

# Vuk'uzenzele



Uyethulelwa ngezokuThintana nokuNikela ngeLwazi kukaRhulumende (GCIS) isiNdebele/English

**UVelabahlinze 2015** 

### **EZINGUNDABAMLONYENI:**

Qala imikhangiso yeenkhundla zemisebenzi kurhulumende kiyo yoke imigadangiso ezako ka-Vuk'uzenzele ezokukhutjhwa ukusukela ngoRhoboyi



UmNyango wezeFundo esiSekelo uveza amaqaloqangi wokusetjenziswa kweemali

Ikhasi 4



I-IDCiqubula abafuyi beenkomo beendawo zemakhaya

Ikhasi 7

## Abomasipala basebenza kuhle, baphumelelisa ukulethwa kwezenzelwa

Amukelani Chauke

Siyakhula isibalo sabomasipala abasebenzisa iimali zabo kuhle; ekulitshwayo letuthuko ekuletheleni imiphakathi izenzelwa.

mHloliincwadi Zombelele u-Kimi Makwetu ukhuphe umbiko opheleleko mhlaphanje mayelana nokuhlolwa kweencwadi okwenziwa kibomasipala namaziko wabo enyakeni weemali wee-2013/14.

Umbiko watjengisa bona abomasipala abanengana eemfundeni ezibalwako bakhuphule izinga lokuthumela iintatatimende zabo zeemali.

UmHloliincwadi Zombelele wathi inani elipheleleko labomasipala namaziko wabo abafumene imibiko enganamatshwayo engelungileko likhuphuke ukusukela kema-30 emnyakeni weemali wee-2012/13 lafikelela kema-58 ngomnyaka wee-2013/14, ekulinani elima-40 (elibalwa njenge-14%) kibomasipala abama-268 nabali-18 (ekuma-32%) emazikweni wabomasipala abama-57.

UMakwetu wathi ukarwe msebenzi wabomasipala abasebenze kuhle njengombana bathuthukise amaphilo wabantu.

Ngemva kokuqeda ukuhlola iincwadi, wavakatjhela abomasipala abambalwa abasebenze kuhle ukuyobathokozisa. Lokha nakalapho wavakatjhela amaphrojekthi wabomasipala abambalwa ukuyokubona indlela umthelela



UmHloliincwadi Zombelele u-Kimi Makwetu uthi abomasipala abasebenze kuhle benze ngcono amaphilo wabantu.

wemiphumela emihle othinta ukulethwa kwezenzelwa ngayo KwaZulu-Natala, eTjingalanga Kapa, eMpumalanga, e-Gauteng nePumalanga Kapa.

"Abarholi bezepolotiki nabaphathi bangiphekelela nesiqhema sami nagade ngivakatjhele amaphrojekthi aqakathekileko lapho sanikelwa khona imininingwana epheleleko ngokuphathwa kwamaphrojekthi la kobana kuzuze imiphakathi yeendawezo.

Wabeka wathi, "Ngakarwa misebenzi emihle tle eyenziwa bomasipala abaseendaweni zemakhaya nomthelela omuhle emiphakathini."

UMakwethu wangezelela ngokuthi abomasipala batjengise bona ukuphatha okuhle kungasetjenziswa ngefanelo ngomnqopho wokuthuthukisa amaphilo wabantu nokobana abarholi bezepolotiki nabaphathi babomasipala bathoma ukwenza izinto ngefanelo nokuba sibonelo esible.

### **UKWAMUKELWA KWEMI-**PHUMELA EMIHLE YOKUHLOLWA **KWEENCWADI**

UNgqongqotjhe wezokuBusa ngokuBambisana neeNdaba zeNdabuko u-Pravin Gordhan wathi imiphumela emihle ethuthukako yeencwadi zabomasipala itjengisa ukuzimisela kukarhulumende ngokwenza ukuphatha kuhle kube liqaloqangi nokulethwa kwezenzelwa.

"Umbiko lo utjengisa indlela ekhulako yokuphatha kuhle nokuphathwa kweemali

Wathi, "Lokhu kuqinisa ukulethwa kwezenzelwa okukhambisana 'nokuBuyela emiRajini' ".

UNgqongqotjhe wahloma iqhinga "lokuBuyela emiRajini" ngoKhukhulamungu 2014 njengalokha urhulumende athatha igadango lokuqinisekisa kobana abomasipala banikela iindingoqangi ngefanelo nokulalela iintjhijilo zomphakathi.

### **IMINYAKA ENEMIPHUMELA EKARI-SAKO**

Boke okwahlolwa iincwadi zabo abama-41% bafumana imibiko enganamatshwayo engelungileko emnyakeni ohloliweko nakumadaniswa nama-40% ngomnyaka weemali wee- 2012/13.

Umbiko weemali onganamatshwayo ongolungileko uhlathulula bona iincwadi zikamasipala zihleleke kuhle nokobana akunamphoso ekubikeni ngeemali; bafikelele eminqopheni yabo yokulethwa kwezenzelwa ukuya ngokweenthembiso zabo begodu bathobele umthetho mayelana nokuphatha iimali zomphakathi.

Umbiko onganamatshwayo ongolungileko kodwana onamaphuzu athalelweko uhlathulula kobana umasipala ukghonile ukwethula iintatimende zeemali ezinganamphoso ko dwana ubhalelwe kuhlangabezana nayo yoke iminqopho begodu akhange abeke iminqopho ebonakalako esekelwe ngemithetho abayisebe nzisileko ekuphathweni kweemali.

Imiphumela yatjengisa bona ama-22% gade anemibiko enamatshwayo namaphuzu athalelweko enyakeni ohlolwako, nakumadaniswa nama-28% ngomnyaka wee-2012/13.

Lokhu kuhlathulula bona abomasipala babhalelwe kuveza iintatimende zokusetjenziswa kweemali (ezineqiniso) nanyana ukuthobela umthetho wokusetjenziswa kweemali.

Bali-16% abomasipala namaziko wabo abafumana imibiko lapho umHloliincwadi abhalelwe kukuba nombono ngeemali zikamasipala. Lokhu kuhlathulula bona amarekhodi weemali zabomasipala gade angakarisi nomHloliincwadi wabhalelwa kukhupha umbiko ngombonwakhe.

### **INDLELA IIMFUNDA EZISEBE-NZE NGAYO**

■ IPumalanga Kapa: Abomasipala beeYingi i-Sarah Baartman neweSengu bathuthukele ebujameni bemibiko enganamatshwayo nengelungileko, kanti i-Mandela Bay Development Agency ihlezi ebujameni bayo bombiko onganamatshwayo nolungileko.

■ I-Gauteng: UMasipala weDorobha eliKhulu i-Ekurhuleni, i-Midvaal, i-Mogale City, i-Brakpan Bus Company, i-Joburg City Theatres, i-Ekurhuleni Development Company, i-eJensi yeeNdlela yeJwanasbhege, i-Lethabong Housing Institute, i-Pharoe Park Housing Company kunye ne-Germiston Phase II Housing Company - zoke zifumene imibiko enganamatshwayo nengelungileko.

UMasipala wesiYingi se-Sedibeng, i-Joburg Market ne-Johannesburg Social Housing Company zibuyele ebujameni bombiko onganamatshwayo.

■ KwaZulu-Natala: i-Dannhauser, Emnambithi nanyana i-Ladysmith, Ezingoleni, i-ICC Durban, UMasipala wesiYingi Ilembe, eMandeni, e-Richmond, uMasipala wesiYingi Umgungundlovu, Umzumbe, uMasipala wesiYingi iZululand, i-Ilembe Management Development Enterprise kunye ne-Ugu South Coast Tourism bafumene imibiko (enganamatshwayo engelungileko) etjengisa ituthuko.

■ ITlhagwini Kapa: IsiYingi se-Frances Baard kube kuphela kwaso esithuthukele embikweni onganamatshwayo nolungileko, kanti isiYingi se-ZF Mgcawu sibuyele embikweni onganamatshwayo nolungileko.

■ EMpumalanga: AboMasipala bee-Yingi i-Ehlanzeni ne-Steve Tshwete babuyele embikweni onganamatshwayo nolungileko. IsiFunda seFreyistata, seLimpopo nese-Tlhagwini Tjhingalanga akhange zibe namunye umasipala nanyana amaziko afumene imibiko enganamatshwayo.

## KuHlonitjhwa u-Nelson Mandela

**Sello Hatang** 

Ngomnyaka wee-2009 isiGungu seHlangano yeenTjhaba eziBumbeneko yamemezela ilanga lamabeletho likaMadiba mhlana ali-18 kuVelabahlinze njengeLanga likaMandela leenTjhabatjhaba.

kusukela ngesikhatheso iLanga lika-Nelson Mandela kusimemezelo sokutihugulula iphasi libe yindawo engcono ngokwemisebenzi noburholi obathonywa nguMandela ngeminyaka yakhe ema-67 yokusebenzela iintjhaba, kungabi lilanga linye emnyakeni, kodwana kube nemizamo eragela phambili.

Ingabe lokhu kuhlathululula ini kimi nawe? Isibonelo, ngenyanga le isiqhema sabantu abazinikelako bembusweni, amakhamphani wangeqadi nabantu labo abaletha amatjhuguluko (kufakwa nami hlangana) bazakuqalana ne-Kilimanjaro Executive Challenge, ukukhwelwa kwentaba engephakeme kinazo zoke

Iyaraga ekhasini lesi-2

### OKUMUMETHWEKO

## I-IDC izokudosa phambili ukuthuthukiswa komnotho

Amukelani Chauke

### UNgqongqotjhe

wezokuThuthukiswa komNotho u-Ebrahim Patel ukhombele abosomabubulo abasakhasako bona babambe ithubangama-R23 wamabhiliyoni abekelwe ngeqadi eminyakeni emihlanu ezako wokusiza "abasomabubulo abatjha".

Ngqongqotjhe u-Patel wathi isi-khwamesi, esihlonywe yiHlangano eThuthukisa amaBubulo (i-IDC) sinqophe ukutjhugulula umnotho nokuvula imisebenzi njengalokha urhulumende athatha igadango lokwenza umnotho ube namabubulo.

UNgqongqotjhe ukutjho lokhu lokha nakethula iKulumo yeSabelo seeMali somNyangwakhe mhlaphanje kusiBethamthetho seliZweloke.

Wathi isikhwamesi sizakusiza ekutlanyweni kwamabubulo okuzakuphelisa ukungalingani nomtlhago.

UNgqongqotjhe wakuthaza abosomabubulo abanzima bona balethe iintjhukumiso kezokukhiqiza lapho bangabeka khona amabubulwabo.

Wathi "I-IDC inikela nge-R100 lamabhiliyoni eminyakeni emihlanu.

"Okutjha, kukobana sibekele ngeqadi ama-R23 wamabhiliyoni ngomnqopho wokukhuphula abosomabubulo abanzima.

"Leli lihlelo leminyaka emihlanu elinqophe ukusekela amakhamphani lapho abantu abanzima beSewula Afrika ababanini bebalawule namabubulo emazikweni wezokukhiqiza kezomnotho begodu kutjhidezwe amaSewula Afrika emnothweni wamambala".

UNgqongqotjhe wathi isiqunto sokubekela

ngeqadi isikhwama kunqotjhwe ngaso ukukhuphula amatjhuguluko nokuqubula ukukhula komnotho ngokuvula amakghono kezomnotho.

Wathi iSewula Afrika itlhoga ukufikelela emnothweni okhulako, onzinzileko nofaka woke umuntu, nokobana isikhwamesi sizakufunyanwa ngesivumelwano esinemibandela.

"Ngaphandle kwabosomabubulo abanzima, kunesidingo esikatelelako sokufaka amaSewula Afrika ababantu abanzima emnothweni.

UNgqongqotjhe wathi "Kukhona neenqhema ezinqotjhiweko – abantu abatjha, abomma – abakabi ukufakwa ngokwanelisako kezokukhiqiza. Isamba semali ezokubekelwa ngeqadi yi-IDC kumaBhiliyoni ali-R9 – amabhiliyoni ama-R4,5 ngewabomma, amabhiliyoni ama-R4,5 ngewelutjha".

UNgqongqotjhe wathi isikhwamesi sizakuba ngendlela yokubolekwa imali nanyana amatjhere.

Ziindaba ezimnandi kumabhizinisi amancani weenkomplasi neentodlwana.

### IINDABA EZIMNANDI KIBOSO-MABHIZINISI BEMALOKITJHINI NEBEENTODLWANA

UNgqongqotjhe wathi emnyakeni ophezulu weemali iKomitjhini yePhaliswano izakwenza irhubhululo lokobana amabhizinisi amancani emnothweni ohlelekileko nongakahleleki bangasekelwa bunjani. Wathi irhubhululo lizakufuna iindlela abosomabhizinisi abancani abangafakwa ngayo emkhakheni onothileko lo.

"IKomitjhini yePhaliswano izakuhloma iphenyo emkhakheni wezokuthengisa, kutjhejwe kobana angafakwa bunjani amaSewula Afrika ababantu abanzima namabhizinisi amancani emkhakheni wezokuthengisa.

"Izakuhlahluba hlangana nokhunye ukuqatjhwa kweenkghudlhwana eentolo ezikulu, ukukhula kwamabhizinisi wemalokitjhini, iintodlwana, njalonjalo, kunqotjhwe ukuqinisekisa kobana sibe nomkhakha wezokuthengisa ophumelelako nofaka woke umuntu".

Wathi elinye irhubhululo lomkhakha wezokwelapha, alimemezela ngomnyaka ophelileko, kuzakuba kubamba imihlangano yomphakathi emnyakeni weemali esikiwo.

Iphenyweli latlanywa ngomnqopho wokuqalana neminako ethile ngebubulweli, kufaka hlangana iindleko zezamaphilo ngeSewula Afrika.



I-IDC izakusiza ngemali eli-R100 lamabhiliyoni ngomnqopho wokusiza ekuthuthukisweni kwamabubulo.

### INDLELA AMAFEMU WE-AFRIKA AYIVULA NGAYO IMISEBENZI

Ngemva kokusahlelwa kwamaphandle, mhlana ama-25 kuMrhayili ekulilanga elakhonjwa belamenyezelwa yiKomitjhini yeBumbano le-Afrika (i-AU) bona kuliLanga le-Afrika – umNyango wezokuThuthukiswa komNotho wabiza umbuthano wekulumopendulwano yabasisi, abasebenzi, abosolwazi neemphathimandla zombuso eYunivesithi yeWitwatersrand kunye ne-IDC.

Umbuthano wekulumopendulwano lo watjheja umthelela wezomnotho ngetjhebiswano leSewula Afrika nelizwekazi loke.

UNgqongqotjhe wangenela ikhambo elisambizo lokuya eendaweni ezihlukahlukeneko zelizwe ngomnqopho wokurhatjha umlayezo wokobana ukunotha kweSewula Afrika kudzimelele etjhebiswaneni lezomnotho welizwekazi loke.

Ngomnyaka ophelileko iSewula Afrika yathumela emazweni wangaphandle ipahla

abantu abama-81 ngaphezulu kwesibalo sonyaka ophelileko;

U-Rachmat Thomas, umma omumuntu onzima umninihla-

omumuntu onzima umninihlanganyela wefemu yamanyathelo ebuyelele isibalo sabasebenzi kabili eminyakeni esithandathu edlulileko njenganje iqatjhe abasebenzi abama-300;

■ Isiphehli samandla welanga esibize amabhiliyoni abu-R8 esihlonywe e-Pofadder nge-Tlhagwini Kapa kulindelwe bona sikhiqize igezi eyanele amakhaya azii-80 000 nanyana abathengi abazii-400 000, begodu singesinye seemphehli zegezi ezima-39 eziqede ukwakhiwa.

ebiza ama-R300 wamabhiliyoni e-Afrika yoke ekusibalo esikhule ngamabhiliyoni ama-R36 .

"Imikhiqizo yethu yeemayini neyezokulima yange-Afrika yanzinzisa imisebenzi enqophileko ezii-244 000 ngeSewula Afrika; emisebenzini ebaliweko le ezii-169 000 ngeyemkhakheni wezokukhiqiza.

UNgqongqotjhe wathi, "I-Afrika sele iqakathekile mayelana nokukhula komnotho kezokukhiqiza kuneYurobhu, i-Amerikha nanyana i-China".

### Iraga isuka ekhasini loku-1

nge-Afrika, ngomnqopho wokufikelela esiqongolweni sayo mhlana ali-18 kuVelabahlinze. Ukukhwela intaba lokhu sikwenza njenge-

phrojekthi yomphakathi egameni le-*Archbishop* Tutu Fellowship Programme edoswa phambili yi-*African Leadership Institute*.

Ukulungiselela iselele le kunginikele isikhathi esaneleko sokucabanga ngobunjalo obuliqiniso lokusebenzela um-

Kube budisi ukuzipha isikhathi sokuzibandulela iselele yami ye-Kilimanjaro hlangana nemisebenzi engiqalene nayo yangamalanga.

Nangithoma ukwenza isibopho sokukhwela i-Kilimanjaro, ngadlumbana bonyana iselele yami ekulu

kwaba kuzibandula ngokwaneleko ukulungela ukufikelela esiqongolweni, khulukhulu ngombana gade simeme abosaziwako beSewula Afrika abanengi ukusiphekelela, kwangezelela ubudisi kithi soke bokuqinisekisa kobana sifika emaphethelweni wekhambo lethu.

Kodwana nasitjheja iinselele zamambala eziqalene nelizwe lekhethu, i-Kilimanjaro iba siduli kunentaba. Lo kumkhumbulo ogade ungikhuthaza lokha nangizibandula ngamandla, begodu nofana ngiyafika esiqongolweni nanyana angifiki akukaqakatheki kunomse-

benzi osijameleko

"Nasele umuntu enze lokho

akubona kumsebenzakhe

ebantwini nelizweni lekhabo,

anaaphumula naokuthula.

Ngikholwa bona ngiwenzile

umzamo loyo begodu

kungalokho ngizokulala

unomphela." - Nelson Mandela.

I-Nelson Mandela Foundation itshwaye iinsika ezine zeLanga lika-Nelson Mandela leenTjhabatjhaba.

- Ifundo kunye nokukghona ukufunda nokutlola ngombana kufanele sinikele ilutjha "ithuba lokulwa".
- Ukufumaneka kokugoma okwaneleko
   ngombana abentwana abanengi baya
  esikolweni ngomnqopho wokufumana

ukugoma njengombana imindeni eminengi ilala ngendlala.

- Indawo yokufihla ihloko – ukungenelela okuqakathekileko emphakathini wethu.
- Ûkusebenza ngokuzinikela ngombana ngesinye isikhathi kumayelana nokunikela ngesikhathi somuntu kunemali.

Sikholwa kobana kufanele boke abantu bafumane ukugoma okwaneleko, okune-

pilo nokuphephileko, nokuthi izenzo ezifana nokunikelwa kwabantu iimphuthelwana zokugoma, iingadi zemirorho neenkimu ezinikela ngokugoma zingasiza ukuphelisa indlala.

Siyazi begodu kobana ifundo kunye nokukghona ukufunda nokutlola, egade kuyinto esehliziyweni kaMadiba, iqakathekile ekutjhugululeni iphasi lethu.

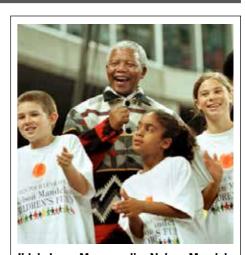
Siyazi bona akukho okwehlisa isithunzi khulu njengokutlhoga indawo yokufihla ihloko, nasikghona ukukhuthaza abantu bona basebenzisane ekwakheni izindlu, imiphakathi nekusasa ngalokho sizabe sisebenzela ukuletha amatjhuguluko abonakalako.

Iimbonelo zikaMadiba njengesisebenzi ngilezo ezingalandelwa ngiwo woke umuntu malanga woke. Akutjho kobana kufanele yoke into eyenziwa ngeLanga lika-Nelson Mandela kufanele ibabazeke nanyana ibe yikulu. Sikhuthaza woke umuntu ukufaka isandla nganofana ngiyiphi indlela esehlizwenabo.

Nawuvakatjhela ubunzinzolwazi be-Langa likaMandela ku: http://www.mandeladay.com uzakubona imibono ethunyelweko. Uzakufumana izinto ezihlukileko abantu abathembise ukuzenza ukuletha amatjhuguluko amahle emiphakathini, ukuthoma ngokugwala ngomnqopho wokukhanyisa imithangala yema-ofisini yeenHlangano ezingasi ngaPhasi komBuso (ama-NGO) neengadi zemirorho. Akukafaneli bona iLanga likaMandela liqalane nokutjheja abatlhogako kodwana kufanele kutjhejwe ukunzinza kwetuthuko.

Endabenami, umnqopho we-Kilimanjaro Executive Challenge, edoswa phambili mkhambimazwe weSewula Afrika uSibusiso Vilane, ngomnqopho wokubuthelela imali eyaneleko yokusiza abantazana abazii-270 000 beendawo zemakhaya abanekuliso yefundo enomtlhago. Bunjani? Imali le izakusiza ekuthengeni amathawudlana wabentazana nabaya esikhathini, isenzo esiludlana kodwana esinamandla wokuletha amatjhuguluko, ngombana isenzwesi sisiza abentazana ukobana bakghone ukuya esikolweni umnyaka woke.

Ngalokho-ke, ukukhwela iNtaba i-Kilimanjaro kugidinga ilifa likaMadiba ngesekelo lokufundisa abentazana beSewula Afrika, nofana siyafika esiqongolweni se-Kilimanjaro na-



Ihlokoleya uMengameli u-Nelson Mandela wasebenzela isitjhaba ipilwakhe yoke.

nyana awa nokho sizakuhlahlutjwa ngesenzo sokusiza abentazana.

UNomzana uMandela wayephila ngemigomo emithathu: Zitjhaphulule, tjhaphulula abanye bewusebenze qobe lilanga. Nakatjhatjhululwa ejele mhlana ali-11 kuMhlolanja ngomnyaka we-1990 (esele kuminyaka ema-25 eyadlulako) wabeka wathi "Ngibeka iminyaka eseleko yepilwami ezandleni zenu".

Sibobani thina ukujamela emva sakhe umkhanyo singenzi litho ngemva kwesibonelo sokusebenza esiphakeme ngalindlela? Sininikela iselele noke kobana nizifumanele i-Kilimanjaro yenu, iyikulu nanyana iyincani, nizibophelele ukuyikhwela.

\*USello Hatang umPhathi oyiHloko ku-Nelson Mandela Foundation.

### **ZEFUNDO**

## UNgqongqotjhe wezeFundo esiSekelo uhlathulula amaqaloqangi ekusetjenzisweni kweemali

Amukelani Chauke

## U N g q o n g q o t j h e

wezeFundo esiSekelo u-Angie Motshekga uthi iHlelo lokOndliwa kwabaFundi eenKolweni leliZweloke (i-NSNP) – elihlanganiswe nehlelo leenthuthi zabafundi – azakuhlala amaqaloqangi karhulumende njengombana amahlelo la enze ngcono amaphilo wabafundi abatlhagako.

Ngqongqotjhe wakutjho lokhu nakethula iKulumo yeSabelo seeMali somNyangwakhe mhlaphanje ePalamende eseKapa.

Wathi umthethomgomo usiza ngekhwalithi yezefundo nokuthuthukisa amaphilo wabafundi.

Wathi "Ihlelweli elitjheja abatlhagako, likhambisana neenthuthi zabafundi – elinikelwa abafundi abakhamba ibanga elimakhilomitha ali-15 nangaphezulu ukusuka emakhaya wabo ukuya eenkolweni ezibalwe njengalezo eziseduze - ibe ngeqakathekileko ukuqinisekisa ukufikeleka efundweni nokobana bahlale basehlelweni lezefundo".

Kuneminako eveziweko ngokuphepha kwabafundi abakhamba amabanga amade ukusuka esikolweni, khulukhulu labo abasalako isikolo nasiphumako bafuna ukufunda nanyana ukuzibandakanya kezemidlalo.

UNgqongqotjhe wathi iinthuthi zabafundi kufanele zithembeke ziqinisekise nokuphepha kwabafundi endleleni.

"UmNyangwami, ngokusebenzisana nom-Nyango wezokuThutha, utlole kugazede isibawo samazizo womphakathi mayelana nomthe-thomgomo weenthuthi zabafundi.

UNgqongqotjhe uthe, "Umnqopho kuqedelela umthethomgomo lo kwenzelelwe bona uphunyeleliswe emnyakeni lo weemali".

Kusesenjalo uNgqongqotjhe wathi irhubhululo lifumene bona ukutlhoriswa, inturhu, iindakamizwa nezinye iintjhijilo zezehlalakuhle zisesemraro emiphakathini yeSewula Afrika.

Wathi umNyango wezeFundo esiSekelo, ngokubambisana nomNyango wezamaPhilo itlame ipakana yezamaphilo yabafundi boke efaka hlangana ukuphunyeleliswa kweHlelo leenKolo lezamaPhilo.

"Sitjheje ngokunqophileko amahlelo wezamaphilo wezomseme nokubeletha namaqaloqangi wemikhakha yeNgogwana yeNtumbantonga, iNtumbantonga, amalwelwe atshwayelanwa ngokomseme (amaSTI) nobuLwele besiFuba.

Wathi, "Ihlelo lezamaphilo labafundi kufanele liragele phambili nokunikela iinsetjenziswa zezemidlalo, ukufaka hlangana imidlalo yeenkolweni, amahlelo wobukghwari namasiko ukuqinisekisa kobana abafundi bethu barage nokufumana ifundo esisekelo ezeleko".

#### ISITIFIKEDI SEZINGA LOKUPHU-MA ESIKOLWENI ESITJHA

UNgqongqotjhe u-Motshekga uthe umnyangwakhe uhlela ukwethula isitifikedi esitjha sezinga lokuphuma esikolweni ngomnqopho wokuqalana nokutlhayela kwamakghono nemisebenzi.

"Esinye seememezelo ezikhulu engizozenza emnyakeni lo kukwethulwa kwesitifikedi sezinga lokuphuma esikolweni esitjha.

Wathi, "Ukuqalana nokutlhayela kwamakghono nemisebenzi ngelizweni, umnyango wethula indlela yemisebenzi yezandla nama-kghono ngokutlama iziqu zezinga lokuThoma lokuphuma esikolweni ku-NQF (iTlhatlha lokuHlola iziQu leliZweloke) iZinga loku-1 esizakusiza abafundi abatlhagako ukufumana iindingo zezefundo ukufikelela kusiTifikedi sikaMethrigi seliZweloke (i-NSC),".

UNgqongqotjhe wathi ihlelweli, elineemfundo ezima-26 zamakghono nemisebenzi yezandla, lithembise ukubeka iSewula Afrika ebujameni obufanako nebamanye amazwe athuthukako kezomnotho.



IHlelo lokOndliwa kwabaFundi eenKolweni leliZweloke lenza bona abafundi abanengi bancamele isikolo.

### UMZAMO WOKWENZA ISIFUNDO SEZOMLANDO SIKATELELEKE EENKOLWENI

UNgqongqotjhe wathi mayelana nezehlakalo zamhlapha ezisikinye isitjhaba, kufaka hlangana ukusahlelwa kwamaphandle nokulinyazwa kweenthombe zesikhumbuzo, kuveze ifuneko yokuqakatheka kokufundiswa kwesifundo somlando weSewula Afrika.

Abantu abatjha bahlanganyele ezehlakalwenezi okususe umnako wokobana abanalo ilwazi elaneleko ngomlando welizwe.

UNgqongqotjhe u-Motshekga wathi kuqakathekile ukobana amaSewula Afrika, khulukhulu abantu abatjha, bazi umlando welizwe labo khona bazakuragele iSewula Afrika phambili.

"Imibiko yeemBikiindaba iveze bona inengi lalabo abahlanganyela ekwebeni ipahla, inturhu nokona ipahla kwakulilutjha. Sidinga ukuhlomisa ilutjha lethu ngomlando wethu onqophileko ukwenzelela bona bathathe iinqunto ezifaneleko mayelana nekusasa labo.

UNgqongqotjhe wathi, "Mayelana neentjhukumiso zesiQhema saboNgqongqotjhe se-NSC, kuzakuragwa nerhubhululo ngendlela engcono yokwenza isifundo sezomLando sikatelelwe kibo boke abafundi kuGreyidi ye-10 ukufikela keye-12. Ekulandeleni lokhu, kuzakutlanywa isiqhema sabongqongqotjhe bona bazokuphenya indlela yokuphumelelisa umsebenzi lo, begodu kuzakukhulunyiswana nabathintekako".

### I-ANA ITHUTHUSELWE KUBAFU-NDI BEGREYIDI YE-7 NEYOBU-8

UNgqongqotjhe wathi, uzakwazisa iPalamende ngeragelophambili lokusatjalaliswa kweHlelo lokuHlolwa kweliZweloke ko-Mnyaka (i-ANA).

Wathi i-ANA itjengise ukuba lithulusi elilisizo ekuhlahlubeni iinkinga zabafundi mayelana nokufunda nokutlola.

Wathi, "Umnqopho wagadesi bekube mnyaka wee-2019 kusebenzisa i-ANA ukukhuphula izinga lokufunda ngetlasini nokuphumelela kwabafundi kiwo woke amazinga, ingasi kwaphela kuGreyidi yesi-3, yesi-6 neye-9. Itjhuguluko elibonakalako esikhathinesi sesabelomali kuzakuba kufakwa kwamaGreyidi ye-7 neyo-8 ngaphakathi kwe-ANA.

"Inani elipheleleko labafundi abazazibandakanya ku-ANA likhule kwelagadesi eliziingidi eziliKhomba ukufikela okungasenani eengidini ezilithoba".

### IPUMELELO BEKUFIKE ISIKHATHI SAGADESI

- Kwethulwe ngaphezulu kweenkolo ezili-107 ezakhiweko nanyana ezivuselelweko ngelizweni mazombe njengengcenye yeQhinga lokuRhabisa umThangalasisekelo weenKolo (i-ASIDI).
- Izinga lokuphasa elizweni loke ebangeni lesiTifikedi sikaMethrigi (iGreyidi 12) likhuphukile ukuthoma ema-75,8% ukufikela ema-77,1% ngemva kokutlola iimfundo zokuzaliselela zomnyaka wee-2014.
- IJima lokuFunda kukaWokewoke le-Kha Ri Gude lizakufumana imali ephunguliweko eziingidi ezima-R439 584 ngomnyaka weemali wee-2015/16. Ijimeli lithinte belasiza amaphilo wabantu bekhethu abangaphezulu kweengidi ezi- 3,5.
- Njengengcenye yeHlelo lokuNatjiswa kwemiSebenzi yomPhakathi (i-EPWP) i-Kha Ri Gude yabelwe iingidi ezima-R65, 099. Lokhu kuzakusiza khulu ekuvuleni amathuba wemisebenzi nokufuna nokubandula abasebenzi bokuzinikela be-Kha Ri Gude.

### ltjhebiswano langeqadi linqophe ukukhuphula izinga lokuphasa Kwa7ulu-Natala

Noluthando Mkhize

linkulungwana zabafundi be-Accounting KwaZulu-Natala banethuba lokuzuza ngetjhebiswano leminyaka emithathu elihlangana nomNyango wezeFundo wesifunda nekhamphani yangeqadi, i-Riskand Reward.

-Risk and Reward inqophe ukusiza umnyango ngokusiza ekufundiseni i-Accounting simahla ngesifundeni mazombe, ngomnqopho wokukhuphula izinga lokuphasa umethrigi ebafundini baKwaZulu-Natala emnyakeni ophezulu wee-2015.

I-Risk and Reward izakufundisa abotitjhere nabafundi beGreyidi ye-12 eeyingini ezili-khomba, ezikhonjwe mnyango njengezidinga isizo elikhulu ngesifundo se-*Accounting*.

Iiyingi ezizokusizwa ngilezi: Umkhanyakude, i-Zululand, Uthungulu, Amajuba, Umzinyathi, iSisonke kunye ne-Ilembe. Abafundi bazakuya eemfundweni lezi ngemiGqibelo kuthi abotijhere bona bazakufumana iimfundo ezizaliselelako eziragela phambili ngomnyaka wee-2015.

I-Risk and Reward izakutlama amahlelo wokuqinisa ukufundwa kwe-Accounting be-

godu kusetjenziswe umdlalo weBhorodo i-12 *Round Accounting* njengengcenye yokufundisa ngobuhlakani.

Ikhamphani le izakubuya yethule amaphaliswano wabafundi afana ne-Future Accountants Initiative Competition ngomnqopho wokusiza abafundi bazwisise isifundwesi.

Ephaliswaneni leli, abafundi bazakuba bosingasomabubulo begodu bazakulindeleka bona benze imibiko bebatlame nephepha leembalobalo ngomsebenzi webhizinisi yabo.

Zolikhomba iiyingi lezi zizakuphalisana ephaliswaneni leli kanti i-Risk and Reward izakubambisana namanye amakhamphani ahlola iincwadi zeemali njengeNgubane and Company, iSizwe Ntsaluba Gobodo, Ubuchule Company ne-Ukukhanya Company.

Akusikokuthoma ikhamphani le ibambisene neenkolo zombuso. Ngomnyaka wee-2013 yaba yingcenye yehlelo lokubandula ngokomsebenzi isiKolo samaBanga aPhezulu i-Adams College ese-Durban. Ngesizo lekhamphani le imiphumela yesikolo yakhuphuka ukusukela emalengisweni amane ukufikela kama-44.

Umthuhukisi wemikhiqizo ye-Risk and Reward uThabani Zulu wathi uphosela iselele emabubulweni ukobana banikele ngesikhathi sabo ukusiza kukhutjhulwe izinga lefundo ebantwaneni belizweli.

Ikhamphani le inikela isizo elizizeluleko ngomnqopho wokusekela amabhizinisi ngobuthintanisi kezamabhizinisi, ukuphathwa kweemali, ukuqatjhwa kwabasebenzi,



Abafundi beKwaZulu-Natala bazakufumana amahlelo azokubasiza bakhuphule imiphumelabo ye-Accounting.

zokuphatha, iLwazi lezeThekhnoloji (i-IT), ukukhangisa nokukghabisa.

USomkhandlu wezeFundo KwaZulu-Natala uNeliswa Nkonyeni wathi uthemba bona ihlelweli lizakukhuthaza ezinye iinkhamphani zangeqadi ukulandela i-Risk and Reward.

Wabuye wathi iimfundiswa ezinengi nabosolwazi bezefundo banikele ngeensetjenziswa zabo simahla ukusiza ukukhuphula ihlelo lezefundo ngesifundeni.

"Abanye abanikela ngesizweli maZiko weMazibuye ne-Swarati, asiza nangamahlelo wokungenelela weemBalo neSayensi.

"Sikhuluma nje sinomZenda weemBalo ne-Sayensi ozokukhombela isizo leemali langeqadi ngomnqopho wokuqubula amahlelwethu khona kuzakukhuphula izinga lokufundisa nokufunda emikhakheni le.

"Elinye itjhebiswano lenziwe ne-Moses Kotane Institute, elisekela abotitjhere ngeemBalo, iSayensi, iThekhnoloji nezobuNjiniyere," kwatjho uSomkhandlu uNkonyeni.

Wangezelela ngokuthi la ngamanye wamaSewula Afrika aveleleko abatjheja amakareko wabentwana begodu ubathokoza

## Akusenamijeje yeengulani

Noluthando Mkhize

lingulani ezifumana iinhlahla zamalwele angelaphekiko ngeze zisaba nekinga yemali yokukhwela iteksi nanyana ukuqeda isikhathi eside zijame emjejeni wokufumana iinhlahla zabo.

hlelo lezokuNikela nokuSatjalaliswa kweenHlahla zamaLwele angelaphekiko, elilingwa emazikweni weTjhorensi yezamaPhilo yeliZweloke (i-NHI), linikela iingulani ukufikeleleka okulula ekufunyaneni iinhlahla zabo zamalwele angelaphekiko eendaweni eziseduze nemizi yabo.

Iingulani eziqinileko emzimbeni zingayokulanda iinhlahla zazo emazikweni wokulinga nakubanikeli beensetjenziswa bangeqadi.

Amaziko wokulinga la aseeyingini i-OR Tambo (esePumalanga Kapa), e-Gert Sibande (eseMpumalanga), e-Vhembe (ese-Limpopo), i-Pixley ka Seme (eseTlhagwini Kapa), i-Eden (eseTjingalanga Kapa), i-Dr Kenneth Kaunda (eseTlhagwini Tjingalanga), iThabo Mofutsanyane (eseFreyistata), i-Tshwane (eseGauteng), Umzinyathi, Umgungundlovu ne-Amajuba (eziKwaZulu-Natala).

Iingulani zingakhetha nanyana ngiliphi iziko langeqadi elinekontraka nombuso elinikela ngeenhlahla.

Abanikeli ngeensiza basuke sebafumene iinhlahla zipakelwe futhi zibuya emnyangweni wezamaPhilo bona banikela iingulani



UmNyango wezamaPhilo wenze lula ipilo yeengulani ezifumana iinhlahla zamalwele angelanhekiko

iimpakana nasele baqinisekise ngemininingwana kamazisi wesigulani.

Iingulani zizakuya emTholapilo kanye eenyangeni ezintathu ukuyokwenza ihlololandelela nokuhlahlutjwa. UNgqongqotjhe wezamaPhilo u-Aaron Motsoaledi wathi lokhu kuzakuphungula iinkhathi zokulinda emiTholapilo.

"Sikhombela bona iingulani eziqinileko nezingatlhogi khulu ukubona udorhodere nanyana umhlengikazi kodwana ekufanele ziye ezikweni lezamaphilo ukufumana iinhlahla zabo zaqobe yinyanga khona bazakutlolisa lapho bathatha khona iinhlahla ngaphandle kokulinda nanyana ukujama umjeje," kwatjho uNgqongqotjhe u-Motsoaledi nakethula iSabelo seeMali somnyangwakhe mhlaphanje.

Akukafaneli iingulanezi zijame umjeje na-

zifuna ifayili. Bavele baye lapho kuthathwa khona iinhlahla baveze ikarada (ezabe balifumene epakaneni nagade bayokuthatha iinhlahla ngaphambilini), nanyana ziveze i-SMS ezabe ithunyelwe kibo mnyango ubazisa kobana bazokuthatha iinhlahla zabo.

Akukafaneli iingulani zithathe ilifu yelanga emsebenzini. Bangakhetha isikhathi abafuna ukuyokuthatha iinhlahla ngaso ngombana iindawo ezinengi zokunikela iinhlahla zisebenza bekube kungemva kwesikhathi sokusebenza.

"Njenganje sineengulani ezizii-383 989 kubuthelelomagama lethu begodu sinqophe ukufikelela ebantwini abazii-500 000," kwatjho uNgqongqotjhe.

Ukuya ngokomNyango wezamaPhilo, imitholapilo esele ithomile ukulinga ihlelweli inemijeje emincani.

### Okufanele ukwazi ngeesidi etjhisa amathumbu engalaphekiko

-esidi etjhisa amathumbu engalaphekiko ihlathulula amalwele amanengi ahlanganiswe yinto efanako: ukuvuvuka kwelingaphakathi lamathumbu. I-esidi etjhisa amathumbu yenzeka lokha iketjezi lokugaya ngemathunjinakho litjhisa belitshwenye ilingaphakathi lamathumbakho. Ukutjhisa kwamathumbu okudluleleko kwenzeka kungakalindelwa, kanti i-esidi yoburhwahla etjhisa amathumbu ithatha isikhathi eside begodu ingahlala iminyaka nayingalatjhwako.

Ubujamobu bufaniswa namalonda ngemathunjini begodu bungakhulisa ikghonakalo yekankere yamathumbu.

Amatshwayo wobujamobu afaka hlangana ubuhlungu ngemathunjini, ukungagayeki kuhle kokudla ngemathunjini, ukusilileka, isilungulela, ukungakhanuki ukudla, ukubhinjidelwa ngemva kokudla.

Kufanele ubone udorhoderakho msinyana nawunendle enzima ngombala, uhlanza iingazi nanyana ubuhlungu emathunjini bungapheli, lokhu kungaba litshwayo lokophela ngaphakathi emathunjini.

### ABONOBANGELA BE-ESIDI ETJHISA AMATHUMBU

I-esidi yangemathunjini ingabangelwa ku:

- tshwayeleka ngengogwani.
- sela utjwala khulu.
- sebenzisa iindakamizwa zestradeni, njenge-cocaine.
- sela iinhlahla ezithile njalo njenge-aspirin nanyana i-ibuprofen, -sela i-paracetamol namkha nawufuna isihlahla sokusela ngomnqopho wokubulala ubuhlungu nanyana ukugandeleleka komkhumbulo.

Nawuphethwe ngobunye mamalwele anje kufanele utjhugulule indlela odla ngayo uzile ukudla okuthile, njengee-nthelo ezinamanzi nejuzi (iinthelo ezinamanzi malamune nama-grapefruits), ukudla okunamafutha, ikofi, utjwala, ukudla okubabako neenselo ezine-esidi.

Ukudla kwakho kufanele kube ngokunebisi elinganamafutha, inyama enganamafutha, ukudla kwekoroyi, iinthelo nemirorho (ingasi iinthelo ezinamanzi).

Nawutjhugulula ukudla kwakho kufake ukudla okulandelako okungaba lisizo, nokho khumbula kobana ukudla okuthile kubaphatha ngendlela ehlukileko abantu abathileko bekubange nemiraro kezinye iinkhathi.

Indlela yokufumana kobana ngikuphi ukudla okutshwenya amathumbakho kungaba kuzila ukudla ngakhunye.

#### BONANA NODORHODERA-KHO

Nayibe ukutjhugulula ukudla kwakho akusizi; kungcono ubonane nodorhoderakho. Nawenza isibawo sokubonana nodorhodere ubuze kobana kukhona okufanele ukwenze nanyana ungakwenzi ngaphambi kokubona udorhodere.

Tlola phasi woke amatshwayo namalanga neenkhathi okwenzeka ngaso. Yenza nerhelo leenhlahla nezakhamzimba oziselako.

## IZiko lezamaphilo lomphakathi lesimanjemanje le-Dannhauser

Thandeka Ngobese

IZiko elitjha lezamaphilo lomphakathi lesimanjemanje elibize iingidi ezili-R166 elise-Dannhauser, KwaZulu-Natala lilethe iinsetjenziswa zezamaphilo ezitlhogeka khulu endaweni leya.

Ndunakulu waKwaZulu-Natala uSenzo Mchunu noSomkhandlu wezamaPhilo wakiso isifundesi uSibongiseni Dhlomo bavule mhlapha iZiko lezamaPhilo lomPhakathi elinemibhede ema-39 e-Dannhauser.

IZikweli, elathatjelwa khulu mphakathi, lizakusiza abantu abazii-103 389, abama-90% walabo abanganayo itjhorensi yezamaphilo. Izikweli lizakusebenza njengendawo yokuthunyelwa iingulani mitholapilo yabomasipala abalitjhumi, kufaka hlangana nemitholapilo yeThandanani, i-Nellies, i-Durnacol neSukumani.

Izakhamuzi ze-Dannhauser azisatlhogi ukukhamba amakhilomitha ama-30 ukuya esiBhedlela sesiFunda se-Newcastle nanyana amakhilomitha ama-40 ukuya esiBhedlela se-Madadeni ukuyokufumana isizo lezamaphilo.

Ilunga lomphakathi u-Philemon Mofokeng wathi bekasebenzisa ama-R90 ukuya esibhedlela se-Newcastle kodwana njenganje ukghona ukuya emtholapilo abuye msinya ngesithuthi esibiza amaranda asithandathu. Wathi, "Isisetjenziswesi, esinikelwe ngurhu-

Wathi, "Isisetjenziswesi, esinikelwe ngurhulumende wethu, sizosisiza khulu begodu sithokoza khulu ngaso".

Isisetjenziswesi sinikela ngesizo elifanako njengesibhedlela sesiyingi, kufaka hlangana iinkumba zokukuhlahlutjelwa, ukulawulwa kobuLwele besiFuba, ukutjhejwa kwamazinyo, i-Eksreyi, itjhejo lezokubelethisa, ikhemisi, indawo yobujamo oburhabako, amakhaza neenkumba zokulala abahlengikazi ngamunye.

"IZiko lezamaphilo lomphakathi elihleli lifanele abantu abatjhaphulukileko nabanesithunzi abangakhange banikelwe sona ngaphambilini" kwatjho uNdunakulu uMchunu.

Wangezelela ngokuthi ukunikelwa kwezikweli kukhambisana nomsebenzi omuhle awubonileko mhlokho nagade avakatjhele umTholapilo wokwElulekwa ngokuziNikela nokuHlolelwa iNgogwana yeNtumbantonga esiBhedlela sesiFunda se-Newcastle.

Umsebenzi wezamaphilo womphakathi uSibongile Msimango wathi bathabe khulu ngokuba kwabo neziko elinje endaweni yekhabo: Wathi, "Iingulani bezikhamba ibanga elide ukuya esibhedlela seMadadeni abantu abanengi gade bajika bangakafumani isizo ngombana isibhedlela sizele".

Isisetjenziswesi sathoma ukusebenzela ekumbeni encani hlanu kweNdawo yokuFikela iinGulani ezibeNtwana begodu bekusebenza umhlengikazi munye nabeluleki ngeNgogwana yeNtumbantonga ababili. Ngokukhula kwesibalo samaklayenti ahlolwako nasalelako ukutjhejwa, kwathunyelwa abanye abasebenzi ikinga kwaba yindawo yokusebenzela.

Isisetjenziswesi sinikela ngeensetjenziswa ezihlukileko, ezifaka hlangana ukuLulekwa nokuHlolelwa iNgogwana yeNtumbantonga, imitjhoga edambisa intumbantonga (ama-ARV) , ubuLwele besiFuba nokulawulwa kokudla nekhemisi.

Nakakhuluma ezikwenesi, uNdunakulu wathi "abomma nabentwana bafumana itjhejo lezamaphilo lamambala, khulukhulu ngobukhona bukadorhodere wabentwana oneziqu eziphakemeko nozinikeleko okghona nokukhambela ayokusiza amaziko wezamaphilo wesiYingi se-Amajuba."

UNdunakulu wakhuthaza abahlali besi-Yingi se-Amajuba kobana baphathe kuhle iinsetjenziswa zabo nokho watjengisa ukudana kwakhe ngesibalo esiphasi sabantu abeza ukuzokuhlahlutjwa nokuhlolelwa iNgogwana yeNtumbantonga.

### UKWELULEKWA NOKU-HLOLELWA INGOGWANA YE-NTUMBANTONGA (I-HCT)

Nawuyokuhlolelwa iNgogwana yeNtumbantonga ngaphasi kwehlelo le-HCT uzaku:

- lulekwa, begodu waziswe ngobujamo be-HIV ne-AIDS, ubulwele obutshwayelwana ngokomseme (i-STI), ne-TB
- khuthazwa bewutjelwe ngeendlela zokutjheja umzimbakho ngomnqopho wokukhandela amalwele angatshwayelaniko
- hlolelwa i-HIV uhlahlutjelwe i-TB namanye amalwele angasulelaniko
- funda ukukhandela i-HIV ne-AIDS nokufa okubangwa yi-TB
- siza ukukhandela ukusulelwa okutjha kwe-HIV ne-TB
- siza ukuphelisa iinhloni ezikhambisana ne-HIV ne-AIDS ne-TB.

(Umthombolwazi: http://www.gov.za/about-government/government-programmes hiv-counselingand-testing-hct-campaign)