## Markov Chains Exercise Sheet

- 1. Assume that a student can be in 1 of 4 states:
  - Rich
  - Average
  - Poor
  - In Debt

Assume the following transition probabilities:

- If a student is Rich, in the next time step the student will be:
  - Average: .75
  - Poor: .2
  - In Debt: .05
- If a student is Average, in the next time step the student will be:
  - Rich: .05
  - Average: .2
  - In Debt: .45
- If a student is Poor, in the next time step the student will be:
  - Average: .4
  - Poor: .3
  - In Debt: .2
- If a student is In Debt, in the next time step the student will be:
  - Average: .15
  - Poor: .3
  - In Debt: .55

Model the above as a discrete Markov chain and:

- (a) Draw the corresponding Markov chain and obtain the corresponding stochastic matrix.
- (b) Let us assume that a student starts their studies as "Average". What will be the probability of them being "Rich" after 1,2,3 time steps?
- (c) What is the steady state probability vector associated with this Markov chain?
- 2. Consider the following matrices. For the matrices that are stochastic matrices, draw the associated Markov Chain and obtain the steady state probabilities (if they exist, if not, explain why).

$$\begin{pmatrix}
0 & 1 \\
0 & 1
\end{pmatrix} \qquad
\begin{pmatrix}
.5 & .25 & .25 \\
1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & .23 & .77 \\
.8 & .1 & .1
\end{pmatrix} \qquad
\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{1}{n} & \frac{n-1}{n} \\
\frac{n-1}{n} & \frac{1}{n}
\end{pmatrix} \qquad
\begin{pmatrix}
.2 & .3 & .5 \\
.1 & .1 & .8 \\
.7 & .1 & .2
\end{pmatrix}$$
(a)
$$\begin{pmatrix}
.2 & .3 & .5 \\
0 & .3 & .7 & 0 \\
.5 & .2 & .1 & .2 \\
.1 & 0 & 0 & .9
\end{pmatrix} \qquad
\begin{pmatrix}
.2 & .3 & .5 \\
.3 & -.3 & 1 \\
.2 & .2 & .6
\end{pmatrix} \qquad
\begin{pmatrix}
.5 & .5 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & .5 & .5 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & .5 & .5 \\
.5 & 0 & 0 & .5
\end{pmatrix} \qquad
\begin{pmatrix}
\alpha & \beta \\
\omega & \gamma
\end{pmatrix}$$
(e)
(f)
(g)
(h)

3. Consider the following (incomplete) transition matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
? & 2 & 1.5 & .5 \\
? & -5 & 1 & 3 \\
5 & 2 & ? & 1 \\
1 & ? & 1 & -2
\end{pmatrix}$$

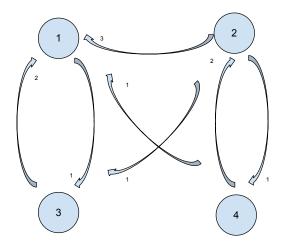
- (a) Fill in the missing values in the transition matrix.
- (b) Draw the Markov chain.
- (c) Obtain the steady state probabilities.
- 4. Consider the following matrices. For the matrices that are transition rate matrices, draw the associated Markov Chain and obtain the steady state probabilities (if they exist, if not, explain why).

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} -a & a & 0 \\ b & -(a+b) & a \\ 0 & b & -b \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & -10 & 5 \\ 10 & 0 & -10 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} -.5 & .5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -.5 & .5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -.5 & .5 \\ .5 & 0 & 0 & -.5 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \beta \\ \omega & \gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \qquad \qquad (f) \qquad \qquad (g) \qquad \qquad (h)$$

5. Consider the following continuous Markov chain.



- (a) Draw the corresponding Markov chain.
- (b) Obtain the steady state probabilities for this Markov chain.
- (c) Obtain the corresponding discrete time Markov chain.
- (d) Draw the corresponding Markov chain.
- (e) Obtain the steady state probabilities for the discretized Markov chain.