n8n Agent Project — Pure JSON Contract (Option B)

A ready-to-ship project spec for an agent loop that works across any LLM by forcing **one strict JSON object** per turn. Drop this into n8n (or any orchestrator). Minimal moving parts, maximum determinism.

1) Goal & Scope

- Goal: Build a small, reliable agent that answers SMS/dashboard queries by calling a few safe tools.
- Model-agnostic: Works with Anthropic, OpenAI, Bedrock, etc.
- Contract: Model must output a single JSON object matching our schema. No prose.
- Orchestrator: n8n manages loops, state, budgets, and tool execution.

2) High-Level Architecture

State fields (example):

```
    goal, constraints
    plan_summary, progress_summary, latest_observations
    counters: steps_used, tool_calls_used, tokens_used
    budgets: max_steps, max_tool_calls, max_seconds
```

Persist in n8n static data or external store (Redis/Postgres). For demos, memory can be ephemeral.

3) JSON Contract (Schema)

System Prompt (paste into your LLM call):

```
You are a bounded agent controller. Always output a SINGLE JSON object matching
this schema:
  "control": {
   "done": boolean,
   "reason": "ok" | "cannot proceed" | "need clarification"
 },
 "next action": {
   "type": "tool" | "respond" | "clarify",
   "name": string,
                       // required if type=tool
   "args": object,
                          // required if type=tool (MUST match tool schema)
   },
  "state update": {
                    // short plan update (<= 6 lines)</pre>
   "plan": string,
   "observation": string, // what we just learned this turn
   "confidence": number
                          // 0.0..1.0
 }
}
Rules:
- Output ONLY that one JSON object. No markdown, no prose, no prefix/suffix.
- If a tool arg would fail validation, set next_action.type='respond' with
message detailing the bad field.
- Budgets (soft promises):
 - max_steps={{state.max_steps}}
 - max_tool_calls={{state.max_tool_calls}}
 - hard_stop_after_seconds={{state.max_seconds}}
- When blocked by missing inputs, use next action.type='clarify' with ONE
concise question.
- If truly cannot proceed, set control.done=true and reason='cannot proceed'
with a brief explanation.
```

User Prompt Template (first turn):

```
USER_REQUEST:
{{input.user_request}}

SCRATCHPAD (compact):
GOAL: {{state.goal}}
CONSTRAINTS: {{state.constraints}}
PLAN: {{state.plan_summary}}
PROGRESS: {{state.progress_summary}}
OBS: {{state.latest_observations}}
BUDGET_USED: steps={{state.steps_used}} tool_calls={{state.tool_calls_used}}
tokens={{state.tokens_used}}
```

```
TOOLS (strict JSON Schemas):
1) get counts
schema = {
  "type": "object",
  "properties":{
    "start_date":{"type":"string","pattern":"^\\d{4}-\\d{2}-\\d{2}$"},
    "end_date":{"type":"string","pattern":"^\\d{4}-\\d{2}-\\d{2}$"},
    "label":{"type":"string","enum":["angry","praise","info"]}
  "required":["start date","end date","label"],
  "additionalProperties":false
}
2) today range
schema = { "type":"object", "properties":{}, "additionalProperties":false }
RULES:
- Choose EXACTLY ONE next_action per turn.
- If you need today's dates, call today range first.
- If blocked by missing inputs, use next_action.type='clarify' with a single
concise question.
- If truly cannot proceed, set control.done=true and reason='cannot_proceed' and
explain.
```

Example Model Output (expected):

```
{
  "control": {"done": false, "reason": "ok"},
  "next_action": {"type": "tool", "name": "today_range", "args": {}},
  "state_update": {
    "plan": "Confirm today window, then query counts for 'angry'.",
    "observation": "We lack date boundaries.",
    "confidence": 0.84
  }
}
```

4) n8n Wiring (Node Outline)

```
    Trigger: Webhook (or Twilio → Webhook).
    Load/Init State: Function node: fetch from DB or getWorkflowStaticData('global') / 'node'.
```

- 3. LLM Call: HTTP Request node (POST to your provider) with System + User templates above.
- 4. Validate Output: Function node runs the validator below; throws on contract violations.
- 5. Router (IF/Switch on | next_action.type):

```
    tool → Tool nodes (HTTP/DB); capture result JSON → append to SCRATCHPAD OBS.
    clarify → Respond a single question to user; stop/await.
    respond → Return final answer; exit.
    Update State: Function node increments counters; stores last tool call, time.
    Stop/Loop: IF on hard caps; else go back to LLM Call.
    (Optional) Compress Scratchpad every 2–3 steps (see §7).
```

5) Validator (Function Node, JS)

```
// Input: model_output in $json.model_output (string or object)
const raw = typeof $json.model_output === 'string' ? $json.model_output :
JSON.stringify($json.model_output);
let out;
try { out = typeof $json.model_output === 'string' ?
JSON.parse($json.model_output) : $json.model_output; }
catch (e) { throw new Error('LLM contract violation: not valid JSON'); }
function bad(msg){ throw new Error(`LLM contract violation: ${msg}`); }
if (!out || typeof out !== 'object') bad('not an object');
const { control, next_action, state_update } = out;
if (!control || typeof control.done !== 'boolean') bad('control.done missing');
if (!next_action || !['tool','respond','clarify'].includes(next_action.type))
bad('next_action.type invalid');
if (next_action.type === 'tool') {
  if (!next_action.name || typeof next_action.args !== 'object') bad('tool name/
args missing');
 // Allow-list
  const tools = { get_counts: true, today_range: true };
  if (!tools[next_action.name]) bad(`unknown tool: ${next_action.name}`);
}
if ((next_action.type === 'respond' || next_action.type === 'clarify') && !
next_action.message) {
  bad('message required for respond/clarify');
}
return [{ out, valid: true }];
```

6) Tool Nodes (Examples)

6.1 today_range (Function)

```
const today = new Date();
const yyyy = today.getFullYear();
```

```
const mm = String(today.getMonth()+1).padStart(2,'0');
const dd = String(today.getDate()).padStart(2,'0');
return [{ start_date: `${yyyy}-${mm}-${dd}`, end_date: `${yyyy}-${mm}-${dd}` }];
```

6.2 get_counts (HTTP Request → your API)

```
    Method: GET https://api.example.local/counts?start={{$json.start_date}}
    &end={{$json.end_date}}&label={{$json.label}}
    Capture JSON → store as tool_result.
```

Feed back to model (next turn): append to SCRATCHPAD OBS: Counts: { label, value, start, end }.

7) Scratchpad Compression Prompt (every 2–3 steps)

```
You are my compressor. Convert the RAW LOG below into a compact scratchpad (≤ 600 tokens) with headers:
GOAL:
CONSTRAINTS:
PLAN: (3-6 numbered lines)
PROGRESS:
OBSERVATIONS: (bulleted, facts only)
OPEN_QUESTIONS:
RISKS:

RAW LOG:
{{state.raw_log_chunk}}
```

Use outputs to refresh plan_summary, progress_summary, latest_observations.

8) Budgets & Stop Conditions

- Hard caps (n8n enforces):
- steps_used >= max_steps
- tool_calls_used >= max_tool_calls
- elapsed_seconds >= max_seconds
- Thrash detector: same tool + identical args twice in a row → do ONE reflect turn; if still stuck, stop.
- · Clean exits:
- respond action → final answer to user.
- clarify action → ask question and pause.
- cannot_proceed → explain and exit.

9) Env & Secrets

- LLM_API_URL , LLM_API_KEY
- Tool credentials (scoped, least privilege): DASHBOARD_API_KEY, etc.
- Timezone (for today_range): TZ=America/New_York (or handle upstream).

10) Testing & Telemetry

Golden tasks (at least 10):

today's angry count; week range; missing label → clarify; invalid date → respond with error; etc.

Metrics to log per turn:

• step_index, next_action (type/name), tool_latency_ms, tokens_in/out, total_cost_est, confidence, done flag, reason.

Acceptance:

- ≥95% valid JSON
- ≤1 clarify per successful task on average
- ≤5 steps per solved task

10.1) Sequence-Aware Observability (Optional but Recommended)

Purpose. Make each agent turn traceable, replayable, and safe to retry across providers (including weaker/ HuggingFace models). Keep the ledger **outside** the model; feed only compact summaries back into prompts.

Core fields to capture per tool call / step

run_id (ULID/UUID for the whole execution)
 turn (int), plan_rev (int)
 action_id , parent_action_id (ULIDs)
 tool_call_seq (monotonic int), tool_name
 tool_args_hash (sha256 of sorted args), idempotency_key = tool_name|stable(args)
 retry_index (0..n)
 ts_start , ts_end , duration_ms
 outcome (ok|error|timeout), error_code
 budget_snapshot ({steps_used, tool_calls_used, tokens_used})

Do not let the LLM assign ids or sequence numbers. n8n (or your DB) is the source of truth.

Signals to compute from the ledger

- **Thrash:** same tool_name + idempotency_key in adjacent steps → do 1× reflect; if unchanged, stop or escalate once.
- Stall: 2 consecutive need_clarification or unusual duration_ms | spike → ask user or exit.
- Flaky tool: rolling error_rate per tool > threshold → trip a circuit breaker.

Headers you can forward to tools (nice to have)

```
X-Run-Id, X-Step-Id, X-Parent-Step, X-Idempotency-Key.
```

Function node: Idempotency/Dedupe gate (pre-tool)

```
// Inputs expected: tool_name (string), tool_args (object), ttlSeconds (number,
optional)
function stable(obj){
  if (obj === null || typeof obj !== 'object') return obj;
  if (Array.isArray(obj)) return obj.map(stable);
  return Object.keys(obj).sort().reduce((o,k)=>{o[k]=stable(obj[k]);return o;},
{});
}
const name = $json.tool_name;
const args = stable($json.tool_args || {});
const key = `${name}|${JSON.stringify(args)}`;
const ttlMs = (($json.ttlSeconds ?? 300) * 1000);
const sd = getWorkflowStaticData('global');
sd._dedupe = sd._dedupe || {};
const now = Date.now();
// prune expired
for (const k of Object.keys(sd._dedupe)) if (sd._dedupe[k].expires_at < now)</pre>
delete sd._dedupe[k];
const hit = sd._dedupe[key];
if (hit && hit.expires_at >= now && hit.result) {
  // duplicate; short-circuit with cached result
  return [{ deduped: true, idempotency_key: key, cached_result: hit.result }];
}
// mark in-flight; the Event Logger will attach the result later
sd._dedupe[key] = { created_at: now, expires_at: now + ttlMs };
return [{ deduped: false, idempotency key: key }];
```

Function node: Event logger (wrap every tool call)

```
/* Expects these fields on input $json:
run_id, turn, plan_rev, action_id, parent_action_id, tool_name,
idempotency_key, retry_index, ts_start, ts_end, duration_ms,
outcome, error_code, budget_snapshot, tool_result (object)
```

```
*/
function rid(){ return (Date.now().toString(36)
+Math.random().toString(36).slice(2,10)).toUpperCase(); }
const sd = getWorkflowStaticData('global');
sd._runs = sd._runs || {};
const run = sd._runs[$json.run_id] || { steps: [], created_at: new
Date().toISOString() };
const rec = {
 run_id: $json.run_id,
 turn: $json.turn ?? run.steps.length+1,
 plan_rev: $json.plan_rev ?? 0,
 action id: $json.action id || rid(),
 parent_action_id: $json.parent_action_id || null,
 tool name: $json.tool name,
 idempotency_key: $json.idempotency_key,
 retry_index: $json.retry_index ?? 0,
 tool_call_seq: run.steps.length + 1,
 ts_start: $json.ts_start || new Date().toISOString(),
 ts end: $json.ts end || new Date().toISOString(),
 duration_ms: $json.duration_ms ?? null,
 outcome: $json.outcome || 'ok',
 error_code: $json.error_code || null,
 budget_snapshot: $json.budget_snapshot || {}
};
run.steps.push(rec);
// Optional: cache successful results for idempotency short-circuiting
if (rec.outcome === 'ok' && $json.idempotency_key && $json.tool_result) {
 sd._dedupe = sd._dedupe || {};
 const entry = sd._dedupe[$json.idempotency_key];
 if (entry) entry.result = $json.tool_result;
}
sd._runs[$json.run_id] = run;
return [rec];
```

Prompt hygiene (don't bloat tokens)

- Never paste the full ledger into the prompt. Keep a **compact scratchpad** (goal, constraints, plan, last observations).
- Summarize every 2–3 steps; link the ledger by run_id if you need deeper post-mortems.

Hardening for cheaper/weaker models (HuggingFace etc.)

- Tight contract: keep the Option-B schema; temperature 0-0.2; max_tokens small.
- **Strict parsing:** validate JSON; if parse fails, attempt a single JSON-repair pass; else treat as contract violation.
- Output cap: ask for short plans and one action per turn to avoid rambling.
- Fallback: on repeated violations, switch to a stronger model for 1 rescue turn, then drop back.

10.2) Central Policy Node (Phase-1 Friendly Switchboard)

Purpose. Centralize model/provider settings so every LLM call and prompt read consistent caps & knobs. Lets you start simple and scale to multiple providers (Anthropic/OpenAI/HuggingFace) without refactors.

Policy Function node (drop-in)

```
// Global, editable policy; persists per-workflow via static data
const sd = getWorkflowStaticData('global');
sd.policy = sd.policy || {
 defaults: { temp_action: 0.1, temp_reply: 0.2, max_tokens: 600, max_steps:
5 },
 providers: {
   anthropic: { model: 'claude-3-5-sonnet-20241022', max_tokens: 800 },
              { model: 'gpt-4o-mini',
                                                        max_tokens: 800 },
   hf:
               { model: 'mistralai/Mixtral-8x7B-Instruct', max_tokens: 512 }
 },
 task_classes: {
   action: { temp: 0.1, max_tokens: 400 },
    reply: { temp: 0.2, max_tokens: 800 }
 }
};
const provider = $json.provider || 'anthropic';
const task
             = $json.task_class || 'action';
const base = sd.policy.defaults;
const plat = sd.policy.providers[provider] || {};
const taskp = sd.policy.task_classes[task] || {};
return [{
 policy: {
   model: plat.model,
   max_tokens: taskp.max_tokens ?? plat.max_tokens ?? base.max_tokens,
   temperature: taskp.temp ?? base.temp_action,
   max_steps: base.max_steps,
   max_tool_calls: 5,
   max_seconds: 30
 }
}];
```

Bindings

```
• HTTP Request → Body params: model={{$json.policy.model}},

max_tokens={{$json.policy.max_tokens}},

temperature={{$json.policy.temperature}}.

• System prompt (soft budgets): max_steps={{$json.policy.max_steps}},

max_tool_calls={{$json.policy.max_tool_calls}},

hard_stop_after_seconds={{$json.policy.max_seconds}}.

• Stop IF (hard budgets): steps_used >= {{$json.policy.max_steps}}, tool_calls_used
>= {{$json.policy.max_tool_calls}}.
Keep the Option-B JSON contract unchanged. Only the dial values come from policy.
```

11) Example cURL (smoke test)

```
curl -s -X POST "$LLM_API_URL"
  -H "Authorization: Bearer $LLM_API_KEY"
  -H "Content-Type: application/json"
  -d '{
    "model": "<your-model>",
    "max_tokens": 600,
    "temperature": 0,
    "system": "<paste system prompt>",
    "messages": [{"role":"user","content":"<paste user template with state>"}]
}'
```

12) Security & Guardrails

- Enforce tool allow-list and schema validation in n8n before any side-effecting call.
- Read-only tools for demos; human-in-the-loop for writes.
- Rate-limit inbound triggers; add auth/secret for webhooks.

13) Optional: One-Shot Escalation

• Detect thrash or contradictions → swap the next *single* turn to a stronger model (e.g., Opus) using the same contract → drop back.

14) Checklist (Copy/Paste)

• [] Trigger node (Webhook/Twilio) with auth

- [] State init Function node (create run_id , counters, scratchpad)
- [] Policy Function node (central caps & knobs)
- [] LLM HTTP node (Option-B System/User prompts) reading from policy
- [] Validator Function node (contract checks)
- [] Idempotency/Dedupe gate Function (from §10.1)
- [] Tool nodes (today_range, get_counts) wrapped with Event logger Function
- •[] Router IF node (tool | | respond | | clarify)
- [] Stop/Loop IF node (budgets + thrash detector)
- [] Optional Compressor LLM node (scratchpad maintenance)
- [] Metrics export (HTTP/DB) using ledger records

15) Next Steps (Tailoring)

- Swap get_counts to your real dashboard API.
- Add more tools (allow-list + schema): get_top5 , get_summary , get_by_segment .
- Wire Twilio bidirectional SMS (clarify prompts).
- Add a small HTML/Slack responder node for non-SMS channels.