# **THYROID**

## **VEGETERIAN** (WL):

- 8:30-9AM: BREAKFAST—3 dosa+1/2 cup sambhar+1tsp methi chutney, 1 cup roasted oats upma with vegetables, 1 cup broken wheat upma with vegetables, paratha(aloo/gobhi/methi).
- 11AM: SNACK- Banana, 100gm musk melon, 1 medium size guava, 1 wedge(100gm) watermelon.
- 12:30-1PM: LUNCH—1cup rice+2chapathi+ bhindi masala+1/2cup ivy gourd(parmal) sabji+1 glass buttermilk, 1/2 cup chana dal,1/2cup methi sabji, green peas sabji.
- **4PM- SNACKS**—3wheat rusk+ 1 glass milk,1 cup tea, 1 cup boiled green gram sprouts with lemon.
- 6:30-7:30PM: DINNER—3chapathi(multigrain, wheat, jowar, bajra)+lauki, methi sabji+1/2 cup vegetable salad, 1/2 cup ridge gourd(thori) sabji, 1/2cup tinda sabji

#### Don'ts:

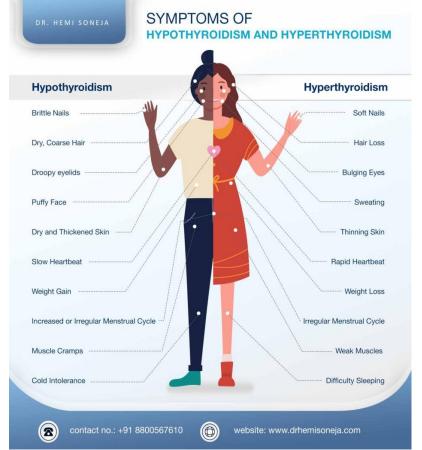
- 1.Cruciferous vegetables
- ▶ 2.Soy
- ▶ 3.Gluten
- 4.fatty foods
- 5.Sugery foods
- 6.Alcohol and caffeine

#### Do's:

- 1.Include whole grain cereals and legumes.
- 2.Fruits and vegetables.
- 3.sea weeds.
- ▶ 4.Selenium rich foods(brazil nuts, egg, white button mushrooms, lima/pinto beans, sunflower/chia/flax seeds, brown rice).
- 5. Tyrosine rich foods(cheese, egg, nuts and seeds, wild rice)

### Food Items You Can Easily Consume:

▶ 1.Fish: Fish is a good source of the nutrient selenium, which is most concentrated in the thyroid. Selenium also helps decrease inflammation.



- **2.Nuts:** Brazil nuts, macadamia nuts, and hazelnuts are all particularly high in selenium, which helps the thyroid function properly. You only need to eat one or two; with other nuts, a small handful is enough to get your daily nutrient.
- ▶ 3.Whole Grains: The recommendation is to take your thyroid medication several hours before or after eating foods rich in dietary fiber.
- ▶ **4.Fresh Fruits and Vegetables:** Specific foods such as blueberries, cherries, sweet potatoes, and green peppers are also rich in antioxidants, nutrients that are known to lower risk for heart disease.
- **5.Dairy:** Fortified milk not only has added vitamin D, but also significant amounts of calcium, protein, and iodine.
- ▶ **6.Beans:** beans are a great source for sustained energy, which can be helpful if hypothyroidism leaves you feeling drained. Beans contain protein, antioxidants, complex carbohydrates, and loads of vitamins and minerals

