Vuk'uzenzele



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Investment inspires confidence

THE R6.1 BILLION investment by Toyota, one of the country's largest car manufacturers, will grow the local economy and create jobs.



President Jacob Zuma at the Toyota plant during the launch of the new Hilux and Fortuner models in Durban, KwaZulu-Natal.

Thandeka Ngobese

ar manufacturer Toyota has invested over R6 billion into South Africa by opening a plant to produce the new Hilux and Fortuner models in Durban, KwaZulu-Natal.

The production of the new models supports more than

4 000 jobs while total employment in the plant exceeds 8 000 jobs.

Speaking at the launch of the locally-produced Toyota models, President Jacob Zuma said the investment demonstrates confidence in South Africa's economy.

"This is a significant contribution towards dealing with the serious challenge of unemployment in our country. This investment clearly demonstrates the confidence that global automotive producers continue to have in South Africa as an investment destination and the supportive policy environment which we offer."

The President said

government has taken a conscious decision to support the country's automotive sector.

"The support provided by government through the Department of Trade and Industry (dti) has attracted investments of over R25

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Electricity to benefit thousands

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Skills centre for the youth

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Websites: www.gcis.gov.za www.vukuzenzele.gov.za E-mail: vukuzenzele@gcis.gov.za Tel: (+27) 12 473 0179

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Motlakase bakeng sa ho thusa ba dikete

Thandeka Ngobese

waloka karolo ya Lenaneo le Phethahetseng la Ntshetsopele ya Dibaka tsa Mahaeng (CRDP), Lefapha la Kopanelo ya Puso le Merero ya Botjhaba (COGTA) la KwaZulu-Natal le fana ka motlakase ho malapa a 1 200 a metseng ya mahae.

Batho ba ka bang 10 000 ba tla kgola molemo mokutung ona wa diranta tse dimilione-milione ho neha bomasepala ba metse ya mahae ditshebeletso tsa motheo.

O mong wa metsana e tla kgola molemo ke wa Ndwedwe. Mmuso wa KwaZulu-Natal o lokolla porojeke ya ho kenya motlakase ya R19 milione tulong eo.

CRDP e sebetsana le dintlha tse kang ntshetsopele e fokolang, hobeng teng ha dijo tse lekaneng, tlhokeho ya mesebetsi, bofuma le mathata a mang a kahisano, tse seng di tshwantshwa le metse ya mahae

Motlakase o fetola maphelo a batho

Zibuyiile Ngcobo (65)

(65) wa Sonkombo ka hara toropo ya Ndwedwe, Kwa-Zulu-Natal, o ne a nahana hore a keke a hlola a fumantshwa motlakase.

"Ke ne ke ngongorehela hore nka nna ka shwa ntle le ho ba le motlakase lapeng la ka, empa mmuso o nthusitse le ba lelapa la ka mme jwale re kgona ho ba le boiphihlelo ba monate wa bophelo ba sejwalejwale.

"Matsatsi ane a hore re tsamaye ka hara moru re batlana le patsi ya ho besa ke ntho ya maoba le bana ba rona jwale ba ka ithuta ka hara polokeho ya mabone a motlakase," o ile a rialo.

Mokgolamolemo e mong Nontshisekelo Bhengu (45) o re ba ne ba shebella televishene feela ha ba ne ba etetse ba leloko metseng ya ditoropong. "Jwale re ka shebella televishene ka hara malapa a rona. Re ne re sebedisa R42 bakeng sa dipalangwang hore feela re ilo tjhatjha difounu tsa rona Verulam. Ho ba le motlakase ke kimoloho e kgolo ho rona. Re leboha mmuso ka ho re neha ona," o ile a rialo.

Ha a ne a tshetlehe-

"Matsatsi ane a hore re tsamaye ka hara moru re batlana le patsi ya ho besa ke ntho ya maoba."

la badudi puo Setho sa Lekgotla la Phethahatso (MEC) Nomusa Dube-Ncube o kgothaleditse baahi ho tlaleha boshodu bo belaellwang ba motlakase bo amang bokgoni ba mmuso ba ho fana ka motlakase metseng e meng.

"Jwaloka badudi, jwale le na le boikarabelo ba ho netefatsa hore le sebedisa motlakase ka bohlale le hore ha ho motho ya hokelang motlakase ntle le molao kapa a leka ho qhekella dimithara hobane tjhelete eo le e lefang e lebiswa ho netefatseng hore Eskom e tswela pele ho hlahisa motlakase," ho ile ha rialo MEC Dube-Ncube.

Setho sa Thero ya Molao sa Porofense, Sihle Zikalala, ya tswang Ndwedwe, o lebohile ketapele ya lehae bakeng sa ho netefatsa hore tulo eo e fuma ntshwa motlakase le ho hopotsa badudi ka dikotsi tsa ho hokelwa ha motlakase ho seng molaong.



Nontshisekelo Bhengu o tjhatjhile mithara wa hae o patallwang pele mmoho le Setho sa Lekgotla la Phethahatso sa KwaZulu-Natal sa Lefapha la Kopanelo ya Puso le Merero ya Botjhaba Nomusa Dube-Ncube.

Tshwane gets tough on drugs

Nonkululeko Mathebula

he City of Tshwane is spending millions of rands fighting drug abuse after a continued influx of Mandrax, Nyaope and other drugs.

"We are aware that Tshwane has been labelled the drug capital of South Africa and this led to us allocating R50 million to tackle the problem in the 2015/16 financial year," said Tshwane Executive Mayor Kgosientso Ramokgopa.

With the financial year drawing to a close, the R15 million not yet spent will be added onto other, yet-to-be-allocated funds to supplement the city's existing



initiatives to combat substance abuse. A percentage will go to

rehabilitation centres and social welfare organisations.

Ramokgopa said that despite the underspending, he is happy with what the city was able to achieve, adding that more funds will be injected into fighting drugs in the next financial year.

He said the money will assist in empowering ward-based drug action committees, which address drug problems and offer counselling and support for addicts.

So far, the city has established 48 local drug action committees in areas such as Soshanguve, Mabopane, Winterveldt, Ga-Rankuwa, Hammanskraal, Atteridgeville, Olievenhoutbosch, Cullinan and Mamelodi.

While the city has pledged to establish the equivalent of a narcotics unit within the Tshwane

Metro Police, efforts to clamp down on the manufacturing and distribution of drugs are ongoing.

"We have committed ourselves to conducting sporadic raids in drug distribution hotspots."

The Executive Mayor also announced plans for an awareness campaign aimed at the youth called 'Tswa Daar', which means 'stop it'.

According to Ramokgopa, the ultimate goal is not only to win the fight against drugs but to also have drug users completely rehabilitated.

"Although we are not catching the big fish, we are making arrests and are slowly making progress in this regard," said Ramokgopa.

Setsha sa bokgoni bakeng sa batjha

SETSHA SE sa tswa bulwa sa merero e mengata se reretswe ho matlafatsa batjha ba Karoo Bohareng, pele se fanwa naheng kaofela.

Amukelani Chauke

Ioporesidente Jacob Zuma hau-Ifinyana tjena o butse setsha sa pele sa mofuta wa sona Kapa Bophirima Bohareng ba Karoo.

Batjha ba lehae ba ne ba itahletse ka setotswana kahong ya Setsha sa Batjha sa Beaufort West, se phethetsweng ka Mmesa 2015. Maitsebelo ao ba ithutileng a keke a lahleha fela hobane ho tla thehwa koporasi bakeng sa mosebetsi wa ditokiso le paballo ya setsha sena sa batjha.

Ha a ne a tshetleha puo moketeng wa phano, Moporesidente o itse "Ke fana ka setsha sena lebitsong la bahale ba kekeng ba balwa ba neng ba iteletse mekutu e meholo le ho intsha sehlabelo ho netefatsa moloko wa kajeno le meloko e tlang e thabela tokoloho le demokerasi".

Phano ena ho etsahetse hore e be e motjheng o nepahetseng ka lebaka la hore sena ke sehopotso sa bo 40 sa merusu

ya batjha ya 1976.

Kaho ya setsha e qadile ka 2012, ka mokete wa ho phethola lekote o etsahetseng ka Letsatsi la Mandela la selemo seo. Letona la Ntshetsopele ya Dibaka tsa Mahae le Tlhabollo ya Mobu Gugile Nkwinti le buile ka nako eo hore ntshetsopele eo e tla sebetsa jwaloka porojeke ya teko eo qetellong e tla fanwa diporofenseng tse ding.

"...jwaloka mmuso, diphephetso tse tobileng batjha, tse kang tlhokeho ya mesebetsi, ke dingongoreho tsa rona tse kgolo ka ho fetisisa.

"Leha maemo a batjha a ntse a ntlafala ka hara naha, tlaleho ya Porofaele ya Batjha ya Kahisano e bontsha hore batiha ba batho ba batsho ka ho qolleha ba ntse ba tobane le diphephetso tse ngata mabapi le ho kenyeletswa ka hara mmaraka wa mesebetsi, papisong le thaka tsa bona tsa makgowa," ho ile ha rialo Moporesidente Zuma.

Ditshebeletso tse teng se-



Moporesidente Jacob Zuma haufinyana tjena o butse setsha sa merero e mengata se tla thusa ho neha batjha maitsebelo Karoo Bohareng ho la Kapa Bophirima.

tsheng di kenyeletsa setsha se nang le thepa ka botlalo sa maitsebelo se laolwang ke Kholetjhe ya Kapa Bophirima bakeng sa ho fana ka thupello ho tsa tsamaiso ya dikgwebo, tsebo ya khompyutha le ntshetsopele ya bana ba lokisetswang sekolo (ECD) ho Lebotho la Naha la Tshebeletso ya Batjha ba Metse ya Mahae

(NARYSEC) ba 200 ka selemo. Hape ho na le ampitheyetara le holo ya setjhaba tse hlabollotsweng botjha tse tla bulelwa

badudi ka bophara.

Moporesidente Zuma o itse setsha sa tlhahisoleseding ya thekenoloji le dikgokahanyo (ICT) tulong ena se tla thusa ditho tsa badudi ho fihlella

inthanete ya lebelo le pha-

hameng le dithekenoloji tsa tlhahisoleseding tse tla thusa bakeng sa ho ba momahanya le setjhaba se batlang se phatlaletse sa tlhahisoleseding.

Tulo ena hape e na le ditshebeletso tsa maemo a lefatshe a dipapadi le boithapollo tse tla neha batho monyetla wa ho kenella ho mefuta e fapaneng ya dipapadi le ho thusa ho fetola mefuta e fapafapaneng ya dipapadi ya Aforika Borwa.

Letamo la ho sesetsa le ka bang halofo ya boholo ba matamo a Diolimpiki le tla sebediswa ke dihlopha tsa disesi le ho tshwara ditlhodisano tsa ho sesa, ha jimonasiamo e hoketsweng thepa e ka bapiswang le ya dibaka tsa boikwetliso tsa poraefete, ka tshehetso ya Virgin Active Group.

"Sebaka sena sa boikwetliso se bontsha se ka etsahalang ha mmuso le lekala la poraefete di bopa bomphato bakeng sa ho ntshetsapele badudi ba fumanehileng," ho ile ha rialo Moporesidente Zuma. U

Operation Phakisa training benefits KZN artisans

Thandeka Ngobese

ransnet has announced that it will spend R7.7 billion on training as it drives to meet capacity requirements in line with its Market Demand Strategy (MDS). As part of this initiative, the Transnet National Ports Authority (TNPA) has selected 18 candidates from the South Durban Basin for Operation Phakisa technical training.

The training forms part of Transnet's MDS to train artisans for the shipbuilding and repair industry and is in line with Operation Phakisa, which aims to unlock the potential of the oceans economy.

TNPA's Port of Durban has adopted 15 schools in the South Durban Basin and has various programmes in place aimed at developing mission critical skills within its communities from the ground up.

The Operation Phakisa technical training programme consists of two, three-year courses - Millwright and Coded Weld-

ing - run by the Transnet School of Engineering and a course on spray painting that will take place later during the year.

Being a part of TNPA's Operation Phakisa technical training course for Vuyani Chiya (23) is more than an opportunity to further his education, it is the means through which he hopes to change both his life and that of his mother.

Chiya who has been living in the South Durban Basin while he studies towards his N4 and N5 certificate at Umlazi Computech, is now working towards qualifying as a millwright.

"To be selected for this course, is a dream come true. I will study hard to fulfil my dream. We thank Transnet for those of us who come from disadvantage backgrounds," he said.

Capacity-building Manager for the KZN region at the Transnet School of Engineering Thandukwazi Magcaba said the skills training programme was a great opportunity, not only for the students but also



Students participating in the three-year Millwright course being run by the Transnet School of Engineering as part of Transnet National Ports Authority's Operation Phakisa technical training.

for the country.

"Programmes such as these are incredibly important. I would say any country without properly trained artisans is lagging behind because, in some sectors, we do not have our own artisans and these individuals are imported. However, with programmes such as this in place, we can cut down on the amount of imports, har-

ness job creation and move our unique projects forward."

Each course is made up of three phases. In the first, the apprentices are taught basic tooling; in the second, they familiarise themselves with the equipment they will be working with/on; and in the final phase, the students work practically and are tested accordingly.

The success of the training programmes offered by the school, said Magcaba, is indicated by the increase in entrant numbers each year.

"When I first started here five years ago, we had 290 students. Now we have 539 - nearly double that number. It is very rewarding to know that we are helping to bring about positive change."

Batjha ba Aforika Borwa ba hloka 'ho thuswa hore ba ithuse'



Khathu Ramukumba, Mohlanka e Moholo wa Phethahatso (CEO) wa Eijensi ya Naha ya Ntshetsopele ya Batjha (NYDA) o buisana le batjha nakong ya lenaneo la ho fihlella batjha la NYDA.

Khathu Ramukumba

a la 16 Phupjane re tla be re hopola sehopotso sa bo 40 sa merusu ya batjha ya 1976 le maitelo a entsweng ke batho ba moloko oo bakeng sa ho aha naha ya demokerasi.

Ho bile le dikuno tse ngata esale ho tloha ka 1994 empa batjha ba Aforika Borwa ba ntse ba angwa ke mabaka a bohlokwa a kang bofuma, ho se lekalekane le tlhokeho ya mesebetsi.

Ho sa le ho ngata ho tshwanelwang ho etswa bakeng sa ho hodisa seriti le ntshetsopele ka hara batjha.

Eijensi ya Naha ya Ntshetsopele ya Batjha

Eijensi ya Naha ya Ntshetsopele ya Batjha (NYDA) le thehilwe jwaloka setheo se le seng, se kopaneng bakeng sa ho sebetsana le mabaka a ntshetsopele ya batjha maemong a naha, a diporofenseng le a mebusong ya lehae.

NYDA e bapala karolo e ka sehloohong bakeng sa ho netefatsa hore bankakarolo ba ka sehloohong ba kang mmuso, lekala la poraefete le setjhaba ka kakaretso, ba beha ka sehloohong ntshetsopele ya batjha le ho nyehela mabapi le ho hlwaya le ho kenya tshebetsong ditharollo tsa moshwelella ho diphephetso tsa ntshetsopele ya batjha.

Ka Mmesa 2013, dikgwebo, mmuso, mekgatlo ya basebetsi, setjhaba ka kakaretso le mekgatlo eo e seng ya mmuso

"Sepheo hape ke ho etsa hore moruo o ikemisetse ho tobana le ditlhoko tsa batjha tsa mosebetsi le ho hlahisa mesebetsi e dimilione tse hlano bakeng sa batjha ka 2020."

e saenne Tumellano ya Kgiro ya Batjha bakeng sa ho ntlafatsa ho matlafatswa le ho kenngwa ha batjha mesebetsing.

Merero ya Tumellano ya Kgiro ya Batjha e matahantswe le mekutu e fapafapaneng ya mmuso bakeng sa ho tshehetsa diphethoho moruong. Sepheo hape ke ho etsa hore moruo o

ikemisetse ho tobana le ditlhoko tsa batjha tsa mosebetsi le ho hlahisa mesebetsi e dimilione tse hlano bakeng sa batjha ka

Tshehetso ya Mmuso ya NYDA ke e tswellang. Sehlopha sa Tshebetso sa Batjha Kantorong ya Moporesidente, se eteletsweng pele ke Motlatsi wa Letona Kantorong ya Moporesidente, Buti Manamela, se tsepamisitse maikutlo ditabeng tsa batjha ho ntlafatsa bohokahanyi ba bankakarolo le ditheo tsa batjha.

Phihlello e nngwe e hlokolosi ke ho hlomathiswa ha Leano la Naha la Batjha (2009-2014) le ho amohelwa ha Leano la Naha la Batjha (2015-2020). Leano le tsepamisitse maikutlo hodima bonkakarolo moruong, diphethoho, thuto, ntshetsopele ya maitsebelo, tlhokomelo ya kalafo le ho lwantsha tshebediso e mpe ya dithethefatsi, kaho ya setjhaba le momahano ya kahisano.

Diphihlello

NYDA e fetola ho tsepamisa maikutlo bakeng sa ho sebeletsa batjha betere. Haufinyana tjena, NYDA e fihlelletse tlha-

Nakong ya 2014/15 NYDA e fihlelletse tse latelang:

 Dikgwebo tse 1 034 tseo e leng tsa batjha di amohetse Thuso ya Ditjhelete ya NYDA e hlotseng mesebetsi e 4 343.



Baetapele ba dikgwebo ba
62 916 ba tsheheditswe ka
ditshebeletso tsa Tshehetso ya
Ntshetsopele ya Dikgwebo ya
NYDA.



 Batjha ba 5 319 ba ile ba ngodiswa ho Lenaneo la NYDA la Monyetla wa Bobedi wa ho ngola Materiki hape.



 Batjha ba 300 ba ile ba tshehetswa ka Letlole la Dithuso tsa Dithuto la Solomon Mahlangu.



Batjha ba **937 949** ba ile ba tshehetswa ka tataiso ya bo mong le ya sehlopha ka makala a mesebetsi.



 Batjha ba 2 342 ba nkile karolo ho lenaneo le hlophisitsweng la Kaho ya Batjha.



 Batjhaba 12 490 ba ile ba ngodiswa ho mananeo a boithaopi a Tshebeletso ya Naha ya Batjha (NYS).



 Batjha ba 57 412 ba ile ba tshehetswa ka mananeo a boitokisetso ba mosebetsi le a maitsebelo a bophelo



tlhobo ya yona ya hlakiso ya dibuka tsa ditjhelete e hlokang bosodi esale mme e fumanwe e imatahanya le melao ka botlalo.

Ho ba lekala la ntshetsopele le tshepahalang le ho ba le bokgoni, NYDA e suthiseditse mosebetsi wa yona wa mantlha ho tloha ho thuso ya dikgwebo ka ditjhelete ho lebisa thutong le ntshetsopeleng ya maitsebelo. Phethoho e kgolo e ile ya ba ho fetoha mabapi le ho fana ka dikadimo ho lebiseng ho fana ka thuso tsa ditjhelete ho baetapele ba dikgwebo ba batjha.

Dipalo di pheta pale ya phano ya ditshebeletso e ntlafetseng. Leha ho le jwalo, ditlhoko tsa batjha di feta bokgoni ba NYDA. Tshebedisano le makala kaofela a setjhaba ke ntho e batlehang.

Ke ntho e hlokolosi ho qhaneha bokgoni bo hlahiswang ke batjha le ho bo sebedisa molemong wa kgolo ya naha le ntshetsopele. Re se re qadile ho ngola pale e fapaneng: eo e leng ya tshepo, boikemisetso, bokgoni ba tlhahiso le katleho. Bohareng ba pale ena e ntjha ke batjha ba ikemiseditseng le ho matlafatswa.

Batjha ba naha ena ba itse ha ba batle 'ho fepuwa' empa ba batla 'ho thuswa hore ba ithuse'. Ba thuseng ho fihlella bokgoni ba bona ka botlalo.

*Khathu Ramukumba, Mohlanka e Moholo wa Phethahatso (CEO) wa NYDA.