```
python -m venv Django
#source Django/bin/activate
Django\Scripts\activate.bat
In vscode
Set-ExecutionPolicy RemoteSigned #get the permission
Django\Scripts\Activate.ps1
 PS C:\Users\dryad\OneDrive\Desktop\web\Django\Scripts> Set-ExecutionPolicy RemoteSigned
 PS C:\Users\dryad\OneDrive\Desktop\web\Django\Scripts> .\Activate.ps1
 (Django) PS C:\Users\dryad\OneDrive\Desktop\web\Django\Scripts>
pip install Django
pip install Djangorestframework
django-admin.py startproject first .
python manage.py runserver
#server is on!
django-admin.py startapp demo
python .\manage.py migrate #set up database
set the models you want in demo/models.py
class book(models.Model):
  title = models.CharField(max_length=36)
regist the app in first/setting.py
INSTALLED_APPS = [
'demo'
...
```

python .\manage.py makemigrations #update database (migrations for 'demo') in the demo/migrations folder you will the the new file 0001_initial.py for the model setting python .\manage.py migrate # migrate for 0001_initial.py (apply the model to database)

models.py -> create model -> makemigrations -> create database XXX_initial.py file -> migrate to apply the model to database

python .\manage.py createsuperuser # create the superuser for database

assign the model to admin in admin.py from .models import book admin.site.register(book)

python manage.py runserver http://127.0.0.1:8000/admin/ #the books is already in you site

URL

Add demo url to first

creat urls.py in demo

add URL

```
demo > demo > views.py  manage.py

demo > urls.py > ...

from django.urls import path

from . import views

from .views import another

urlpatterns = [

path('',views.first),

path('another',another.as_view()),

path('another',another.as_view()),

]
```

Add view

```
urls.py demo X
                 views.py X
                                 manage.py
                                                  models
demo > 🕏 views.py > ...
       from django.shortcuts import render
       from django.http import HttpResponse
       from django.views import View
       from .models import book
       # Create your views here.
       class another(View):
           books = book.objects.all()
           output = f"we have {len(books)} in DB"
 10
           def get(self,request):
 11
 12
               return HttpResponse(self.output)
 13
       def first(request):
 14
           return HttpResponse('first view')
 15
```

//=====BUG===

if the book doesn't have objects

Press **ctr+sft+P** to open the the **Command Palette**. Now in command palette type **Preferences: Configure Language Specific Settings**. Now select **Python**. Here in right side paste this code

```
"python.linting.pylintArgs": [
    "--load-plugins=pylint_django",
]
```

```
vurls.py demo views.py models.py {} settings.json × urls.py first

C: > Users > dryad > AppData > Roaming > Code > User > {} settings.json > [ ] python.linting.pylintArgs

"[python]": {

""python.linting.pylintArgs": [

""--load-plugins=pylint_django",
]
```

```
//========
```

Test result



we have 2 in DB

Table schema

```
class Book(models.Model):
    title = models.CharField(max_length=36, blank=False, unique=True)
    description = models.TextField(max_length=256, blank=True)

price = models.DecimalField(default=0, max_digits=3, decimal_places=2)

published = models.DateField(blank=True, null=True, default=None)
    is_published = models.RooleanField(default=False)

cover = models.ImageField(upload_to='covers/', blank=True)
```

Use filter

```
books = Book.objects.filter(is_published=True)
output = ''

for book in books:
    output += f"We have {book.title} book with ID {book.id}<br>"

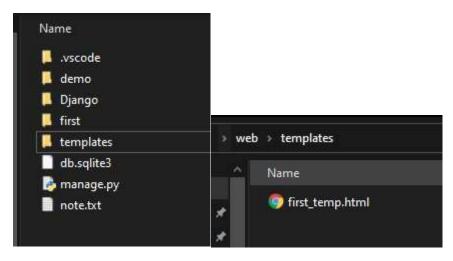
def get(self, request):
    return HttpResponse(self.output)
```

Get will one retrieve one record.

```
books = Book.objects.get(id=2)
```

Add template

Create template folder and html



Add to setting

```
settings.py X
 first > 🍦 settings.py > ...
       ROOT_URLCONF = 'first.urls'
       TEMPLATES = [
               'BACKEND': 'django.template.backends.django.Dja
               'DIRS': ['templates'],
               'APP_DIRS': True,
               'OPTIONS': {
                   'context_processors': [
                       'django.template.context_processors.debu
  from django.shortcuts import render
  # Create your views here.
v class another(View):
      books = book.objects.all()
      output = f"we have {len(books)} in DB"
      def get(self,request):
           return HttpResponse(self.output)

√ def first(request):

      #return HttpResponse('first view')
      return render (request, 'first_temp.html')
```

```
demo > demo > demo > demo > ...

1    from django.urls import path
2    from . import views
3    from .views import another
4
5    urlpatterns = [
6         path('',views.first),
7         path('first',views.first),
8         path('another',another.as_view()),
9    ]
10
```

```
← → C ↑ ① 127.0.0.1:8000/demo/first
```

This is a Heading

This is a paragraph.

Dynamic template

```
demo > views.py > first

from django.shortcuts import render

from django.shortcuts

from django.s
```

```
templates > ≡ first_temp.html
       <!DOCTYPE html>
      <html>
  3 V <head>
           <title>Page Title</title>
  4
  5 </head>
  6 ∨ ⟨body⟩
           <h1>This is a Heading</h1>
  8
           {p>{{|data}}}
 10
     </body>
 11
      </html>
 12
 13
```

```
← → C ↑ ① 127.0.0.1:8000/demo/first
```

This is a Heading

this is a test data

Deliver the obj

```
def first(request):
    books = book.objects.all()
    #return HttpResponse('first view')
    return render(request,'first_temp.html',{'books':books})
```

```
← → C ☆ ① 127.0.0.1:8000/demo/first
```

This is a Heading

OS

Network

Add If

Admin customization

Django administration

Home » Demo » Books

Select book to change

Acti	on: [•	Go	0 of 2 selected
	воок			
	book object (2)			
	book object (1)			

2 books

Unreadable

```
class Book(models.Model):
    title = models.CharField(max_length=36, blank=False, unique=True)
    description = models.TextField(max_length=256, blank=True)

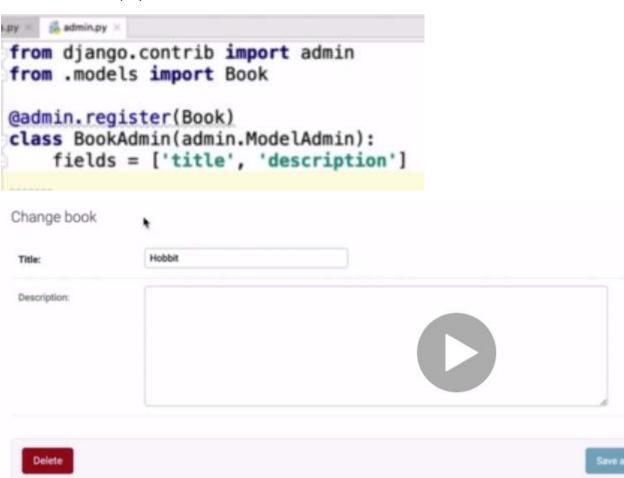
price = models.DecimalField(default=0, max_digits=3, decimal_places=2)

published = models.DateField(blank=True, null=True, default=None)
    is_published = models.BooleanField(default=False)

cover = models.ImageField(upload_to='covers/', blank=True)

def __str__(self):
    return self.title
```


Choose which to display



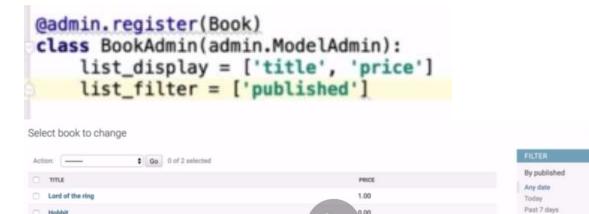
Choose which to display in list

```
@admin.register(Book)
class BookAdmin(admin.ModelAdmin):
    list_display = ['title', 'description']
```

Select book to change



filter

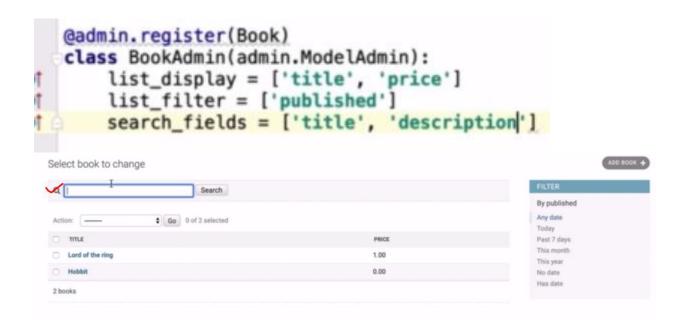


This month This year

No date Has date

Search

2 books



Use rest framework

Pip3 install djangorestframework

Create the serializers.py

```
demo > views.py > ...

1  # from django.shortcuts import render
2  # from django.http import HttpResponse
3  # from django.views import View
4  from .models import book
5  # from django.shortcuts import render
6  from rest_framework import viewsets
7  from .serializers import BookSerrializer
8
9
10  # Create your views here.
11  Class BookViewSet(viewsets.ModelViewSet):
12  serializer_class = BookSerrializer
13  queryset = book.objects.all()
```

```
demo > • urls.py > ...

1     from django.urls import path, include
2     #from . import views
3     #from .views import another
4     from rest_framework import routers
5     from .views import BookViewSet
6
7     routers = routers.DefaultRouter()
8     routers.register('books',BookViewSet)
9
10     urlpatterns = [
11         path('', include(routers.urls)),
12         #path('first',views.first),
13         #path('another',another.as_view()),
14     ]
```

Django REST framework

Api Root

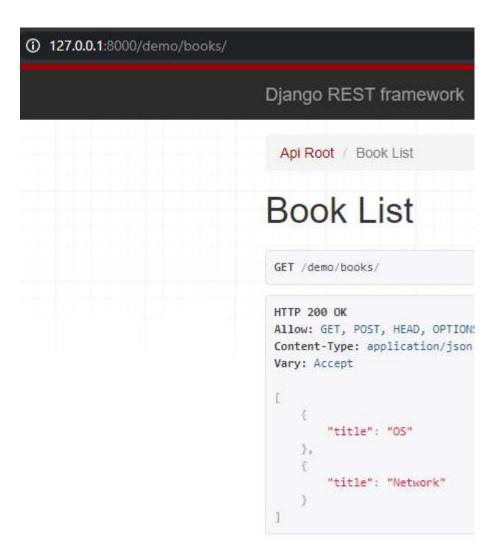
Api Root

The default basic root view for DefaultRouter

GET /demo/

```
HTTP 200 OK
Allow: GET, HEAD, OPTIONS
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept

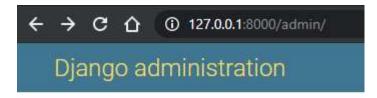
{
    "books": "http://127.0.0.1:8000/demo/books/"
}
```



Add authToken

Migrate the change

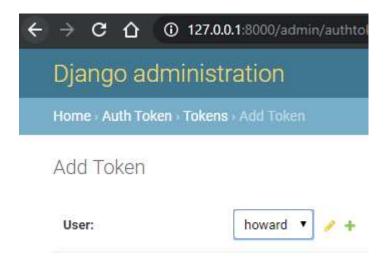
```
PS C:\Users\dryad\OneDrive\Desktop\web> python .\manage.py migrate
Operations to perform:
Apply all migrations: admin, auth, authtoken, contenttypes, demo, sessions
Running migrations:
Applying authtoken.0001_initial... OK
Applying authtoken.0002_auto_20160226_1747... OK
```



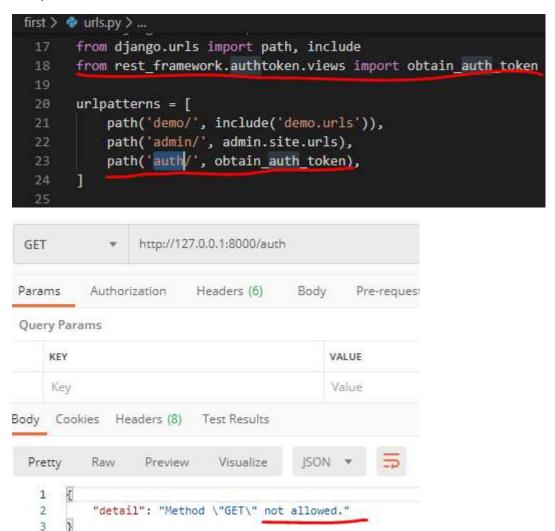
Site administration

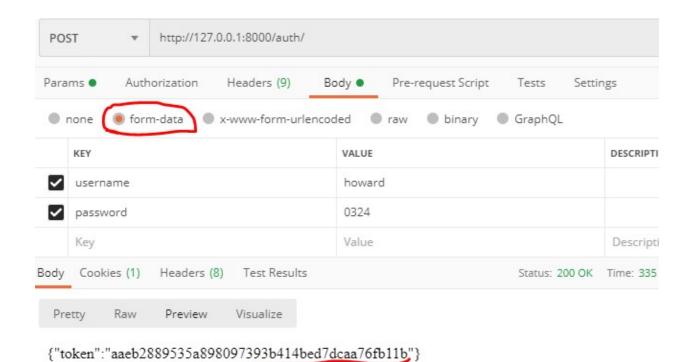


Add token to user



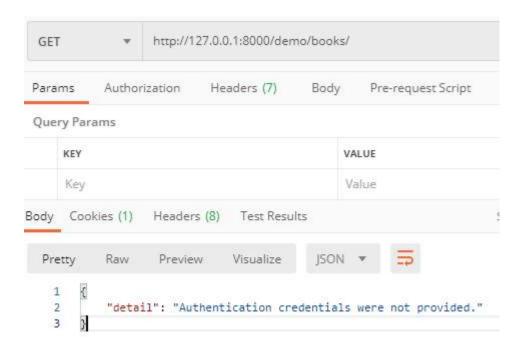
Test permission





Add web permission setting

Now we can't access the books without authentication

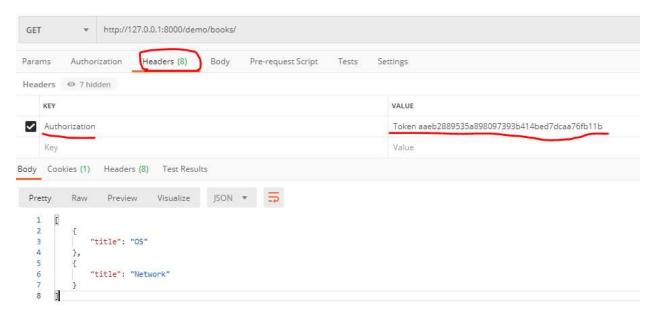


Set the authentication to view

```
demo > views.py > & BookViewSet

4
5    from .models import book
6    from rest_framework import viewsets
7    from .serializers import BookSerrializer
8    from rest_framework.authentication import TokenAuthentication
9
10
11    class BookViewSet(viewsets.ModelViewSet):
12         serializer_class = BookSerrializer
13         queryset = book.objects.all()
14         authentication_classes = (TokenAuthentication,)
```

Post again with token



We can also set allow to any(any one can access without token)

```
REST_FRAMEWORK = {
    'DEFAULT_PERMISSION_CLASSES': (
    'rest_framework.permissions.AllowAny',
    )
}
```

But set the permission in the view (BookViewSet this specific view will need token)

```
from rest_framework.authentication import TokenAuthentication
from rest_framework.permissions import IsAuthenticated

class BookViewSet(viewsets.ModelViewSet):
    serializer_class = BookSerializer
    queryset = Book.objects.all()
    authentication_classes = (TokenAuthentication,)
    permission_classes = (IsAuthenticated,)
```

Create the data relation (one to one)

```
demo > * models.py > ...

from django.db import models

class bookNumber(models.Model):
    isbn = models.CharField(max_length=10,blank=True)

class book(models.Model):
    title = models.CharField(max_length=36)
    lnumber = models.OneToOneField(bookNumber,null=True,blank=True,on_delete=models.CASCADE)

def __str__(self):
    return self.title

12
13
```

Make migrations

```
PS C:\Users\dryad\OneDrive\Desktop\web> python .\manage.py makemigrations
Migrations for 'demo':
   demo\migrations\0002_auto_20200518_1838.py
        - Create model bookNumber
        - Add field number to book
```

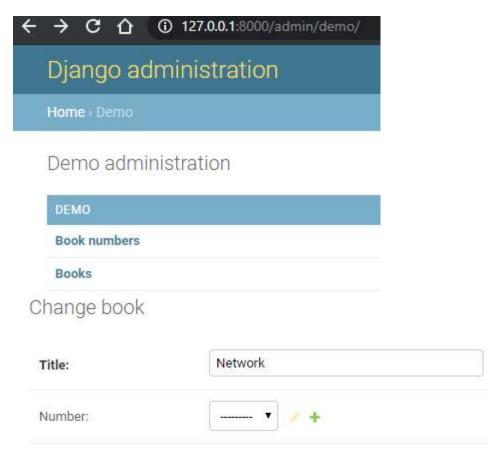
Apply migrations

```
PS C:\Users\dryad\OneDrive\Desktop\web> python .\manage.py migrate
Operations to perform:
Apply all migrations: admin, auth, authtoken, contenttypes, demo, sessions
Running migrations:
Applying demo.0002_auto_20200518_1838... OK
```

Assign the bookNumber to admin

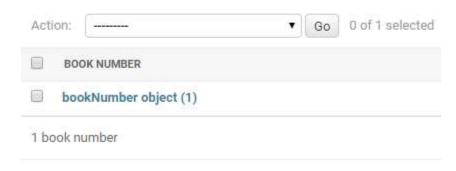
```
demo > dadmin.py > bookAdmin

1    from django.contrib import admin
2    from .models import book, bookNumber
3
4    # Register your models here.
5    #admin.site.register(book)
6    @admin.register(book)
7    class bookAdmin(admin.ModelAdmin):
8    #fields = ['title']
9    list_display = ['title']
10    list_filter = ['title']
11    search_fields = ['title']
12    vadmin.site.register(bookNumber)
```



Add number

Select book number to change



Add to serializer

```
demo 🕽 🐶 serializers.py 🕽 ધ BookNumberSerrializer 🗦 ધ Meta
        from rest framework import serializers
        from .models import book, bookNumber
        class BookNumberSerrializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
            class Meta:
                 model = bookNumber
                 fields = ['id', 'isbn']
        class BookSerrializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
            number = BookNumberSerrializer(many = False)
            class Meta:
                 model = book
  11
                 fields = ['id', 'title', 'number']
  12
                  http://127.0.0.1:8000/demo/books/
 GET
Params
           Authorization
                          Headers (8)
                                         Body
                                                  Pre-request
 Headers @ 7 hidden
     KEY
 Authorization
     Key
Body Cookies (1)
                 Headers (8)
                              Test Results
  Pretty
           Raw
                   Preview
                              Visualize
                                          JSON *
   1
       [
    2
    3
               "id": 1,
               "title": "OS",
   4
    5
               "number": null
    6
           },
{
   7
               "id": 2,
   8
   9
               "title": "Network",
  10
               "number": {
                   "id": 1,
  11
                   "isbn": "1111111111"
  12
  13
  14
```

15

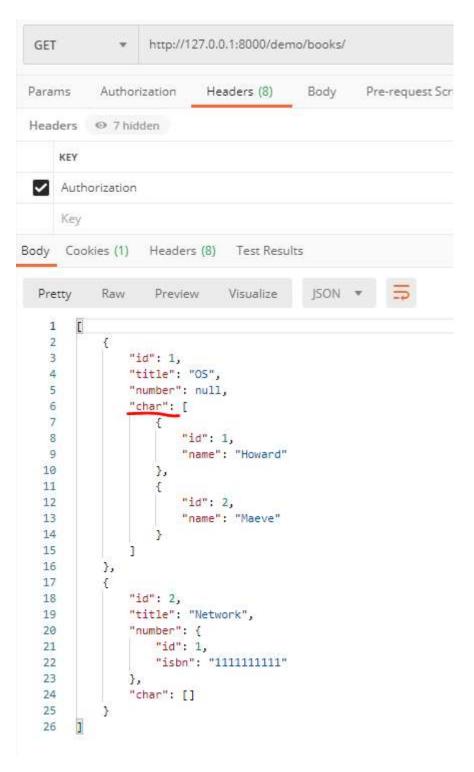
]

One to many

migrate

```
PS C:\Users\dryad\OneDrive\Desktop\web> python .\manage.py makemigrations
Migrations for 'demo':
    demo\migrations\0003_char.py
        - Create model char
PS C:\Users\dryad\OneDrive\Desktop\web> python .\manage.py migrate
Operations to perform:
    Apply all migrations: admin, auth, authtoken, contenttypes, demo, sessions
Running migrations:
    Applying demo.0003_char... OK
```

```
demo > 🔮 admin.py > ...
       from django.contrib import admin
       from .models import book, bookNumber, char
       # Register your models here.
       #admin.site.register(book)
       @admin.register(book)
       class bookAdmin(admin.ModelAdmin):
           #fields = ['title']
           list display = ['title']
           list_filter = ['title']
           search_fields = ['title']
 11
       admin.site.register(bookNumber)
 12
       admin.site.register(char)
 13
```

Many to many

```
demo > 📌 admin.py > ...
      from django.contrib import admin
      from .models import book, bookNumber, char, author
      # Register your models here.
      #admin.site.register(book)
      @admin.register(book)
      class bookAdmin(admin.ModelAdmin):
           #fields = ['title']
          list display = ['title']
           list filter = ['title']
 11
           search fields = ['title']
       admin.site.register(bookNumber)
 12
       admin.site.register(char)
       admin.site.register(author)
```

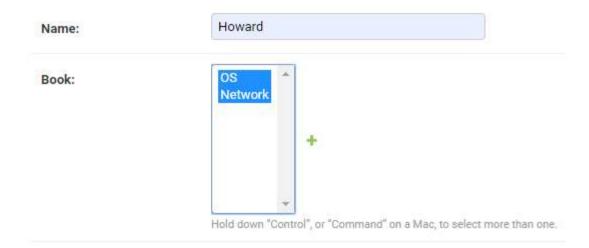
```
PS C:\Users\dryad\OneDrive\Desktop\web> python .\manage.py makemigrations
Migrations for 'demo':
    demo\migrations\0004_auto_20200518_1953.py
        - Alter field book on char
        - Create model author
PS C:\Users\dryad\OneDrive\Desktop\web> python .\manage.py migrate
Operations to perform:
    Apply all migrations: admin, auth, authtoken, contenttypes, demo, sessions
Running migrations:
    Applying demo.0004_auto_20200518_1953._. OK
```

```
demo 🕽 🐡 serializers.py 🗦 😭 BookSerrializer 🗦 😭 Meta
      from rest framework import serializers
      from .models import book, bookNumber, char, author
      class authorSerrializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
           class Meta:
               model = author
               fields = ['id', 'name']
       class CharSerrializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
           class Meta:
 11
               model = char
 12
               fields = ['id', 'name']
      class BookNumberSerrializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
 13
          class Meta:
               model = bookNumber
 16
               fields = ['id', 'isbn']
 17
      class BookSerrializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
           number = BookNumberSerrializer(many=False)
           char = CharSerrializer(many=True)
           author = authorSerrializer(many=True)
          class Meta:
 22
               model = book
               fields = ['id', 'title', 'number', 'char', 'author']
```

Django administration

Home : Demo : Authors : Add author

Add author





Share the API with port to React

pip install wheel

pip install django-cors-headers

```
■INSTALLED APPS = [
     'django.contrib.admin',
     'django.contrib.auth',
     'django.contrib.contenttypes',
     'django.contrib.sessions',
     'django.contrib.messages',
     'django.contrib.staticfiles',
     'rest framework.authtoken',
    Corsheaders',
CORS ORIGIN WHITELIST = [
     'http://localhost:3000',
     'http://localhost:8000',
     'http://localhost:8080',
MIDDLEWARE = [
     'django.middleware.security.SecurityMiddleware',
     'django.contrib.sessions.middleware.SessionMiddleware',
     'django.middleware.common.CommonMiddleware',
     'django.middleware.csrf.CsrfViewMiddleware',
     'django.contrib.auth.middleware.AuthenticationMiddleware',
     'django.contrib.messages.middleware.MessageMiddleware',
     'django.middleware.clickjacking.XFrameOptionsMiddleware', corsheaders.middleware.CorsMiddleware',
```