5590 PYTHON AND DEEP LEARNING PROGRAMS

LAB ASSIGNMENT-1

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INTRODUCTION

OBJECTIVE

THE OBJECTIVE OF THIS LAB ASSIGNMENT IS TO PRACTICE TUPLES, LISTS, STRINGS, CLASSES, CLASS-BEHAVIOR, BEAUTIFUL-SOUP LIBRARIES

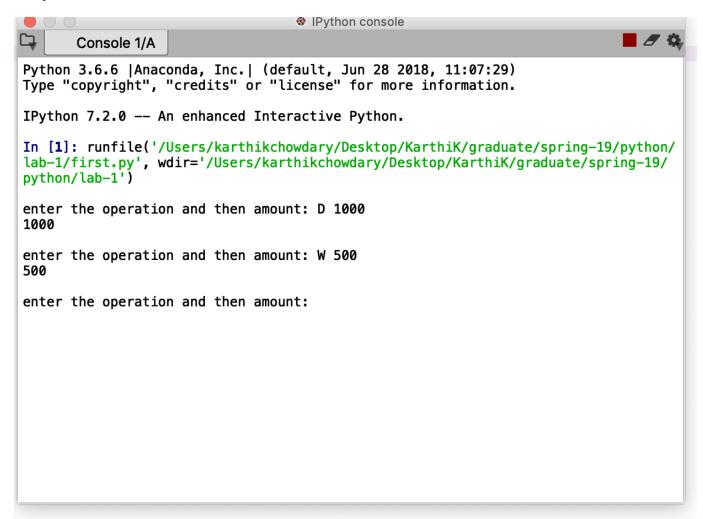
METHODS

Following are the problems given in lab assignment, screenshots of code and output are shown below

1) Write a program that computes the net amount of a bank account based a transaction log from console input.

Work-Flow: In this we need to input the console with the required type of transaction and the amount and the program needs to output the balance after the transaction. In this program the user can input W for withdrawal and D for deposit and then the amount. In this we used the split operator to split the input into type of transaction and then the amount. The amount is then converted into int type and then the transaction is processed based on the type of transaction inputted.

```
first.py
                                       third.py
                                                        four.py
                                                                     Five_Classes.py
                      second.py
 1 #!/usr/bin/env python3
 2 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
3 """
4 Created on Wed Feb 13 17:46:25 2019
 6 @author: karthikchowdary
 7 .....
 8 netAmount = 0
9 while True:
      user_s = input("enter the operation and then amount: ")
       if not user_s:
11
12
           break
13
      values = user_s.split()
14
      operation = values[0]
15
      amount = int(values[1])
16
      if operation == "D":
17
           netAmount += amount
18
      elif operation == "W":
19
           netAmount -= amount
20
      else:
21
           break
22
      print(netAmount)
23
```



2) Create a dictionary with keys as names and values as list of (subjects, marks) in sorted order.

Work-Flow: In this we have tuples with students names and their marks in each subject. We need to create a dictionary which has the students name and marks of all subjects with his name. So, in this we use setdefault() function for the dictionary. This function returns the value of the key if it is available or creates a new key. So, all marks with same key are assigned to the same student or creates a new key if a new key is inputted.

```
1 #!/usr/bin/env python3
 2 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
 4 Created on Wed Feb 13 18:09:41 2019
 6 @author: karthikchowdary
 8 def Con(tuple, dictonary):
        for a, b in tuple:
 9
             dictonary.setdefault(a, []).append(b)
10
11
        return dictonary
12
13
14 tuple1 = ('John', ('Physics', 80))
15 tuple2 = ('Daniel', ('Science', 90))
16 tuple3 = ('John', ('Chemistry', 60))
17 tuple4 = ('Mark', ('Maths', 100))
18 tuple5 = ('Daniel',('History',75))
19 tuple6 = ('Mark',('Social', 95))
20
21
22 lt1 = [tuple1, tuple2, tuple3, tuple4, tuple5, tuple6]
24
25 dict = {}
26 dict1 = Con(lt1, dict)
27
28
29 print(dict1)
30
31
```

```
Console 1/A

In [3]: runfile('/Users/karthikchowdary/Desktop/KarthiK/graduate/spring-19/python/lab-1/second.py', wdir='/Users/karthikchowdary/Desktop/KarthiK/graduate/spring-19/python/lab-1')
{'John': [('Physics', 80), ('Chemistry', 60)], 'Daniel': [('Science', 90), ('History', 75)], 'Mark': [('Maths', 100), ('Social', 95)]}
In [4]:
```

3) Consider the following scenario. You have a list of students who are attending class "Python" and another list of students who are attending class "Web Application". Find the list of students who are attending both the classes. Also find the list of students who are not common in both the classes. Print the both lists. Consider accepting the input from the console for list of students that belong to class "Python" and class "Web Application".

Work-Flow: In this we use and operator "&" between the lists to to get the list of students who go to both the subjects and use union function on students who go only for python and only for web lists to the list of students who don't have both the subjects in common. And at last we run a while loop to get the required list of students going to python or web.

```
1 #!/usr/bin/env python3
 2 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
 4 Created on Wed Feb 13 17:30:49 2019
 6 @author: karthikchowdary
 9 Py = {"karthik", "santosh", "mourya", "sachin", "taylor", "gilly"}
11 # students list who took web
12 web = {"karthik", "fire", "gayle", "taylor", "santosh"}
14
15
16 print("who take both python and web::",Py & web)
18 onlypython = Py-web
19
20
21 onlyweb= web-Py
23 print("not in unique subjects::",onlypython.union(onlyweb))
24 i=1
25 while(i):
26
    i=input("select python or web or 0 to exit")
     if(i=="python"):
27
28
          print(Py)
29 elif(i=="web"):
          print(web)
30
31
     else:
32
          break
33
34
36 """print("are in python but not in web::",onlypython)
38 print("only in web", onlyweb)"""
```

```
Console 1/A

In [5]: runfile('/Users/karthikchowdary/Desktop/KarthiK/graduate/spring-19/python/lab-1/third.py', wdir='/Users/karthikchowdary/Desktop/KarthiK/graduate/spring-19/python/lab-1')
who take both python and web:: {'karthik', 'taylor', 'santosh'}
not in unique subjects:: {'mourya', 'gayle', 'fire', 'sachin', 'gilly'}
select python or web or 0 to exitweb
{'taylor', 'gayle', 'karthik', 'fire', 'santosh'}
select python or web or 0 to exitpython
{'taylor', 'karthik', 'sachin', 'mourya', 'santosh', 'gilly'}
select python or web or 0 to exit
```

4) Given a string, find the longest sub-string without repeating characters along with the length.

Work-Flow: In this we need to find the longest sub-string present in a given string without repeating characters along with its length. This can be done as shown below:

```
1#!/usr/bin/env python3
 2 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
 4 Created on Wed Feb 13 18:09:49 2019
6 @author: karthikchowdary 7 """
8
9 def uniquesubstring(input_string):
10
11
    last_occurrence = {}
12
    longest_length = 0
13 longest_position = 0
14
    starting_position = 0
15
    current_length = 0
16
17
18 for a, b in enumerate(input_string):
19
      l = last_occurrence.get(b, -1)
20
21
       if l < starting_position:</pre>
22
          current_length += 1
23
      else:
24
25
           if current_length > longest_length:
26
               longest_position = starting_position
27
               longest_length = current_length
28
29
           current_length -= l - starting_position
30
           starting_position = l + 1
31
32
       last_occurrence[b] = a
33
34
    if current_length > longest_length:
35
       longest_position = starting_position
36
       longest_length = current_length
37
38
    return input_string[longest_position:longest_position + longest_length]
39
40
41
42
43 input = 'karthik'
45 print(f"The Longest unique substring in '{input}' is '{uniquesubstring(input)}' Size: {len(uniquesubstring(input)}'
```



ubstring(input))}")

5) Write a python program to create any one of the following management systems. 1. Airline Booking Reservation System (e.g. classes Flight, Person, Employee, Passenger etc.) 2. Library Management System(eg: Student, Book, Faculty, Department etc.) Prerequisites: a. Your code should have at least five classes b. Your code should have *init* constructor in all the classes c. Your code should show inheritance at least once d. Your code should have one super call e. Use of self is required f. Use at least one private data member in your code g. Use multiple Inheritance at least once h. Create instances of all classes and show the relationship between them

Work-Flow: All the requirements can be seen in the program code below:

```
1 #!/usr/bin/env python3
 2 # -*- coding: utf-8 -
  4 Created on Wed Feb 13 16:52:30 2019
 6 @author: karthikchowdary
 9 class Person:
       def __init__(self,n,a,add):
11
13
            self.age=a
           self.address=add
15
16
17 """ Person Class is created it can be inherited by Passenger and also Employee """
18 class Passenger(Person):
20
21
        def __init__(self,n,a,add,luggweight):
    Person.__init__(self,n,a,add)
              self.luggage_weight=luggweight
23
      def gettraveldate(self):
       print("24th of April")
def getluggage(self):
25
26
             print(self.luggage_weight)
28 """ Passenger is a class extending Person class """
30 class Employee(Person):
31
       def __init__(self,n,a,add,idnumber):
    Person.__init__(self,n,a,add)
    self.id=idnumber
32
33
35
36
       def getjoindate(self):
37
             print("10th of February")
38
       def getid(self):
39
40
            print(self.id)
42 """ Employee is a class extending Person class """
43 class Flight():
       def __init__(self,f
    self.flight=fno
                       (self, fno):
45
47
      def getflight(self):
48
            print(self.fno)
51 """ flight is a class"""
53 class Pilot(Person, Flight):
    def __init__(self,n,a,add,fno,id):
    Person._init__(self,n,a,add)
    Flight.__init__(self,fno)
    self.id=id
55
```

```
der __init__(self,n,a,add,rno,id):
    Person.__init__(self,n,a,add)
    Flight.__init__(self,fno)
    self.id=id

def getpilotid(self):
    print(self.id)

102 """ Multiple Inheritance Pilot class extends Person and Flight """

63
64
65
66
67 pass1=Passenger("karthik",22,"india",50)
68 pass1.gettraveldate()
69 pass1.getluggage()
70
71
2 emp=Employee("mourya",22,"usa",16252361)
73 emp.getid()
74 emp.getjoindate()
75
76
77 pilot=Pilot("santy",22,"india",1665,15118)
78 pilot.getpilotid()
79
80
```

```
Console 1/A

In [9]: runfile('/Users/karthikchowdary/Desktop/Karthik/graduate/spring-19/python/lab-1/Five_Classes.py', wdir='/Users/karthikchowdary/Desktop/Karthik/graduate/spring-19/python/lab-1')
24th of April
50
16252361
10th of February
15118
In [10]: |
```

6) Program a code which download a web-page contains a table using Request library, then parse the page using Beautiful soup library. You should save the information about the states and their capitals in a file.

Work-Flow: In this we need to parse the given website to get the required names or data from the website. In this case we have a wikipage and the output needs to be the list of states in a table in the page. so when we inspect the site we can see that all the names of states are in th tags so we find them all and save them to a file to get the required output. this can be done using find_all function imported from beautiful soap 4. The following are the respective code and outputs:

```
1 #!/usr/bin/env python3
 2 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
 4 Created on Wed Feb 13 18:58:44 2019
 6 @author: karthikchowdary
 8 import urllib.request
 9 from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
11 file1 = open("table_txt", "w+")
12 wikiurl = "https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_states_and_territories_of_the_United_States"
13
14
15 openURL = urllib.request.urlopen(wikiurl)
16
17
18 soup = BeautifulSoup(openURL, "html.parser")
19
20
21 for rows in soup.find_all('th'):
22
23
       file1.write(str(rows.text))
24
25 file1.seek(0,0)
26 string1 = file1.read()
27 print(string1)
28 file1.close()
```

