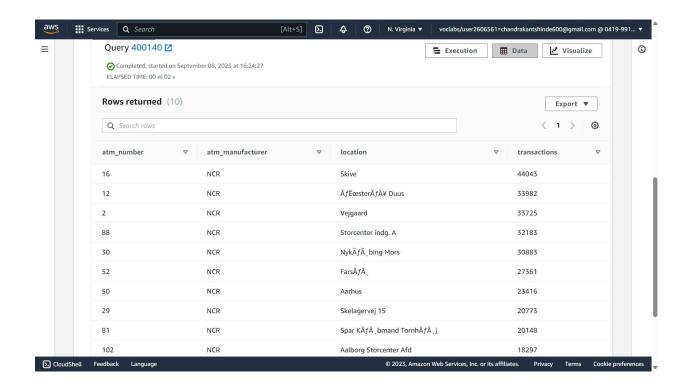
## Solving analytical queries on Redshift Cluster

Here, you have to write the query used for solving the question and the screenshots of the table which is outputted after the query is run on the AWS Redshift Query editor UI.

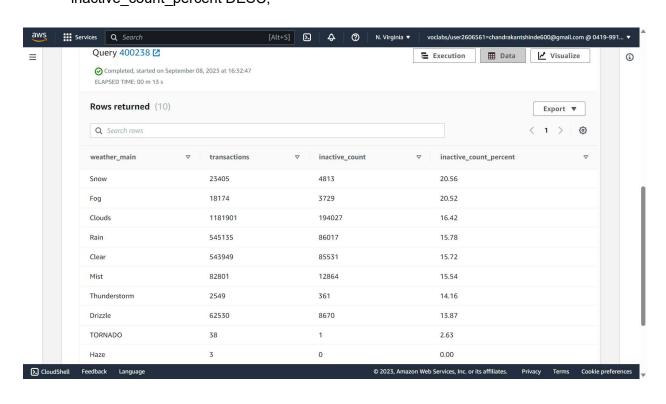
### 1. Top 10 ATMs where most transactions are in the 'inactive' state

```
SELECT
      atm_number,
      atm manufacturer,
      location,
      COUNT(trans id) AS transactions
FROM
      atm data.fact atm trans T
      INNER JOIN atm_data.dim_atm A
             ON T.atm id = a.atm id
      INNER JOIN atm data.dim location L
             ON A.atm_location_id = L.location_id
WHERE
      atm status = 'Inactive'
GROUP BY
      atm number,
      atm_manufacturer,
      location
ORDER BY
      transactions DESC
LIMIT 10;
```



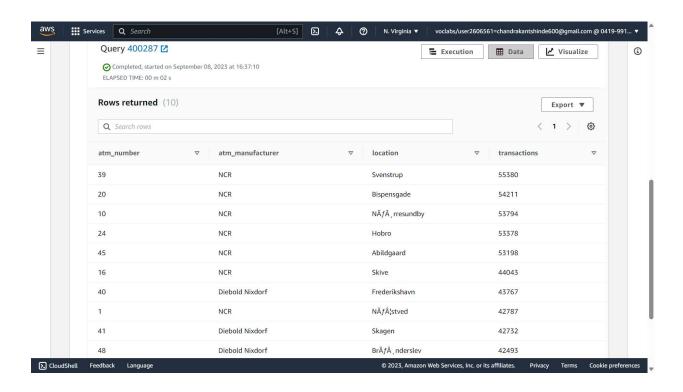
# 2. Number of ATM failures corresponding to the different weather conditions recorded at the time of the transactions

```
WITH weather atm failure AS
SELECT
      weather main,
      COUNT(trans_id) AS transactions,
      SUM(CASE WHEN atm status='Inactive' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS inactive count
FROM
      Atm_data.fact_atm_trans
WHERE
      weather main != "
GROUP BY
      weather_main
SELECT
      ROUND(CAST(inactive_count as numeric(10,2))/transactions*100, 2) AS
      inactive count percent
FROM
      weather atm failure
ORDER BY
      inactive count percent DESC;
```



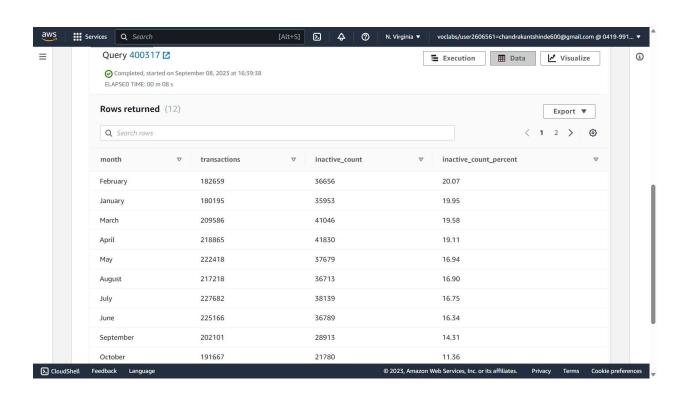
#### 3. Top 10 ATMs with the most number of transactions throughout the year

```
SELECT
      atm number,
      atm_manufacturer,
      location,
      COUNT(trans id) AS transactions
FROM
      atm data.fact atm trans T
      INNER JOIN atm data.dim atm A
             ON T.atm_id = a.atm_id
      INNER JOIN atm data.dim location L
             ON A.atm location id = L.location id
GROUP BY
      atm_number,
      atm_manufacturer,
      location
ORDER BY
      transactions DESC
LIMIT 10;
```



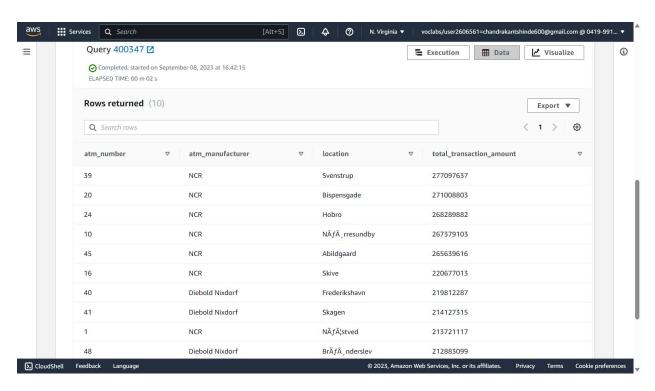
### 4. Number of overall ATM transactions going inactive per month for each month

```
WITH monthwise atm failure AS (
SELECT
      month,
      COUNT(F.trans id) AS transactions,
      SUM(CASE WHEN F.atm status='Inactive' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS inactive count
FROM
      atm data.fact atm trans F
      INNER JOIN atm data.dim date D
             ON F.date id=D.date id
GROUP BY
      D.month
SELECT*,
      ROUND(CAST(inactive_count as numeric(10,2))/transactions*100, 2) AS
      inactive count percent
FROM
      monthwise atm failure
ORDER BY
      inactive count percent DESC;
```



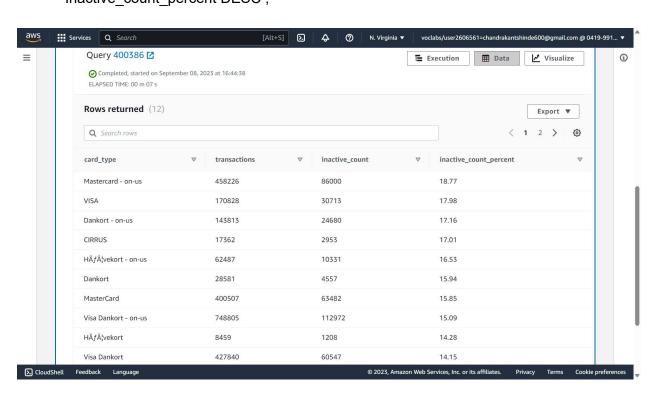
### 5. Top 10 ATMs with the highest total withdrawn amount throughout the year

```
SELECT
      atm number,
      atm_manufacturer,
      location,
      SUM(transaction_amount) AS total_transaction_amount
FROM
      atm data.fact atm trans T
      INNER JOIN atm data.dim atm A
             ON T.atm_id = A.atm_id
      INNER JOIN atm_data.dim_location L
             ON A.atm location id = L.location id
GROUP BY
      atm_number,
      atm_manufacturer,
      location
ORDER BY
      total transaction amount DESC
LIMIT 10;
```



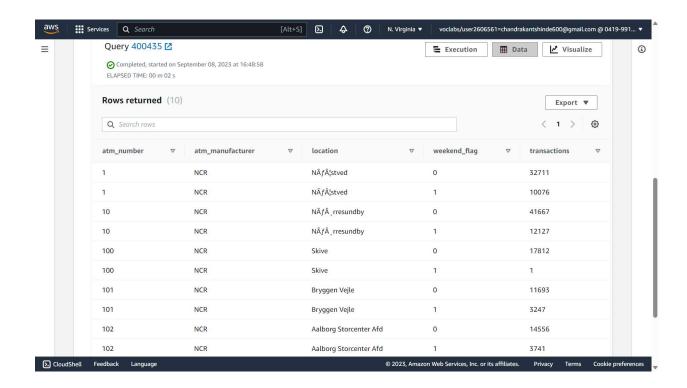
### 6. Number of failed ATM transactions across various card types

```
WITH card_type_failure AS (
SELECT
      card type,
      count(trans id) AS transactions,
      SUM(CASE WHEN atm status= 'Inactive' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS inactive count
FROM
      atm data.fact atm trans F
      INNER JOIN atm data.dim card type C
             ON F.card_type_id = C.card_type_id
GROUP BY
      card type
SELECT
      ROUND(CAST(inactive count as numeric(10,2))/transactions*100, 2) AS
      inactive count percent
FROM
      Card type failure
ORDER BY
      Inactive count percent DESC;
```



7. Number of transactions happening on an ATM on weekdays and on weekends throughout the year. Order this by the ATM\_number, ATM\_manufacturer, location, weekend\_flag and then total\_transaction\_count

```
SELECT
      atm number,
      atm_manufacturer,
      location,
      CASE WHEN weekday IN ('Sunday', 'Saturday') then 1 ELSE 0 END AS weekend flag,
      COUNT(trans_id) as transactions
FROM
      atm data.fact atm trans T
      INNER JOIN atm data.dim atm A
             ON T.atm id = A.atm id
      INNER JOIN atm_data.dim_location L
             ON A.atm location id = L.location id
      INNER JOIN atm data.dim date D
             ON T.date id = D.date id
GROUP BY
      atm number,
      atm manufacturer,
      location,
      weekend flag
ORDER BY
      atm number,
      atm manufacturer,
      location,
      weekend flag,
      transactions
LIMIT 10;
```



### 8. Most active day in each ATMs from location "Vejgaard"

```
WITH atm weekday details AS (
SELECT
      atm_number,
      atm manufacturer,
      location,
      weekday,
      COUNT(trans id) AS transactions
FROM
      atm data.fact atm trans T
      INNER JOIN atm data.dim atm A
             ON T.atm id = A.atm id
      INNER JOIN atm data.dim location L
             ON A.atm_location_id = L.location_id
      INNER JOIN atm data.dim date D
             ON T.date id = D.date id
WHERE
      location = 'Vejgaard'
GROUP BY
      atm number,
      atm_manufacturer,
      location,
      weekday
max weekday AS (
SELECT
      weekday
FROM
      atm_weekday_details
WHERE
      transactions = (
      SELECT
            MAX(transactions)
      FROM
            atm_weekday_details
LIMIT
      1
SELECT
FROM
```

