different colors for different rating levels
                style_function=lambda x: {'color': 'green' if
↳x['properties']['rating'] >= 4 else 'orange' if x['properties']['rating'] >=
↳3 else 'red' if x['properties']['rating'] >= 2 else 'black'},
                ).add_to(m)

m

```

```

[9]: <folium.folium.Map at 0x133d930a0>

```

```

[44]: # save geodataframe as shapefile
gdf.to_file(output_path)

```

/var/folders/38/ttqg2y215g16g2ng7jd502\_c0000gn/T/ipykernel\_23326/1322296942.py:2  
: UserWarning: Column names longer than 10 characters will be truncated when  
saved to ESRI Shapefile.  
gdf.to\_file(output\_path)

```
[17]: # draw a heatmap with folium
# make intersection of gdf and polygon
polygon_path = os.path.join(raw_path,
    ↪ 'City_of_Atlanta_Neighborhood_Statistical_Areas/City_of_Atlanta_boundary.
    ↪ geojson')
polygon = gpd.read_file(polygon_path)
polygon.crs = {'init': 'epsg:4326'}
# make intersection of gdf and polygon
gdf_intersect = gpd.overlay(gdf, polygon, how='intersection')
# print(gdf_intersect.head())

m_heat = folium.Map(location=[33.7868794367165, -84.3855107579268],
    ↪ zoom_start=12, tiles='cartodb positron')
m_heat.add_child(HeatMap(data=gdf_intersect[['lat', 'lon']], radius=20))
folium.GeoJson(polygon).add_to(m_heat)
# change the opacity of the heatmap

folium.LayerControl().add_to(m_heat)

m_heat
```

/Users/rainylty/opt/anaconda3/envs/city8/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pyproj/crs/crs.py:141: FutureWarning: '+init=<authority>:<code>' syntax is deprecated. '<authority>:<code>' is the preferred initialization method. When making the change, be mindful of axis order changes:  
<https://pyproj4.github.io/pyproj/stable/gotchas.html#axis-order-changes-in-proj-6>

```
in_crs_string = _prepare_from_proj_string(in_crs_string)
```

```
[17]: <folium.folium.Map at 0x12eaa84c0>
```

```
[11]: # add polygon layer
# read polygon data
polygon_path = os.path.join(raw_path,
    ↪ 'City_of_Atlanta_Neighborhood_Statistical_Areas/
    ↪ City_of_Atlanta_Neighborhood_Statistical_Areas.shp')
polygon = gpd.read_file(polygon_path)
polygon.head()
# add polygon layer to m
folium.GeoJson(polygon).add_to(m)
m
```

```
[11]: <folium.folium.Map at 0x133d930a0>
```

```
[114]: # count the number of music venues in each neighborhood
# join gdf and polygon
# add a column 'count' to gdf
gdf['count'] = 1
```

```

gdf_polygon = gpd.sjoin(gdf, polygon, how='right', op='within')
gdf_polygon.head()
gdf_polygon.info()

```

```

<class 'geopandas.geodataframe.GeoDataFrame'>
Int64Index: 130 entries, 0 to 101
Data columns (total 42 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   index_left            49 non-null    float64
1   id                    49 non-null    object
2   alias                 49 non-null    object
3   name                  49 non-null    object
4   image_url             49 non-null    object
5   is_closed             49 non-null    object
6   url                   49 non-null    object
7   review_count          49 non-null    float64
8   categories            49 non-null    object
9   rating                49 non-null    float64
10  transactions           49 non-null    object
11  price                  49 non-null    object
12  phone                  49 non-null    object
13  display_phone          49 non-null    object
14  distance               49 non-null    float64
15  lat                    49 non-null    float64
16  lon                    49 non-null    float64
17  location.address1      48 non-null    object
18  location.address2      37 non-null    object
19  location.address3      40 non-null    object
20  location.city          49 non-null    object
21  location.zip_code      49 non-null    object
22  location.country       49 non-null    object
23  location.state         49 non-null    object
24  address                49 non-null    object
25  count                  49 non-null    float64
26  OBJECTID               130 non-null   int64
27  NPU                    130 non-null   object
28  STATISTICA             130 non-null   object
29  POP2010                130 non-null   int64
30  NEIGHBORHO             130 non-null   object
31  URL                    130 non-null   object
32  A                      130 non-null   object
33  pop                    130 non-null   int64
34  white                  130 non-null   float64
35  black                  130 non-null   float64
36  asian                  130 non-null   float64
37  other                  130 non-null   float64

```

```

38 hispanic          130 non-null    float64
39 GlobalID          130 non-null    object
40 last_edite         4 non-null      object
41 geometry           130 non-null    geometry
dtypes: float64(12), geometry(1), int64(3), object(26)
memory usage: 43.7+ KB

```

```

/Users/rainylty/opt/anaconda3/envs/city8/lib/python3.10/site-
packages/IPython/core/interactiveshell.py:3318: FutureWarning: The `op`
parameter is deprecated and will be removed in a future release. Please use the
`predicate` parameter instead.

```

```

    if await self.run_code(code, result, async_=asy):
/var/folders/38/ttqg2y215g16g2ng7jd502_c0000gn/T/ipykernel_23326/2126710322.py:6
: UserWarning: CRS mismatch between the CRS of left geometries and the CRS of
right geometries.
Use `to_crs()` to reproject one of the input geometries to match the CRS of the
other.

```

```

Left CRS: +init=epsg:4326 +type=crs
Right CRS: EPSG:4326

```

```

gdf_polygon = gpd.sjoin(gdf, polygon, how='right', op='within')

```

```

[95]: # convert polygon to geojson
polygon.to_file(os.path.
    ↪join(raw_path, 'City_of_Atlanta_Neighborhood_Statistical_Areas', 'City_of_Atlanta_Neighborhoo
    ↪geojson'), driver='GeoJSON')

```

## 2\_parking\_lot

December 11, 2023

```
[9]: import osmnx as ox
import geopandas as gpd
from shapely.geometry import MultiPoint, MultiPolygon
import folium
from folium import plugins
import os
```

```
[10]: # set path
current_path = os.getcwd()
root_path = os.path.dirname(current_path)
raw_path = os.path.join(root_path, 'data', 'raw')
process_path = os.path.join(root_path, 'data', 'processed')
# print(raw_path)
```

```
[5]: # Specify the name of the city and country
place_name = "Atlanta, USA"

# Download the point of interest data
pois = ox.features_from_place(place_name, tags={'amenity':'parking'})

# see how many features were returned
print(len(pois), 'points of interest')
```

1365 points of interest

```
[29]: # plot out the pois
# ax = ox.plot_footprints(pois)

# plot with folium

# plot the geodataframe with folium
m = folium.Map(location=[33.7868794367165, -84.3855107579268], zoom_start=11,
    ↪tiles='cartodb positron')
# add poi's 'name' column as pop-up labels for the markers
folium.features.GeoJson(pois,
    fill_color="red",
    ↪fill_opacity=0.5, stroke=False,
```



```

        tooltip=folium.
↳GeoJsonTooltip(fields=['parking','access','fee','capacity']),
        ).add_to(m)

polygon_path = os.path.join(raw_path,
↳'City_of_Atlanta_Neighborhood_Statistical_Areas/
↳City_of_Atlanta_Neighborhood_Statistical_Areas.shp')
polygon = gpd.read_file(polygon_path)
polygon.head()
# add polygon layer to m
folium.GeoJson(data=polygon, fill=False).add_to(m)

m

```

[29]: <folium.folium.Map at 0x1507299d0>

[15]: pois.head(10)

[15]:

	amenity	geometry	name	\
element_type osmid				
node 496141022	parking	POINT (-84.39143 33.76207)	NaN	
496141023	parking	POINT (-84.39142 33.76115)	NaN	
497397032	parking	POINT (-84.32157 33.75499)	NaN	
534431138	parking	POINT (-84.38312 33.75679)	NaN	
567065914	parking	POINT (-84.35175 33.79235)	NaN	
600429864	parking	POINT (-84.39090 33.76088)	Interpark	
681262448	parking	POINT (-84.39408 33.75466)	NaN	
795904771	parking	POINT (-84.39821 33.79183)	NaN	
1127136673	parking	POINT (-84.38043 33.75540)	NaN	
1179861872	parking	POINT (-84.38051 33.75715)	NaN	

  

	old_name	operator	layer	parking	access	fee	\
element_type osmid							
node 496141022	NaN	NaN	-1	underground	NaN	NaN	
496141023	NaN	NaN	-1	underground	NaN	NaN	
497397032	NaN	NaN	NaN	surface	yes	no	
534431138	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
567065914	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
600429864	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
681262448	NaN	NaN	NaN	surface	NaN	NaN	
795904771	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
1127136673	NaN	NaN	NaN	surface	yes	yes	
1179861872	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	

  

	capacity	...	phone	smoothness	access:conditional	\
element_type osmid						
node 496141022	NaN	...	NaN	NaN	NaN	

496141023	NaN	...	NaN	NaN	NaN
497397032	NaN	...	NaN	NaN	NaN
534431138	100	...	NaN	NaN	NaN
567065914	NaN	...	NaN	NaN	NaN
600429864	NaN	...	NaN	NaN	NaN
681262448	NaN	...	NaN	NaN	NaN
795904771	NaN	...	NaN	NaN	NaN
1127136673	20	...	NaN	NaN	NaN
1179861872	20	...	NaN	NaN	NaN

	maxstay:conditional	building:part	email	image	ways	\
element_type osmid						
node 496141022	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
496141023	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
497397032	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
534431138	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
567065914	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
600429864	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
681262448	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
795904771	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
1127136673	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
1179861872	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

	type	roof:shape
element_type osmid		
node 496141022	NaN	NaN
496141023	NaN	NaN
497397032	NaN	NaN
534431138	NaN	NaN
567065914	NaN	NaN
600429864	NaN	NaN
681262448	NaN	NaN
795904771	NaN	NaN
1127136673	NaN	NaN
1179861872	NaN	NaN

[10 rows x 80 columns]

```
[ ]: # Remove rows with empty geometries
pois = pois[pois.geometry.notnull()]

# Remove rows with invalid geometries
pois = pois[pois.geometry.is_valid]
pois.geometry = pois.geometry.apply(lambda x: x[0] if isinstance(x, MultiPoint)
    else x)
# pois.geometry = pois.geometry.apply(lambda x: x[0] if isinstance(x,
    MultiPolygon) else x)
```

```

# if the field is a list, drop the list and keep the first element
pois.geometry = pois.geometry.apply(lambda x: x[0] if isinstance(x, list) else
    ↪x)
# save the data as a geojson file
pois.to_file('../data/raw/parking.geojson', driver='GeoJSON')

```

```

[ ]: # Remove rows with empty geometries
pois = pois[pois.geometry.notnull()]

# Remove rows with invalid geometries
pois = pois[pois.geometry.is_valid]
pois.geometry = pois.geometry.apply(lambda x: x[0] if isinstance(x, MultiPoint)
    ↪else x)
pois.to_file('../data/raw/parking.shp')
# Convert MultiPolygons to Polygons
# pois.geometry = pois.geometry.apply(lambda x: x[0] if isinstance(x,
    ↪MultiPolygon) else x)

```

```

[38]: # read data in the data/final
gdf_final = gpd.read_file('../data/final/5finalists.geojson')

# add parkingn poi and gdf_final to m_final
m_final = folium.Map(location=[33.7868794367165, -84.3855107579268],
    ↪zoom_start=11, tiles='cartodb positron')
# add gdf_final to m_final
folium.features.GeoJson(gdf_final,
    fill_color="blue",
    ↪fill_opacity=0.3, stroke=True,
    tooltip=folium.
    ↪GeoJsonTooltip(fields=['NEIGHBORHO']),
    ).add_to(m_final)

# add polygon layer to m
# folium.GeoJson(data=polygon, fill=False).add_to(m_final)
# add poi's 'name' column as pop-up labels for the markers
folium.features.GeoJson(pois,
    fill_color="red",
    ↪fill_opacity=0.8, stroke=False,
    tooltip=folium.
    ↪GeoJsonTooltip(fields=['parking', 'access', 'fee', 'capacity']),
    ).add_to(m_final)

m_final

```

```

[38]: <folium.folium.Map at 0x1542ba9d0>

```

## 3\_score\_calculation

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```
[5]: import geopandas as gpd
import pandas as pd
```

```
[ ]: gdf = gpd.read_file('../data/raw/transport_census.geojson')
```

```
[8]: # Perform the quantile cut on the 'monthly_cost' column
gdf['monthly_housing_costE'] = gdf['monthly_housing_costE'].fillna(0)
gdf['housing_cost_score'] = pd.qcut(gdf['monthly_housing_costE'], 5, labels=[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]).astype(int)

gdf['hhincomeE'] = gdf['hhincomeE'].fillna(0)
gdf['income_score'] = pd.qcut(gdf['hhincomeE'], 5, labels=[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]).astype(int)
```

```
[11]: def assign_score(age):
    if 25 <= age < 35:
        return 4
    elif 18 <= age < 25:
        return 3
    elif 35 <= age < 44:
        return 2
    else:
        return 1

gdf['age_score'] = gdf['median_ageE'].apply(assign_score)

# add up the scores to get a final score
gdf['score'] = gdf['age_score'] + gdf['income_score'] + gdf['housing_cost_score']
```

```
[12]: # save back
gdf.to_file("../data/processed/transport_census.geojson", driver='GeoJSON')
```

## 5\_detailed\_score

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```
[3]: # use pandas and seaborn to plot a stack chart
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

df = pd.read_csv('../data/final/5finalists_score.csv')
df.head()
```

```
[3]:
```

	NEIGHBORHO	pop	hhincomeE	owner_occupied_housingE	\
0	East Atlanta	5101	111759	1467	
1	Peachtree Heights West	4874	83243	1279	
2	Buckhead Forest	3372	83243	1279	
3	Midtown	16218	109426	1569	
4	Inman Park	6196	78182	412	

  

	renter_occupied_housingE	public_transportE	monthly_housing_costE	\
0	641	54	1589	
1	1792	63	1625	
2	1792	63	1625	
3	1863	276	1914	
4	882	117	1657	

  

	drive_to_workE	demographic	housing cost score	demographic	age score	\
0	2929		4		4	
1	2786		4		4	
2	2786		4		4	
3	2482		5		2	
4	1237		4		4	

  

	demographic income score	demographic total score	\
0	5	13	
1	4	12	
2	4	12	
3	5	12	
4	4	12	

  

```
transport score(service area)
```

```

0
1
2
3
4
3
4
4
4
4

```

```
[ ]: df = df.drop(df.columns[-2], axis=1)
```

```

[20]: df.iloc[:, -4:].plot(kind='bar', stacked=True)
plt.legend(loc='upper left', bbox_to_anchor=(1, 1))

plt.xticks(range(len(df)), df.iloc[:, 0], rotation=45)
plt.xlabel('Neighborhoods')
plt.ylabel('Total Score')
sns.set_palette('Paired')
# plt.show()

plt.savefig('../map/plot/stacked_chart.png', dpi=300)

```

