



Drive to fill vacant educator posts in EC

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INSIDE**

32m drought relief



Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries Minister Senzeni Zokwana has announced funding that will bring relief to farmers affected by the drought.

Priscilla Khumalo

Government has pledged R32 million to help farmers affected by drought.

The Industrial Development Corporation (IDC) has made available soft loans as emergency funding towards working capital, infrastructure and a small portion for carry-over debt for the commercial sector.

A soft loan is a loan with a below-market rate of interest.

Giving an update on the status of drought

relief support to the agricultural sector, Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries Minister Senzeni Zokwana said the R32 million had already been approved.

"The IDC will consider financial assistance to its existing clients that apply for drought relief support while for non-IDC clients, lending will not be made available directly to the end-beneficiary but rather through National Credit Act-compliant intermediaries like Land Bank and Agri-Business," Minister Zokwana explained.

The Minister said that the loan agreement would be entered into by the IDC and the

relevant intermediary.

"These intermediaries will have to apply to the IDC on a case-by-case basis and a due diligence will be applicable."

In relation to the directive, Minister Zokwana said the department had given provinces 20 per cent - or R226 million in total - of the Letsema grant, initially aimed at boosting food security but which was not going to be used in the immediate future because of the ongoing drought.

Provinces that have applied and received approval include KwaZulu-Natal, Free State, North West, Limpopo, Gauteng,

Mpumalanga and Northern Cape.

The Eastern Cape has applied, while Western Cape has not yet reprioritised, the Minister said.

In Limpopo, an additional amount of R51 million has been set aside, with R20 million going towards the procurement of fodder to assist smallholder and subsistence farmers, while R31 million will be spent on water for livestock.

The Free State has allocated R10.692 million and R29 million from its Equitable Share and Comprehensive Agricultural Support Programme budget to assist subsistence, smallholder and commercial farmers.

The Gauteng province has to date spent R6 200 000 on animal feed, water infrastructure, phosphate licks and de-silting of earth dams.

A total of R7 717 080 was approved in the Northern Cape and has already assisted 257 farmers and helped in the distribution of 2 500 tons of fodder during October and November.

The North West has made available R25 million for drought relief. As at 18 January, 2016, 57 010 bags were distributed and 10 228 farmers received assistance.

An amount of R114 million was allocated in Mpumalanga for procurement of input supply for livestock, water harvesting, aggressive de-worming of livestock and borehole drilling, amongst others.

Meanwhile, Minister Zokwana met with MECs responsible for agriculture to take stock of the current drought and discuss the ongoing relief support provided to affected farmers and livestock owners.

Rural Development and Land Reform Minister Gugile Nkwinti also joined the meeting, which engaged on plans and solutions they can employ from now on.

Minister Zokwana acknowledged that there was a clear picture of the negative impact of drought on crop production, livestock, agro-processing and agriculture infrastructure, as well as food security in all affected provinces.

He highlighted that the department's priority was developing and implementing a climate change adaptation plan and programmes for the sector.

"We will give more support to Climate Smart Agriculture in terms of conservation agriculture," he said.

***For more on how government is assisting farmers see p8.**

OKUMUMETHWEKO

Protect your retirement savings

Albert Pule

Government has introduced a law that aims to encourage South Africans to save and plan better for their retirement.

In December last year, President Jacob Zuma signed into law the Taxation Laws Amendment Act of 2015 to assist households and ensure that they are not vulnerable to poverty, especially during retirement.

The new law is not aimed at preventing public servants from accessing their pension monies when retiring or resigning.

According to a circular from both National Treasury and the Department of Public Service and Administration (DPSA), the reforms coming into effect next month (March) seek to make provident funds similar to pension and retirement annuity funds.

Retirement Fund Director at National Treasury Alvina Thela said there had been a misunderstanding about the intention of the new law and as a result people were leaving their jobs out of fear that they would lose their money.

“Don't resign because of false rumours. If you resign you will lose a lot of your retirement benefit because the benefit will be taxed heavily. This means that after the tax is paid you will be left with much less money.

“If your savings stay in your fund, your money will grow bigger and you will pay

very little tax on your money when you retire. There will be a lot more money by the time you retire.”

BENEFITS OF THE NEW LAW

Thela said that the Taxation Laws Amendment Act had a number of benefits and would help people save money for retirement.

“One of the advantages is that as a provident fund member, you won't be taxed when you put money into a provident fund when you are saving for retirement.

“This is likely to increase your take home pay, so you'll have money that goes into your provident fund that is not taxed meaning that your taxable income will be less and your net pay will be more.”

The other benefit, said Thela, is that “you are encouraged to save because now you are able to contribute without being taxed and you will be able to save more for retirement and that will protect you from poverty at old age and protect you from relying on the state or your family members to take care of you”.

DIFFERENT TYPES OF RETIREMENT FUNDS

Contributions towards retirement can be done in three different ways namely: by making a contribution towards a pension fund, retirement annuity fund and/or a provident fund.

A pension fund is similar to a retirement annuity fund in that when you contribute to those two funds, you get a tax deduction.



A tax deduction means that the money that goes into that fund is not taxed and this is different from a provident fund. A member that contributes to a provident fund gets taxed when the money goes into that fund.

The other difference is at retirement and when you exit these three products. When you exit from a pension fund or retirement annuity fund, you get a third as a lump sum and the remaining two thirds are paid as an annuity.

A provident fund is treated differently.

When you exit from a provident fund, you get a cash lump sum and your entire savings are given to you at one go.

Thela has also encouraged people who want to resign and cash in on their retirement to get proper financial advice before taking their savings.

“Protect your retirement savings. Your retirement is your future income. Seek financial advice and protect and preserve your money when you change jobs or resign.”

Imithetho emitjha karhulumende ngomhlalaphasi

UmThetho omutjha wepentjheni kubingwe ngawo ukusiza amaSewula Afrika ngokuvikela iimali zabo zomhlalaphasi. Imininingwana ezeleko ngelandelako:

KUNGEBANGA LANI URHULUMENDE ARHULUPHELE AMATJHUGULUKO LA?

Amatjhuguluko la kunqotjhwe ngawo ukuvikela abompentjheni emthlagweni wekuluphaleni ngokubakhuthaza ukubulungela isikhathi somhlalaphasi. Amatjhuguluko la anqophe godu ukwenza lula ihlelo lagadesi neensiza zibesetjhatjhalazini.

NGIMAPHI AMATJHUIGULUKO AZOKUTHOMA MHLANA LI-1 KUNTAKA 2016?

IsiKhibelelo semiThetho yomThelo wee-2013 newee-2015 sithoma ukusebenza mhla li-1 kuNtaka 2016. Imithetho le izakuvumela amalunga weenkhwama zomhlalaphasi ukwehlisa umthelo abawubhadelako ngokukghona ukuphungula imali abayibhadelako ingene eenkhwameni zomhlalaphasi ukufikela ema- 27,5% (ukufikela esilinganisweni sobunengi obungaba zii-R350 000) qobe mnyaka, njengephesenti yengeniso yabo. Imithetho emitjha le yandisa nenani elifunekako ukwenza imali ibe sikhwama somhlalaphasi esibekelwe isikhathi (i-annuity) ukusukela eenkulungwaneni ezima-R75 000 ukufikela kezima-R75 000 (ebizwa i-“de minimis”).

UKUPHI UMRARO NGEKAMBISO YAGADESI URHULUMENDE AZAMA UKUYITJHUGULULA?

Ngenganje imihlobo ehlukileko yeenkhwama zephrovidenti inikela inzuzo yesibonelelo somthelo engafaniko. Isibonelo, imali yomhlalaphasi ebulungwako ngendlela ye-annuity ivumela inzuzo yesibonelelo somthelo ukufikela kuma-15%, iinkhwama zephrovidenti zona zifika kuma-20%, isikhwama sepentjheni sifika kuma-27.5%. Kwesibili, amalunga wesikhwama

sephrovidenti abasifumani isibonelelo sokwehliselwa umthelo ngemalabo, kanti namalunga wesikhwama sepentjheni ayasifumana. Imali yepentjheni nebulungwako yomhlalaphasi idinga ingcnywe (iingcnywe ezimbili kokuthathu, i-2/3rd) yenzuzo kobana ibhadelwe njengengeniso ejayelekileko, kanti iinkhwama zephrovidenti zivumela umpentjheni ukuthatha inani loke lemali nakathatha umhlalaphasi.

INGABE UMTHETHO OMUTJHA LO UZOKULUNGELELANISA BUNJANI UMAHLUKO WOMTHELO NENZUZO?

Amatjhuguluko abonakalako azakuqalana nesikhwama sephrovidenti. Amalunga wesikhwama sephrovidenti azakufumana ingcnywe yakhunye kokuthathu (i-1/3rd) yemalabo yomhlalaphasi njengenani loke, eseleko eziingcnywe ezimbili kokuthathu (i-2/3rd) ibekwe ngendlela ye-annuity. Isibonelo, nangabe soke isamba semali yomhlalaphasi sifila eenkulungwaneni ezima-R300 000, imali ezili-R100 000 (okuhlathulula okukodwa kokuthathu, i-1/3) ingathathwa njengesamba bese ii-R200 000 (iingcnywe ezimbili kokuthathu, i-2/3rd) izakubulungwa. Itjhugulukweli lizakuthinta kwaphela iimali ezibhadelwa ngemva kwamhla li-1 kuNtaka 2016. Amalunga wesikhwama sephrovidenti azakufumana isibonelelo somthelo ngemalabo abayibhadelako.

KHUYINI UKUBULUNGA IMALI ISIKHATHI ESIBEKIWEKO (I-ANNUITISATION)?

Le yindlela yokuthatha imali yomhlalaphasi ngeenquntu qobe nyanga, kunokuyifumana yoke iphelele esandleni.

NGIYIPHI INDLELA ETJA EZOKUSETJENISELWA IINKHWAMA ZEPHROVIDENTI MAYELANA NOMTHELO?

Amalunga wesikhwama sephrovidenti azakukghona ukubawa isibonelelo sokwehliselwa umthelo emalini ebayibhadelako kokuthoma. Kwesibili, imali ebhadelwa baqatjhi babo eenkhwameni zabo zephrovidenti izakubonakala emaphetjhaneni wabo womrholo. Kwesithathu, amalunga wesikhwama amanengi abhadelako bazakubona umrholo osala ngakibo ukhuphuke kancani. Kwesine, zoke iimali ezitjha ezibhadelwako (namakonyana wazo) ezifakwa esikhwameni sephrovidenti ngemva kwamhla li-1 kuNtaka 2016 ngilabo abaneminyaka engaphasi kwema-55 bazakuqalana nesidingo sokobana imalabo ibekelwe ngeqadi nasele idlula ii-R274 500 (okuhlathulula inani eliphasi).

Woke amalunga wesikhwama sephrovidenti azakukghona ukuthatha yoke imalabo yomhlalaphasi, namakonyana, ezabe yandile mhla li-1 kuNtaka 2016 lokha nabathatha umhlalaphasi.

INGABE UMTHETHO LO UZANGITHINTA NANGINEMINYAKA EMINGAKI?

Amalunga wesikhwama sephrovidenti azakuba aseminyakeni ema-55 mhla li-1 kuNtaka 2016 awakazukuthintwa mithetho emitjha nabakhetha ukungatjhugulula iimali zabo. Kwaphela iimali ezibhadelwe ngemva kwamhla li-1 kuNtaka 2016 (okuhlathulula iimali ezitjha) zizakuba nomthelela kumalunga aneminyaka engaphasi kwema-55 mhla li-1 kuNtaka 2016, nokobana nayibe amanani amatjha abhadelwako angaphezu kwee-R274 500.

USEBENZA BUNJANI UMTHETHO LO KILABO ABATJINTJA UMSEBENZI?

Umthetho omutjha lo awusebenzi lokha nawutjintja umsebenzi. Amalunga wesikhwama sephrovidenti nanyana sepentjheni azakukghona ukutjintja umsebenzi begodu bathathe yoke imalabo yomhlalaphasi. Nofana kunjalo, urhulumende ukhuthaza abantu ukubulunga imalabo kunokuyithatha yoke lokha nabatjintja umsebenzi.

INGABE UMTHETHO OMUTJHA LO UZOKUTHINTANA BUNJANI NESIKHWAMA SEMALI YOMHLALAPHASI WABASEBENZI BAKARHULUMENDE (I-GPEF)?

I-GPEF ayizukucajelwa matjhuguluko la ngombana sele ibhadelako imali yoke (iphelele ngokwenani layo) nepentjheni (i-annuity) kumalunga asele asebenze embusweni ngaphezu kweminyaka elitjhumu. Kodwana mayelana nomthelo, amalunga we-GPEF azakudosekwa umthelo ngokufanako nemikhawulo ebekiweko emthethweni womthelo ongehla.

KUNGEBANGA LANI URHULUMENDE ASITJELA BONA SIYITHATHE BUNJANI IMALETHU YOMHLALAPHASI?

Umthetho lo unqophe ukusiza abantu bonyana bazilungiselele ikusasa ngokubulungela umhlalaphasi nokufumana ingeniso ngamanani aziinqetjhana lokha nasele bathethe umhlalaphasi. Ingeniso yanjalo njalo ivikela abompentjheni ekusebenziseni imalabo butjhlulweni bese bakateleleka ukuthembela khulu eeninini nakurhulumende. Irbhulululo litjengisa bonyana angaphasi kwama-10% amaSewula Afrika akghona ukuphila kamnandi ngemva kokuthatha umhlalaphasi.

Nawufuna ilwazi elinabileko vakatjhela ku: www.treasury.gov.za

URHULUMENDE WEENDAWO ZEMAKHAYA

UMasipala omKhulu weDorobha le-Mangaung uraga ituthuko

Noluthando Mkhize

Ukuletha iindingoqangi kuzakhamuzi kuliqalontangi eliqakathekileko likaMasipala omKhulu weDorobha ye-Mangaung. Idorobha le, ekungiy o kwaphela enoMasipala omkhulu ngeFreyistata, yakhelwe ziindawo ezintathu: i-Thaba Nchu, i-Botshabelo ne-Bloemfontein. USodorobha we-Mangaung u-Thabo Manyoni wathi kuliqaloqangi likamasipala ukuraga ituthuko nokuqinisekisa kobana iindingoqangi zenziwa ngcono njalobjalo.

IINKUMBA EZIQALEKAKO NEZINESITHUNZI ZABANTU BOKE

Ukusukela ngomnyaka wee-2011, umasipala unikele abantu abangaphezu kwee-69 000 iinkumba ezizii-23 000. Abanye abantu abazii-144 126 abajamele iminden i engaphezu kwee-48 000 esele babanikazi bamaphomede weziza nobunikazi beenkumba, okungenye ipumelelo kamasipala. “Idorobha inikele godu iminden i engaphezu kwee ezili-16 000 invumo yobunikazi beziza ngokwenziwa kweendawo zemitlhatlhana ezili-19 zibe semthethweni bekube gadesi. “Iinkumba ezima- 595 zokwabelana ezingahlalisa abantu abayi- 1785 zizokuqedwa ukwakhiwa ekupheleni komnyaka weemali wee-2015/16. “Ukwakha kuthomile eendaweni zokuhlaliswa kwabantu e-Dark City ne-Silver City, neenkumba ezima-800 ezizokuhlalisa abazuzi abazii-2 400 zizokuqedwa ukwakhiwa ngoMrhayili kilomnyaka wee-2016.”

IDOROBHA ENAMATHUBA KUBASISI NGEEMALI

USodorobha uManyoni wangezelela ngokuthi idorobha le ilungiselwa ukukhanga abatlalimali ukuzokusiza ngamaphrojekthi aragako wokuthuthukisa ngedorobheni. Idorobha le ifake iimali ezibonakalako ekuthuthukiseni indawo emagega nedoyelo leemphaphamtjhini. Sele ibizwa ngesiZinda sokuThuthukiswa kweDoyelo begodu kunqotjhwe ukuthakghula ituthuko endaweni leyo. “Le yiphrojekthi yethu ekulu sele sifake umthangalasisekelo njengedamu e-Naval Hill neZiko lokuHlwengiswa kwaManzi eseThagwini Pumalanga. Njenganje sineenkumba ezipheze zibe ma-250 ezakhiweko njengengceny e yokuthuthukiswa kwe-N8 hlanu kwedoyelo leemphaphamtjhini begodu kwakhiwa



Ihlelo leZindlu loKwakhelana le-Brandwag lizakunikela imiphakathi yethu amanye amathuba wokuhlala ngokwakhelana nokuqinisekisa ukuba seduze neendawo zemisebenzi nezinye insetjenziwa ezidingwa mindeni.

nesibhedlela.”Wangezelela ngokuthi ukuthuthukiswa ngokomnotho kweendawo ze-Botshabelo ne-Thaba Nchu maphrojekthi wedorobha aqakatheke khulu ngombana kunqotjhwe ngawo ukulungiswa iziga zebandlululo ngokulethela hlanu kwabantu ituthuko namathuba wezomnotho. “Idorobha, ngokusebenzisana norhulumente wesiFunda, izakufaka imali eziingidi ezima-R40 ngomnqopho wokuthuthukisa iindawo zomnotho. Lokhu kuzakufaka hlangana ukuthuthukiswa kwamabubulo wemakhaya, ukunikelwa kwamaqhinga wetuthuko ehlanganyelweko, amaziko wamabhizinisi neendawo zokuzithabisa nokuzigedla. “Iindaw ezi zizakukhanga okhunye ukusiswa kweemali esiyinginesi okusisenzo esizakuba yipengu yokutlhayela kwemisebenzi eendawenezi ezimbili.”

AMANYE AMAPHROJEKTHI WOKUTHUTHUKISWA KWENARHA:

- Ukutlanywa kwelokitjhi le-Brandkop 702 – okungenye yeendawana yeenkumba ezihlanganyelweko ngedorobheni, elinganiselwa eengidini ezili-R16.
- Ukutlanywa kwe-Cecilia Park – okungenye yeendawana yeenkumba ezihlanganyelweko ngedorobheni,

ngenani eliziingidi ezima-R20.

- Ukutlanywa kweNdawo emaGega neDoyelo leemPhaphamtjhini, ekuyiphrojekthi yeengidi zamaranda ezima-R97.
- Ukutlanywa kweTjhabhu yamaTrogo, iphrojekthi yeengidi ezima-R35.

“Ukutlanywa kwamaphrojekthi la akunanqotjhwa bonyana kuthenj elwe khulu ku-Bloemfontein njengeziko lezomnotho kodwana kuvuselelwe kabutjha iindawo nokuletha amathuba amatjha wezomnotho nakezinye iinyingi zikamasipala.”

Wangezelela ngokuthi idorobha lizakusisa iingidi ezili-19.95 weenkghudlhwana zokuthengisela ngekabeni yamadorobha we-Botshabelo ne-Thaba Nchu.

UKULAWULWA KUHLE KWEEMALI

USodorobha uManyoni wathi nakangena esikhundlenesi ngomnyaka wee-2011, iincwadi zikamasipala bezingakahlali kuhle. Wathi: “Singakutjho ngesibindi bonyana imalethu ilinganiselwa kubhiliyoni yi-R1.1 nakumadaniswa neengidi ezima-R246.4 ngomnyaka wee-2011. Lokhu kutjengisa ukukhula ngeengidi ezima-R855.8 ekusibalo esibuyelelwe kathathu kuneminyaka yeemali edlulileko. “Okuqakatheke khulu ekusebenzeni kwedorobha kube likghono lethu lokunzinzisa

ubujamo beemali zedorobha eminyakeni edlulileko”. Idorobha ithuthukise umphumela wayo wokuhlolwa kweencwadi zonyaka wee-2013/14 ukusukela embikweni otshwayiweko ukufikela konganamatshtwayo mHloliincwadi Zombebele u-Kimi Makwetu.

UKUFUMANEKA KWAMANZI

Ukusukela ngomnyaka wee-2011, iDorobha ye-Mangaung sele inikele imizi elinganiselwa eenkulungwaneni ezima-219 000 ngamanzi. “Okungasenani imizi eziinkulungwana ezili-159 000 ifakelwe amanzi anghla kwezinga lezindlu ze-RDP. Imizi edobha phasi etlolisiweko ezii-40 000 inikelwa simahla amakhilolitha wamanzi alitjhum i. “Njengendlela yokuqalana neentjhijilo zedorobha mayelana nokutlhayela kokubekwa komthamo wamanzi, idorobha litlame ihlelo elikhethekileko elitjha elinqophe ukuwandisa umthamo wamadamu nokuwenza bonyana amanzi adluliselwe eendaweni ezitjha.” Iphrojekthi le ilindeleke ukusiza ukuza emahlelweni afana nelokuthuthukisa indawo emagega nedoyelo leemphaphamtjhini, i-Cecilia Park ne-Vista Park. “Sizibophelele ekuphelisteni ukusalela emva kokufakwa kweendlwana zamanzi eminyakeni esithandathu, begodu ngokusekela lokhu, sizibophelele ekwakheni amadamu alikhomba amatjha. “Kabaliweko la, amabili sele aphelile e-45ML Longridge ne-35ML Naval Hill. Kukhuliswe umthamo wamanzi e-Sterkwater Waste Water Treatment Works ukusukela kumalitha aziingidi ezilitjhum i ukuya kezima-20. “Umthamo ongezlelweko lo uzakukghona ukuthwala imisebenzi ethuthukiswako emitjha ngedorobheni, njenge-Hillside View Development, i-Vista Park, i-Lourier Park ne-Rocklands.”

UKUTHUTHUKISWA KWELUTJHA LEDOROBHA

Idorobha ihlome mhlaphanje ihlelo lokuthuthukiswa kwelutjha ngokutjhebisana ne-ABSA. Ihlelwele, elinesibalo sokuthoma esizii-3 000, linqophe ukusiza ilutjha elingasebenziko ngomsebenzibandulo nokuthuthukiswa. “Ihlelwele lizakunqopha iindlela, ukusinda, imisebenzi yegezi kunye nebizelo lezokuthintana ngokwethekhnoloji. “Imali egaphezulu kweengidi ezima-R40 ibekelwe ngeqadi ngomnqopho wokusekela ihlelwele lomnyaka weemali wee-2014/15.”

Izindlu ezitjha ziletha isithunzi

Albert Pule

Lokha amafu wezulu nakabuthako nge-Marikana ngesikhathi sezulu, u-Katiso Emmanuel Makhabane bekahlubayela. UMakhabane nabomakhelwana bakhe gade bazibuza bonyana imitlhatlhanabo ayi-zuphetjhulwa lizulu. Wathi “Langelinye lana khulu umtlhatlhananami wazala amanzi, yoke ipahlami yaba manzi. Akukho lapho kwakunganamanzi khona ngendlini. Gade kukumbi”. Ubudisobu budlule ku-Makhabane njengombana kunetjhebiswano lomNyango wezokuHlaliswa kwaBantu ne-Lonmin Plc. Ngokwetjhebiswaneli, u-Makhabane uzikhakhazisa ngobunikazi bekumba etja enamakamura amane eseTjingalanga ye-Marikana, indawana engaphandle kwe-Rustenburg. Ufumana amanzi, igezi begodu uzizwa aphephile. U-Makhabane uhlezi emtlhatlhaneni endaweni yemitlhatlhana ebizwa i-Marasmus iminyaka eli-13, banganagezi, iindlwana ezinetlha nompheme ofaneleko.



Izindlu ezitjha eziseThagwini ye-Marikana zizokubuyisa isithunzi begodu zilethe netuthuko endaweni.

“Indawo leya ayikalungeli umuntu. Azikho iindlela ezihle, akunagezi, akunamanzi begodu besingakaphephi.” Ikumba yamakamura amane le inephunyana, indawo yokuphumula, amakamura wokulala amabili neyokuhlambela. Ingasikude nekumba ka-Makhabane, esinye isakhamuzi sangaphambilini se-Marasmus, uSenzelinceba Grigana ukhulumisana nomakhelwanakhe omutjha.

UGrigana (oneminyaka ema-44) ubuya ebujameni bokuhlala emtlhatlhaneni wasuka lapho waba mnikazi wekumba. Uthi uzizwa sele afana nomuntu mbala. UGrigana wathi, “Ngesinye isikhathi, gade ngizizwa ngingafani nomuntu onetlha ngokuhlala emtlhatlhaneni; indawo leya ayisingeyokuhlala abantu.” “Ukufuduka endaweni leya ukuza lapha kwenze umehluko epilwenami.

Ngizizwa ngiphephile begodu ngilala ngokutjhaphuluka ngokwazi bonyana angeze ngasahlelwa migulukudu ebusuku,” watjho ubuso bakhe bumomotheka.

IZINDLU EZIQALEKAKO

Indawo emahagere ama-50 yanikelwa yi-Lonmin ngoSewula wee-2013 izakuba neenkumba zokuhlala ngokwakhelana ezizii-2 600. Iinkumbezi zirhatjheke hlangana namahlelo weenkumba amane abizwa i-Breaking New Ground (i-BNG), i-Community Residential Units (i-CRUs), i-Social Housing and Finance Linked Individual Subsidy Programme. Isigaba sokuthoma sokwakha kulindelwe bonyana sibe neenkumba ze- BNG ezima-292 neze-CRU ezima-252. Iinkumba ze-CRU ezitjha zizokunikelwa ezinye izakhamuzi ze-Marikana, ukufaka hlangana no-Lesego Molemane oneminyaka ema-33 njenganje oqatjhe ikamura emzini lapho ahlala khona nosobentabakhe nendodakazi begodu ungomunye wabantu abazonikelwa iinkumba ezitjha. Wathi “Ngiphela ihliziyo ukuhlala endawenami ngingasabhadeli imali yokuqatjha. Ngirhabe ukungena ekumbenami etja”.

Ukuthuthukisa uMasipala weThekwini



UMasipala weThekwini uyaraga nokusebenza kabudisi ukwenza ngcono amaphilo wabantu.

Gugu Sisilana

Ngomnyaka wee-2030, i-Durban izakuba lidorobha le-Afrika elitjhejako nelihlalekako. Le yinembombono kaMasipala weThekwini. USodorobha weThekwini u-James Nxumalo wathi, “UMasipala bekasolo atjhegugulula amaphilo wabantu ukusukela ngamakhetho wentando yenengi wokuthoma eSewula Afrika ngonyaka we-1994. “Ngomnyaka wee-2015, i-Durban yame-nyezelwa yi-*International Mercer Survey* njengendorobha yeSewula Afrika enepilo engcono yezinga eliphezulu. Lokhu kufakazela bonyana idorobheli linehlelo lokuletha izenzelwa eliphuma phambili e-Afrika begodu liyaraga nokuba nomthelela omuhle emaphilweni wezakhamuzi eziingidi ezi-3.4”. Eminyakeni ema-20 edlulileko, idorobha yeThekwini yakhe iinkumba ezingaphezu kwee-200 000 zabantu abatlhagako nabangasebenziko abazii- 500 000.

UKWAKHIWA KWEZINDLU EZINETLHA
Iphrojekthi yamabhiliyoni ama-R25 yokuhlaliswa kwabantu ngokuhlanganyela ebizwa



i-Cornubia izakuhlalisa abantu abanengi abasathlhogi iindawo zokuhlala ezingabizi khulu. Iphrojekthi le izakufaka hlangana ukunikelwa kwamakhaya azii-28 000 kutjhejwe amazinga ahlukileko wengeniso. Inani leenkumba ezizii-15 000 kuzakuba ziinkumba ezisekelwe ngeemali nanyana zabantu abarhola kancani. Iphrojekthi le ehlonywe hlanu kweendawo ezinamathuba wezomnotho, iphumelelisa ukuhlanganiswa kwemiphakathi ehlukahlukeneko yobutjhaba boke.

- IPUMELELO YOKULETHWA KWEZENZELWA**
- Umasipala uthumela igezi kubathengi abangaphezu kwee-730 000 okufikelela endaweni eziinkwere zamakhilomitha azii-2 000. Kuthengwa ama-volts azii-275 000 wegezi ku-Eskom. Kuthuthukiswe ithungelelwano legezi bonyana kutjhejwe ukukhula kwendawo nomnotho nalabo abatjha abathlhogi ukufakelwa igezi, okufaka hlangana ukufakelwa kweendawo zemithlatjhana igezi efikela ee-13 342 eminyakeni edlulileko.
 - Idorobha leThekwini linikela emizini lapho intengo yeenkumba zabo ingaphasi kwee-R250 000.
 - Idorobha itjheja amatatawu webhola erarhwako ama-336, amaholo womphakathi ali-163, amaphaga ali-141, amazindla ama-65, amabulungelo weencwadi ama-95, amamyuziyamu alithoba neendawo zokududa ezima-52.
 - IHlelo ledorobha eliPhelisa umThhago iZibambele livule imisebenzi efikela kezii-6 000
 - Idorobha leThekwini lisise iimali kumaphrojekthi asakhasako azakuvula imisebenzi yasafuthi engaphezu kwee-680 000.
 - Umasipala uhlwengisa amakhilolitha

- wendle angaphezu kwee-491 000 qobe langa, ukuqinisekisa bonyana idorobha ibe nemiphakathi ephile kuhle.
- IThungelelwano leenThuthi zomPhakathi eliHlanganyelweko i-Go!Durban, eadorobheni yoke abakhweli abazii-600 000.

AMAHLELO WOKUTHUTHUKISA ILUTJHA
UMasipala uhlome i-Ofisi yokuThuthukiswa kweLutjha njengengcenyane yehlelo likaSodorobha ukuqinisekisa bonyana abantu abatjha babe yingcenyane yezomnotho. I-Ofisi le izakusiza ngokutlanywa kwemithethomgomo yokuthuthukiswa kwelutjha ibe mihlahlandlela yomkhandlu nakuphunyelelwa amahlelo wetuthuko nokunikela iinsetjenziswa ezinabileko namathuba ebantwini abatjha. Ngokukhambisana namahlelo karhulumente welizwe loke wokuthuthukiswa kwelutjha, umasipala wenze ihlelo lelutjha libe liqaloqangi ngokwaba isabelo seemali eesiziingidi ezima-R65.8 ezokusetjenzisela ukubandulwa kwelutjha ngamakghonofundwa emnyakeni weemali wee-2015/16.

- UKUSEKELA ABOSOMABHIZINISI ABATJHA**
- Eminyakeni edlulileko, umasipala gade asekelaba bathungi bezambatho abatjha nabasakhasako. Pheze abathungi abafika kabali-100 bafundiswe amakghonofundwa wezomabhizinisi newethekhnikhali begodu bafumana amathuba wokukhulumsana nabosolwazi bamabubulo kanti abama-34 bathunyelwe ehlelweni lomsebenzibandulo leentjhabatjhaba e-Milan, ese-Italy. Ihlelwele selithome ukuba nemiphumela emihle ngombana abanye abathungi sele banamabhizinisi aphumeleleko.
 - Umasipala usise ngaphezu kweengidi ezima-77 ku-Durban Business Fair eminyakeni eli-15. Umzamo lo utjengise ukuba yipumelelo ekulu namakhampani amancani adoswa phambili lilutjha aphumelele kuhle. Amanye wamakhampani la abe nengeniso engaphezu kweengidi ezima-R50 begodu avule imisebenzi engaphezu kwee-2 000.
 - Amahlelo aqakathekileko wokuthuthukiswa kwelutjha ahlonywa ngumasipala ngoMgwengweni wee-2014 afaka hlangana isiKhwama seSizo leeMali kubaFundi abavela emindenini

- edorobha phasi bonyana nabo babe nethuba lefundo.
- Nyakenye kwahlonywa iBhegere kaSodorobha, enqophe ukukhuthaza ilutjha uku-zibandakanya kezobukghwari, amasiko, imidlalo, ukuzithabisa namagugu bonyana kwakhiwe umphakathi obumbeneko.

I-DURBAN ILUNGELE IMIDLALO YE-COMMONWEALTH YOMNYAKA WEE-2022
I-Durban izakuba lidorobha lokuthoma e-Afrika elizokusingatha imiDlalo ye-Commonwealth ezokubanjwa ngomnyaka wee-2022 ngemva kwesimemezelo sanyakenye ngoKhukhulamungu. Kuneensetjenziswa zemidlalo ezingaphezu kwama-80% esele zikhona. UMasipala uraga kuhle ngamalungiselelo wokubamba umnyanya lo wezemidlalo. UNxumalo wathi, “sizokuba bosomnyanya bemidlalo le egameni lekhonthi-



menti ye-Afrika enesibalo sabantu abafika kubhiliyoni. Lokhu kumlando ngombana kungekokuthoma imidlalo le iza e-Afrika”. Wangezelela ngokuthi, “Imidlalo le izakusethenziselwa ukukhuthaza ukubumbana nokwakha isitjhaba sekhethu. Ukubanjwa kwemidlalo le kuzakunikela ilutjha lethu ithuba lokukhangisa italente yabo ebumeni bephasi ngomnyaka wee-2022. Sifuna babe ziinkutani zakusasa”.

*** UGugu Sisilana usebenza kwaMasipala weThekwini .**

Okufuze ukwazi ngamavowudu akhethekileko

AmaSewula Afrika azakuba nethuba lokuqinisa intando yenengi yelizwe ngokufaka itshwayo lawo ebhoksini lokukhetha emaKhethweni waboRhulumente beeNdawo zemaKhaya ngokukhamba komnyaka lo. Ngokuvowuda kwabo, amaSewula Afrika bazikhethela abarholi abazokuthuthukisa izinga lamaphilwabo. Izakhamuzi zingahlola ubujamo bazo bokutloliselwa ukuvowuda ku-inthanethi, ngokuthumela iNomboro kaMazisi wakho nge-SMS ku- 32810 nanyana uvakatjhele i-ofisi yeKomitjhini yezamaKhetho eziJameleko (i-IEC).

AMAVOWUDU AKHETHEKILEKO
Ivowudu elikhethekileko livumela umvowudi otlolisiweko, ongekhe akghona ukuvowuda esitetjhini sokuvowuda ngaphambi kwelanga lamakhetho. Akusibo boke abantu abalungelwe kuvowuda ngokukhethekileko. Umuntu ofuna ukwenza isibawo sokuvowudu ngokukhethekileko kufuze:

- Abe mvowudi otlolisiweko.
- Abe neNcwadi kaMazisi, ehlaza, ene-Bar Code, iKarada likaMazisi nanyana isitifikedi sikamazisi sesikhatjhana

- (yenza isibawo e-ofisini yomNyango wezangeKhaya).
- Khambisana nemibandela yehlobo lamakhetho (qala ngenzasi).

INGABE NGILUNGELWE KUVOWUDA NGOKUKHETHEKILEKO?
Ungenza isibawo sokuvowuda ngokukhethekileko nayibe:

- Uyabhalelwa kufika esitetjhini sokuvowuda ngonobangela wokugula, ukhubazekile nanyana usidisi nanyana ubhalelwa kuvowuda esitetjhini sakho ngelanga lamakhetho.

NGINGAVOWUDA NINI?
Ukuya ngokomthetho, amavowudu akhethekileko angenziwa ngelanga nanyana amalinga abekiweko erhelweni lamakhetho begodu akukghonakali ukutjhugulula ikambiso le.

NGIVOWUDELA KUPHI?

- Nawubhalelwa kuziyela esitetjhini sokuvowuda ngonobangela wokugula, ukhubazekile nanyana usidisi, iimphathimandla zamakhetho zizakuvakatjhela lapho uhlala khona (kufuze kube sesiyingini lapho utlolisele khona ukuvowuda) bakuvumele uvowude.

- Nawungaba nekhambo, kodwana ubhalelwe kuvowudela lapho utlolise khona ngelanga lamakhetho, uzakuvowudela esitetjhini lapho utlolise khona ngelanga elibekiweko ngokwerherho lamakhetho (ngokujayelekileko kungaba lilanga linye nanyana amabili ngaphambi kwelanga lamakhetho).

KWENZEKANI NANGIVOWUDA NGOKUKHETHEKILEKO?
Lokha isibawo sakho sevowudu ekhethekileko siphumelele, uzokuvowuda ngendlela elandelako:

- Izipho lesithupha sakho lizeswa nge-inki engasuki lula.
- INcwadi yakho kaMazisi igadangiswa ngesitembu.
- Ufumana amaphepha wokuvowuda afaneleko.
- Utshwaya iphepha nanyana amaphepha wokuvowuda ngemsitheleni, faka begodu uvalele iphepha lokuvoovuda ngaphakathi kwemvilobhu engakatlo-lwa.
- Imvilobhu engakatshwaywa ifakwa kenye imvilobhu enegama lakho, iNomboro kaMazisi nenomboro yesiyingi sokuvowudela. Ukusethenziswa kwee-

- mvilobhu ezimbili kukuqinisekisa ifihlo yevowudu yakho (imvilobhu engaphandle iyahlalwa ngaphambi kokubala).
- Iimphathimandla ze-IEC zithatha imvilobhu ziyifake ngebhoksini lamavowudu akhethekileko eliphephileko.
 - Igama lakho liyatshwaywa emtloveni wabavowudi ngo-“SV” ukutjengisa bonyana uvowude ngokukhethekileko.

Nawufuna ilwazi elinabileko, dosela i-IEC ku: 0800 11 8000 ukhombela ihlathululo mayelana nomrarwakho wezomabhizinisi. Iziko lemitato livuliwe NgoMvulo ukufikela ngeLesihlanu, ukuthoma nge-iri le-7 ekuseni ukufikela kele-9 ntambama.

*** Umthombolwazi: www.elections.org.za**