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Vuk'uzenzele

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What to expect when reporting a GBV-related crime

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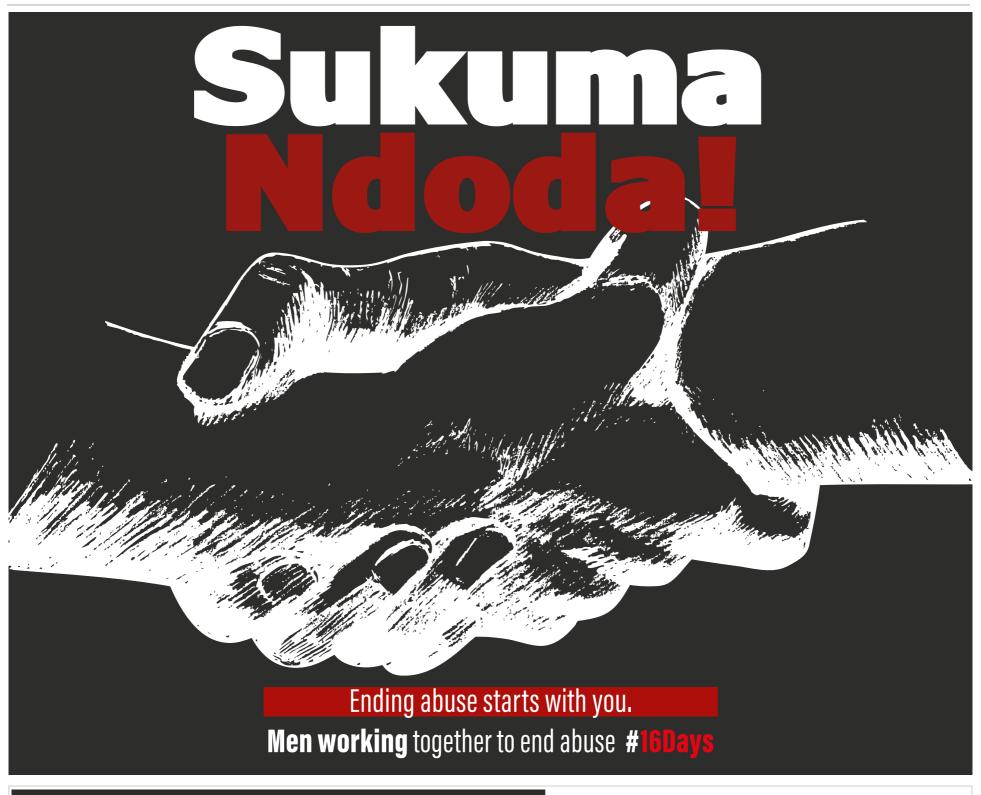
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Website: www.gcis.gov.za www.vukuzenzele.gov.za

Email: vukuzenzele@gcis.gov.za Tel: (+27) 12 473 0353

Tshedimosetso House:

1035 cnr Frances Baard and Festival streets Hatfield, Pretoria, 0083

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More funds pumped into fighting abuse



More Matshediso

resident Cyril Ramaphosa recently updated Parliament and the nation on efforts to end Gender-Based Violence and Femicide (GBVF).

A few months ago, the President asked Parliament to approve the Emergency Action Plan to combat GBVF. He has

since announced that government will commit R1.1 billion towards the implementation of the plan.

"National Treasury has written to key departments and entities, asking them to urgently identify funds that can be reprioritised. Departments must be commended for readily and swiftly responding to this call. We are now in a position to allocate more than R1.6 billion from the 2019/20 financial year baseline spending allocation," the President said.

"We know that GBV often has its roots in social, cultural and other norms that perpetuate patriarchy and chauvinism. We also know we have to focus on prevention as the first point of intervention," he said.

The President said the Depart-

ment of Social Development will, in collaboration with other departments, drive the roll-out of programmes that will engage with men's formations, traditional leaders, student organisations, youth groups, offenders inside prisons, officials working in the criminal justice system and communities at large.

He also announced that 200 social workers will be appointed to provide targeted services to survivors at various social services centres, including the national network of Thuthuzela Care Centres.

The President said work is being done to enhance our current legal and policy framework to make it more responsive to the needs of GBV survivors.

"This includes bail and sentencing reform to ensure that perpetrators face justice and that the law acts as an effective deterrent," said the President.

Meanwhile, Cabinet has welcomed the recent 20 life sentences and 758 years' imprisonment sanctions handed down to serial rapist Bongani Lucky Masuku, as well as the life sentence handed to convicted rapist Nicholas Ninow.

"This sends a strong message to perpetrators that our criminal justice system will not tolerate crimes against women and children," said Minister in the Presidency Jackson Mthembu said. •

The GBV Command
Centre can be reached
at 0800 428 428.
Alternatively, send
a please-call-me to
*120*7867# or log
onto the website
www.gbv.org.za.

Isizo Lezomthetho Kibongazimbi Be-GBV



More Matshediso

bongazimbi be-GBV abangakghoniko ukuzibhadelela imali yamagcwetha bangathola isizo kwa-Legal Aid South Africa. Litjho njalo iGcwetha eliKhulu le-Legal Aid South Africa, u-Makgate Nkgapele.

I-Legal Aid South Africa iyihlangano yamagcwetha ezijameleko enqophe ukulekelela ngezomthetho kilabo abanganayo imali yokubhadalela amagcwetha angabajamela.

"Sigcwele loke ilizweli, ngama-ofisi wendawo ama-64 nama-ofisi wesethila-yithi ama-64, la sinama-gcwetha nabo-advocate bangekhaya khona abalekelela amalunga womphakathi ngamacalabo wobulelesi newemibango," kutjho u-Nkgapele.

Ukudlula lapho, uNkgapele uthi ihlangano yabo ezijameleko le seyivule amaziko wezomthethobulungiswa ama-32 alekelela ngezomthetho kilo loke ilizweli. Avamise ukwakhiwa hlanu kwamakhotho kanti-ke iziko ngalinye lisiza amakhotho ahlangana nali-10 nama-20.

Nasele baboke bama-724 000 abantu abalekelelwe yihlangano le ngomnyaka wee-2018/19.U-Nkgapele uthi i-Legal Aid SA isebenzisa indlela yokulinganisa amandla womuntu womnotho ukuthola ukuthi bobani abalungele ukuthola isizo lomsebenzabo.

"Hlangana nokhunye, indlela yokuhlola le iqala ukuthi umfakisibawo urhola malini namkha ukuthi ingeniso yakhe ingangani, iqale nokuthi ingangani ipahla anayo," utjho ahlathulula.

"Nakube urhola R7 400 nangaphasi kwalokho ngenyanga ngemva kokudoswa kweemali ezidoswa emsebenzini, kutjho ukuthi likulungele isizo lalehlangano yamagcwetha. Nokho-ke nakube udlula indlela yokuhlola le ngenani elithileko, elingaphasi kweR1 300, usengalithola isizo le-Legal Aid, kuye ngokuthi umzimkhulu wehlangano le ukuqalelela njani lokho," utjho angezelela.

Uthi abantu abathola isibonelelo somrholo wembusweni namkha abarhola ipentjheni yobudala kuyazenzakalela ukuthi ibathathe i-*Legal Aid*. Nokho-ke kufuze bona baveze imitlolo ebufakazi bokuthi bathola isibonelelo somrholo wembusweni.

U-Nkgapele uthi emacaleni wobulelesi, abantwana kuyazenzakalela ukuthi ibasize i-Legal Aid ngalokho-ke abahlolwa nokuhlolwa ukuthi bayakghona na. Nakube licala lombango, bakwabo lomntwana loyo kuzakufuneka ukuthi bahlolwe ukuthi bayakghona na, banikelwe isizo nakube abakghoni. •

Siyithinta Njani I-*Legal Aid*?

Ngena nofana kukilipi i-ofisi le-*Legal Aid SA*, kizo zolithoba iimfunda. Dosela inomboro yasimahla ethi: 0800 110 110 (ngoMvulo ukuyokufika kuLesihlanu 07:00 -19:00).

Thumela i-*Please Call Me* enomborweni ethi:

079 835 7179.

Faka isililo ngobunzinzolwazi babo ku: *Legal-aid.co.za*

Ongakulindela Nawubika Icala Lenturhu eQothele Ubulili



kubika icala lokukata nofana ngiliphi icala elinye eliphathelene neNturhu eQothele ubuLili (i-GBV) kungabonakala kuyinto ebudisi nesabekako.

I-Vuk'uzenzele ibuthelele umhlahlandlela omlandelande ukuphandlulula abongazimbi ngalokho abangakulindela nabavakatjhela ipolisteyitjhi nabayokubika icala le-GBV.

IButho lamaPholisa we-Sewula Afrika (i-SAPS) lithi lizibophelele ngokuqinisekisa ukuthi ungazimbi wokukatwa akagcini sele angahlukunyezwa ihlandla lesibili ngepatho aphathwa ngayo nakafika epolisteyitjhi ayokulila ngokumveleleko. Icala lokukata lingabikwa emapholiseni imini nobusuku esentha yokubika amacala arhabako ku-10111, namkha ngokuvakatjhela ipolisteyitjhi yangekhenu namkha eseduze nawe.

Ungazimbi uvumelekile ukuthi angaba nomuntu azikhethele yena abe naye nakakhulumisana namapholisa endaweni ayijayeleko namkha enommoya ongeze wamzazisa.

Amapholisa nasele athole ilwazi nemininingwana ngokwaneleko, kufuze kuvulwe idokedi, elizakurejistarwa eRherhweni lokuLawula amaCala begodu kufuneke bona kwenziwe ne-afidavidi ezakuveza lokhu okulandelako ngamagama ezwakala kuhle: Isikhathi,ideyithi nendawo lapho kwenzeke khona icala.

- Umhlobo wecala nokuthi lenziwe njani.
- Umuntu wokuthoma ungazimbi amtjelileko ngokugangelwa kwakhe.

Nanyana ngimiphi imininingwana emalungana naloyo ekuthiwa wenze icala namkha yalabo abangaba bofakazi abangaba lisizo ekubopheni abasolwa.

INTURHU EQOTHELE UBULILI

Kungafuneka nokuhlolwa ngudorhodere kobanyana kuzokutholakala ukuthi akunabufakazi na obungaba lisizo ekhotho. Ngalokho-ke kuqakathekile ukuthi ungazimbi ahlolwe ngaphandle kokuriyada – ngitjho nanyana icalelo selidlulelwe ma-awa ama-72 lenzekile, namkha ungazimbi selahlambile.

Ungazimbi uzakuhlolwa ngudorhodere ngeendleko zombuso. Akunandoda ekufuze ibe khona nakuhlolwa ungazimbi omumuntu omsikazi, kanti ngokunjalo godu akunamuntu omsikazi ekufuze abe khona nakuhlolwa ungazimbi omumuntu omduna. Ngitjho naye umuntu obulili bunye nongazimbi, angaba khona kwaphela nakube ungazimbi uyavuma ukuthi abe khona.

Itjhejo Likangazimbi Ngemva Kokuhlukunyezwa ngokomseme

Ungazimbi wokugangelwa ngezomseme ukhahlumezeke khulu ngalokho-ke likhulu khulu ithuba lokuthi angafuna ukuthotjwa amanceba womkhumbulo nommoya.

Nakube ungazimbi mntwana, kufuze kuthintwe ilunga elithwasiswe liphiko leNturhu Yomndeni, iphiko lezokuVikelwa KwabaNtwana nephiko lamaCala WezomSeme (i-FCS) namkha isazi esikhethekileko. Kungenzeka kuquntwe ukuthi kuzakuba kuhle khulu emntwaneni ukuthi asuswe asiwe ebuphephelweni lapho azakutjhejwa khona.

Kumsebenzi Wesiphathimandla Esiphenyako U:

- kwazisa ungazimbi ngemininingwana yokwelatjhwa nokuthotjwa umkhumbulo eendaweni ezikhona sibe simlekelele ngendlela esingamlekelela ngayo ukuthola isizo kilokho,
- kuqinisekisa ukuthi kuthathwa amagadango afaneleko ukuphephisa abantwana nabanye abongazimbi abacaphazeleka lula. Isiphathimandla esiphenyako sizakuhlala sazisa ungazimbi nganofana yini eyenzekako ecaleni eliphathelene naye sibe sihlathululele ungazimbi ngekambiso yekhotho ngaleyindlela ungazimbi azilungiselele ukuya ecaleni ekhotho.
- Ngelanga lokuyokulalela icala namkha ngaphambi kwalo, nakube ungazimbi uyabawa, isiphathimandla sizakunikela ungazimbi amakhophi wesitatimende sakhe kobanyana

azikhumbuze ngokusifunda. 0

UTHI BEWAZI?

- Ibizo likangizimbi wokukatwa alikwazi ukumenyezelwa ziimbikiindaba.
- Nanyana ngubani onelwazi lokukhahlunyezwa komntwana ngezomseme namkha komuntu okhubazeke ngokwengqondo ukatelelekile ukuthi abike isigeso emapholiseni.
- Nakube ube ngungazimbi wokukhahlunyezwa ngezomseme, ungahlambi, ungembathi ezinye izambatho zangaphasi, ungatlubhi bewuhlolwe ngudorho-
- Akunangazimbi ozakujikiswa ngoba batiho sekusikhathi eside agangelwa namkha nakube ugangelwe kenye indawo engasingaphasi komkhawulo wepolisteyitjhi leyo azabe afuna ukuyokubika kiyo.

*Ilwazeli linikelwe ngemvumo yomNyango wezamaPholisa (i-SAPS)

Sewula Afrika ineenhlangano ezimbadlwana zabantu ababuya ku-GBV abangaya kizo bayokuthola ukuthotjwa ngokomkhumbulo ngemva kokukhahlunyezwa.

I-Vuk'uzenzele ibuthelele irhelo leendawo lapho abantu abadlule ku-GBV bangayokufuna khona isizo:

I-People Opposed to Women Abuse (i-POWA)

I-POWA ithoba umkhumbulo, ngomtato namathupha kuqalenwe emehlweni, kunye nesizo lezomthetho kibomma abakhahlunyeziweko **Ubunzinzolwazi:**

https://www.powa.co.za/POWA/ Umtato: 011 642 4346

I-Childline South Africa

linomboro Ezilisizo Kibongazimbi Be-GBV

Ihlangano engasebenzeli inzuzo le ilekelela abantwana abakhahlumezekileko nemindenabo. Isebenza ngemiraro enjengeyokukhahlunyezwa kwabantu emzimbeni nangokomseme, ukucwila eendakamizweni, ukuziphatha okuphambene nokulunga kunye nokukhukhuthiswa kwabantu, ibe isize nangeenluleko zomthetho. **Ubunzinzolwazi:**

http://www.childlinesa.org.za/ Umtato wasimahla: 0800 055 555

I-Child Welfare South Africa

I-Child Welfare South Africa igalene nokuvikeleka kwabantwana, ukutjhejwa kwabantwana kunye nokuthuthu-

kiswa komndeni. Ukuliselelwa nokukhahlunyezwa kwabantwana kungabikwa nakiyo. **Ubunzinzolwazi:**

http://childwelfaresa.org.za/ Umtato: 074 080 8315

I-Family and Marriage Association of SA (i-FAMSA))

I-FAMSA isiza ngokuthoba umkhumbulo nangefundiso ukulekelela ukwakhisana kwabantu abathetheneko nomndeni. Iyalekelela la kunenturhu yomkhaya khona ilekelele nangokulimala okumbi emzimbeni namkha emmoyeni, ekutlhalaneni nekulamuleni. I-FAMSA inama-ofisi elizweni lokeli. **Ubunzinzolwazi:**

http://famsa.org.za/

Umtato: 011 975 7106/7

I-Tears Foundation

Lehlangano engenzi nzuzo eyasungulwa ngomnyaka wee-2012 iphethe iziko lebuthelelolwazi lezokwelapha, zomthetho nezeemfundo zengqondo ezikhona eSewula Afrika ukulekelela labo abakhe bakatwa namkha abakhe bakhahlunyezwa ngezomseme. **Ubunzinzolwazi:**

https://www.tears.co.za/gbv-domestic-abuse/

Umtato: 010 590 5920

IZiko LeLwazi Ngenturhu YoBulili

UmNyango wezokuThuthukiswa komPhakathi wavula iZiko leLwazi ngeNturhu yo-Bulili (i-GBV) ngoSinyikhaba wee-2013. Izikweli lisebenza ubusuku nemini (alivali) begodu lisebenza umnyaka woke ukulekelela abongazimbi benturhu yobulili.

Iziko lelwazeli umuntu angafika kilo ngeendlela eziimbadlwana, ekubalwa hlangana nazo nangokudosela umtato wasimahla ku: 0800 428 428, namkha ngokuthumela i-Please Call Me ku: *120*7867

Ungasebenzisa ne-skype. La ungafaka khona no-Help Me GBV erhelweni lakho lamabizo wabantu othintana nabo bese uthumela umlayezo. Lekundla-ke isetjenziselwa nokulekelela abongazimbi abangezwako eendlebeni abasebenzisa iLimi lamaTshwayo leSewula Afrika nabakhuluma nabanye. 0

Okhunye kukuthi ungathumela i-SMS ku-31531, namkha uvakatjhele i-www.gbv.org.za