MATHIZIO: HOMEWORK SOLUTIONS 82.2

1.
$$f'(1) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(1+h) - f(1)}{h} = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(1+h)^2 - 1}{h} = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{2h + h^2}{h} = 2$$

3.
$$f'(3) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(3+h)^2 - (3+h) - (3^2 - 3)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{9 + 6h + h^2 - 3 - h - 9 + 3}{h} = 5$$

5.
$$s'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{2(x+h) + 1 - 2x - 1}{h} = 2$$

7.
$$r'(x) = \lim_{h\to 0} \frac{3(x+h)^2 + 4 - 3x^2 - 4}{h} = \lim_{h\to 0} \frac{3x^2 + 6xh + 3h^2 - 3x^2}{h} = 6x$$

9.
$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{a(x+h)^2 + b(x+h) + c - ax^2 - bx - c}{h}$$

 $= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{ax^2 + 2axh + ah^2 + bx + bh - ax^2 - bx}{h} = 2ax + b$

11.
$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x+h)^3 + 2(x+h)^2 + 1 - x^3 - 2x^2 - 1}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{x^3 + 3x^2 h + 3xh^2 + h^3 + 2x^2 + 4xh + h^2 - x^3 - 2x^2}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{3x^2 h + 3xh^2 + h^3 + 4xh + h^2}{h} = 3x^2 + 4x$$

13.
$$h'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\frac{z}{x+h} - \frac{z}{x}}{h} = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\frac{2x}{x(x+h)} - \frac{2(x+h)}{x(x+h)} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \cdot \left[\frac{-h}{x(x+h)} \right] = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-1}{x(x+h)} = \frac{-1}{x^2}$$

15.
$$F'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \left[\frac{6}{(x+h)^2 + 1} - \frac{6}{x^2 + 1} \right] \cdot \frac{1}{h} = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\frac{6(x^2 + 1) - 6(kx+h)^2 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)((x+h)^2 + 1)} \right]$$

=
$$\lim_{h\to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\frac{6x^2 + 6 - 6x^2 - 12xh - 6h^2 - 6}{(x^2 + 1)((x + h)^2 + 1)} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\frac{-12 \times h - 6h^2}{(\chi^2 + 1)((\chi + h)^2 + 1)} \right] = \frac{-12 \times 1}{(\chi^2 + 1)^2}$$

17.
$$G'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\frac{2(x+h)-1}{x+h-H} - \frac{2x-1}{x-H} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\frac{(2x+2h-1)(x-4)-(2x-1)(x+h-4)}{(x+h-4)(x-4)} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h\to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\frac{2x^2 - 8x + 2xh - 8h - x + 4 - 2x^2 + x - 2xh + h + 8x - 4}{(x+h-4)(x-4)} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h\to 0} \left[\frac{2x-8-2x+1}{(x+h-4)(x-4)} \right] = \frac{-7}{(x+4)^2}$$

19.
$$g'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\sqrt{3(x+h)} - \sqrt{3x} \right] = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{3(x+h) - 3x}{h \left(\sqrt{3(x+h)} + \sqrt{3x} \right)}$$

= $\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\sqrt{3(x+h)} + \sqrt{3x} \right]$

21.
$$H'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\frac{3}{\sqrt{x+h-2}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{x-2}} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\frac{3\sqrt{x-2} - 3\sqrt{x+h-2}}{\sqrt{(x+h-2)(x-2)}} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\frac{x-2 - (x+h-2)}{\sqrt{x-2} + \sqrt{x+h-2}} \sqrt{(x+h-2)(x-2)} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-3}{(\sqrt{x-2} + \sqrt{x+h-2})} = \frac{-3}{2\sqrt{x-2}} \cdot (x-2)$$

$$= \frac{-3}{2(x-2)^{3/2}}$$

23.
$$f'(x) = \lim_{t \to x} \frac{t^2 - 3t - (x^2 - 3x)}{t - x} = \lim_{t \to x} \frac{(t - x)(t + x - 3)}{t - x} = 2x - 3$$

25.
$$f'(x) = \lim_{t \to x} \left(\frac{1}{t-x} \right) \left[\frac{t}{t-5} - \frac{x}{x-5} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{t \to x} \left(\frac{1}{t-x} \right) \left[\frac{t(x-5) - x(t-5)}{(t-5)(x-5)} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{t \to x} \frac{1}{t-x} \left[\frac{(t-x)(-5)}{(t-5)(x-5)} \right] = \frac{-5}{(x-5)^2}$$

27.
$$f(x) = 2x^3$$
 at $x = 5$

29.
$$f(x) = x^2$$
 at $x = 2$

31.
$$f(x) = x^2$$
 at x

33.
$$f(x) = \frac{2}{t}$$
 at t







