The G20 (Group of Twenty) is an international forum consisting of 19 countries and the European Union. The group comprises both developed and developing economies and serves as a platform for discussions on global economic cooperation, financial stability, and other pressing issues. While the specific goals and priorities of each G20 country may vary, here are some common areas of focus:

1. Promoting Economic Growth: G20 countries try to foster strong, sustainable, and balanced global economic growth. They collaborate on policies to stimulate investment, enhance productivity, reduce barriers to trade, and create employment opportunities.
2. Financial Stability: G20 countries aim to maintain stability in the international financial system. They work together to address risks, enhance regulation and supervision of financial institutions, and promote transparency and integrity in financial markets.
3. International Trade and Investment: G20 countries seek to promote open, fair, and rules-based international trade. They aim to reduce trade barriers, facilitate cross-border investments, and resist protectionism to support global economic integration.
4. Poverty Reduction and Development: G20 countries recognize the importance of addressing poverty, inequality, and development challenges. They collaborate on initiatives to support sustainable development, improve infrastructure, enhance access to education and healthcare, and promote inclusive growth.
5. Climate Change and Sustainable Development: G20 countries acknowledge the urgency of addressing climate change and environmental sustainability. They work towards the implementation of the Paris Agreement, encourage renewable energy sources, promote sustainable development practices, and support initiatives to mitigate climate risks.
6. Financial Inclusion: G20 countries strive to promote financial inclusion and enhance access to financial services for individuals and businesses, particularly in underserved communities. They support initiatives to expand financial literacy, improve digital financial services, and reduce the gender gap in financial inclusion.
7. Global Health: G20 countries recognize the importance of global health security. They collaborate on efforts to prevent and respond to health crises, promote access to affordable healthcare, strengthen healthcare systems, and support research and development for vaccines and treatments.
8. Digital Economy: G20 countries acknowledge the growing significance of the digital economy. They aim to foster an enabling environment for digital innovation, promote data privacy and protection, address cybersecurity challenges, and bridge the digital divide.

It's important to note that the goals and priorities of G20 countries may evolve over time, and individual countries may have additional specific objectives that align with their national interests and circumstances.