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# Ceph Ops at Scale

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# **Quick Stats**

75 Cephs

**64** Production clusters **11** Staging clusters

270+ PB

Total raw Ceph capacity

**12+ PB** in our biggest cluster

~34k

OSDs in the fleet across >2k nodes

We use one OSD per disk



# **Ceph+OS: Packages to Containers**

- Previously: Ubuntu Trusty + Luminous packages + Filestore + EC
- Target: Ubuntu Focal + Nautilus
- Path: Many yikes
- Decoupling the OS and Ceph
- Containers allowed us to focus on facilitate a Ceph upgrade
- The OS upgrade could be tackled in a separate effort
- Today: Ubuntu Whatever + Reef Containers + stability



#### **Containers: Gotchas**

- We have a cloud operations team we send many alerts to
  - o These folks operate independently of us
- We want to treat containers as an implementation detail
- External teams do not need to know about packages vs containers
- Existing scripts should not need to consider it
- We want containers, we don't want to change habits



#### **Containers: Getchas**

- We have a ceph-tools container we use to shim commands
  - o for i in ceph rados radosgw-admin ...
  - o /usr/bin/\$i = docker exec ceph-tools \$i "\$@"
- systemd units to wrap container lifecycle
  - ExecStart=/usr/bin/docker start -a ceph-osd-%i
    - ExecStop=/usr/bin/docker stop -t 300 ceph-osd-%i
- systemd target for convenience
  - systemctl stop ceph-osd.target
  - systemctl restart ceph-mon.target
- Operators can now interact with the cluster with no change



# **Containers: Today**

```
host:~# grep 'NAME /etc/os-release

NAME="Ubuntu"

host:~# docker exec ceph-tools grep 'NAME /etc/os-release

NAME="CentOS Stream"

host:~# apt list --installed 2>/dev/null | grep ceph | wc -l
0

host:~# which ceph
/usr/bin/ceph
```



#### **Automation: Solutions**

- So many options!
- cephadm, orch weren't available
- rook is available (2016+)
  - We just adopted containers! We weren't ready for k8s
- ceph-ansible is available (2016+)
  - It has to handle everything upstream, very wide scope
  - Hooking into it for our needs might be tricky
  - A lot to evaluate as it changes
- In house option: storage-cm
  - Moves as fast as we do
  - Narrow focus on the things that we care about



# **Automation: Deployment**

- We need to support a limited scope, narrow domain
- Deployment automation works great for our use case
  - It does not need to consider anyone else's needs
- We can enforce checks specific to us before proceeding
  - Ensure the OS is a specific version
  - We can ensure the kernel is acceptable, NIC FW, etc...
- CRUSH tree generated for us
  - Placement data is sourced from our inventory
  - Our inventory is generated from in-house tooling
- Keyrings managed in house
- Deployment is just the start of a cluster lifecycle



#### **Automation: Maintenance**

- We have routine maintenance to perform through the cluster life
- Spiritual goal: No SSH... but, reality... we try
- Scaling reboots across the fleet
  - AMD errata requires <1044d uptime for affected chips</li>
  - When was the last time we read superblocks?
  - Find out about inability to reboot before an incident
- Automation checks cluster health before proceeding
  - o storage-cm is cluster-aware
  - /usr/sbin/reboot is not
- If the cluster isn't healthy it will wait or fail the job



## **Automation: Safety**

If the cluster isn't operationally locked - it will wait or fail the job

```
    name: Acquire lock

 command: |
    rados -p {{ ceph_lock_pool }}
    lock get {{ ceph_lock_obj_name }}
    {{ ceph_lock_name }}
    --lock-duration {{ ceph_lock_duration }},
    --lock-type {{ ceph_lock_type }}
    --lock-description "{{ ceph_lock_description }}"
 register: result
 until: result.rc == 0
 retries: "{{ ceph_lock_retries | int }}"
 delay: 5
```

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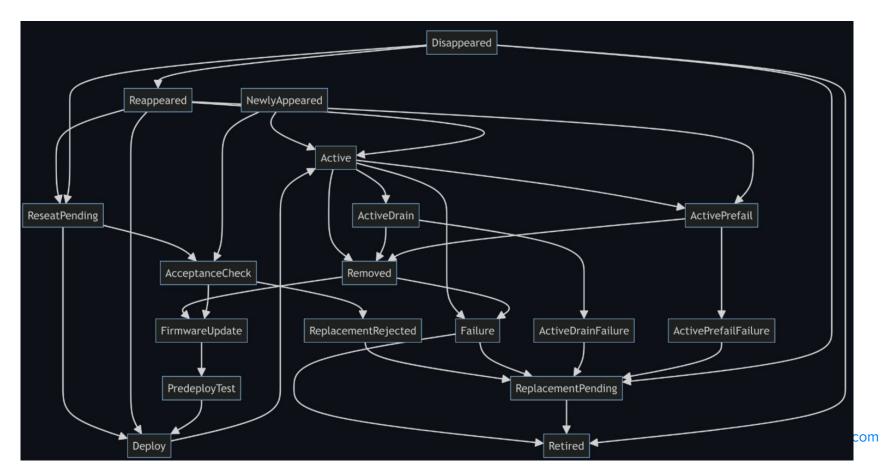


#### **Automation: OSDs**

- Concurrency safety becomes important with automated services
- The lifecycle of the cluster largely revolves around OSDs
- We have a service that manages the OSD lifecycle
- Expectation of that state machine:
  - New disk  $\rightarrow$  OSD  $\rightarrow$  Happy disk noises  $\rightarrow \mathbb{R} \stackrel{\bullet}{\wedge} \mathbb{R}$  lol rip
- Reality of the state machine



# **Disk Lifecycle State Machine**





#### **Automation: Fruits of our Labour**

- More than just Ceph
- State transition safety, gated transitions
- CLI tool lets us remotely list OSDs

```
$ stormanctl inv list --format json $host | jq '.inventory[] |
select(.application = "storage-ceph-osd" and .disk.slot = "Slot 5") |
{
    size: .disk.capacityGib,
    osd: "osd." + ((.appMetadata | @base64d | fromjson |
        .osd_metadata[0].id) | tostring)
}'
{
    "size": "28615",
    "osd": "osd.7"
}
```



### **Automation: Rewards**

- This automation buys us time
- Allows us to do these talks!
- Automation reduces human error
- It forces consistency, reduces snowflakes
  - Produces consistent results
  - Works best on consistent inputs
  - Positive feedback loop

# "I SPEND A LOT OF TIME ON THIS TASK. I SHOULD WRITE A PROGRAM AUTOMATING IT!"

