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```
library(pracma)
##
## Attaching package: 'pracma'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:matlib':
##
       angle, inv
##
```

## (1) What is the rank of the matrix A?

// Problem set 1

library(matlib)

```
A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 5 & 4 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}
     A = \text{matrix}(c(1,-1,0,5,2,0,1,4,3,1,-2,-2,4,3,1,-3),4)
     A
```

```
## [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
## [1,] 1 2 3 4
## [2,] -1 0 1 3
```

 $B = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 6 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$ 

## [,1] [,2] [,3]

The 3 rows in the matrix are scaled equivalent there for the rank is 1

## A

print(e\$values)

## [1] 6 4 1

lambda 1

[,1] [,2] [,3]

 $A \leftarrow matrix(c(1,0,0,2,4,0,3,5,6),3)$ 

follows

## [1,] 1 2 3 ## [2,] 0 4 5 ## [3,] 0 0 6

```
• R3*(-1/5)
• R2 + (5)*R3
• R2*(-1/3)
• R1 + (-3)R3 and R1 + (-2)R2
                                  null space \to 1\lambda \to (I - A) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} x1 \\ x2 \\ x3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}
```

 $N(I-A) \rightarrow span(s*\begin{vmatrix} 1\\0 \end{vmatrix})$ 

## [2,] 0 -3 -5 ## [3,] 0 0 -5 rref(A1)

• R2 + (5)R3 and R1 + (3)R3  
• R2\*(1/3)  

$$nullspace \rightarrow 1\lambda \rightarrow (I - A) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} x1 \\ x2 \\ x3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
• x1=2/3, x2=1, x3=0

 $N(I-A) \rightarrow span(s*\begin{vmatrix} 2/3\\1\\0\end{vmatrix})$ 

## [1,] 3 -2 -3 ## [2,] 0 0 -5 ## [3,] 0 0 -2

## [,1] [,2] [,3]

- lambda 6  $4\lambda \to (4I - A) = \begin{bmatrix} 6 - 1 & -2 & -3 \\ 0 & 6 - 4 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 - 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 & -3 \\ 0 & 2 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} RREF \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -8/5 \\ 0 & 1 & -5/2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

## [2,] 0 1 -2.5 ## [3,] 0 0.0

Please show your work using an R-markdown document. Please name your assignment

## [2,] 0 1 0 0 ## [3,] 0 0 1 0 ## [4,] 0 0 1 ## [1] "- matrix rank" ## [1] 4 (2) Given an mxn matrix where m > n, what can be the maximum rank? The minimum rank, assuming that the matrix is non-zero? The maximum rank of the matrix is n and the minimum rank is 1 (3) What is the rank of matrix B?

## [1,] 1 2 1 ## [2,] 3 6 3 ## [3,] 2 4 2

## [,1] [,2] [,3]

The rank of matrix A is = 1

#- RREF

rref(B)

B = matrix(c(1,3,2, 2,6,4, 1,3,2),3)

You'll need to write out the characteristic polynomial and show your solution.  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ 

The eigenvalues of a triangular matrix are the diagonal 1,4,6. We can confirm that using R as

$$1\lambda \to (I - A) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 - 1 & -2 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 - 4 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 - 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & -3 \\ 0 & -3 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & -5 \end{bmatrix} RREF \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R3*(-1/5)$$

$$R2 + (5)*R3$$

**A**1 ## [,1] [,2] [,3]

lambda 4

• R3\*(-1/2)

#lambda 4

rref(A2)

• R2\*(1/2)

• R1 + (-2)\*R2

**A2** 

 $A2 \leftarrow 4*diag(3) - A$ 

#lambda 1

 $A1 \leftarrow 1*diag(3) - A$ 

## [1,] 0 -2 -3

## [,1] [,2] [,3]

## [1,] 0 1 0 ## [2,] 0 0 1 ## [3,] 0 0 0

• x1=1, x2=0, x3=0

$$4\lambda \rightarrow (4I - A) = \begin{bmatrix} 4 - 1 & -2 & -3 \\ 0 & 4 - 4 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 - 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} RREF \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R3*(-1/2)$$

$$R2 + (5)R3 \text{ and } R1 + (3)R3$$

$$R2*(1/3)$$

## [,1] [,2] [,3]

## [1,] 1 -0.6666667 0

## [2,] 0 0.0000000 1

## [3,] 0 0.0000000

$$\Rightarrow 1\lambda \to (I - A) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -8/5 \\ 0 & 1 & -5/2 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} x1 \\ x2 \end{bmatrix} =$$

**A3** 

## [,1] [,2] [,3]

## [1,] 1 0 -1.6

submission with your first initial and last name.

## [1,] 5 -2 -3 ## [2,] 0 2 -5 ## [3,] 0 0 0 rref(A3) ## [,1] [,2] [,3]

• R1\*(1/5)  $null space \to 1\lambda \to (I - A) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -8/5 \\ 0 & 1 & -5/2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} x1 \\ x2 \\ x3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ • x1=8/5, x2=5/2, x3=1

 $N(I - A) \rightarrow span(s * \begin{bmatrix} 8/5 \\ 5/2 \end{bmatrix})$ #lambda 6 A3 < -6\*diag(3) - A