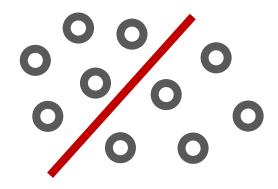
Basics of Machine Learning

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Lesson 08 Regression methods



Linear regression

Linear Regression

Variable importance

Before starting linear regression check assumptions

- Linear relationship
- Multivariate normality
- No or little multicollinearity
- No auto-correlation
- Homoscedasticity

Linear Regression

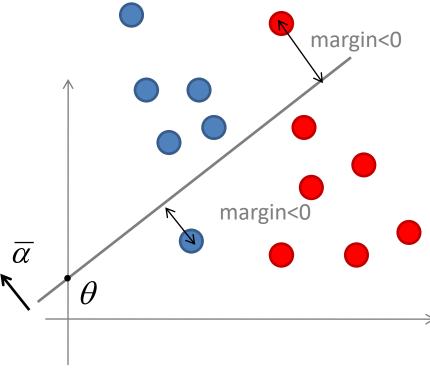
Variable importance

Following are the methods of variable selection you can use:

- Remove the correlated variables prior to selecting important variables
- Use linear regression and select variables based on p values
- Use Forward Selection, Backward Selection, Stepwise Selection
- Use Random Forest, Xgboost and plot variable importance chart
- Use Lasso Regression
- Measure information gain for the available set of features and select top n features accordingly.

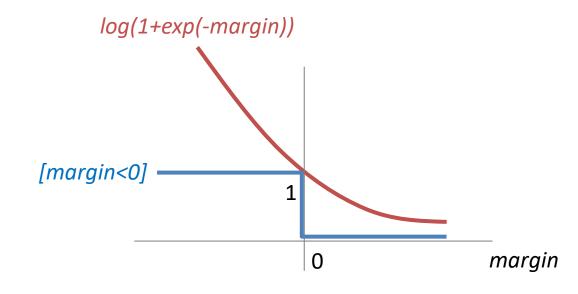
Target function: empirical risk = number of errors

#errors =
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} [mrgin(x_i, y_i) < 0] = \sum_{i=1}^{n} [y_i \cdot (a, x_i) < 0] \rightarrow min$$



Target function: upper bound

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left[y_i \cdot (a, x_i) < 0 \right] < \sum_{i=1}^{n} \log \left(1 + \exp(-y_i \cdot (a, x_i)) \right) \rightarrow \min$$



Relationship with P(y|x)

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left[y_i \cdot \langle a, x_i \rangle < 0 \right] < \sum_{i=1}^{n} \log \left(1 + \exp(-y_i \cdot \langle a, x_i \rangle) \right) \to \min$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \log \left(\frac{1}{1 + \exp(-y_i \cdot \langle a, x_i \rangle)} \right) \to \max$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \log(sigmoid(y_i \cdot \langle a, x_i \rangle)) \to \max$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \log(p(y_i|x_i)) \to \max$$

model

$$p(y_i|x_i) = sigmoid(y_i \cdot \langle a, x_i \rangle)$$

Logistic function: the sigmoid

$$sigmoid(x)$$

$$\frac{L}{1 + e^{-k(x-x_0)}}$$

