Basics of Machine Learning

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Lesson 04 Data Visualization



Data Visualization

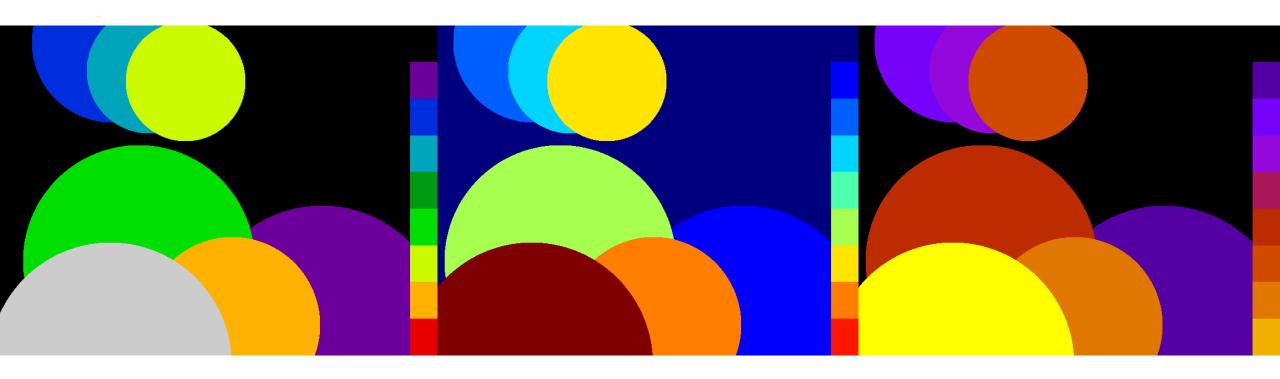
Summary

- Colormaps
- Squarify
- Pairplot
- Density

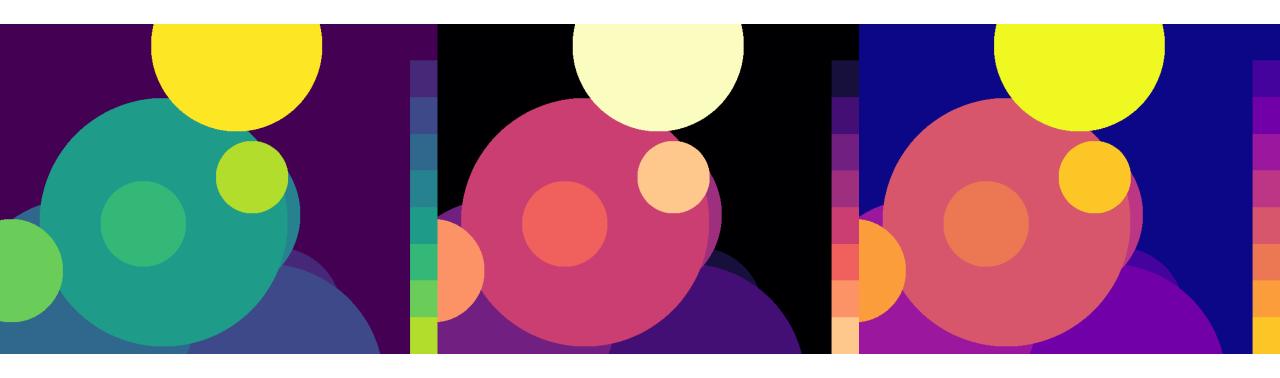
Data Visualization

Tutorials

- ex_04a_colormaps.py
- ex_04b_charts_squarify.py
- ex_04c_charts_pairplot.py
- ex_04d_charts_density.py

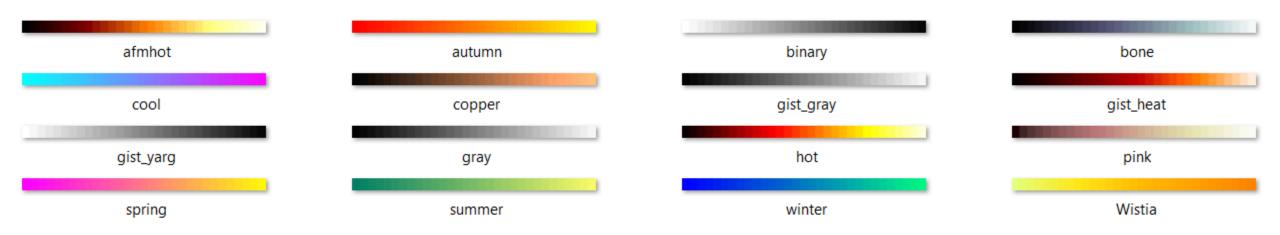


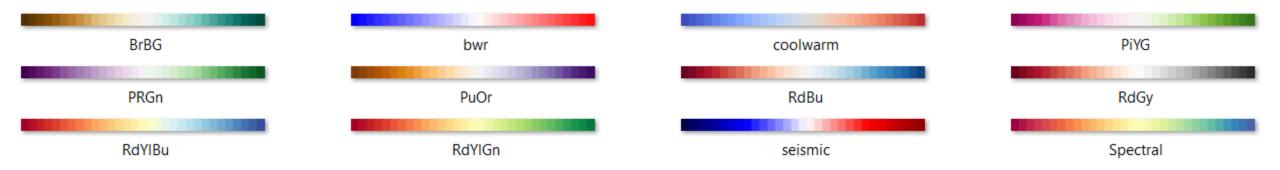


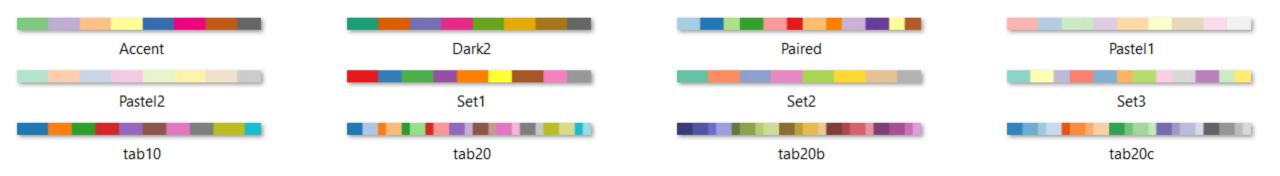


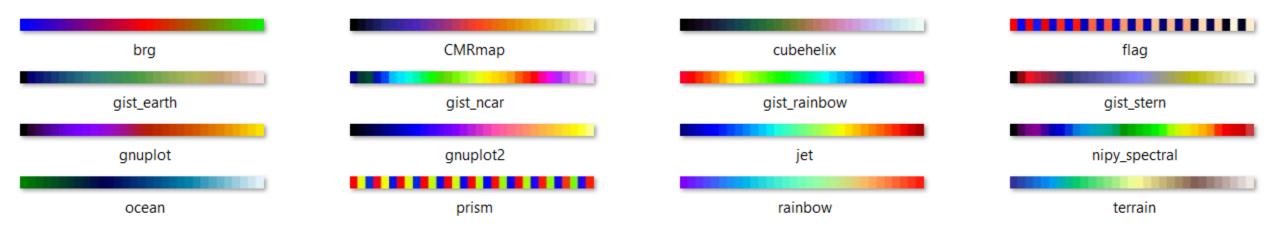






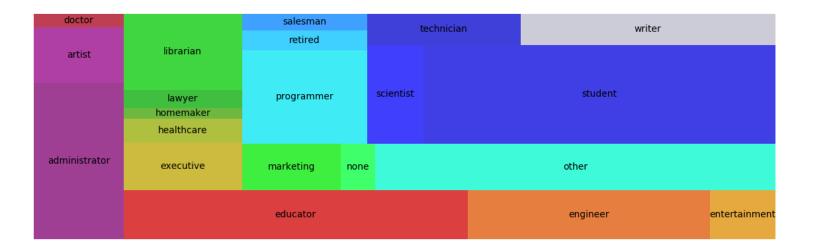


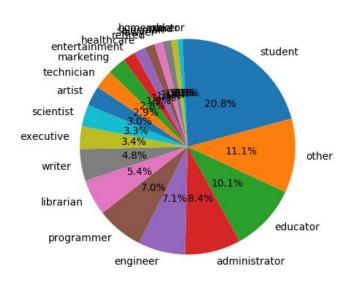




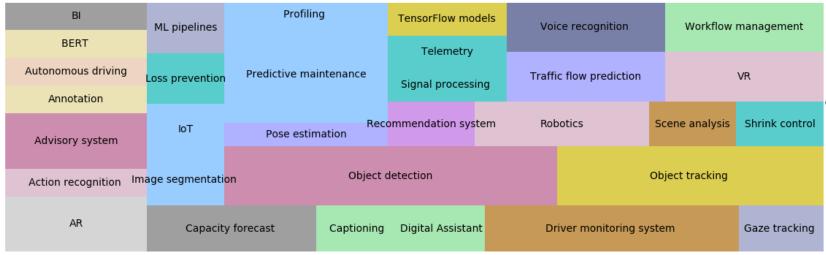
Squarify

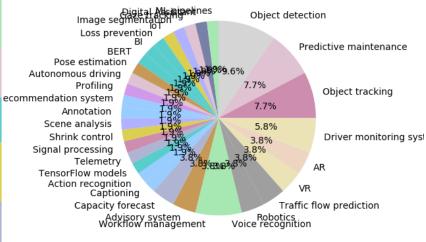
Squarify: example 01



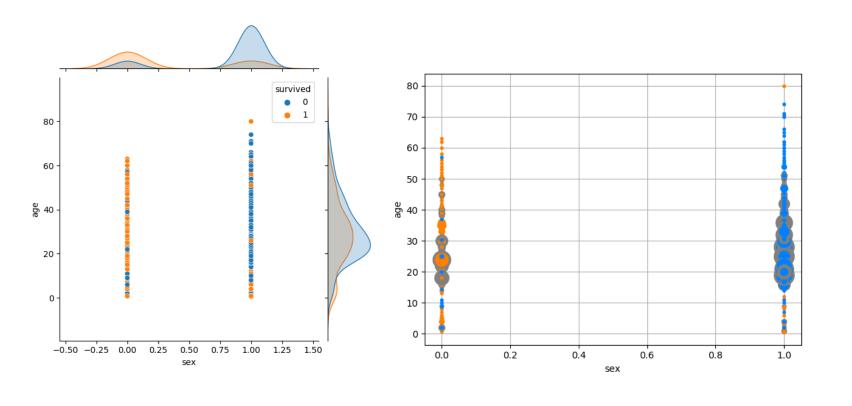


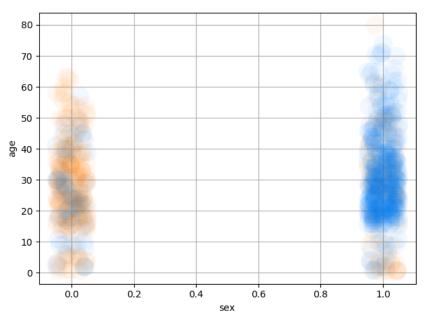
Squarify: example 02

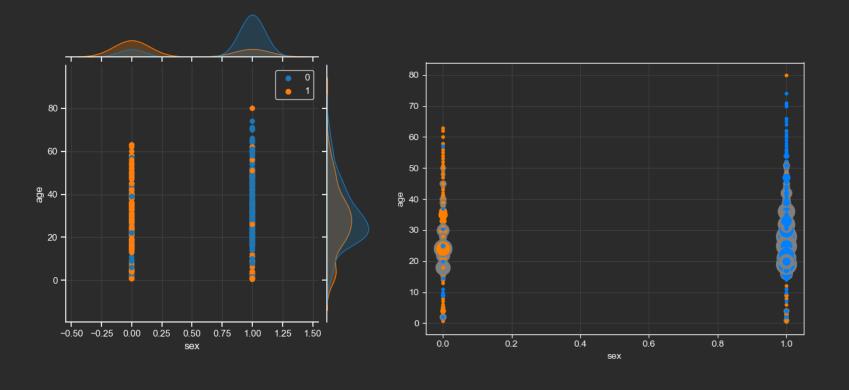


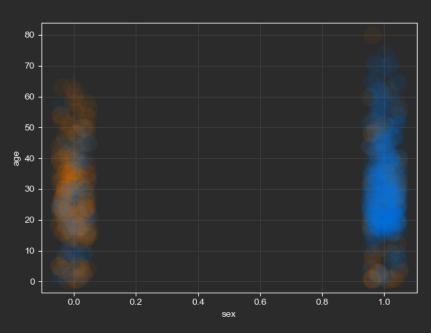


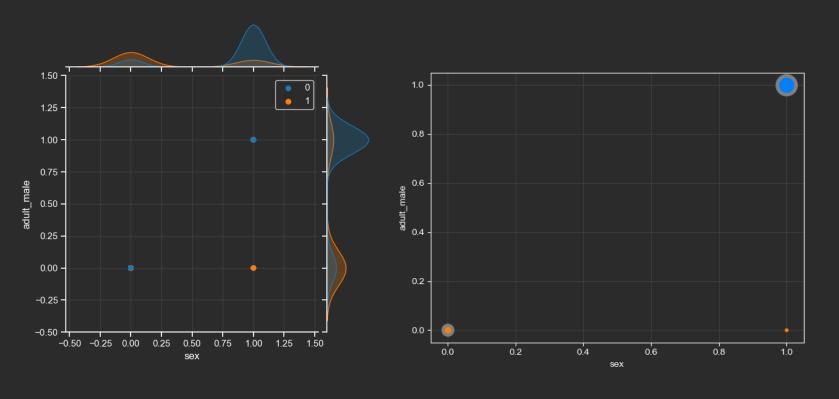
Pairplot

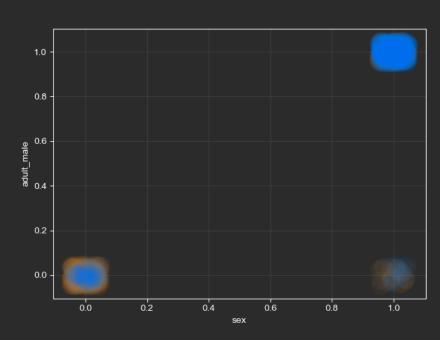












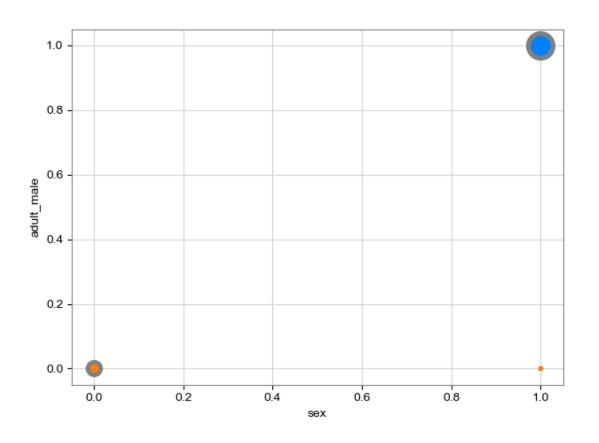
```
columns = df0.columns.to_numpy()
target = columns[idx_target]
idx = numpy.delete(numpy.arange(0, len(columns)), idx_target)
pal = numpy.array(['tab10', 'husl', 'Set2', 'Paired', 'hls'])[0]

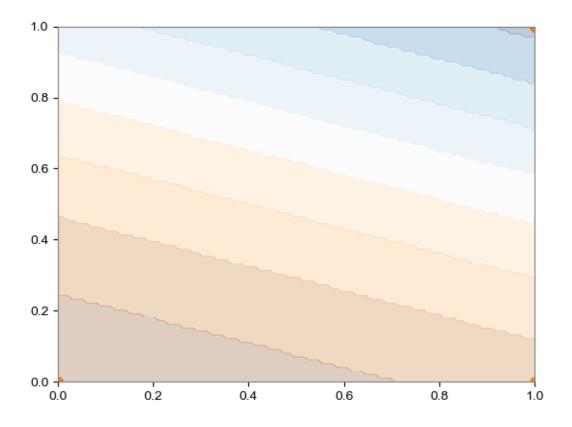
for i in range(len(idx)-1):
    for j in range(i+1,len(idx)):
        c1, c2 = columns[idx[i]], columns[idx[j]]
        df = df0[[target, c1, c2]]
        df = df.dropna()
        df = tools_DF.hash_categoricals(df)

        fig = plt.figure()
        self.turn_light_mode(fig)
        J = seaborn.jointplot(data=df, x=c1, y=c2, hue=target,palette=pal,edgecolor=None)
```

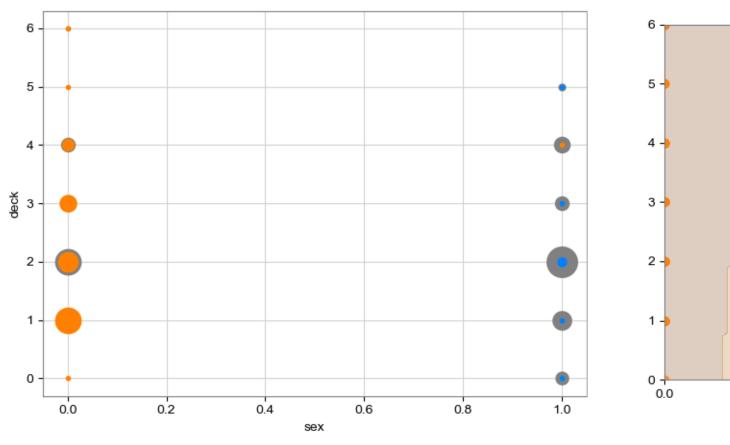
Density

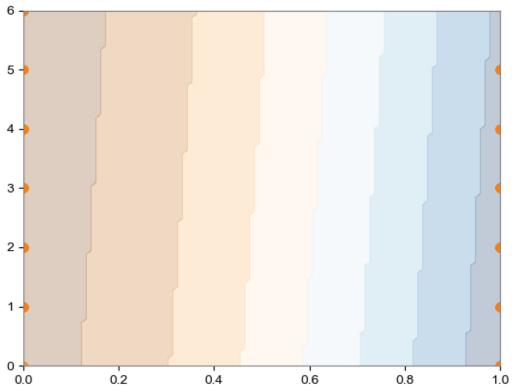
Density plot: titanic dataset





Density plot: titanic dataset





Time Series

Time Series: pandas

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
ax = plt.gca()
if darkmode:
    plt.style.use('dark_background')
    clr = numpy.array((32, 32, 32)) / 255
    fig.patch.set_facecolor(clr)
    ax.set_facecolor(clr)
    ax.spines['bottom'].set color('white')
    ax.spines['top'].set color('white')
    ax.spines['left'].set_color('white')
    ax.spines['right'].set_color('white')
    ax.xaxis.label.set_color('white')
    ax.tick params(axis='x', colors='white')
    ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='white')
else:
    plt.style.use('classic')
```

```
20.0 power_usage

17.5 - 15.0 - 12.5 - 10.0 - 7.5 - 5.0 - 2.5 - 0.0 - 200 400 600 800 1000 1200
```

```
plt.style.use('classic')
    fig.patch.set_facecolor((1, 1, 1))

X = None if idx_feature is None else df.columns[idx_feature]
df.plot(x=X,y=df.columns[idx_target],ax=ax)
plt.tight_layout()

if filename_out is not None:
    plt.savefig(filename_out, facecolor=fig.get_facecolor())
    plt.close()
```

Time Series: seaborn

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
pal = numpy.array(['tab10', 'husl', 'Set2', 'Paired', 'hls']
colors = sns.color_palette(palette=pal, n_colors=1)
if darkmode:
                                                                15.0
    plt.style.use('dark_background')
    clr = numpy.array((32, 32, 32)) / 255
                                                               S, 10.0
    fig.patch.set_facecolor(clr)
    plt.gca().set_facecolor(clr)
                                                               8 7.5
else:
                                                                5.0
    plt.style.use('classic')
    fig.patch.set_facecolor((1, 1, 1))
X = df.index if idx_feature is None else df.columns[idx_feat
markers = 'o'
if idx feature is None:
    if mode=='pointplot':
        g = sns.pointplot(data=df, x=X, y=df.columns[idx_target], scale=0.25,markers=markers,color=colors[0])
        g.set(xticks=[])
    else:
        g = sns.lineplot(data=df, x=X, y=df.columns[idx_target],color=colors[0])
plt.tight_layout()
if filename_out is not None:
    plt.savefig(filename_out, facecolor=fig.get_facecolor())
    plt.close()
```

References

• https://www.tutorialdocs.com/article/python-matplotlib-tutorial.html

