

# Vuk'uzenzele

**JOBS  
INSIDE:**

Produced by Government Communications (GCIS)

English/isiXhosa

| EkaTshazimpunzi 2018 Ushicilelo 2

## Farewell Mama Winnie



**1936 - 2018 Lala ngoxolo qhawekazi. • Cont. page 2**



**Nelson  
Mandela:  
A legacy of  
freedom**

**Page 4**



**Local community  
reaps farm's  
rewards**

**Page 8**



**ALSO AVAILABLE ON:**



**@VukuzenzeleNews**

**f Vuk'uzenzele**

Websites: [www.gcis.gov.za](http://www.gcis.gov.za)

[www.vukuzenzele.gov.za](http://www.vukuzenzele.gov.za)

E-mail: [vukuzenzele@gcis.gov.za](mailto:vukuzenzele@gcis.gov.za)

Tel: (+27) 12 473 0353

**Free Copy**

*“Never, never and never again shall it be that this beautiful land will again experience the oppression of one by another and suffer the indignity of being the skunk of the world.”*

Nelson Mandela

**100** Nelson Mandela  
Centenary  
2018  
Be the Legacy



# Ukulwa imbalela enkulu

**XA KULAPHA** imbalela ibhengezwe njengentlekele yesizwe, uVuk'uzenzele ungena nzulu kunobangela wayo nento eyenziwayo ukulondoloza amanzi.

**X**a kulapha imbalela ifikelele kwawona maqondo aphezulu eyona ngxaki eMntla naseMpuma Koloni apho amanzi emadamini kuMasipala oMba-xa weNelson Mandela Bay (eBhayi) akwiqondo leepe-senti ezi-25 kuphela, lixesha ngoku lokuba abemi base-Mzantsi Afrika bamanyane balondoloze lo mthombo unqabileyo noxabiseke kangaka.

Imbalela lixesha elide apho imvula ina kancinci ngendlela engaqhelekanga khona, nto leyo ekhokelela ekunqongophaleni kwamanzi.

Ngokutsho kukaGqirha uMathieu Roualt, injingalwazi yaseYunivesithi yaseKapa kwiSebe lezeNzululwazi ngoLwandle, izinto eziphambili ezi-bangela imbalela lifuthe lenkanyamba u-El Niño nokutshintsha kwemozulu.

“Inkanyamba u-El Niño sisehlo esindaliweyo nesimana sibuya qho emva kweminyaka emithathu ukuya kwemihlanu.



Unyusa amaqondo obushushu kumalwandle ePasifiki nawe-Indiya, nto leyo kwelayo icala enokubangela iimeko zembalela,” utsho.

Ukutshintsha kwemozulu yimo echazwa njengokutshintsha kwiindlela zenkqubo zemozulu ehlabathini liphela okanye kummandla. Yinto leyo eyaqala phakathi ukuya ekupheleni kwenkulungwane yama-20, yaye ibangwa ikakhulu ngamaqondo aphezulu omoya omdaka olapha esibhakabhakeni

nozalwa zizibaso zezinto ezaziphila mandulo zaza zaba ngamatye.

“Kule nkulungwane iduleyo, amazantsi e-Afrika abe nokubaxeka kokutshintsha kwemozulu unyaka nonyaka, nto leyo ekhokelele kwiimbalela enkulu noku-phazamiseka kwezityalo nezinto eziphilayo elwandle nasehlabathini. Oku kutshintsha kwemozulu kunefuthe

kushishino lwezolimo, oovimba bamanzi nezokuloba kuze kugqibele ngoqoqosho ngokubanzi. Oku kutshintsha kukwaphazela nokuhamba kwamanzi emachibini, izityalo nokungena kwezondlo elwandle,” uchaze watsho uGqirha Roualt.

Eli futhe liviwa kakhulu ngokukodwa nguMzantsi Afrika kuba ilizwe lethu kakade selinomyinge ophantsi kakade wokuna kwemvula ngonyaka oziimililitha ezingama-450, xa kuthelekiswa nomyinge wehla-

bathi oziimililitha ezingama-860.

## Liyintoni ifuthe lembalela?

Ngenyanga yoMdumba, iSebe loLawulo lweNtsebenziswano neMicimbi yeMveli layihlela ngokutsha imbalela layisusa kwimo eyintlekele yephondo yayintlekele yesizwe.

“Emva kokuhlola ngokutsha ubungakanani nobukhali bembalela egqubayo ubuncinane kumaphondo amathathu, abalawuli bentlekele baphinda bayihlela ngokutsha imbalela njengentlekele yesizwe,” itshilo intloko yeZiko loLawulo lweNtlekele leSizwe, uGqirha Mmaphaka Tau.

Noxa ifuthe lembalela kwezozoqoqosho kunzima ukulilinganisa, libe likhulu kakhulu kwicandelo lezolimo. ENTshona Koloni, eliliphondo lesibini elikhulu kweli lizwe elinegalelo kwisambuku semveliso yesizwe (i-GDP), yimisebenzi engama-21 000 eyeyaphela kwikota yesithathu kulo nyaka uphelileyo.

Imveliso yengqolowa yehle ngeepesenti ezingama-47 kowama-2017 yaye kungakho ukusilela okunokuba ngangeelitha ezizigidi ezingama-90 zewayini enokuthunyelwa kumazwe angaphandle nenokuthengiswa apha ekhaya.

Ukunqongophala kwamanzi kuza kuphinda kube nefuthe elibuhlungu kugutyulo, unonophelo lwezempilo nokhenketho.

## Yintoni eyenziwayo ukuhlangabezana nale meko?

Oomasipala abantlithwe yimbalela babekela abahlali namashishini izithintelo ezingqongqo zokuseyenziswa kwamanzi.

Izikhululo zokufunxa ityuwa emanzini, iinkqubo zokulungiswa kwemibhobho, ukuphinda kusetyenziswa kwamanzi abesele esetyenzisiwe nokutsala amanzi emhlabeni zonke zichongwe njengezisombululo zale meko, kwaye le misebenzi kungoku nje ikumanqanaba awohlukeneyo okuya ekugqityweni. **V**



## Credit Amendment Bill offers relief

**DEBTORS WHO OWE** under R50 000 and meet certain criteria will benefit from the passing of the Draft Credit Amendment Bill.

**I**f you are one of the approximately 10 million South Africans struggling with debt issues, help could be on the way.

The Draft National Credit Amendment Bill was submitted for public comment at the end of 2017.

The Draft Bill outlines government's proposed debt interventions, with the aim of providing relief to citizens who have no effective or efficient options to get themselves out of debt.

The development of the Draft Bill was based on the dire need to address the issue of debt in South Africa.

There was extensive research into international debt relief initiatives and the viability of such a move in South Africa was studied.



Members of the public were invited to submit public comment on the Bill until 15 January 2018, with public hearings held on 6 and 7 February.

If Parliament passes the Draft Bill the relevant amendments will be made to the National Credit Act, and South Africans

who meet certain criteria will be able to apply for debt relief.

### How will it work?

- A person applying for debt relief has to be a South African citizen under a credit agreement.
- The total owed debt

should not exceed R50 000.

- The applicant should receive no income or an income that, in the six months before making the application, was not more than R7 500 per month.
- The applicant should have no assets that can be converted into cash (excluding certain necessities).
- Certain credit agreements, including developmental credit agreements, are excluded.
- Consumers who are under debt review, or against whom legal action has been taken for not settling their debt, do not qualify for debt intervention.
- Only one application can be made per applicant.

If the National Credit Regu-

lator rules that the applicant requires assistance, the credit agreement could be suspended for 12 months, depending on the applicant's financial circumstances.

During the public hearings numerous stakeholders, ranging from banks to debt counsellors, accounting firms, labour unions and government departments, gave presentations. Following these hearings, it has been recommended that the Draft Bill be referred in order to remove any constitutional uncertainties. **V**

### Who can consumers turn to when they are in debt?

If you're currently struggling with debt, or have any other related issues, contact Consumer Relief on 0861 0861 10.



# I-App ebizwa i-Gauteng on the move

**INDLELA EYODWA NENTSHA** yonxibelelwano ngeselula (i-App) yenza ezothutho lukawonkewonke lube lula kakhulu ukunxibelelana.

**I**Sebe lezeNdlela noThutho laseGauteng liqalise i-App yeselula (unxibelelwano olulodwa ngeselula) ebizwa i-Gauteng on the Move, lilungiselela inkqubo yalo yezothutho lukawonkewonke ukwenza kube lula kubakhweli ukunxibelelana neendidi ezahlukeneyo zezothutho ngaphandle kwamagingxingxi.

I-Gauteng on the Move iza kuphelisa ukungaqiniseki okuhamba nokusebenzisa izithuthi zikawonkewonke, kuba ibonelela abakhweli ngolona lwazi luchanekileyo lwexesha, amaxesha ezothutho namaxesha eGautrain, i-Metrobus, A Re Yeng, Rea Vaya, i-Metrarail, iiNkonzo zeBhasi zeGautrain, iBhasi yoKhenketho lweSixeko saseRhawutini, iiNkonzo zeBhasi zaseTshwane neenkonzo zeteksi.

Ethetha ekwaziseni le App (unxibelelwano olulodwa ngeselula) kwi-ofisi yomseki wayo eMidrand kutsha nje, uMpha-

thiswa wezoThutho kwiphondo laseGauteng (u-MEC), u-Ismail Vadi, uthe isebe lakhe liyayivuma imfuneko yobuchwepheshe balamaxesha neenkqubo zezothutho ezibhadlileyo njengezibe negalelo kuphuhliso lwenkqubo yezothutho.

"URhulumente wePhondo laseGauteng usebenzise ixesha, amalinge nezixhobo ezifanelekileyo ekuphuhliseni isicwangciso solu hambo esenza kube lula kubakhweli ukunxibelelana neendidi ezahlukeneyo zezothutho ngaphakathi kweli phondo.

"Sesiwabona amandla obuchwepheshe bokungenisa izinto ezintsha eziguqula imo yeenkonzo zezothutho lukawonkewonke. Ayithandabuzeki into yokuba iinguqu zobuchwepheshe ehlabathini liphela zivuselele inguqu kwicandelo lezothutho, kwaye kufuneka ezi nguqu sizamkele, siziqhelanise nazo," utshilo.

UVadi uqinisekise into yokuba eli phondo liza kuthi gqolo lise-

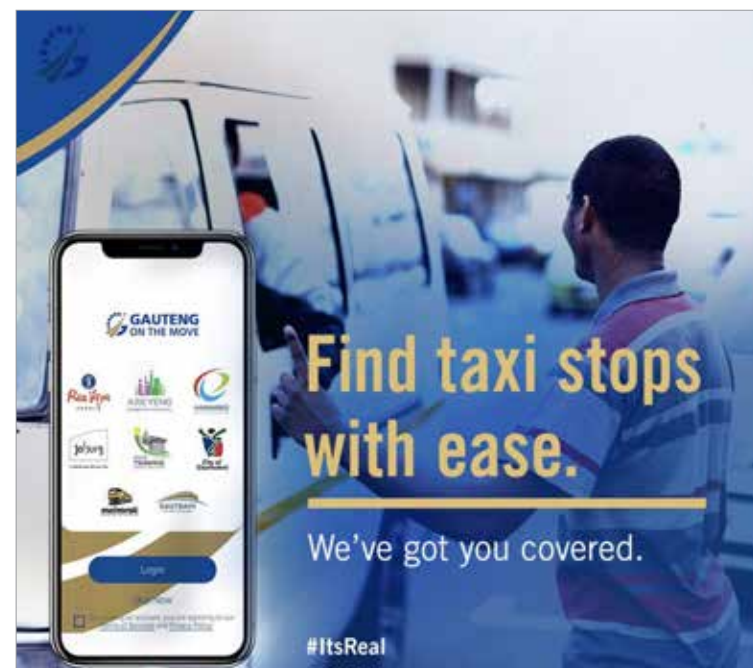
benzise ukungena kobuchule obutsha, uphando nophuhliso ukuze kukhuthazwe iphando elisemgangathweni kuphuculwe ukusebenza kakuhle nokufikelela kwiinkonzo zezothutho.

Yakuba ikhutshelwe, le App yenza kube lula kwabo bayisebenzisayo ukuba bacwangcise uhambo lwabo ngokukhetha iindlela zezothutho abazinqwenelayo, amaxesha okuhamba nezinye izinto abazikhetayo, ezinjengeyona hambo imfutshane nengabizi kakhulu.

Umfundi waseRhawutini nongumkhweli, uGlen Dlamini, uthe le App iza kwenza amawakawaka abakhweli azive onelisekile.

"Ngenene yi-App emangalisayo le. Lilinge elikhulu lorhulumente kwaye ngokuqinisekileyo liguqula ukwenzeka kwezinto, ngokukodwa kumntu omtsha ofana nam ohla enyuka esuka eSoweto aye kwiYunivesithi yaseRhawutini e-Auckland Park yonke imihla.

"Noko ngoku ndingazicwa-



ngcisa ngcono ihambo zam, malunga nezimali zam ndize ndibale namaxesha okuhamba ukuya kufikelela apho ndiya khona.

"Ndicinga ukuba yi-App emangalisayo, kwaye nje ngomntu ongenguye oweli phondo, iza kundinceda malunga nokuhambahamba," utshilo uKhanyo Malunga xa ethetha

no- Vuk'uzenzele e-Blairgowrie.

"Xa ndilapha ndize kudliwano-ndlebe malunga nomsebenzi, ndiza kukwazi ukucwangcisa ngcono, ndize ndingalahleki," wongeze ngelitshoyo.

Le app ungayifumanela izixhobo ze-Android ne-iPhone kwiivenkile ngeevenkile ze-App. **U**

# Waste becomes wages

**A SUCCESSFUL** government waste management programme has created temporary employment for 190 youth whilst ensuring a litter-free environment.



**B**okone Bophirima's Department of Local Government and Human Settlements has invested over R2.5 million in waste management, in at least 10 of its municipalities, through its Youth in Waste Management Programme.

The programme created temporary employment for 190 youth in the North West's Lekwa Teemane, Ditsobotla, Ratlou, Greater Taung, Kgetlengrivier, Mamusa, Moretele, Tswaing, Maquassi Hills and Ramotshere Moiloa local municipalities from July 2017 to January 2018.

The programme assisted these municipalities with waste removal and the operation and maintenance of

waste and illegal dumping sites, and generated awareness around waste management, including recycling, and waste removal, from schools, sidewalks, parks and central business districts.

The youth was encouraged to take part in waste management ventures and partnerships were forged with stakeholders for implementation.

Municipalities were responsible for recruiting participants, through their ward councillors, and they targeted unemployed youth, the disabled, child-headed households and the poor. Participants received a monthly stipend of R1 800 and a certificate of participation.

Modise Ngazire (28) from Setlagole in Ratlou said the programme gave him necessary work exposure and ensured that he could put food on the table every day and buy necessities for his two children.

Ngazire, who is an orphan, matriculated in 2008. He was selected from Ratlou municipality's database of unemployed youth to participate in the programme.

"I am very grateful for the opportunity that was presented to me, at a time when I desperately needed it, and I wish that the programme could run in the next financial year so that other unemployed young people can have the same opportunity and gain the experience that I did," he said. **U**