MATH1210: Midterm 1 Practice Exam

The following are practice problems for the first exam.

- 1. Sketch a function f satisfying the following conditions
 - The domain of f is [0,4]
 - f(0) = f(1) = f(2) = f(3) = f(4) = 1
 - $\bullet \lim_{x \to 1} f(x) = 2$
 - $\bullet \lim_{x \to 2} f(x) = 1$
 - $\bullet \lim_{x \to 3^-} f(x) = 2$
 - $\bullet \lim_{x \to 3^+} f(x) = 1$
- 2. Estimate $\lim_{x\to 5} f(x)$ from the following table of functional values

X	f(x)
4.75	5
4.9	2
4.99	02
4.999	002
5	17
5.001	.002
5.01	.02
5.1	.2
5.25	.5

3. Compute the following limits

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to -3} \sqrt{5x^2 + 2x}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{w\to 2} \frac{(w-2)(w^2-w-6)}{w^2-4w+4}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to -1} \frac{x^2 + x}{x^2 + 1}$$

4. Assume that $\lim_{x\to a} f(x) = 1$ and that $\lim_{x\to a} g(x) = \pi$. Compute

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to a} [\sqrt{g(x)} + 2f(x)]$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to a} \frac{g^2(x) - f(x)}{g(x) + f(x)}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to a} [f(x) + g(x)]^3$$

5. Show that $\lim_{x\to 0} x^2 \cos(1/x) = 0$. (*Hint:* Use the squeeze theorem.)

1

6. Compute the following limits

(a)
$$\lim_{t \to 0} \frac{\tan 2t}{\sin 2t - 1}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 6x}{\tan 9x}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin^2 2t}{3t}$$

(d)
$$\lim_{t \to 0^+} \frac{\cos 2t}{5t}$$

7. Compute the following limits AT INFINITY AND BEYOND

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{3x^2}{x^2 - 8x + 100}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{\theta \to -\infty} \frac{\pi \theta^5}{\theta^5 - 5\theta^4}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{n \to -\infty} \frac{n}{n^2 + 1}$$

8. Compute the following (possibly infinite) limits

(a)
$$\lim_{t \to \pi^+} \frac{t^2}{\sin t}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 2^+} \frac{x^2 + 2x - 8}{x^2 - 4}$$

9. Let $f(x) = \frac{(x-3)(x^2+2x+2)}{x^2+2x-15}$. Compute the following

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 3} f(x)$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 5^+} f(x)$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to 5^-} f(x)$$

10. Compute the following limits

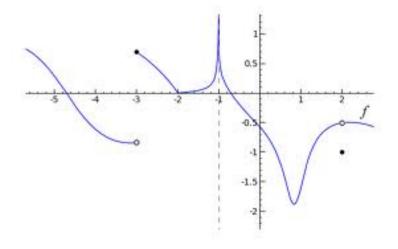
(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 0^-} \frac{2x}{|x|}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x\to\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x}$$
 (*Hint:* The squeeze theorem works for limits at infinity.)

2

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} x \sin(1/x)$$
 (Hint: $\lim_{x \to \infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \to 0} f(1/x)$)

11. Let f(x) be determined by the graph shown here:



At each of the following points, determine if f is continuous. If so, is the discontinuity removable or non-removable?

- (a) x = -3
- (b) x = -2
- (c) x = -1
- (d) x = -2
- 12. At what points (if any) is the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x^2 & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 1 \\ 2 - x & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

discontinuous?

13. Show that $x^3 + 3x = 2$ has a solution between 0 and 1. (*Hint:* Intermediate value theorem)