WRITING MAINTAINABLE AND PERFORMANT JS FOR DRUPAL

Who am I?

Backend developer in past



- Drupal Frontend developer now
- Senior Software Engineer at







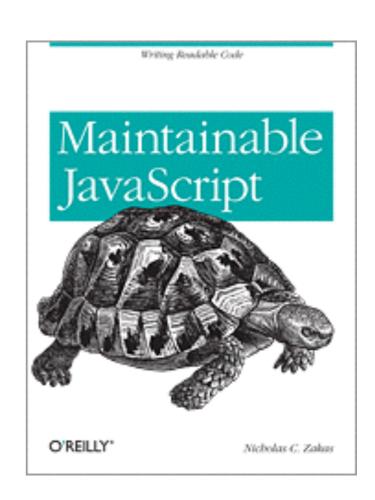
@sergesemashko



sergey.semashko

What is maintainable JS?

- Intuitive/Readable
- Understandable/Documented
- Adaptable
- Extendable
- Testable
- Debuggable



Nickolas C. Zakas

What is maintainable JS speaking in terms of Drupal?

- Written according to Drupal JS code standards
- Written according to jQuery code standards and best practices
- Integrated with Drupal environment and API

Wrapping JS code by anonymous function

Look! All variables are accessible from global scope:

```
var $ = jQuery.noConflict();
var sharedVar;
function foo() {
  sharedVar = `NJCAMP2015`;
function bar() {
  if (typeof sharedVar === `undefined`) {
    sharedVar = `defined!`;
```

Wrapping JS code in anonymous function

```
How about now:
```

```
// last param is always undefined
(function (window, Modernizr, D, $, undefined)
 var sharedVar;
 function foo() {
   sharedVar = `NJCAMP2015`;
 function bar() {
 // the same as typeof sharedVar === `undefined`
   if (sharedVar === undefined) {
     sharedVar = `defined!`;
})(window, Modernizr, Drupal, jQuery)
```

Wrapping JS code by anonymous function

Wins:

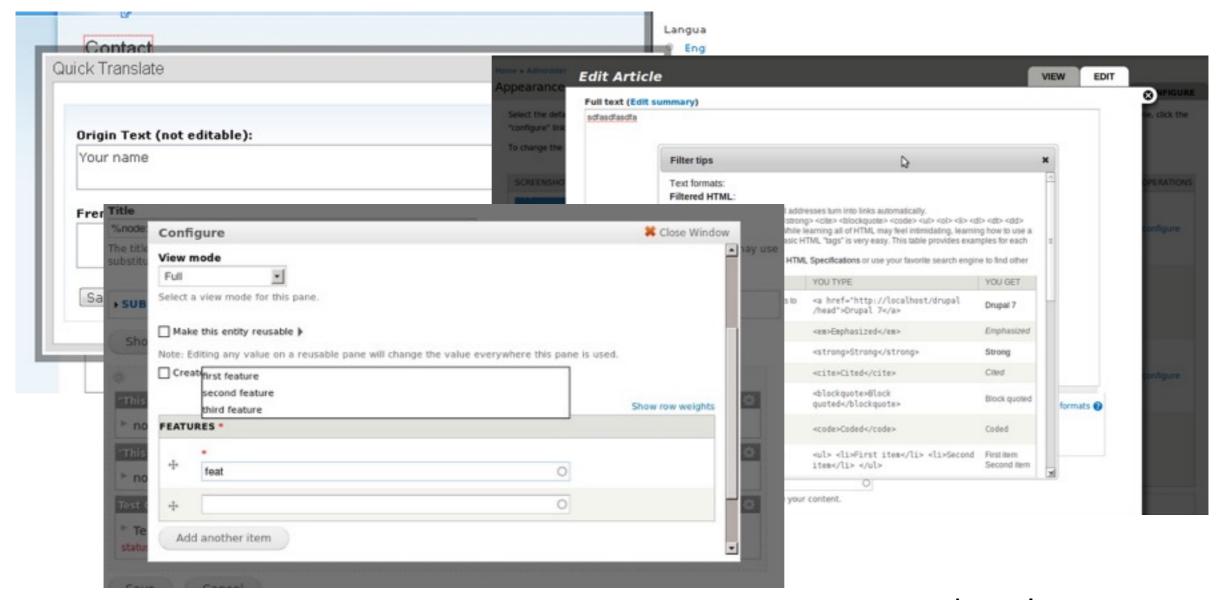
- Prevents extracting variables to global scope. Global variables are never cleared by garbage collector.
- Replacement of \$ = jQuery.noConflict().
- Helps to minify files. JS Minifiers don't compress variable names for global scope.
- Good way to describe dependencies. It helps to avoid calling anything from global scope.

How we usually init JS...

```
$(function() {
    $(`.autocomplete`).autocomplete(...);
});
```

And it's fine until...

...we have dynamically inserted content



\$(`.autocomplete`).autocomplete(...); - executed only once on DomContentLoaded. Dynamic content require to run the same code again.

Drupal Behaviors

 attach() - called on DOMContentLoaded, Modal popups, AJAX/AHAH.

```
drupal.js:
$(function () {
   Drupal.attachBehaviors(document, Drupal.settings);
})
```

detach() - called on `destroy` type of events. Ex.:
 element has been deleted from DOM, popup is
 closed, etc

- Ok, that's it?
- No, don't repeat "Initialize" step

Drupal.attachBehaviours() can be called multiple times on the same elements.

We need something like:

```
$(`.block:not(.processed)`).addClass(`processed`).doSomething();
```

... and we have jQuery.once():

```
$(`.block`).once(doSomething);
```

Behaviors: attach() and detach() + once() usage:

```
(function ($) {
var SELECTOR = `.my-block`;
 Drupal.behaviours.myBlock = {
   attach: function (context, settings) {
     $(SELECTOR, context).once(`my-block`).myPlugin();
   },
   detach: function (context, settings, trigger) {
     // 1. Unbind event handlers
     // 2. Remove elements you don't need anymore
     // 3. Reset to the state before attach()
     $(SELECTOR, context).myPlugin(`destroy`);
})(jQuery)
```

Behaviors: attach() and detach(). Tips

- Passing and using `context` is extremely important. Drupal always passes context to when calling Drupal.attachBehavior().
- Prefer to use local `settings` variable passed to attach handler rather then Drupal.settings. AJAX/ AHAH may pass different settings from Drupal.settings

Calling behaviors

 We have behaviors, so let's use them! Call Drupal.attachBehaviors() for dynamically inserted content:

```
function MyController (element, settings) {
 var $element = $(element);
 var ajaxUrl = Drupal.settings.basePath + $element.data(`url`);
  $.get(ajaxUrl, function (newBlock) {
    $element.append(newBlock);
    // apply all behaviors
    Drupal.attachBehaviors($element);
 });
```

Base url

Somewhere in the code...

```
$.ajax(`/ajax/my-module/some-action`);
```

Then you moved from <u>example.com</u> to <u>example.com/subsite</u> and the code stops working.

```
Use Drupal.settings.basePath:
var ajaxUrl = Drupal.settings.basePath + 'ajax/my-module/
some-action';
```

String output

Helpers available both on backend and frontend:

- Drupal.t('text'); translates strings
- Drupal.checkPlain(name); check for HTML entities
- Drupal.formatPlural(count, singular, plural, args, options); <u>translates strings</u> with proper plural endings for multilingual sites

Javascript logic

There are several options how to organize JS logic. You can use:

- Contrib library (jQuery plugin, etc)
- Drupal library
- custom controller / Library

Contrib libraries

Manageable by Bower

```
bower.json:
  "name": "project",
  "version": "0.0.1",
  "dependencies": {
    "masonry": "~3.1.0",
    "jquery.lazyload": "~1.9.3",
    "media-match": "~2.0.2",
    "shufflejs": "~2.1.2",
    "jquery.validation": "~1.13.0",
    "fastclick": "1.0.3",
    "jquery-sticky": "1.0.1"
 },
  "devDependencies": {
    "responsive-indicator": "~0.2.0",
```



Drupal Library API

- Install Libraries API
- Add the library to sites/all/libraries
- Create a very short custom module that tells Libraries API about the library
- Add the library to the page where you want it
- Use it!

Drupal hook_library_info()

```
* Implements hook_libraries_info().
function MYMODULE_libraries_info() {
 $libraries['flexslider'] = array(
    'name' => 'FlexSlider',
    'vendor url' => 'http://flexslider.woothemes.com/',
    'download url' => 'https://github.com/woothemes/FlexSlider/zipball/master',
    'version arguments' => array(
     'file' => 'jquery.flexslider-min.js',
     // jQuery FlexSlider v2.1
      'pattern' => '/jQuery FlexSlider v(\d+\.+\d+)/',
      'lines' => 2.
    'files' => array(
     'js' => array(
        'jquery.flexslider-min.js',
     ),
    ),
  return $libraries;
// Include library on the page
libraries_load('flexslider');
```

Writing JS controller. Principles.

- One controller per element
- Encapsulation extract public methods, don't tweak from outside of controller
- Controller must operate only in context of element

Writing reusable controllers

• One controller per element:

```
var DEFAULT_SETTINGS = {...};
$(SELECTOR, context).once(`calendar`, function () {
  var $this = $(this); // cache $(this) call
  // Store new instance of controller for future access in data-controller attribute.
  $this.data(`controller`, new Calendar(
     this,
     settings[$this.data(`nodeId`)] || DEFAULT_SETTINGS)
  );
})
¡Query plugins works according the same principle:
// jQuery plugin iterates over array of elements and initialize logic using same settings
$(SELECTOR, context).once(`myBehavior`).calendar({...});
```

Writing reusable controllers

 Incapsulate controllers, extract and use public methods, hide private ones (unless testing of private methods is obligatory):

```
// Calling public method of jQuery plugin
$(`.calendar`, context).calendar(`show`);
// Custom Calendar constructor
function Calendar(...) {
 function _privateMethod() {...}
 function show() {...}
 this.show = show;
 return this;
// store reference to object after initialization
$(element).data(`calendar-instance`, new Calendar(...));
// get stored object and call public method
$(element).data(`calendar-instance`).show();
```

Writing reusable controllers

Controller must operate only in context of element

```
function Calendar(element) {
  var $element = $(element);

  // bad, all .calendar-link from the page will be selected
  var $link = $(`.calendar-link`);

  // good, only items within context of $element will be selected
  var $button = $(`.button`, $element);
}
```

Communication between controllers. Pub/Sub pattern.

Publisher/Subscriber can be used for passing data, notifications. Ex. jQuery custom events:

```
// module1
$(document).trigger(`tooltipOpened`, [param1, param2]);
// module2
$(document).on(`tooltipOpened`, function (event, param1, param2) {...})
```

JS Code style Tips

- Check you code style with JSHint on writing or post-commit hook. Drupal 8 is shipped with ESHint, Yay!
- Avoid DOM traversable methods like .children(), .closest(), .is(), .next(), .prev() and etc. as they are slow and make code less readable. Get items directly by selector.
- Custom controllers should live in the same files with behaviors. Put behaviors on top of your file.

Naming tips

Use:

- UPPERCASED letters for constants:
 var RESPONSE_TIMEOUT = 5000;
- underscore before for private methods: _privateMethod()
- \$ for jQuery objects to: var \$items = \$(`.item`);
- camelCase for variables and function names: myVariable; myFunction()
- Capitalized words for constructor names: MyController()

JS performance. Don't guess it - test it!



HOME TEST RESULT

TEST HISTORY

FORUMS

DOCUMENTATION

ABOUT

Web Page Performance Test for

www.drupalcampnj.org

From: Dulles, VA - IE 9 - Cable

1/28/2015, 10:06:48 PM







Keep-alive Compress Enabled Transfer



Compress Images



Need help improving?

Cache static content

Effective use of CDN

Summary

Details

Performance Review

Content Breakdown

Domains

Screen Shot

Tester: IE9202-192.168.102.92

Re-run the test

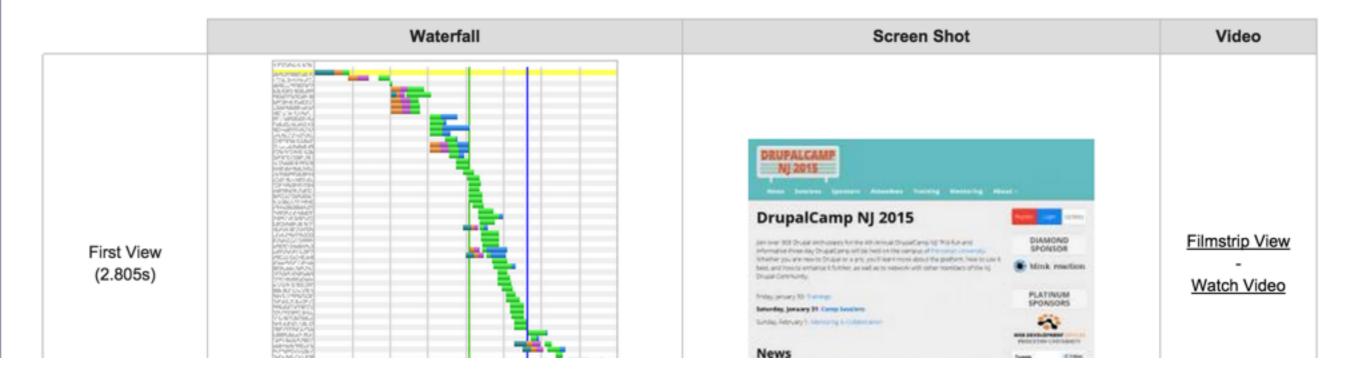
Raw page data - Raw object data

Export HTTP Archive (.har)

See in ShowSlow

View Test Log

						Document Complete			Fully Loaded		
	Load Time	First Byte	Start Render	Speed Index	DOM Elements	Time	Requests	Bytes In	Time	Requests	Bytes In
First View	2.805s	0.978s	2.032s	2032	318	2.805s	47	585 KB	3.972s	62	742 KB
Repeat View	1.568s	0.471s	0.955s	1014	318	1.568s	8	30 KB	2.451s	18	85 KB





Products > PageSpeed Insights

PageSpeed Insights 841

http://www.drupalcampnj.org/

ANALYZE





Desktop

60 / 100 Speed

Should Fix:

Eliminate render-blocking JavaScript and CSS in above-the-fold content

Show how to fix

Optimize images

Show how to fix

Leverage browser caching

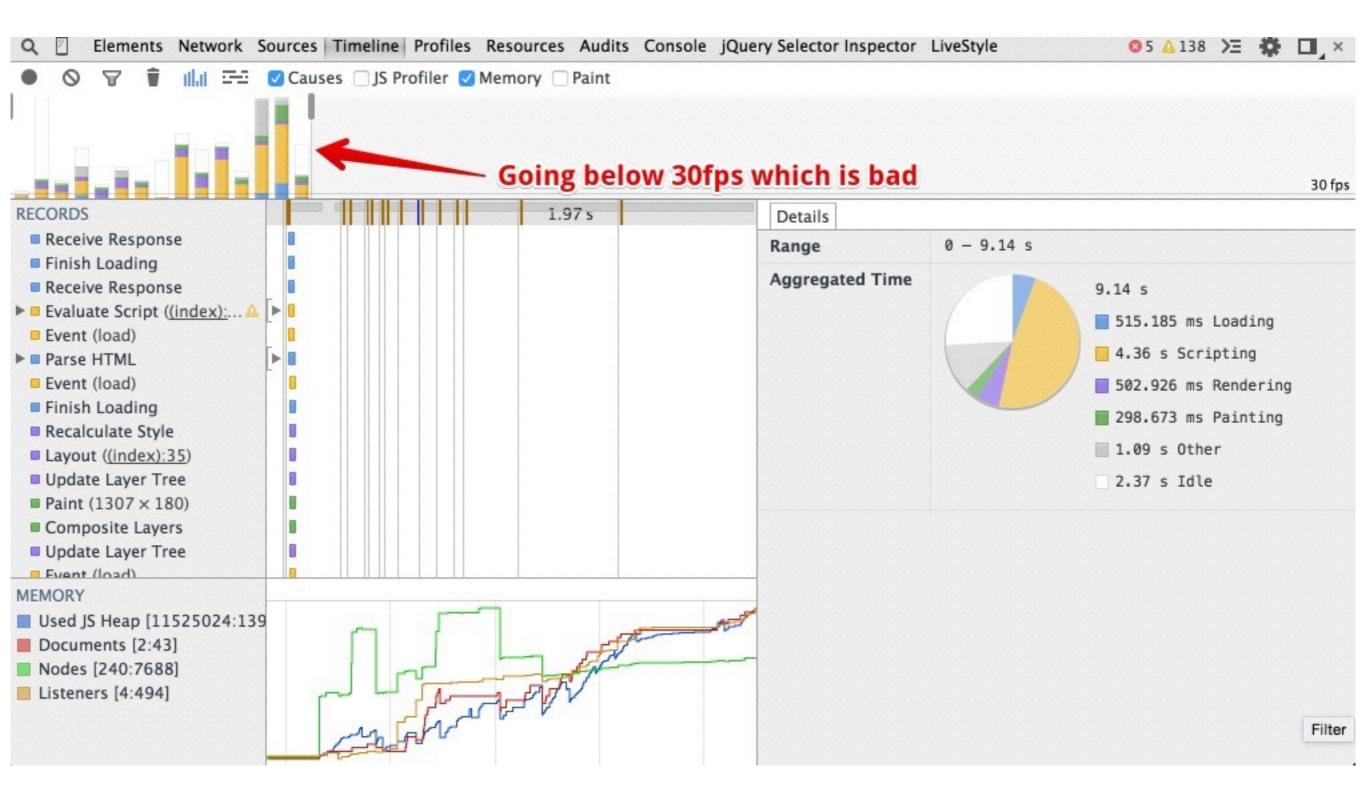
Show how to fix

Consider Fixing:

Minify JavaScript



Use Timeline devTool to identify issues with rendering



Going over 60fps

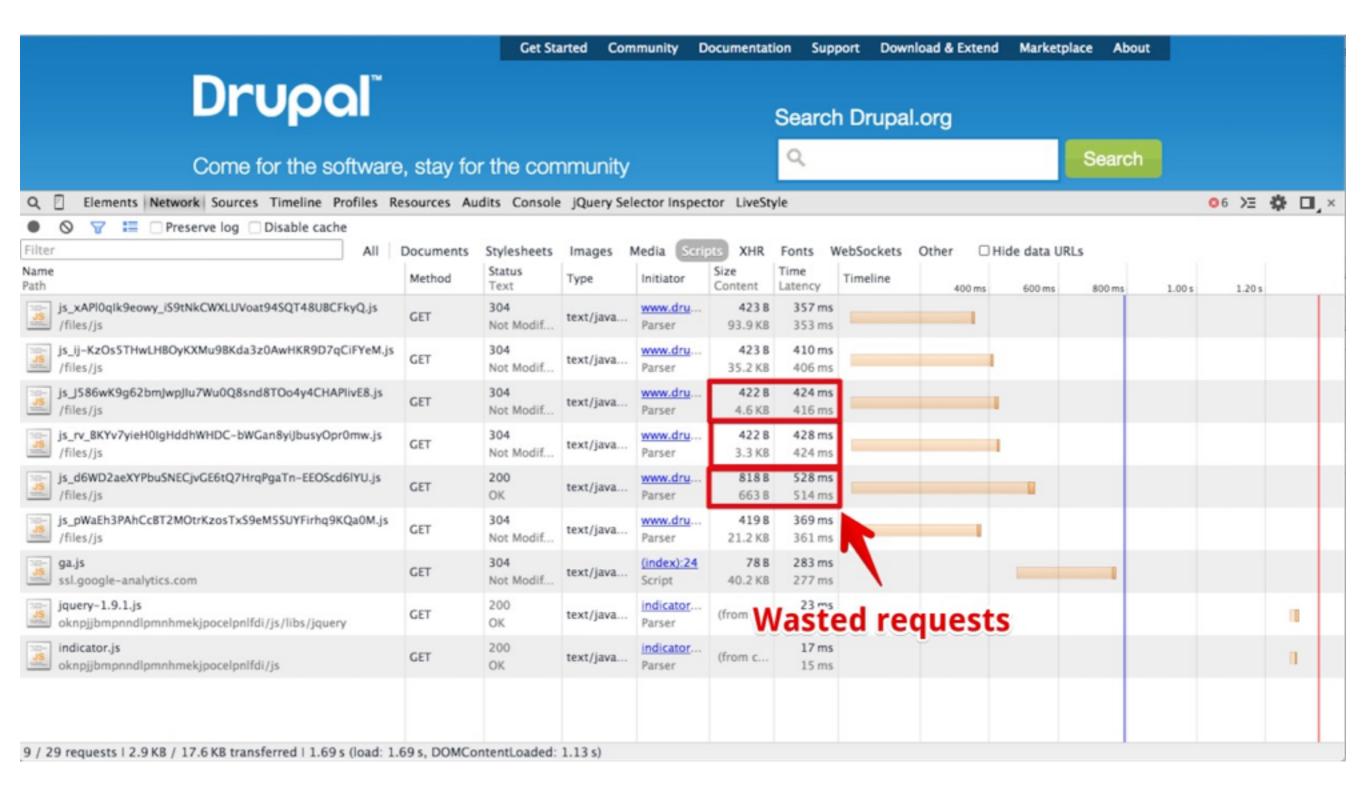
- Replace jQuery.animate() by CSS3 animation.
 Check out <u>GSAP</u> or <u>velocity.js</u> CSS3 based animation libraries.
- Reduce layout thrashing
- For sticky elements use CSS3 position: sticky; (if supported by browser) instead of listening window.scroll()

Going over 60fps: handling window.resize() & .scroll()

- Do as less as possible operations in resize()/scroll() handlers. Use nonblocking and light handlers.
- Use setTimeout to reduce unnecessary resize() processing:

```
var timer;
$(window).resize(function () {
   clearTimeout(timer);
   // call resizeHanlder only once after resize complete
   timer = setTimeout(resizeHanlder, 300);
})
```

Use Network tab to identify blocking Javascript



What breaks files grouping?

```
---- new group -----
file1.js,
                                         scope: header, group: JS_LIBRARY, every_page: true
                           weight: 0,
file2.js,
                           weight: 0.001, scope: header, group: JS_LIBRARY, every_page: true
---- new group -----
                           weight: 0.002, scope: header, group: JS_LIBRARY, every_page: false
file3.js,
---- new group -----
file4.js,
                           weight: 0.003, scope: header, group: JS_LIBRARY, every page: false, type: inline
---- new group -----
file5.js,
                           weight: 0.004, scope: footer, group: JS THEME, every page: false
file6.js,
                           weight: 0.005, scope: footer, group: JS_THEME, every_page: false
---- new group -----
                           weight: 0.006, scope: footer, group: JS_THEME, every_page: false, type: external
file7.js,
---- new group -----
file8.js,
                           weight: 0.007, scope: footer, group: JS_THEME, every_page: false, type: file
```

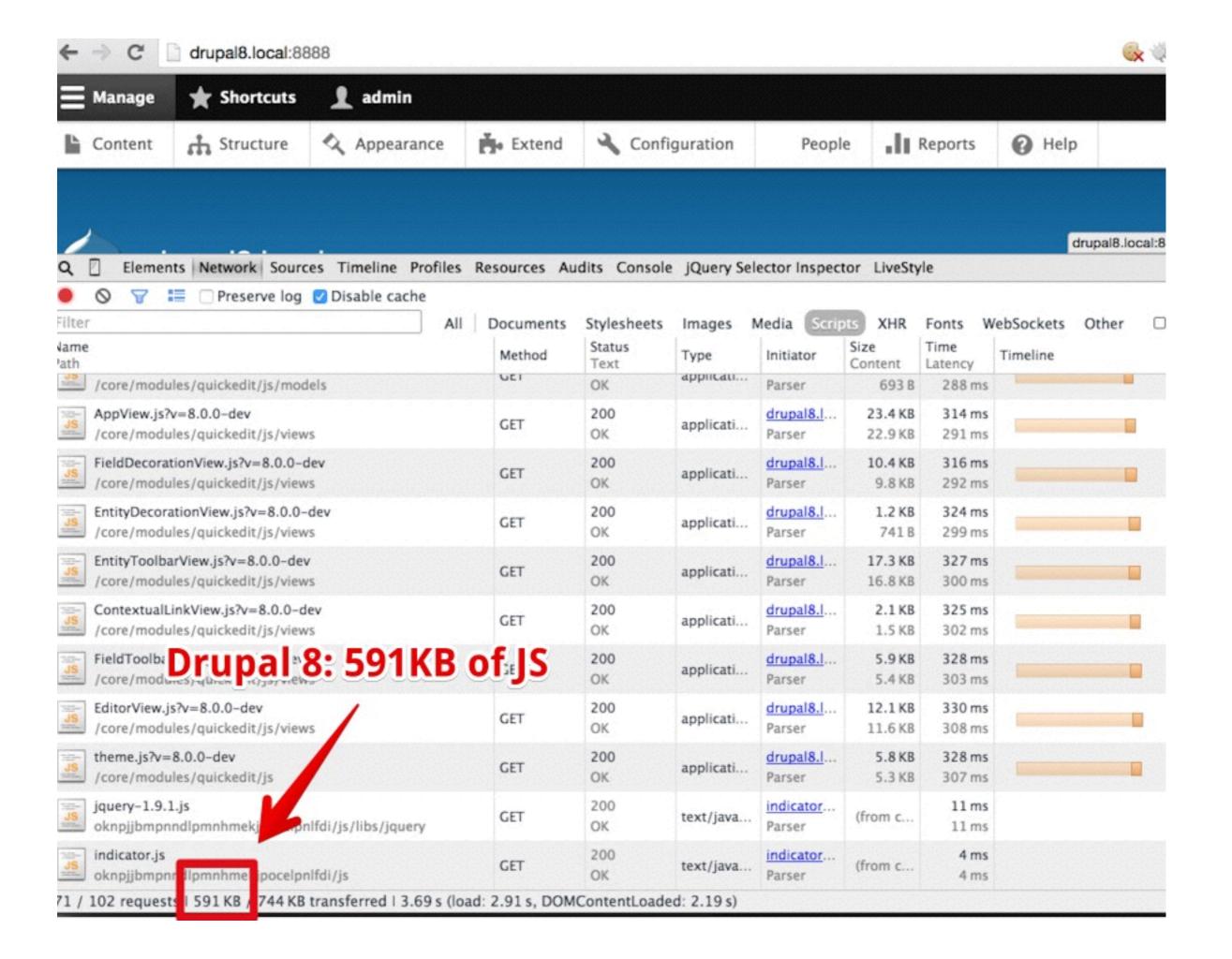
Smarter JS grouping

- Advanced CSS/JS aggregation module
- Cache External files module
- hook_alter_js() group files manually to reduce amount of JS requests:

```
/**
 * Implements hook_js_alter().
 */
function mymodule_js_alter(&$javascript) {
    $js_to_sort = array(`js/example.js`, `misc/drupal.js`, ...)
    foreach ($js_to_sort as $name) {
        $javascript[$name]['weight'] = $i++;
        $javascript[$name]['group'] = JS_DEFAULT;
        $javascript[$name]['every_page'] = FALSE;
    }
}
```

Fun fact: Drupal 8 has more lines of Javascript than Drupal 5 had lines of PHP.

- Jeff Eaton (@eaton) April 6, 2013



JS minification

UglifyJS - for minifying custom JS. Setup a job using Grunt or Gulp.

Speedy module - for minifying Drupal core JS

Future

• AMD for JS architecture - loading scripts on demand in Drupal 9, Drupal 8?



- Remove dependency on jQuery logical code clean up. Already in Drupal
 8.
- Deprecation of drupal_add_js(). Drupal 8 uses #attached library approach.
- New libraries in Drupal 8: Underscore, Backbone, jQuery UI Touch Punch, Modernizr, domReady, html5shiv & classList
- Far future: wide usage of HTTP2 no need to aggregate files

Useful Links

- Drupal JS Manual
- Drupal JS coding standards
- Google style guide
- jQuery contributing style guide
- Google I/O 2013 True Grit: Debugging CSS & Render Performance
- Rendering Without Lumps
- Performance Tooling

Thanks! Questions?

@sergesemashko

siarhei_semashko@epam.com