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Project-MCQ

Project-3

**Q1) Among the following identify the one in which dimensionality reduction reduces.**

- a) Performance
- b) statistics
- c) Entropy
- d) Collinearity

**A1) d) Collinearity**

**Q2) Which of the following machine learning algorithm is based upon the idea of bagging?**

- a) Decision Tree
- b) Random Forest
- c) Classification
- d) SVM

**A2) b) Random Forest**

**Q3) Choose a disadvantage of decision trees among the following.**

- a) Decision tree robust to outliers
- b) Factor analysis
- c) Decision Tree are prone to overfit
- d) all of the above

**A3) c) Decision Tree are prone to overfit**

**Q4) What is the term known as on which the machine learning algorithms build a model based on sample data?**

- a) Data Training

- b) Sample Data
- c) Training data
- d) None of the above

A4) c) Training data

Q5) Which of the following machine learning techniques helps in detecting the outliers in data?

- a) Clustering
- b) Classification
- c) Anamoly detection
- d) All of the above

A5) c) Anamoly detection

Q6) Identify the incorrect numerical functions in the various function representation of machine learning.

- a) Support Vector
- b) Regression
- c) Case based
- d) Classification

A6) c) Case based

Q7) Analysis of ML algorithm needs

- a) Statistical learning theory
- b) Computational learning theory
- c) None of the above
- d) Both a and b

A7) d) Both a and b

Q8) Identify the difficulties with the k-nearest neighbor algorithm.

- a) Curse of dimensionality

- b) Calculate the distance of test case for all training cases
- c) Both a and b
- d) None

A8) a) Curse of dimensionality

Q9) The total types of the layer in radial basis function neural networks is \_\_\_\_\_

- a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 d) 4

A9) b) 2

Q10) Which of the following is not a supervised learning

- a) PCA
- b) Naïve bayes
- c) Linear regression
- d) KMeans

A10) d) KMeans

Q11) What is unsupervised learning?

- a) Number of groups may be known
- b) Features of groups explicitly stated
- c) Neither feature nor number of groups is known
- d) None of the above

A11) c) Neither feature nor number of groups is known

Q12) Which of the following is not a machine learning algorithm?

- a) SVM
- b) SVG
- c) Random Forest Algorithm
- d) None of the above

A13) b) SVG

**Q13) \_\_\_\_\_ is the scenario when the model fails to decipher the underlying trend in the input data**

- a) Overfitting**
- b) Underfitting**
- c) Both a and b**
- d) None of the above**

**A13) b) Underfitting**

**Q14) Real-Time decisions, Game AI, Learning Tasks, Skill acquisition, and Robot Navigation are applications of .....**

- a) Reinforcement learning**
- b) Supervised learning**
- c) Unsupervised Learning**
- d) None of the above**

**A14) a) Reinforcement learning**

**Q15) What is called the average squared difference between classifier predicted output and actual output?**

- a) Mean relative error**
- b) Mean squared error**
- c) Mean absolute error**
- d) Root mean squared error**

**A15) b) Mean squared error**

**Q16) Logistic regression is a ..... regression technique that is used to model data having a ..... outcome.**

- a) Linear, binary**
- b) Linear, numeric**
- c) Nonlinear, binary**
- d) Nonlinear, numeric**

**A16) a) Linear, binary**

**Q17) You are given reviews of few netflix series marked as positive, negative and neutral. Classifying reviews of a new netflix series is an example of**

- A. supervised learning**
- B. unsupervised learning**
- C. semisupervised learning**
- D. reinforcement learning**

**A17) A. supervised learning**

**Q18) Following is powerful distance metrics used by Geometric model**

- A. euclidean distance**
- B. manhattan distance**
- C. both a and b**
- D. square distance**

**A18) C. both a and b**

**19) Which of the following techniques would perform better for reducing dimensions of a data set?**

- A. removing columns which have too many missing values**
- B. removing columns which have high variance in data**
- C. removing columns with dissimilar data trends**
- D. none of these**

**A19) B. removing columns which have high variance in data**

**Q20) Supervised learning and unsupervised clustering both require which is correct according to the statement.**

- A. output attribute.**
- B. hidden attribute.**
- C. input attribute.**
- D. categorical attribute.**

A20) C. input attribute.

Q21) What is the meaning of hard margin in SVM?

- (A) SVM allows very low error in classification
- (B) SVM allows high amount of error in classification
- (C) Underfitting
- (D) SVM is highly flexible

A21) (A) SVM allows very low error in classification

Q22) Increase in which of the following hyper parameter results into overfit in Random forest? (1). Number of Trees. (2). Depth of Tree, (3). Learning Rate

- (A) Only 1
- (B) Only 2
- (C) 2 and 3
- (D) 1,2 and 3

A22) (B) Only 2

Q23) Below are the 8 actual values of target variable in the train file: [0,0,0, 0, 1, 1,1,1,1,1], What is the entropy of the target variable?

- (A)  $-(6/10 \log(6/10) + 4/10 \log(4/10))$
- (B)  $6/10 \log(6/10) + 4/10 \log(4/10)$
- (C)  $4/10 \log(6/10) + 6/10 \log(4/10)$
- (D)  $6/10 \log(4/10) - 4/10 \log(6/10)$

A23) (A)  $-(6/10 \log(6/10) + 4/10 \log(4/10))$

Q24) Lasso can be interpreted as least-squares linear regression where

- (A) weights are regularized with the l1 norm
- (B) weights are regularized with the l2 norm
- (C) the solution algorithm is simpler

A24) (A) weights are regularized with the l1 norm

Q25) Consider the problem of binary classification. Assume I trained a model on a linearly separable training set, and now I have a new labeled data point that the model properly categorized and is far away from the decision border. In which instances is the learnt decision boundary likely to change if I now add this additional point to my previous training set and re-train? When the training model is,

- (A) Perceptron and logistic regression
- (B) Logistic regression and Gaussian discriminant analysis
- (C) Support vector machine
- (D) Perceptron

A25) (C) Support vector machine

Q26) Assume you've discovered multi-collinear features. Which of the following actions do you intend to take next? (1). Both collinear variables should be removed. (2). Instead of deleting both variables, we can simply delete one. (3). Removing correlated variables may result in information loss. We may utilize penalized regression models such as ridge or lasso regression to keep such variables.

- (A) Only 1
- (B) Only 2
- (C) Either 1 or 3
- (D) Either 2 or 3

A26) (D) Either 2 or 3

Q27) A least squares regression study of weight (y) and height (x) yielded the following least squares line:  $y = 120 + 5x$ . This means that if the height is increased by one inch, the weight should increase by what amount?

- (A) increase by 1 pound
- (B) increase by 5 pound
- (C) increase by 125 pound
- (D) None of the above

A27) (B) increase by 5 pound

Q28) The line described by the linear regression equation (OLS) attempts to \_\_\_\_?

- (A) Pass through as many points as possible.

- (B) Pass through as few points as possible
- (C) Minimize the number of points it touches
- (D) Minimize the squared distance from the points

A28) (D) Minimize the squared distance from the points

Q29) For two real-valued attributes, the correlation coefficient is 0.85. What does this value indicate?

- (A) The attributes are not linearly related
- (B) As the value of one attribute increases the value of the second attribute also increases
- (C) As the value of one attribute decreases the value of the second attribute increases
- (D) The attributes show a curvilinear relationship

A29) (B) As the value of one attribute increases the value of the second attribute also increases

Q30) Which neural network architecture would be most suited to handle an image identification problem (recognizing a dog in a photo)?

- (A) Multi Layer Perceptron
- (B) Convolutional Neural Network
- (C) Recurrent Neural network
- (D) Perceptron

A30) (B) Convolutional Neural Network

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