

Quiz 1—Environmental Measurements

CENG 340—Introduction to Environmental Engineering

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Name:

(Modified from Mihelcic and Zimmerman) Ice resurfacing machines (aka Zambonis) use internal combustion vehicles that give off exhaust containing carbon monoxide (CO) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x). The outdoor air-quality, 1-h standard of CO is set at 30 ppm_v. Average 1-h CO concentrations at Lynah Rink have been reported to be as high as 30 mg/m³. Assume that the temperature and pressure at Lynah equal 25 °C and 1 atm, respectively. In addition, note that (1) temperature in Kelvin (K) = temperature in Celsius (°C) + 273.15; (2) MW_C = 12 g/mole and MW_O = 16 g/mole; and (3) the ideal gas constant R = $8.205 \times 10^{-5} \frac{\text{m}^3 \times \text{atm}}{\text{mole} \times \text{Kelvin}}$.

1. Does the concentration of CO at Lynah violate the outdoor air quality standard (show your work) [6 points]? MW_{CO} = 12 + 16 = 28 g/mole ; T = 25 + 273.15 = 298.15 K

STEP 1: convert [CO] from mg/m³ to mole/m³

$$[\text{CO}] = 30 \text{ mg/m}^3 \times \frac{1 \text{ g}}{1000 \text{ mg}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mole}}{28 \text{ g}} = 1.07 \times 10^{-3} \frac{\text{mole CO}}{\text{m}^3 \text{ air}}$$

STEP 2: convert [CO] from mole/m³ to a volume fraction $\Rightarrow \frac{\text{m}^3 \text{ CO}}{\text{m}^3 \text{ air}}$

use $PV = nRT \Rightarrow V_{\text{CO}} = \frac{n_{\text{CO}} RT}{P_{\text{air}}}$

$$[\text{CO}] = 1.07 \times 10^{-3} \frac{\text{mole CO}}{\text{m}^3 \text{ air}} \times \frac{RT}{P_{\text{air}}} = 1.07 \times 10^{-3} \frac{\text{mole CO}}{\text{m}^3 \text{ air}} \times 8.205 \times 10^{-5} \frac{\text{m}^3 \text{ atm}}{\text{mole} \cdot \text{K}} \times \frac{298.15 \text{ K}}{1 \text{ atm}} = 2.6 \times 10^{-5} \frac{\text{m}^3 \text{ CO}}{\text{m}^3 \text{ air}}$$

Vol. fraction [CO] = $2.6 \times 10^{-5} \frac{\text{m}^3 \text{ CO}}{\text{m}^3 \text{ air}}$

STEP 3: convert [CO] from volume fraction to ppm_v

ppm_v = volume fraction $\times 10^6$

$$[\text{CO}] = 2.6 \times 10^{-5} \frac{\text{m}^3 \text{ CO}}{\text{m}^3 \text{ air}} \times 10^6 \rightarrow [\text{CO}] = 26 \text{ ppm}_v$$

Does not violate standard

2. Calculate the partial pressure (in units of atm) of CO in the rink [2 points].

$$P_i = \frac{V_i}{V_{\text{tot}}} \times P_{\text{tot}} = \frac{V_{\text{CO}}}{V_{\text{tot}}} \times P_{\text{tot}} = 2.6 \times 10^{-5} \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{m}^3} \times 1 \text{ atm} = 2.6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ atm}$$

Volume fraction

$$P_{\text{CO}} = 2.6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ atm}$$

3. Report the concentration of CO at Lynah in units of moles/L [2 points].

$$[\text{CO}] = 1.7 \times 10^{-3} \frac{\text{mole CO}}{\text{m}^3 \text{ air}} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}^3}{1000 \text{ L}} = 1.7 \times 10^{-6} \frac{\text{mole}}{\text{L}}$$

from part 1