Homework: Building Visual Apps to Your Multimodal Bigfoot Data using Data Science: Creating Data Insights Due: Friday, April 26th, 2024 12pm PT

1. Overview

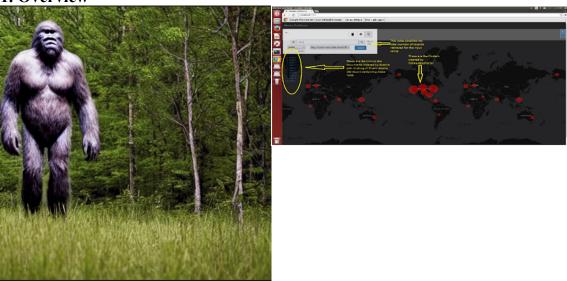


Figure 1: Examples of Bigfoot sightings and locations from MEMEX GeoParser.

In the third assignment, you will create an interactive set of visualizations that show off your Bigfoot data analysis and work you've done through the first two assignments using the Data Driven Documents (D3) framework. This may include maps of Bigfoot sightings compared to National Parks from assignment 1. It may include similarities of various objects identified in images, and other features you generated. It may include information extracted and generated from image captions, and/or geo locations extracted in assignment 2. In addition, you will deploy the MEMEX Image Space open-source application to explore your generated Bigfoot images and find similarities between them and you will deploy the MEMEX GeoParser application to explore the locations present from your original data, and your newly generated Bigfoot data features.

You and your team will take these visualizations, and apps and create a comprehensive "mini site" to demonstrate as an example of the great work you did in exploring and investigating how to analyze social media data using data science.

2. Objective

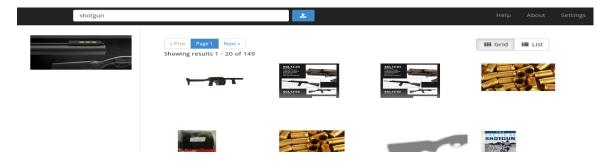
The objective of this assignment is to persist and make the great data science work you did exploring the BFRO Bigfoot sightings data.

You will use explicitly the Data Driven Documents framework (D3) and its set of gallery visualizations used to explore and interact with your data.

We have built several template web sites in the past in the IRDS group, for example, see the one from 2018 for UFO research at http://irds.usc.edu/ufo.usc.edu and at GitHub at http://github.com/USCDataScience/ufo.usc.edu and also similarly the polar.usc.edu one at http://github.com/USCDataScience/polar.usc.edu. You can explore the website and styles there. Your job on this is to use this as a reference and add your work specifically under the Explore Visualizations tab and under the Gallery section of the website, by team name. You will create a snapshot image of your team's work (that best represents your data and hard work e.g., like http://polar.usc.edu/images/team28.png), and then use this to link to your actual website with your D3 visualizations. You should make the visualizations connected. such as the landing here: e.g., page http://polar.usc.edu/html/team28mime/index.html.

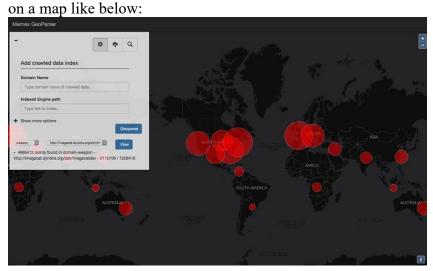
You may need to summarize your TSV data from assignment 2, and/or assignment 1; to aggregate it so it displays well in your visualizations, or to prepare the data for interaction. In doing this you must choose to ingest a subset of your TSV data into Apache Solr or ElasticSearch, and then connect your D3 to those services. You may submit us a JSON dump as part of your assignment that we can load into it after the assignment is over and when you turn your assignment in so that your visualizations may live on.

Additionally, in continuing with our content extraction from Multimedia theme, you will also explore and install the ImageSpace open source application built on the MEMEX program (http://github.com/nasa-jpl-memex/image_space). There is an integrated Wiki instruction page here (https://github.com/nasa-jpl-memex/image_space/wiki/Quick-Start-Guide-with-ImageCat).



ImageSpace is an investigative forensic tool allowing you to search and compare images based on similarity using a variety of algorithm plugins including the Social Media Query Toolkit (SMQTK) http://github.com/kitware/SMQTK, and the Fast Library for Approximate Nearest Neighbors (FLANN), https://www.cs.ubc.ca/research/flann/. The application includes a backend called ImageCat that is an ETL/ingest application that can ingest 10s of millions of images, extract their EXIF metadata and perform OCR on them using Tesseract and Apache Tika. The ETL/ingest performed is into an Apache Solr index. The resultant index is used by ImageSpace.

Additionally, you will deploy the MEMEX GeoParser visual application (https://github.com/nasa-jpl-memex/GeoParser) to explore the location information in your data. GeoParser is a full stack web application that takes in documents, or data, and then analyzes all the mentions of locations in those documents, and then visualizes them



The assignment specific tasks will be specified in the following section.

3. Tasks

- 1. Take your TSV dataset and convert a subset of the data to JSON to use in D3.
 - a. You may need to write scripts to summarize your data for D3. As a start, consider using ETLlib (http://github.com/chrismattmann/etllib) and its tsvtojson tool.
- 2. Pick 5 visualization types from https://github.com/d3/d3/wiki/Gallery and create the associated Data Insights web pages and associated JSON data to display them showing off your dataset (see Task 1). Consider similarity, consider using the questions from Assignment 1 and Assignment 2 that you answered in your reports and how the D3 visualizations will help you answer them.
 - a. Develop scripts for summarizing and preparing your TSV datasets for D3 JSON conversion.
 - b. The scripts you write are part of your delivery for the assignment. Please provide documentation for each script that you create to visualize the data using D3. Make sure that your scripts are portable and there are a simple set of instructions on how to run them. Any libraries that the scripts depend on should be clearly indicated.
- 3. Ingest your BFRO sightings data from TSV JSON you created in Tasks 1 and 2 into Apache Solr (http://lucene.apache.org/solr/) and/or ElasticSearch (http://elastic.co). Both have adequate documentation and are easily installed. Use the Docker installs for each of these, don't build them from scratch.
- 4. Install Image Space via https://github.com/nasa-jpl-memex/image_space/wiki/Quick-Start-Guide-with-ImageCat.

- a. Ingest a subset or all of your BFRO images / posts into Image Space using the provided instructions and scripts or the ones you write on your own using Tika-Python.
- b. Browse and find similar images and use the ImageSpace search index and search the Image forensics and similarity (SMQTK).
- c. Submit your Solr or ElasticSearch index by tarring it up and gzipping it. Also include your ImageCat indices.
- 5. Install MEMEX GeoParser and run it against a subset of your TSV data and location data from assignment 1 and 2. You can use this guide here as a starting point.
- 6. **(EXTRA CREDIT)** Submit a Pull request and improve GeoParser, and/or Image Space. Improvements to the software will be considered for extra credit.

4. Assignment Setup

4.1 Group Formation

You should keep the same group from your assignment one. There is no need to send any emails for this step.

5. Report

Write a short 4-page report describing your observations. I am interested in answers to the below questions:

- 1. Why did you select your 5 D3 visualizations?
 - a. How are they answering and showing off your features from assignments 1 and 2 and the work you did?
- 2. Did Image Space allow you to find any similarity between the BFRO generated Bigfoot images that previously was not easily discernible?
- 3. What type of location data showed up in your data? Any correlations not previously seen, e.g., from assignment 1?

Also include your thoughts about Image Space and ImageCat – what was easy about using them? What wasn't?

6. Submission Guidelines

This assignment is to be submitted *electronically*, by 12pm PT on the specified due date, via Gmail <u>dsci550sp24@gmail.com</u>. Use the subject line: DSCI 550: Mattmann: Spring 2024: DATAVIS Homework: Team XX. So if your team was team 15, you would submit an email to <u>dsci550sp24@gmail.com</u> with the subject "DSCI 550: Mattmann: Spring 2024: DATAVIS Homework: Team 15" (no quotes). Please note only one submission per team.

• All source code is expected to be commented, to compile, and to run. You should have at least a few Python scripts that you used to convert your TSV v2 data to JSON, and also likely scripts to perform ingestion into ImageCat and/or your own Solr or ElasticSearch.

- Use relative paths {not absolute paths} when loading your data files so that we can execute your script/notebook files without changing everything.
- If using a notebook environment, use markdown cells to indicate which tasks/questions you are solving.
- Include your updated dataset TSV. We will provide a Dropbox or Google Drive location for you to upload to {you don't need to attach it inside the zip file}.
- Include your updated Indices as specified in Task 5. We will provide a Dropbox or some other location for you to upload to.
- Also prepare a readme.txt containing any notes you'd like to submit.
- If you used external libraries other than Tika Python, you should include those jar files in your submission, and include in your readme.txt a detailed explanation of how to use these libraries when compiling and executing your program.
- Save your report as a PDF file (TEAM_XX_DATAVIS.pdf) and include it in your submission.
- Compress all of the above into a single zip archive and name it according to the following filename convention:

TEAM XX DSCI550 HW DATAVIS.zip

Use only standard zip format. Do **not** use other formats such as zipx, rar, ace, etc.

• If your homework submission exceeds the Gmail's 25MB limit, upload the zip file to Google drive and share it with dsci550sp24@gmail.com.

When submitting, please organize your code and data file as the directory structure shown: Data

Source Code script/notebooks Readme.txt Requirements.txt

Important Note:

- Make sure that you have attached the file when submitting. Failure to do so will be treated as non-submission.
- Successful submission will be indicated in the assignment's submission history. We advise that you check to verify the timestamp, download and double check your zip file for good measure.
- Again, please note, only **one submission per team**. Designate someone to submit.

6.1 Late Assignment Policy

- -10% if submitted within the first 24 hours
- -15% for each additional 24 hours or part thereof