

# 納米氣象

NanoWeather Team: 98 / Delton Ding 丁盛豪

#### CHALLENGES

• 天氣預報不準確

Weather Forecast Not Accurate Enough

• 設備廠商希望得到實際天氣情況

Manufactory Needs REAL End-User Weather Data of their Devices

路線規劃時只能根據現在擁堵情況而不是 出發后是否可能擁堵

Map Apps Make Directions Based on Traffic Situation NOW BUT NOT The Time You DEPART.

### 現有的天氣數據提供了過少的數據

Weather Information Nowadays Provides Too Little Information

## 更多的氣象傳感器

More Weather Sensors

或者 OR

## 我們已經有了傳感器

We Have Had Those Sensors

# 全台北770个車輌偵測器的數據是否和天氣有所關聯

Is There Any Relationship Between The Data of 770 Vehicle Sensors in Taipei and The Weather Situation?

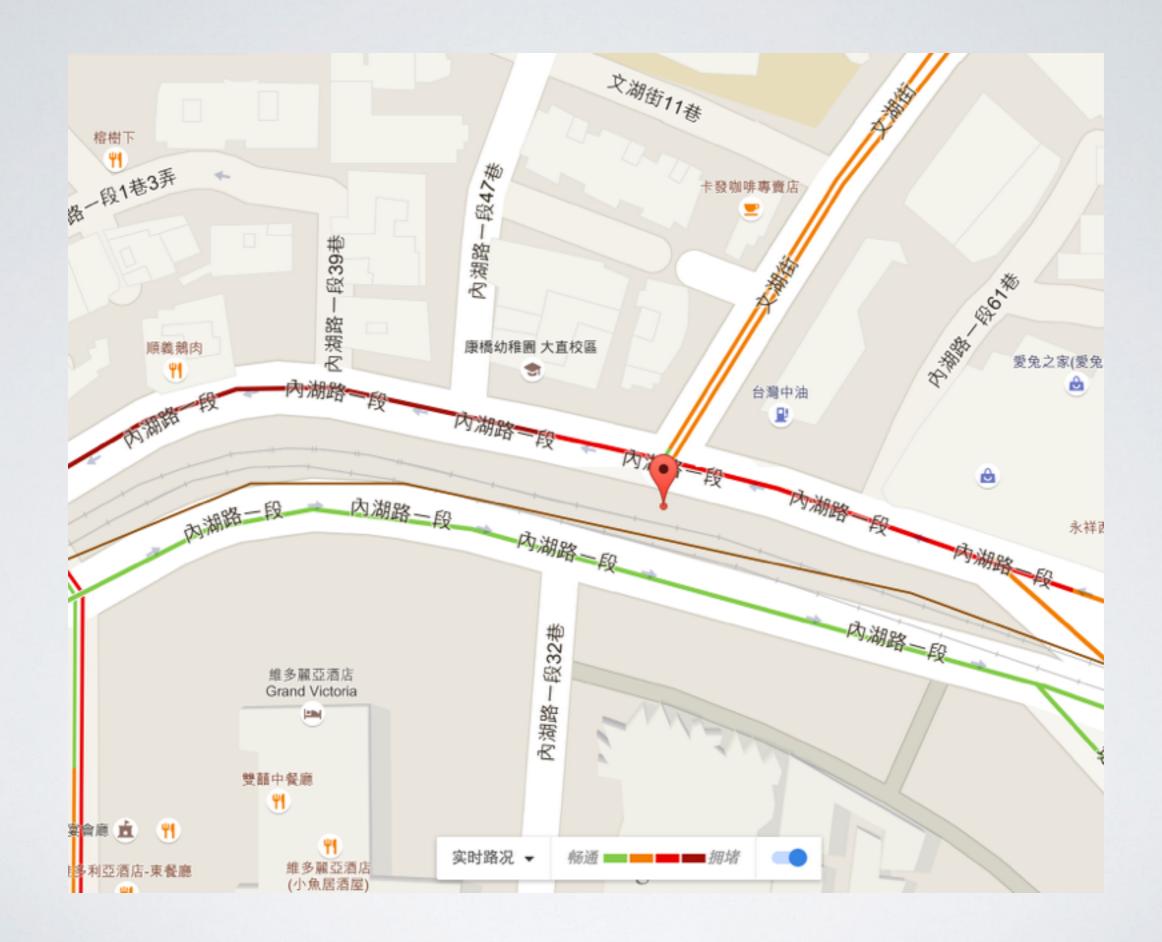
#### ASSUMPTIONS

## 下雨時車輛行駛更慢

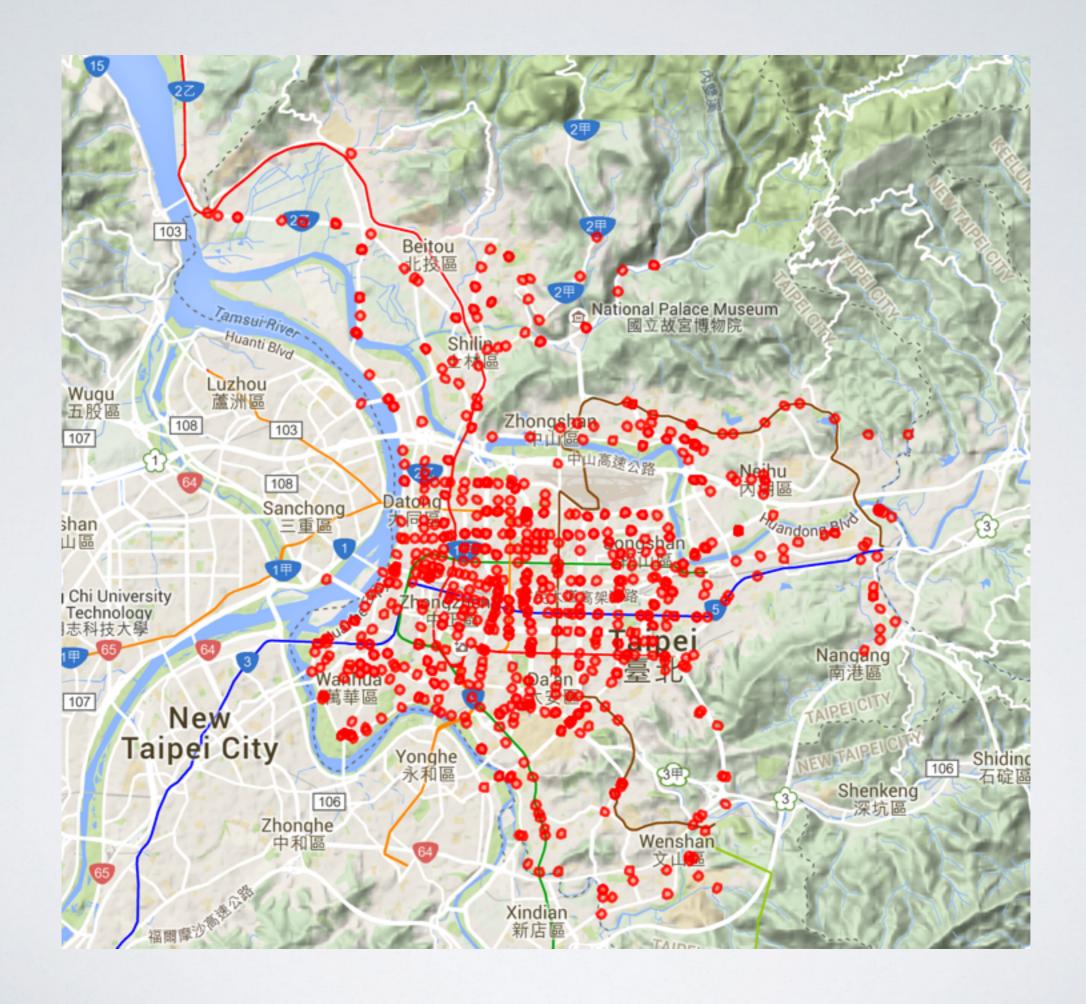
Cars Run Slower When it Rains

## 下雨時道路更容易堵車

More Likely to Have A Traffic Jam When it Rains

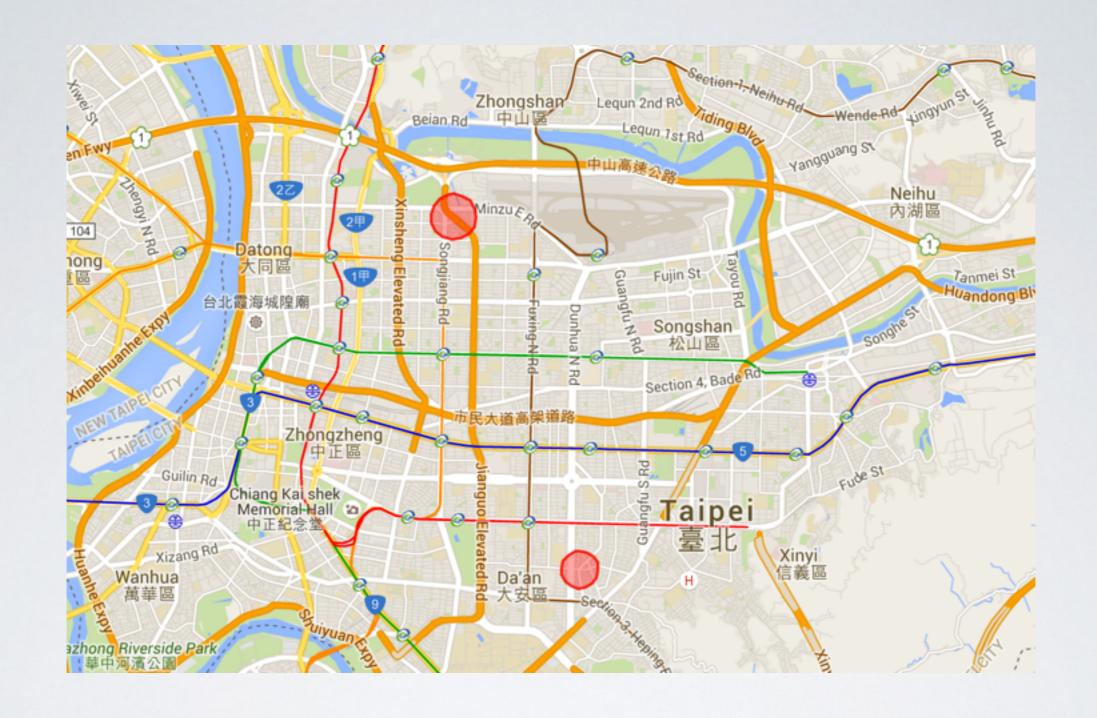


#### SOLUTION

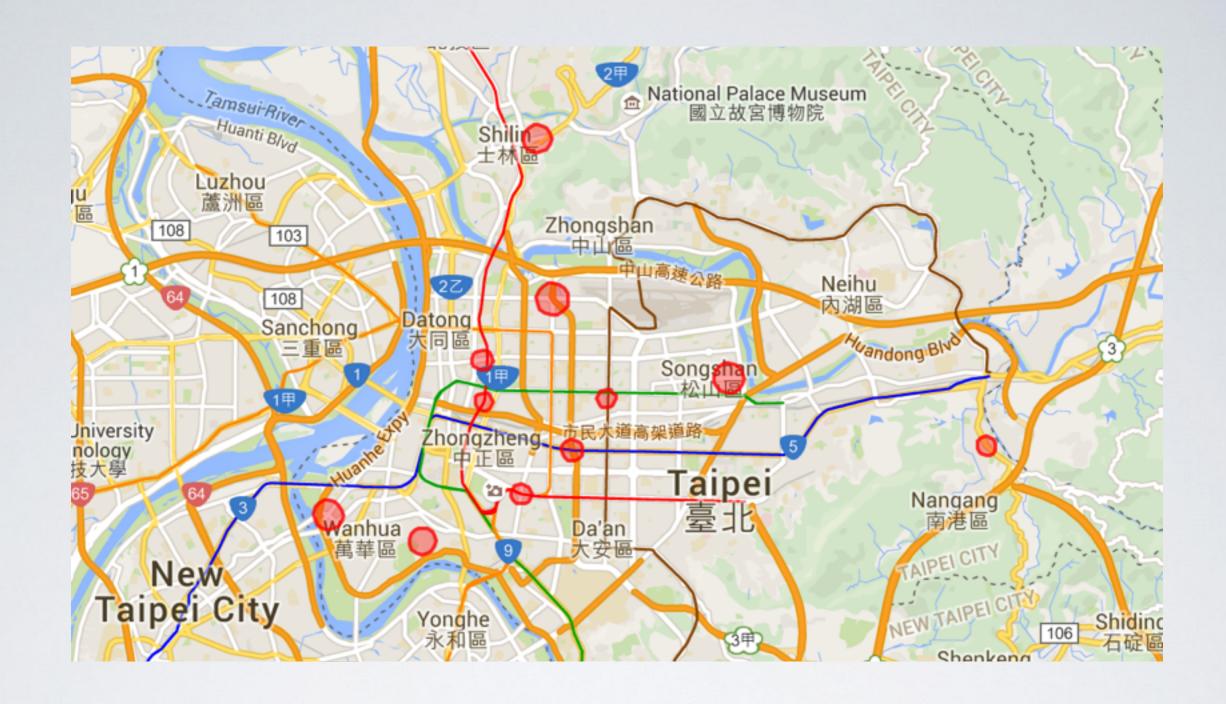


$$f(S,P) = (\sum_{x=1}^{P} a(Occ_{S,x} - Occ_{S,x-1}) - b(OppOcc_{S,x} - OppOcc_{S,x-1}))$$

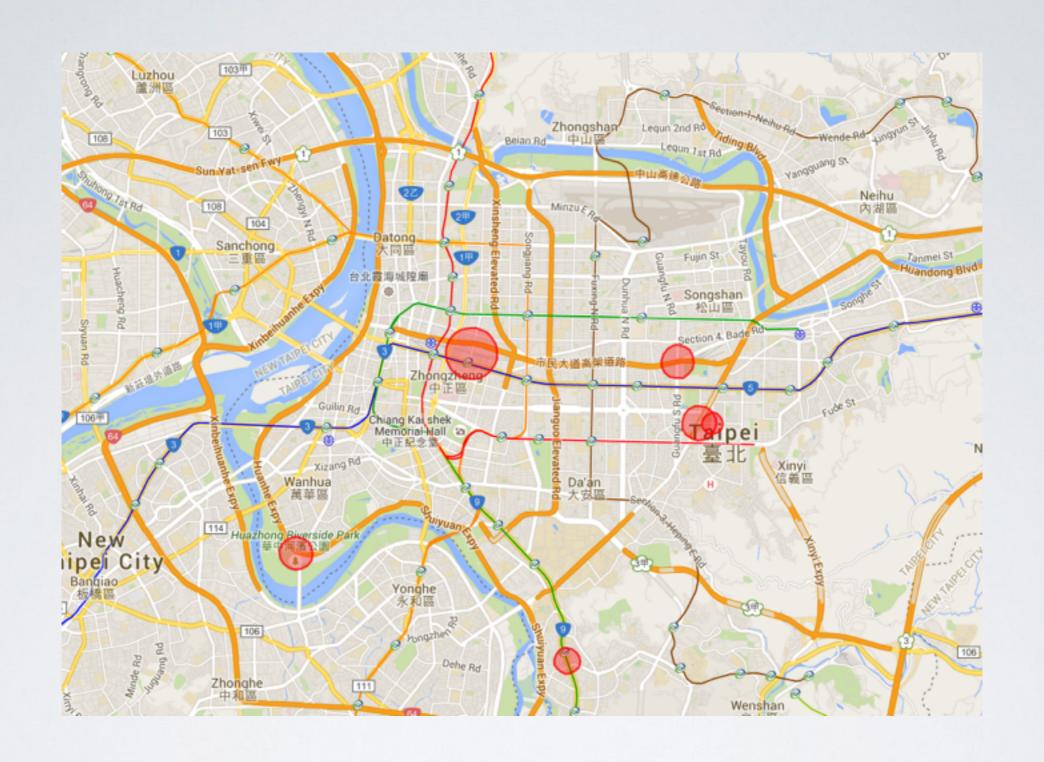
$$+(\sum_{x=1}^{P}c(Spd_{S,x}-Spd_{S,x-1})-d(OppSpd_{S,x}-OppSpd_{S,x-1}))+e$$



訓練數據截止8月22日 10點 驗證8月22日 10點20分天氣數據 與Foreca和AccuWeather觀測點完全一致



驗證 8月22日 12點30分 左右開始的降雨,數據正確

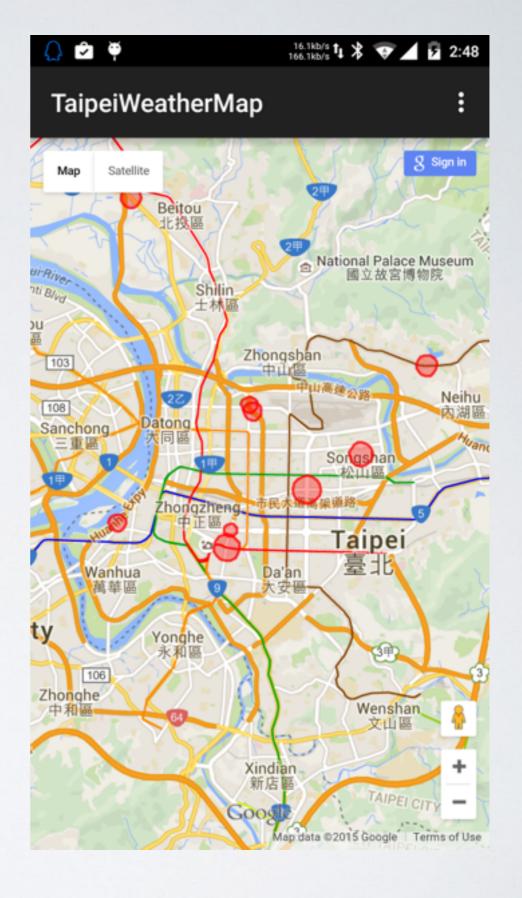


驗證 8月22日 19點06分 降雨位置與 Foreca 紅外氣象數據吻合

#### APPLICATION

## ANDROID 應用

Android App



## 提供JSONAPI 意味無限可能

Providing JSON API, Means Unlimited Potential

```
"Lat": "25.045890982790404",
         "Lng": "121.56751202127087",
         "weight": 3.533333333333333314
         "Lat": "25.104024967900223",
         "Lng": "121.52484602370997",
10
         "weight": 3.700000000000001
11
       },
12
13
         "Lat": "25.092338960796564",
14
         "Lng": "121.52595600214238",
         "weight": 6.022221999999999
16
17
18
         "Lat": "25.05791597287314",
19
         "Lng": "121.53313299757023",
20
         "weight": 6.9555562333333334
21
       },
22
23
         "Lat": "25.05490998252068",
         "Lng": "121.5254589787148",
24
         "weight": 3.86666666666667
25
26
       },
27
28
         "Lat": "24.997165970598836",
         "Lng": "121.54089503868178",
29
30
         "weight": 6.511110866666666
31
32
```

#### PROBLEMS

• 地圖上狹窄路段容易成為處理噪點
Some Narrow Roads May Cause the Noise of Computing

• 對於雨停的判斷存在延遲

Have Delay while Judging Whether the Rain Has Stopped

• 不能判斷雨勢的大小

Cannot Know How Heavy the Rain is



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