

# SYMPLECTIC GROUPOIDS FOR CLUSTER MANIFOLDS

ABSTRACT. We prove some things. And we are happy! It seems to work!

## Outline

- (1) Intro to Poisson manifolds, symplectic groupoid and Poisson spray
- (2) Intro to cluster algebra and compatible Poisson structures
- (3) Cluster symplectic groupoid
- (4) Totally positive cluster manifolds (definition of manifolds with corners [check D Joyce], associahedron of type A and generalized associahedron)
- (5) Symplectic topology of the groupoid, and examples

## 1. INTRODUCTION

## 2. POISSON GEOMETRY

## 3. CLUSTER ALGEBRAS

## 4. CLUSTER SYMPLECTIC GROUPOIDS

In this section we give an integration to a symplectic groupoid  $\mathcal{G}(\Sigma)$  of the Poisson structure on a cluster manifold  $M(\Sigma)$ .

## 5. TOTALLY POSITIVE CLUSTER MANIFOLDS

In this section we show that the totally nonnegative part  $M_{\geq 0}(\Sigma)$  of a cluster manifold is a manifold with corners in the sense of [?]. Moreover, we show that the nonnegative cluster manifold is a union of symplectic leaves for any compatible Poisson structure on  $\mathcal{A}(\Sigma)$ . Here there is a unique dense symplectic leaf and the boundary of  $M_{\geq 0}(\Sigma)$  is again a union of symplectic leaves of lower dimension where the Poisson structure degenerates.

**Theorem 5.1.** *Let  $\Sigma$  be a seed. The 1-skeleton of  $M_{\geq 0}(\Sigma)$  given by 0-dimensional and 1-dimensional symplectic leaves identifies with the exchange graph of  $\mathcal{A}(\Sigma)$ . Moreover, if  $\Sigma$  is a seed of finite-type, then  $M_{\geq 0}(\Sigma)$  provides a realization of the generalized associahedron with the same Cartan type as  $\Sigma$ .*

## 6. SYMPLECTIC TOPOLOGY OF THE NONNEGATIVE CLUSTER GROUPOID

Let  $\mathcal{G}_{\geq 0}(\Sigma)$  denote the symplectic groupoid over  $M_{\geq 0}(\Sigma)$ . In this section we introduce a Poisson spray which may be used to construct  $\mathcal{G}_{\geq 0}(\Sigma)$  and apply a Moser argument to show that up to symplectomorphism  $\mathcal{G}_{\geq 0}(\Sigma)$  can be identified with  $T^*M_{\geq 0}(\Sigma)$ .