# uk'uzenzele

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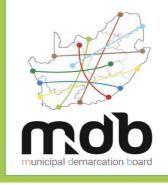
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# No registration fee for NSFAS students

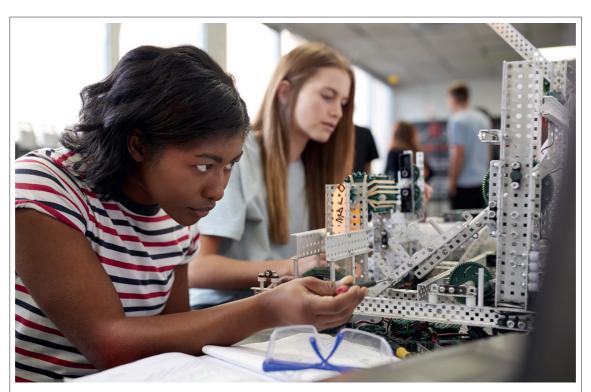
Onalenna Mhlongo and Priscilla Khumalo

■ndividuals qualifying for the National Student Financial Aid Scheme (NSFAS) do not have to pay upfront registration fees at universities or colleges.

Higher Education, Science and Technology Minister, Dr Blade Nzimande, made the announcement recently when he was briefing the media on the implications of matriculation results on the Post School **Education and Training sector** in South Africa.

"The fact that for the first time NSFAS is able to say you qualify, it means therefore, when you go to register when you've been accepted, you've got proof to say, 'I don't have to pay registration'.

"It is also a great improvement in the system because



The National Student Financial Aid Scheme (NSFAS) has approved about 430 000 applications for individuals who qualify for funding.

number of NSFAS qualifying students being asked to pay registration fees, that we have eliminated now [and] who ever does this is breaking the

before, you would have a law," Nzimande said.

applications have been approved for NSFAS funding.

NSFAS has received a record-breaking number of

applications by the closing Nzimande said 430 000 date of 30 November 2019, with more than 543 268 firsttime applications (prior year 428 929), received from applicants across the country, with

the majority of the applicants submitting applications online via the myNSFAS portal.

"Applicants include those who were in Matric in 2019, learners in Grade 10 - 11 and those intending to further studies at the TVET (Technical Vocational Education and Training) Colleges and out of school youth, returning/ continuing students without NSFAS funding in prior years," Nzimande said.

A total of 281 639 of all applications received so far are South African Social Security Agency's (SASSA) beneficiaries.

The Minister attributed the success rate in applications to an extensive outreach campaign, including partnerships with both local and provincial governments; and the private

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## Kimontlepopelo ke seemo sa tšhoganyetšo sa bongaka

**Allison Cooper** 

asadi bao ba ilego ba itemogela kimontlepopelo ba tloga ba lemoga gabotse tlalelo yeo e hlolwago ke seo, ka baka la dipoelo tše kgonthišišago se go tšwa ditekong tša mohlapologo le tša madi.

Tše ka moka ke goya ka Ngaka Bushy Mhlari, Mosepedišimogolwane wa Dipelego tša Kimontlepopelo le Malwetši a Basadi kua Bookelong bja Dithuto tša Bongaka bja Dr George Mukhari, yo a hlalošitšego gore kimontlepopelo ga e hwetšagale ka gare ga phagwana ya popelo, fao gantši kimo e bago gona.

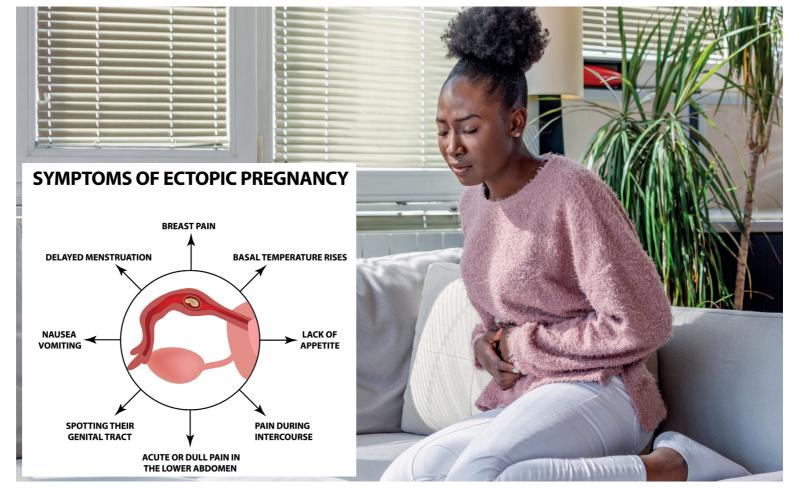
O boletše gore ka setlwaedi, morago ga gore lee le nontšhwe ke peu ya monna, yeo gantši e diragalago ka gare ga megalapopelo, lee leo le nontšhitšwego le sepela ka gare ga lelapopelo la tsena ka molongwaneng wa popelo fao le kgomarelago ka gare ga popelo gomme lesea la thoma go gola fao.

"Ditiragalong tša kimontle popelo, lee leo le nontšhitšwego le gola dithong tša mmele tša ka teng. Godimo ga 98% ya ditiragalo tše, dikimontlepopelo gantši di diragala ka gare ga lelapopelo. Ditho tše dingwe tše go sa tlwaelegago gore lesea le golela go tšona di akaretša ka thokwana ga lee, ka gare ga phagwana ya ka godingwana ga popelo, ka tlase ga popelo le mo ditšhikeng tša ka mathoko ga popelo," a realo Ngaka Mhlari.

Ge se se direga, go ka se kgonagale gore leseana leo le ntšhiwe le bušetšwe ko le swanetšego go golela gona ka gona phedišo ya kimo ke kgetho e le noši yeo mosadi a nago le yona.

Ngaka Mhlari o boletše gore mosadi o nale dikgonagalo tša godimo tša kimontlepopelo ge;

 a nale malapopelo ao a gobetšego goba ao a šomago ka tsela ye e sego ya setlwaedi ka lebaka la go fetetšwa ka



malwetši a thobalano goba ka lebaka la go dira setšari ya malapopelo;

- a ile a itemogela kimontlepopelo;
- a sa kgone go ka ima;
- a nale balekani ba bantši ba thobalano;
- a goga motšoko (sekerethe).

"Kimontlepolelo yeo e thubegilego ke seemo se šoro seo se ka tšeago bophelo bja mosadi ebile ke yona e hlolago kudu mahu a go amana le dipelego tša basadi dikgweding tše tharo tša go ima. Ditiragalo tša kimontlepopelo di balelwa fela diperesente tše pedi setšhabeng ka kakaretšo," a realo Ngaka Mhlari.

### Dika tša kimontlepopelo

Goya ka Ngaka Mhlari, dika tše di iponagatša pele ga go ima. Ka nako tše dingwe, di iponagatša pele ga ge mosadi a ka lemoga gore o imile.

Dika tša setlwaedi di akaretša:

- ditlhabi tša ka tlasenyana ga mokhubo,
- go tshelwa ke kgwedi, le
- go tšwa madi sethong sa bosadi.

"Le ge go le bjalo, basadi ba bangwe ga ba laetše dika tše go fihlela ge lelapopelo le thubega. Ge se se direga, mosadi a ka itemogela dihlabi tše šoro ebile ba bangwe ba tšwa madi sethong sa bosadi. Se se latelwa ke modukologo, go theoga ga kgatelelo ya madi, go idibala, letšhogo le go hlokagala kudu ge phekolo e diegile," a realo.

Gore go phekolwe kimontlepopelo, go swanetše gore go dirwe diteko tša madi goba tša mohlapologo go kgonthišiša gore ka nnetennete mosadi o mmeleng.

"Ke moka go dirwa diteko tša go bonega ka metšhene ka teng go kgonthišiša ge eba popelo ga e na selo ka gare ga yona le go bonega fao leseana le ka bago le le gona mmeleng wa mosadi," a realo Ngaka Mhlari.

### Phekolo ya kimontlepopelo

"Ge kimontlepopelo e šetše e bonwe, e swanetše go phekolwa gore e emišwe go golela pele, ka gobane bophelo bja mosadi bo ba kotsing ge phekolo e diega," a realo Ngaka Mhlari.

"Setšari e santše e le kgetho ya mathomo ya phekolo ya kimontlepopelo, le ge go le bjalo, phekolo ya pele ga nako e dumelela kgetho ya phekolo ya bongaka pele ga ge kimontlepopelo e thubega," a tlaleletša ka go realo ngaka.

Ngaka Mhlari o boletše gore mosadi o santše a ka ima gape le ka morago ga go itemogela kimontlepopelo.

Basadi bao ba nago le

kgonono ya gore ba nale kimontlepopelo ba swanetše go bona dingaka, ba ikele maokelong a kgauswi le bona goba dikliniking tša kgauswi ka bjako ka fao go kgonagalago.

