## Entraînement au calcul algébrique : solutions.

Exercise 2. 1°) 
$$(a+b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + 2ab$$
  $(a-b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab$   $(a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$ 

**2°)** 
$$(a+b+c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2(ab+ac+bc)$$

**Exercice 3.** 1) 
$$a^3 - b^3$$
 2) $(a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$  3) $(3x + 2)(9x^2 - 6x + 4)$ 

Exercice 4.

$$A = x^2(x-1)(x+1)$$
  $B = (1-x)(x+4)$   $C = (4x+1)(2x+3)$   $D = (x+1)(x^2+1)$   $E = (3x+7)(5x-4)$ 

Exercice 5. 
$$-\frac{1}{24}$$
  $-\frac{1}{n(n+1)^2}$ 

Exercice 6.

$$x = \frac{ad}{bc}$$
  $y = \frac{ac}{bd}$   $z = \frac{ac}{bd}$   $t = \frac{a}{bcd}$ 

$$A = \frac{2a}{c} \qquad B = \frac{2}{3} \qquad C = \frac{13}{84}$$

Exercice 7. 
$$A = \frac{-2}{x+1}$$
 et  $B = 0$ 

Exercice 8.  $\frac{28}{3}$ 

**Exercice 9.** 
$$x = 2^{-3}$$
  $y = 3.2^{100}$   $z = 2^{100}$   $t = 2.3^{15}$   $u = 3^{26}2^{38}$ 

Exercice 10.

$$A = 2x^2y^3$$
  $B = -\frac{3y}{x^3}$   $C = a^2b^3c^8$ 

Exercice 11. 
$$A = 3 + \sqrt{5}$$
  $B = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 2}}{2}$   $C = 4\sqrt{6}$ 

**Exercice 12.** 
$$A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$
.

Exercice 13. 
$$A = \frac{9}{5}$$
  $B = \frac{6-a}{2-3a}$ 

Exercice 14. 
$$A = ab$$
 et  $B = 0$ .

Exercice 15.  $2^5 \times 5 \times 7^2$ 

Exercice 16.  $A = -\frac{725}{74}$ 

Exercice 17.

$$a = 36, n = 3.$$

$$a = 15, n = 6.$$
  $a = 75, n = 3.$ 

 $7^2\times 2^3$ ne peut pas s'écrire sous la forme voulue.

Exercise 19. A = 7(9-x)(23x-7) B = (3x+1)(3x-1)(2x+1)  $C = (2x+5)(x+2)^2$ 

Exercice 23.  $A = -2\sqrt{3}$ 

Exercice 26.  $5 \ln(2) - \ln(3) - \frac{1}{2} \ln(2)$ 

Exercice 27.  $\frac{e^x}{x+1}$