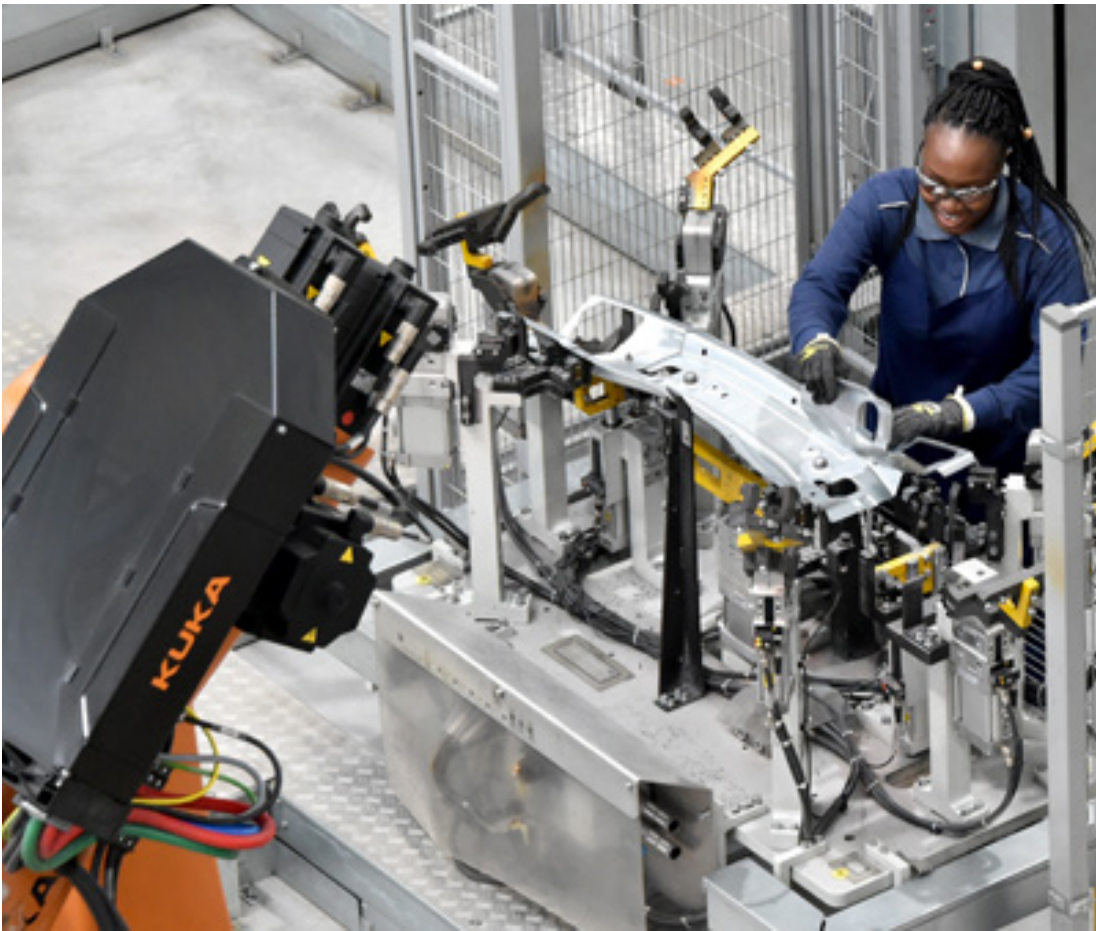


# Vuk'uzenzele

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## Citizens to benefit from 2022 Budget



The 2022 National Budget brought good news to South Africans as government has reiterated its commitment to making the lives of citizens better.

This will be done by supporting vulnerable and low-income households; improving education, health and capital investment; addressing service delivery challenges; providing tax relief; and continuing the fight against crime and corruption.

Finance Minister Enoch Godongwana said government needs to strike a critical balance between saving lives and livelihoods, while supporting inclusive growth. "This budget presents this balance," he said.

Over the next three years, R3.33 trillion has been allocated to the social wage, to support vulnerable and low-income households; and, over the medium-term, R76 billion has been allocated for job creation programmes.

"This year, an additional R18.4 billion has been made available for the Presidential Employment Initiative," the Minister added.

### Social grant increases

The Department of Social Development will receive R58.6 billion over the medium-term

to initiate a new extended child support grant for double orphans; provide for inflation increases to permanent social grants; and extend the Social Relief of Distress (SRD) Grant.

The increases are as follows:

- Old age, war veterans, disability and care dependency grants increase by R90 in April 2022, and a further R10 in October 2022;
- Foster care and child support grants increase by a once-off R20 in April 2022.

In addition, R44 billion has been allocated for the 12-month extension of the R350 SRD Grant.

### Uplifting citizens

In 2017, government announced a policy for fee-free higher education. An additional R32.6 billion has been allocated for financial support to current bursary holders and first-year students under the National Student Financial Aid Scheme.

In addition, R24.6 billion has been allocated to provincial education departments to address shortfalls in teacher compensation.

Provincial health departments will receive an additional

Cont. page 2



Changes to COVID-19 vaccination programme

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R24 billion allocated to infrastructure projects

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# Sabelomali sekukhula nekutfolakala kwemisebenti

**I**ndvuna yeTetimali Enoch Godongwana, usandza kwetfula Sabelomali lesesekela siphindze futsi sicinise luhlelo lwekusebenta lolu menyetelwe kuNkhulumo YaMengameli Yebunjalo Balelive (i-SoNA) kukhulisa umnotfo kanye nekwakha imisebenti.

Sabelomali siniketa imininingwane mayelana nekutsi hulumente uhlele kwakha imali kanjani nekutsi futsi utawuyisebentisa kuphi lemali kute kutsi ente timphilo tebantfu baseNingizimu Afrika tibe ncono.

Bantfu baseNingizimu Afrika labambalwa badzinga kutsi bakhunjutwe kutsi i-COVID-19 iwubhubhise kanjani umnotfo wetfu.

Nanoma-nje kune-tibonelelo letinkhulu tetemnotfo netenhlalo letetfulwa nga-2020, emabhizinisi afadabele futsi bantfu labanyenti labangaba tigidzi letimbili balahlekelwe yimisebenti yabo.

Emakhaya lamanyenti asindzile endlaleni ngesizatfu sekukhushulwa kwetibonelelo tetenhlalo.

Njengobe lolubhubhane lubhubhise umnotfo wetfu, ngako-ke kwente kutsi simo setimali talelive sibe sibi kakhulu.

Lomunye wemisebenti lebaluleke kakhulu yalolulawulo kube kubuyisela timali tetfu esimeni lesihle kute kutsi hulumente akwati kwenta umsebenti wakhe ngalokuyimphumelelo.

Indlela leyodvwa yekuphuma kulolubishi lolungaka kutsi

kukhuliswe umnotfo. Futsi indlela leyimphumelelo kakhulu kunciphisa buphuya kanye nendlala ngendlela lesimeme ngukwakha kabusha imisebenti.

Kungako-nje kufuna kukhula nekwakha imisebenti kuhamba embili kuloluhlelo lolubekwe ngemabalengwe ku-SoNA nakuSabelomali.

Loluhlelo lufaka ekhatsi tingucuko temnotfo letinkhulu letikhutsata lutjalomali nekukhula.

Letingucuko titawucinisekisa kutsi live lakitsi linagezi lowenele lotsengekako uhlangabane nekufunwa kwawo lokwandzako, kutsi ematibuko nabo jantji betfu benele, kutsi senta kancono kufinyelela masinyane, ku-inthanethi lesheshako, kutsi emakhaya nemabhizinisi abenemanti lawadzingako, nekutsi futsi siyakhona kuheha emakhono nelutjalomali lesiludzingako kwakha umnotfo lokhicitako nalonemandla.

Ngesikhatsi lapho khona imitfombolusito yahlumende ikhinyabetekile, letingucuko tekuhlela kabusha titawuvumela lutjalomali lwangasese kusakhiwanchanti lesibalulekile lesidzingwa ngumnotfo wetfu kutsi ukhule.

Loku kwenteka kanye neluhlakamsebenti lolubuyeketiwe lwetekubambisana kwetangasese netahulumende futsi tindlela letinsha letihlanganisa tinsita tangasese netahulumende kulutjalomali lwesakhiwanchanti.

Loku sitawukwenta



**Indvuna yeTetimali Enoch Godongwana etfula iNkhulumo yeSabelomali sanga-2022.**

ngendlela yekutsi kwenta kancano kusebenta kanye nesimo setimali temabhizinisi ahulumente labalulekile.

Loku kutawubeka emabhizinisi esimeni lesincono kakhulu kufezekisa emagunyakwenta etekutfutukisa, sibe futsi ngaso sona lesi sikhatsi sicinisekisa kutsi takhiwanchanti tahulumende tavelonkhe tichuma nekuba setandleni tembuso ngalokucinile.

Kwesekela lomsebenti, tigidzigidzi leti-R17.5 kuleSabelomali tiphakelwe imiklamo yetakhiwanchanti letitawuchuba lomsebenti kuleminyaka lemitsatfu letako. Loku, emkhatsini walokunye, kutawesekela kuphuculwa kwemigwaco, emabuhloho, emanti nenchubo yekuhanjiswa kwendle, tekutfutsa, tikolwa, tibhedlela kanye nemitfolamphilo.

LeSabelomali siyayesekela lemitamo lemenyetelwe ku-SoNA kute kutsi kukhululeke emandla emabhizinisi lamancane, lamancane kakhudlwana kanye nemabhizinisi langakahleleki.

Sibonelo, tigidzigidzi leti-R15 tibekwe eceleni mayelana nesicinisekiso semalimboleko lehlelwe kabusha letawukwenta

kutsi kube lula kumabhizinisi lamancane kutsi atfole kwelekelelwa ngetimali kute kutsi 'avuke' abuyele esimeni sawo lesihle sekukhicita.

Kutfole kubalulela kwetinsita letisisekelo telizinga lemphilolelihle kanye netelutjalomali kanye nemisebenti yebhizinisi, leSabelomali sikhulisa kakhulu liphakelo lekwetfulwa kwetinsita. Sibonelo, sifaka tigidzigidzi letengetiwe letinge-R30.7 kuliphakelo lahulumende wasekhaya letinsita tamasipala letisisekelo.

Tonkhe letinyatselo letitikhutsata kukhula kanye nekwenaba kwemafemu tiphindze futsi tesekele kusungulwa kwemafemu lamasha latawakha imisebenti lemisha.

Lemitamo lena, nanoma kunjalo, itsatsa sikhatsi kutsi ibutse letigidzi tebantfu baseNingizimu Afrika labafuna imisebenti. Ngesizatfu saloko-ke sibe selula Sikhutsati saMengameli Setekucashwa, lesekwente kutsi kudaleke ematfuba emisebenti newemitamo yekutiphilisa yebantfu labangetulu kwalaba-800 000 etinyangetiwe leti-R18.4

Tigidzigidzi letinye letengetiwe leti-R18.4

tiphakelelwe leminyaka lemibili letako kute kutsi lesikhutsati singachubeka sinikete bantfu imalingena lebalulekile, kutfutukiswa kwemakhono kanye nesipiliyoni semsebenti labangemakhulukhulu labangakacashwa, ikakhulu bantfu labasha.

LeSabelomali siphindze futsi sesekele kwelulwa ngemnyaka kwesikhatsi seSibonelo Sekuhhama Labaphundlwe Yinhlekelele sa-R350. Loku kutawunika bantfu labalinganiselwa kusigidzi lesi-10 sebazuzi labangasebenti ngesikhatsi bafuna imisebenti.

Lesibonelo lesi sikhulisa kakhulu kuvikeleka kwebantfu ngekwetenhlalo, lapho manje bantfu labacishe babe nge-46% manje sebatfole tibonelelo.

Ngalamafisha, lesi Sabelomali lesihlose kungashiya muntfu ngaphandle.

Ngisho naloku simo semalingena sisibi kangaka, leSabelomali sicondzisa imitfombolusito etindzaweni letikhombisa kutsi tinemandla ekukhula nekuveta imisebenti, ikakhulu kuhlelwa kabusha kwetakhiwo, takhiwanchanti nekwesekela emabhizinisi lamancane.

Ngaso futsi lesi sikhatsi, sesekela bantfu labasebasha ngetinhlelo tekucashwa tahulumende netenhlalo, siphindze futsi selule kuvikeleka ngekwetenhlalo kwalabo labahlaseleka kalula.

Indlela leya ekuvukeni kwelive letfu iyeniyukela futsi itawuphonsa insayeya kakhulu. Kodvwa ngaletinyatselo lesitibeke ku-SoNA, ngaleSabelomali lesetfuliwe, futsi ngalokubambisana nekutibandzakanya kwabo bonkhe bantfu baseNingizimu Afrika, sitawuphumelela.

# Tingucuko Eluhlelweni Lwekugomela i-COVID-19

**L**itiko Letemphilo selimemetele tingucuko eluhlelweni lwekugoma njengencenye yemitamo lechubekako yekukhulisa lizinga lekugomela Ligciwane leKhorona (i-COVID-19) eNingizimu Afrika.

Letingucuko, lebetikho-njwindlela bufakazi betesayensi, tifaka ekhatsi kunciphisa sikhatsi emkhatsini wemgomo wekucala newesibili we-Pfizer kusuka emalangenini lange-42 kuya kulange-21.

“Bonkhe bantfu lasebagome ngalokuphelele ngemgomo we-Pfizer, lokusho lasebayijove yomibili lemigomo, manje sebatawufaneleka kutfolo umjovosigcwaliseli emalanga lange-90 (noma tinyanga letintsatfu) ngemuva kwemgomo wesibili,” kusho litiko.

Phambilini lomjovosigcwaliseli bewujovwa emalangenini la-180 (noma tinyanga letisi-

tfupha) ngemuva kwemgomo wesibili.

Labo labangetulu kweminyaka le-18 budzala, labajova kanye ngemgomo we-*Johnson and Johnson* (i-J&J), manje sebayafaneleka kutsi batfole umjovosigcwaliseli wawo lowo mgomo wasekucaleni noma-ke umjovosigcwaliseli we-Pfizer ngemuva kwesikhatsi lesitinyanga letimbili (emalanga lange-60).

Labo labangetulu kweminyaka le-18 budzala, labajova kanye ngemgomo we-Pfizer manje sebayafaneleka kutsi batfole umjovosigcwaliseli wawo lowo mgomo wasekucaleni noma-ke umjovosigcwaliseli we-J&J lokungenani emalanga lange-90 (tinyanga letintsatfu) ngemuva kwemgomo wesibili.

“Lemijovotigcwaliseli lena ibitwa ngekutsi ngema-*heterologous*, lokusho kutsi yimijovotigcwaliseli yemigomo leyehlukenene kunaloyo

lowajovwa ngawo ekucaleni,” kuchaze litiko.

Sincumo sekutsi ngumuphi umgomo lofanele wentiwe umjovosigcwaliseli kufanele kutsi kukhonjwindlela kuba-khona kwemigomo, kwengeta litiko.

“Uma ngabe ikhona yomibili lemigomo kuleyo ndzawo, kufanele kutsi kunconotwe sigcwaliseli lesifana nesekucala, ngaphandle uma ngabe muntfu logomako ucela ukutfolo umgomo losigcwaliseli lowehlukile, noma-ke kunemlandvo wekutsi utfolo umtselela lomubi kakhulu ngemuva kwekugoma.”

Litiko likhutsate bantfu baseNingizimu Afrika kutsi bagome ngoba imigomo ihlala njalo isikhali lesisebenta kahle kakhulu ekulweni nelubhubhane noma iniketa kuvikeleka ekungenweni yi-COVID-19.

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Tonkhe tehlakalo letibi kabi tangemuva kwekugoma tifanele kutsi tibikwe esiteshini sekugoma lesidvutane noma kushayelwe lucingo lweMmango Lwamahhala: **0800 029 999.**

## Making local government work

**P**resident Cyril Ramaphosa says councillors and local governments must address service delivery with urgency and to turn local government around.

The President made the remarks at the opening session of the sixth national conference of the South African Local Government Association recently.

The conference is one of the biggest gatherings of all three spheres of government, civil society, business and other stakeholders in the country – bringing together officials from some 257 municipalities across the country.

“Local government is where you can make the biggest difference in the lives of our people,” he said.

The President added that

local government is the most important enabler of economic growth and development.

“I have no doubt that each one of us understands the urgency of this moment. Let us turn adversity into opportunity. Let us turn local government around,” President Ramaphosa said.

He added that “commendable progress” has been made through the provision of water, sanitation and other basic services to communities, saying that improvement requires a concerted effort from each municipality and its leadership.

### Municipal challenges

The President painted a picture of the challenges municipalities are facing while attempting to provide services to the

communities they serve.

According to the President:

- A government report shows that only 5% of the country’s municipalities are financially stable;
- Other municipalities are in financial distress, with insufficient revenue to meet their expenses;
- Some 64 municipalities are considered to be dysfunctional;
- At least 31 municipalities are currently under administration.

“This dysfunction is rooted in poor governance, weak institutional capacity, poor financial management, corruption and political instability. Many residents have lost faith in the ability of local government to meet their needs.”

He called on government leaders to correct failures and guide municipalities

towards sustainability, efficiency and clean governance.

### District Development Model

President Ramaphosa reiterated government’s commitment to implementing the District Development Model (DDM), which is aimed at improving coordination between the three spheres of government and its social partners.

He said the DDM is helping to grow local economies, create jobs and deliver services better and faster.

“Through this model, we aim to energise our entire system of cooperative governance, and bring coherence to planning and implementation.”

The President explained

that as part of the DDM, the Department of Cooperative Governance is drawing profiles for each district and metro, which highlight the “challenges and opportunities” in those communities.

These profiles will provide the basis for the ‘One Plan’ of the metro or district, which is an inter-governmental plan.

“Through these One Plans, we are forging innovative partnerships with communities, businesses and other stakeholders to improve and accelerate implementation of key development projects.

“We are looking to the DDM to help put South Africa on a new path of socio-economic and spatial transformation,” he said.

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