

Full Speed USB (USBFS)

1.60

Features

- USB Full Speed device interface driver
- Support for interrupt, control, bulk, and isochronous transfer types
- Runtime support for descriptor set selection
- Optional USB string descriptors
- Optional USB HID class support
- Optional Boot Loader support

USBFS USBFS

General Description

The USBFS component provides a USB full speed Chapter 9 compliant device framework. The component provides a low level driver for the control endpoint that decodes and dispatches requests from the USB host. Additionally, this component provides a USBFS customizer to enable easy descriptor construction.

You have the option of constructing an HID based device or a generic USB Device. Select HID (and switch between HID and generic) by setting the Configuration/Interface descriptors.

Refer to the USB-IF device class documentation for additional information on descriptors (http://www.usb.org/developers/devclass/).

Note Cypress offers a set of USB development tools, called SuiteUSB, available free of charge when used with Cypress silicon. You can obtain SuiteUSB from the Cypress web site: http://www.cypress.com.

When to use a USBFS

Use the USBFS component when you want to provide your application with a USB 2.0 compliant device interface.

Quick Start

- 1. Drag a USBFS component from the Component Catalog onto your design.
- 2. Notice the clock errors in the Notice List window; double-click on an error to open the System Clock Editor.

- 3. Configure the following clocks:
 - ILO: Select 100 kHz.
 - IMO: Select Osc 24.000 MHz.
 - USB: Enable and select IMOx2 48.000 MHz.

Note If the selected device is PSoC 3 ES2 or PSoC 5, you must also configure the PLL to "Desired 33 MHz" and the Master Clock to "PLL OUT (33.000 MHz)".

4. Select **Build** to generate APIs; refer to the Sample Firmware Source Code section for an example demonstrating the basic functionality of the USBFS component, as well as the basic set-up instructions.

Input/Output Connections

This section describes the various input and output connections for the USBFS. An asterisk (*) in the list of I/Os indicates that the I/O may be hidden on the symbol under the conditions listed in the description of that I/O.

sof - Output *

The Start-of-Frame (sof) output allows endpoints to identify the start of the frame and synchronize internal endpoint clocks to the host. This output is visible if the "out_sof" parameter in advanced configuration tab is set to enable.

Component Parameters

Drag a USBFS component onto your design and double-click it to open the Configure USBFS dialog.

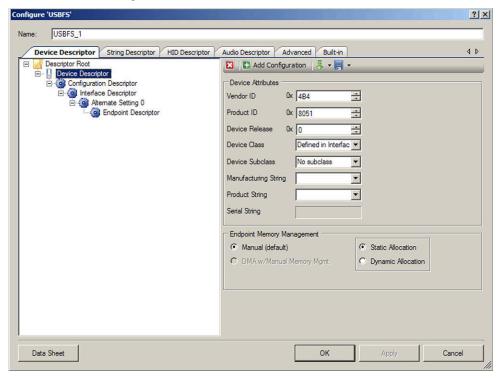
The component is driven by information generated by the USBFS Configure dialog. This dialog – or customizer – facilitates the construction of the USB descriptors and integrates the information generated into the driver firmware used for device enumeration.

The USBFS component does not function without first running the wizard and selecting the appropriate attributes to describe your device. The code generator takes your device information and generates all of the needed USB Descriptors.

The Configure USBFS dialog contains the following tabs and settings:



Device Descriptor Tab



Device Attributes

- Vendor ID Your Company USB Vendor ID (obtained from USB-IF)
 - **Note** Vendor ID 0x4B4 is a Cypress only VID and may be used for development purposes only. Products cannot be released using this VID; you must obtain your own VID.
- Product ID Your Specific Product ID
- Device Release Your Specific Device Release (Device ID)
- Device Class Device Class is defined in Interface Descriptor or it is Vendor Specific
- Device Subclass Dependent upon Device Class
- Manufacturing String Manufacturer Specific Description String to be displayed when the device is attached.
- Product String Product specific Description String to be displayed when the device is attached.
- Serial String



Endpoint Memory Management

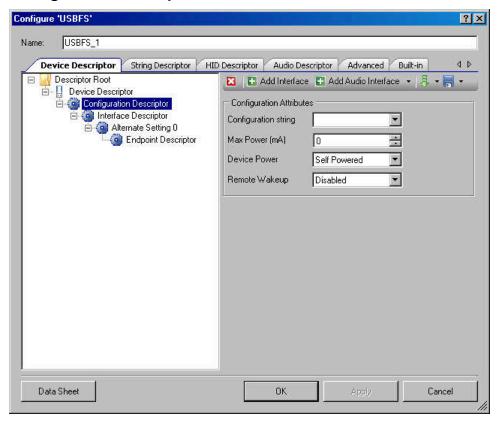
Some applications can benefit from using Direct Memory Access (DMA) to move data into and out of the endpoint memory buffers.

- Manual (default) Select this option to use LoadInEP/ReadOutEP to load and unload the endpoint buffers.
 - Static Allocation The memory for the endpoints is allocated at once after SET_CONFIGURATION request. The largest length is taken when multiple Alternate settings uses same EP number.
 - Dynamic Allocation The memory for the endpoints is allocated dynamically after each SET_CONFIGURATION and SET_INTERFACE requests. This option is useful when multiple alternate settings are used with mutually exclusive EP settings.
- DMA w/Manual Memory Management Select this option to expose the DMA interface registers, in addition to the LoadInEP/ReadOutEP functions.
 - PSoC 3 does not support DMA transactions directly between USB endpoints and other peripherals. All DMA transactions involving USB endpoints (IN & OUT) must terminate or originate with main system memory.

Applications requiring DMA directly between USB endpoints and other peripherals must use two DMA transactions. The two transactions move data to main system memory as an intermediate step between the USB endpoint and the other peripheral.



Configuration Descriptor



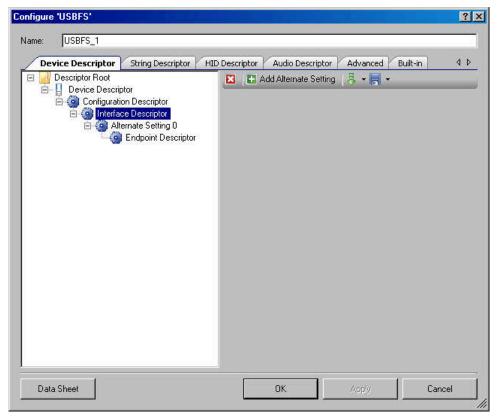
Configuration Attributes

- Configuration string
- Max Power (mA) Enter the maximum power consumption of the USB device from the bus in this specific configuration when the device is fully operational.
 - **Note** A device configuration reports whether the configuration is bus-powered or self-powered. Device status reports whether the device is currently self-powered. If a device is disconnected from its external power source, it updates device status to indicate that it is no longer self-powered. A device may not increase its power draw from the bus, when it loses its external power source, beyond the amount reported by its configuration.
- Device Power Bus Powered or Self Powered Device. The USBFS does not support both usages simultaneously.
- Remote Wakeup Enabled or Disabled



Interface Descriptor

This level is used to add and delete Interface Alternate Settings. The interfaces are configured in the Alternate Setting.

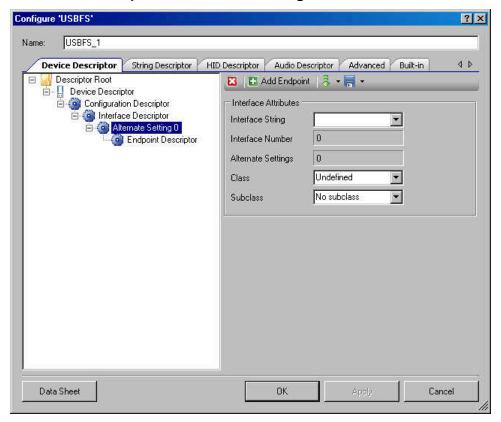


Alternate Setting 0 is automatically provided to configure your device. If your device will use isochronous endpoints, note that the USB 2.0 specification requires that all device default interface settings must not include any isochronous endpoints with non-zero data payload sizes. This is specified via Max Packet Size in the endpoint descriptor.

For isochronous devices, you should use an alternate interface setting other than the default Alternate Setting 0 to specify non-zero data payload sizes for isochronous endpoints. Additionally, if your isochronous endpoints have a large data payload size, it is recommended that additional alternate configurations or interface settings be used to specify a range of data payload sizes. This increases the chance that the device can be used successfully in combination with other USB devices.



Interface Descriptor—Alternate Settings



Interface Attributes

- Interface String
- Interface Number The interface number is computed by the customizer
- Alternate Settings The alternate setting is computed by the customizer
- Class HID, Vendor Specific or Undefined
- Subclass Dependent upon the selected class

Note String Descriptors are optional. If a device does not support string descriptors, all references to string descriptors within the device, configuration and interface descriptors must be set to zero.

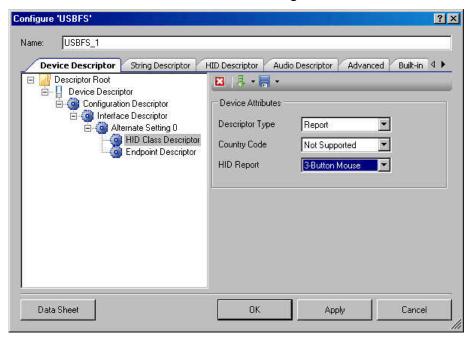
HID Class Descriptor

The HID Class Descriptor item does not display by default. It is used to add an HID Report to the Alternate Setting.



To Add HID Class Descriptor

- 1. Select an Alternate Setting item in the Descriptor Root tree.
- 2. Under Interface Attributes on the right, select "HID" for the Class field.

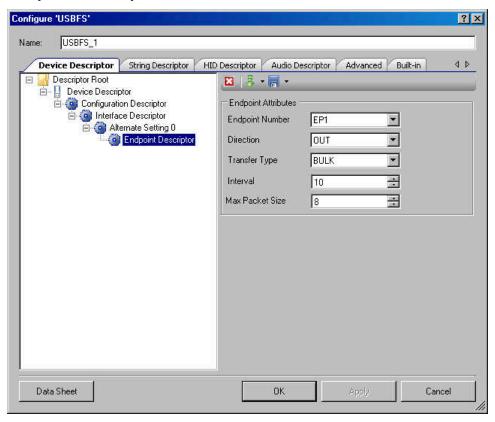


Device Attributes

- Descriptor Type Constant name identifying type of class descriptor.
- Country Code Numeric expression identifying country code of the localized hardware.
- HID Report List of available Report Descriptors. Report descriptors are taken from the HID Descriptor tab. This field is required.



Endpoint Descriptor



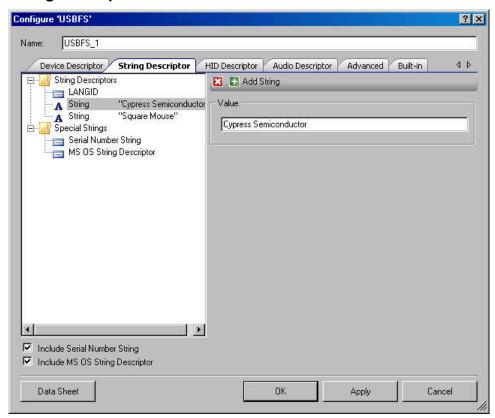
Endpoint Attributes

- Endpoint Number
- Direction Input or Output. USB transfers are host centric. Therefore IN refers to transfers to the host; OUT refers to transfers from the host.
- Transfer Type Control, Interrupt, Bulk, or Isochronous Data transfers
- Interval (ms) Polling interval specific to this endpoint. A full-speed endpoint can specify a desired period from 1 ms to 255 ms.
- Max Packet Size (bytes) For a full speed device the Max Packet Size is 64 bytes for bulk or interrupt endpoints and 1023 bytes for isochronous endpoints.



String Descriptor Tab

String Descriptors

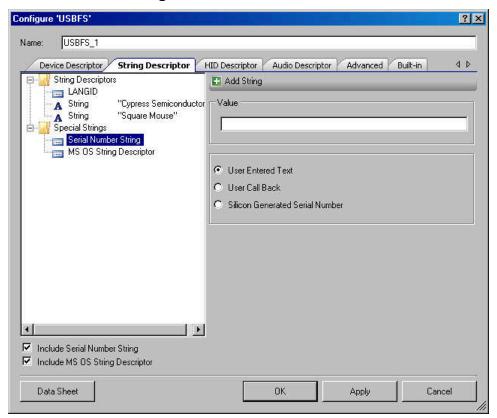


- LANGID Language ID selection.
- String Value of string descriptor.



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Serial Number String

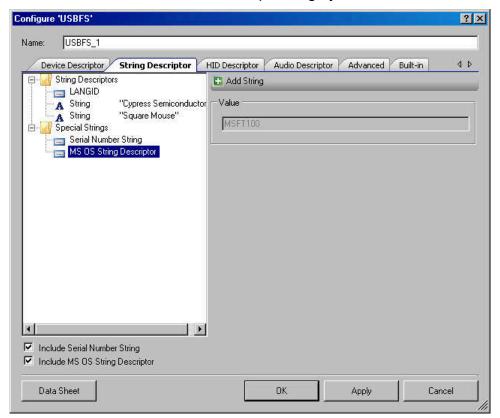


- Value Default string.
- User Entered Text Enables Value text box.
- User Call Back USBFS_SerialNumString function sets pointer to use the user generated serial number string descriptor. The application firmware may supply the source of the USB device descriptor's serial number string during runtime.
- Silicon Generated Serial Number



MS OS String Descriptor

Microsoft OS Descriptors provide a way for USB devices to supply additional configuration information to the latest Microsoft operating systems



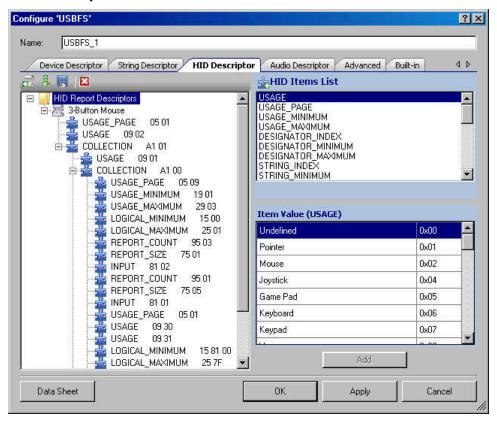
Value – constant string "MSFT100"



HID Descriptor Tab

The **HID Descriptor** tab allows you to quickly build HID descriptors for your device. Use the **Add Report** button to add and configure HID Report Descriptors.

HID Descriptors

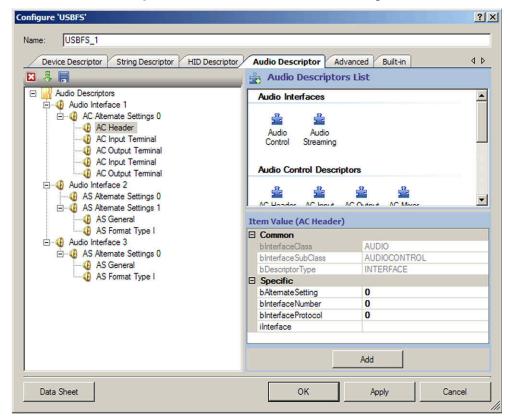


- HID Items List Items to add in the HID report.
- Item Value Value of the item that is selected either in HID Items List or in the tree.



Audio Descriptor Tab

The **Audio Descriptor** tab is used to add and configure audio interface descriptors.



To Add Audio Descriptors

- 1. Select the "Audio Descriptors" root item in the tree on the left.
- Under Audio Descriptors List on the right, select either the "Audio Control" or "Audio Streaming" interface.
- 3. Under **Item Value**, enter bAlternateSetting and bInterfaceNumber values as appropriate. Other fields are optional.

Note These values are set manually. By contrast, for the general interface descriptors, these values are set automatically.

4. Click Add and the descriptor is added to the tree on the left.

You can rename the "Audio Interface x" title by selecting a node and then clicking on it.

To Add Class-Specific Audio Control or Audio Streaming Interface Descriptors

1. Select the appropriate "AC Alternate Settings x" or "AS Alternate Settings x" item in the tree on the left.



- 2. Under the **Audio Descriptors List** on the right, select one of the items under "Audio Control Descriptors" or "Audio Streaming Descriptors" as appropriate.
- 3. Under Item Value, enter the appropriate values under "Specific."
- 4. Click **Add** and the descriptor is added to the tree on the left.

To Add Audio Endpoint Descriptors

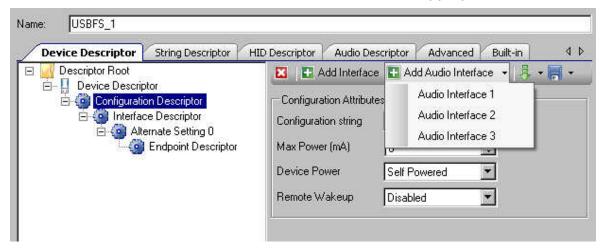
- 1. Select the appropriate "AC Alternate Settings x" or "AS Alternate Settings x" item in the tree on the left.
- 2. Under the Audio Descriptors List on the right, select "Endpoint Descriptor" item.
- 3. Under Item Value, enter the appropriate values under "Specific."
- 4. Click **Add** and the descriptor is added to the tree on the left.

To Add Standard AS Isochronous Synch Endpoint Descriptor

- 1. Select the appropriate "Endpoint Descriptor" in the tree on the left.
- 2. Under the Audio Descriptors List on the right, select "AS Endpoint Descriptor".
- 3. Under Item Value, enter the appropriate values under "Specific."
- 4. Click **Add** and the descriptor is added to the tree on the left.

To add the configured audio interface descriptor to the Device Descriptor tree

- 1. Go to the **Device Descriptor** tab.
- 2. Select the Configuration Descriptor to which a new interface will belong.
- 3. Click the **Add Audio Interface** tool button, and select the appropriate item to add.

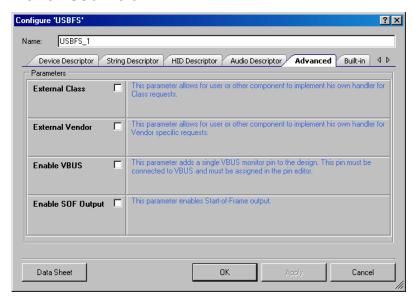


Audio interfaces will be grayed out in the **Device Descriptor** tab list because they can only be edited on the **Audio Descriptor** tab.



Note Click **Apply** or **OK** to save the changes on the various tabs. If you click **Cancel** all the descriptors you added will not be saved.

Advanced Tab



External Class

This parameter allows for the user firmware, or other components at the solutions level, to provide handling of the class requests. USBFS_DispatchClassRqst() function should be implemented if this parameter is enabled.

External Vendor

This parameter allows for the user firmware, or other components at the solutions level, to provide handling of the vendor specific requests. USBFS_HandleVendorRqst() function should be implemented if this parameter is enabled.

Enable VBUS Monitoring

The USB specification requires that no device shall supply current on VBUS at its upstream facing port at any time. To meet this requirement, the device must monitor for the presence or absence of VBUS and remove power from the D+/D- pull-up resistor if VBUS is absent.

For bus powered designs, power will obviously be removed when the USB cable is removed from a host; however, for self-powered designs it is imperative for proper operation and USB certification that your device complies with this requirement.

This parameter adds a single VBUS monitor pin to the design. This pin must be connected to the VBUS and must be assigned in the Pin Editor. See the USB Compliance for Self Powered Devices section for additional information.



Enable SOF output

This parameter enables Start-of-Frame output.

Placement

USB is implemented as a fixed function block.

Resources

	Resource Type			API Memory (Bytes)		Dina (nor	
Resources	Clock Dividers	Macrocells	Interrupts	USB Fixed Blocks	Flash	RAM	Pins (per External I/O)
USBFS	0	0	7	1	3767	119	2

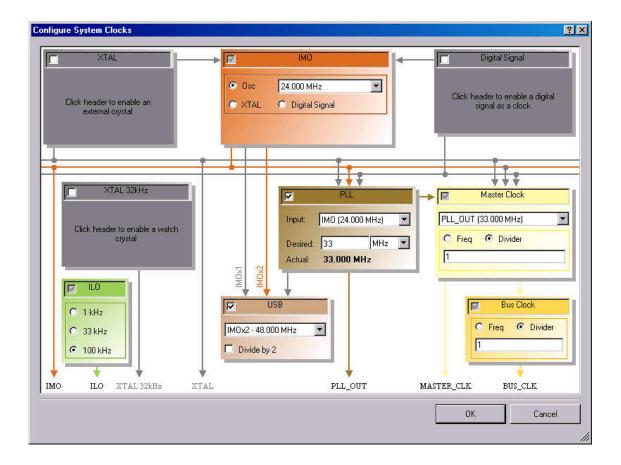
Clock Settings

The USB hardware block requires system clocks to be configured through the PSoC Creator Design-Wide Resources Clock Editor. Clock settings have the following requirements when using the USBFS component:

- The USB Clock must be enabled.
- The ILO must be set to 100 KHz.
- If the selected device is PSoC 3 ES2 or PSoC 5, the Bus Clock cannot be slower than 33 MHz [for Master Clock, select PLL_OUT (33.000 MHz)].

There are different ways to configure the system clocks to comply with these requirements. The following shows one set of options you may use. Your design may require different settings.





Application Programming Interface

Application Programming Interface (API) routines allow you to configure the component using software. The following table lists and describes the interface to each function. The subsequent sections cover each function in more detail.

By default, PSoC Creator assigns the instance name "USBFS_1" to the first instance of a component in a given design. You can rename it to any unique value that follows the syntactic rules for identifiers. The instance name becomes the prefix of every global function name, variable, and constant symbol. For readability, the instance name used in the following table is "USBFS".

Basic USBFS Device APIs

Function	Description
USBFS_Start	Activate the component for use with the device and specific voltage mode.
USBFS_Init	Initialize component's hardware.
USBFS_InitComponent	Initialize component's global variables and initiate communication with Host by pull up D+ line.



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Function	Description
USBFS_Stop	Disable component.
USBFS_GetConfiguration	Returns the currently assigned configuration. Returns 0 if the device is not configured.
USBFS_GetInterfaceSetting	Returns the current alternate setting for the specified interface.
USBFS_GetEPState	Returns the current state of the specified USBFS endpoint.
USBFS_GetEPAckState	Identifies whether ACK was set by returning a non-zero value.
USBFS_GetEPCount	Returns the current byte count from the specified USBFS endpoint.
USBFS_LoadInEP	Loads and enables the specified USBFS endpoint for an IN transfer.
USBFS_ReadOutEP	Reads the specified number of bytes from the Endpoint RAM and places it in the RAM array pointed to by pSrc. The function returns the number of bytes sent by the host.
USBFS_EnableOutEP	Enables the specified USB endpoint to accept OUT transfers
USBFS_DisableOutEP	Disables the specified USB endpoint to NAK OUT transfers
USBFS_SetPowerStatus	Sets the device to self powered or bus powered
USBFS_Force	Forces a J, K, or SE0 State on the USB D+/D- pins. Normally used for remote wakeup.
USBFS_SerialNumString	Provides the source of the USB device serial number string descriptor during runtime.
USBFS_TerminateEP	Terminates Endpoint transfers.

Global Variables

Variable	Description
USBFS_initVar	Indicates whether the USBFS has been initialized. The variable is initialized to 0 and set to 1 the first time USBFS_Start() is called. This allows the component to restart without reinitialization in after the first call to the USBFS_Start() routine. If reinitialization of the component is required the variable should be set to 0 before the USBFS_Start() routine is called. Alternately, the USBFS can be reinitialized by calling the USBFS_Init() and USBFS_InitComponent() functions.
USBFS_device	Contains the started device number. This variable is set by USBFS_Start() or USBFS_InitComponent() APIs.
USBFS_transferState	This variable used by the communication functions to handle current transfer state. Initialized to TRANS_STATE_IDLE in USBFS_InitComponent() API and after complete transfer in status stage. Changed to the TRANS_STATE_CONTROL_READ or TRANS_STATE_CONTROL_WRITE in Setup transaction depend on request type.



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Variable	Description
USBFS_configuration	Contains current configuration number which is set by the Host using SET_CONFIGURATION request. This variable is initialized to zero in USBFS_InitComponent() API, returns to the application level by the USBFS_GetConfiguration() API
USBFS_deviceAddress	Contains current device address. This variable is initialized to zero in USBFS_InitComponent() API. Host starts to communicate to device with address 0 and then set it to whatever value using SET_ADDRESS request.
USBFS_deviceStatus	This is two bit variable which contain power status in first bit (DEVICE_STATUS_BUS_POWERED or DEVICE_STATUS_SELF_POWERED) and remote wakeup status (DEVICE_STATUS_REMOTE_WAKEUP) in second bit. This variable is initialized to zero in USBFS_InitComponent() API, configured by the USBFS_SetPowerStatus() API.

void USBFS_Start(uint8 device, uint8 mode)

Description: Performs all required initialization for USBFS Component.

Parameters: (uint8) device: Contains the device number from the desired device descriptor set entered

with the USBFS customizer.

(uint8) mode: The operating voltage. This determines whether the voltage regulator is enabled for 5V operation or if pass through mode is used for 3.3 V operation. Symbolic names and their associated values are given in the following table.

Power Setting	Notes
USBFS_3V_OPERATION	Disable voltage regulator and pass-thru Vcc for pull-up
USBFS_5V_OPERATION	Enable voltage regulator and use regulator for pull-up
USBFS_DWR_VDDD_OPERATION	Enable or Disable voltage regulator depend on Vddd Voltage configuration in DWR.

Return

None

Value:

Side Effects: None

void USBFS_Init(void)

Description: Initializes or restores the component according to the customizer Configure dialog settings. It

is not necessary to call USBFS Init() because the USBFS Start() routine calls this function

and is the preferred method to begin component operation.

Parameters: None

Return None

Value:



void USBFS_InitComponent (uint8 device, uint8 mode)

Description: Initialize component's global variables and initiate communication with Host by pull up D+

line.

Parameters: (uint8) device: Contains the device number from the desired device descriptor set entered

with the USBFS customizer.

(uint8) mode: The operating voltage. This determines whether the voltage regulator is enabled for 5V operation or if pass through mode is used for 3.3V operation. Symbolic names

and their associated values are given in the following table.

Power Setting	Notes
USBFS_3V_OPERATION	Disable voltage regulator and pass-thru Vcc for pull-up
USBFS_5V_OPERATION	Enable voltage regulator and use regulator for pull-up
USBFS_DWR_VDDD_OPERATION	Enable or Disable voltage regulator depend on Vddd Voltage configuration in DWR.

Return Value:

None

Side Effects: This function called from the Reset ISR to initialize communication.

void USBFS_Stop(void)

Description: Performs all necessary shutdown task required for the USBFS Component.

Parameters: None Return None

Value:

Side Effects: None

uint8 USBFS_GetConfiguration(void)

Description: Gets the current configuration of the USB device.

Parameters: None

Return uint8: Returns the currently assigned configuration. Returns 0 if the device is not configured.

Value:



uint8 USBFS_GetInterfaceSetting(uint8 interfaceNumber)

Description: Gets the current alternate setting for the specified interface.

Parameters: uint8 interfaceNumber: Interface number

Return uint8: Returns the current alternate setting for the specified interface.

Value:

Side Effects: None

uint8 USBFS GetEPState(uint8 epNumber)

Parameters: Returns the state of the requested endpoint.

(uint8) epNumber: The data endpoint number.

Return Value:

(uint8) Returns the current state of the specified USBFS endpoint. Symbolic names provided, and their associated values are given in the following table. Use these constants whenever you write code to change the state of the endpoints such as ISR code to handle data sent or received.

Return Value	Description
USBFS_NO_EVENT_PENDING	Indicates that the endpoint is awaiting SIE action
USBFS_EVENT_PENDING	Indicates that the endpoint is awaiting CPU action
USBFS_NO_EVENT_ALLOWED	Indicates that the endpoint is locked from access
USBFS_IN_BUFFER_FULL	The IN endpoint is loaded and the mode is set to ACK IN
USBFS_IN_BUFFER_EMPTY	An IN transaction occurred and more data can be loaded
USBFS_OUT_BUFFER_EMPTY	The OUT endpoint is set to ACK OUT and is waiting for data
USBFS_OUT_BUFFER_FULL	An OUT transaction has occurred and data can be read

Side Effects: None

uint8 USBFS_GetEPAckState(uint8 epNumber)

Description: Determines whether or not an ACK transaction occurred on this endpoint by reading the ACK

bit in the control register of the endpoint. This function does not clear the ACK bit.

Parameters: (uint8) epNumber: Contains the data endpoint number.

Return (uint8): If an ACKed transaction occurred then this function returns a non-zero value.

Value: Otherwise a zero is returned.



uint16 USBFS_GetEPCount(uint8 epNumber)

Description: Returns the transfer count for the requested endpoint. The value from the count registers

includes 2 counts for the two byte checksum of the packet. This function subtracts the two

counts.

Parameters: (uint8) epNumber: Contains the data endpoint number.

Return (uint16): Returns the current byte count from the specified USBFS endpoint or 0 for an invalid

Value: endpoint.

Side Effects: None

void USBFS LoadInEP(uint8 epNumber, uint8 *pData, uint16 length)

Description: Loads and enables the specified USB data endpoint for an IN interrupt or bulk transfer.

Parameters: (uint8) epNumber: Contains the data endpoint number.

(uint8) *pData: A pointer to a data array from which the data for the endpoint space is loaded. (uint16) length: The number of bytes to transfer from the array and then send as a result of an

IN request. Valid values are between 0 and 512.

Return None

Value:

Side Effects: None

uint16 USBFS_ReadOutEP(uint8 epNumber, uint8 *pData, uint16 length)

Description: Moves the specified number of bytes from endpoint RAM to data RAM. The number of bytes

actually transferred from endpoint RAM to data RAM is the lesser of the actual number of

bytes sent by the host or the number of bytes requested by the wCount parameter.

Parameters: (uint8) epNumber: Contains the data endpoint number.

(uint8) *pData: A pointer to a data array from which the data for the endpoint space is loaded. (uint16) length: The number of bytes to transfer from the USB OUT endpoint and loads it into

data array. Valid values are between 0 and 512. The function moves fewer than the

requested number of bytes if the host sends fewer bytes than requested.

Return

(uint16): Number of bytes received

Value:

Side Effects: None

void USBFS EnableOutEP(uint8 epNumber)

Description: Enables the specified endpoint for OUT bulk or interrupt transfers. Do not call this function for

IN endpoints.

Parameters: (uint8) epNumber: Contains the data endpoint number.

Return None

Value:



void USBFS_DisableOutEP(uint8 epNumber)

Description: Disables the specified USBFS OUT endpoint. Do not call this function for IN endpoints.

Parameters: (uint8) epNumber: Contains the data endpoint number.

Return None

Value:

Side Effects: None

void USBFS SetPowerStatus(uint8 powerStatus)

Description: Sets the current power status. The device will reply to USB GET_STATUS requests based on

this value. This allows the device to properly report its status for USB Chapter 9 compliance. Devices may change their power source from self powered to bus powered at any time and report their current power source as part of the device status. You should call this function any time your device changes from self powered to bus powered or vice versa, and set the

status appropriately.

Parameters: (uint8) powerStatus: Contains the desired power status, one for self powered or zero for bus

powered. Symbolic names are provided and their associated values are given here:

Power Status	Description
USBFS_DEVICE_STATUS_BUS_POWERED	Set the device to bus powered.
USBFS_DEVICE_STATUS_SELF_POWERED	Set the device to self powered.

Return None

Value:

Side Effects: None

void USBFS Force(uint8 state)

Description: Forces a USB J, K, or SE0 state on the D+/D- lines. This function provides the necessary

mechanism for a USB device application to perform a USB Remote Wakeup. For more information, refer to the USB 2.0 Specification for details on Suspend and Resume.

Parameters: (uint8) state: A byte indicating which of the four bus states to enable. Symbolic names

provided, and their associated values are listed here:

State	Description
USBFS_FORCE_SE0	Force a Single Ended 0 onto the D+/D- lines
USBFS_FORCE_J	Force a J State onto the D+/D- lines
USBFS_FORCE_K	Force a K State onto the D+/D- lines
USBFS_FORCE_NONE	Return bus to SIE control

Return None

Value:



void USBFS_SerialNumString(uint8 *snString)

Description: This function available only when the "User Call Back" option in the "Serial Number String"

descriptor properties is selected. Application firmware may provide the source of the USB device serial number string descriptor during runtime. Default string will be used if the application firmware does not use this function or sets the wrong string descriptor.

Parameters: (uint8) *snString: pointer to user defined string descriptor. String descriptor should meet the

Universal Serial Bus Specification revision 2.0 chapter 9.6.7

Return None

Value:

Side Effects: None

void USBFS_TerminateEP(uint8 epNumber)

Description: Terminates the specified USBFS endpoint. This function is usable before endpoint

reconfiguration.

Parameters: (uint8) epNumber: Contains the data endpoint number.

Return Value: None

Side Effects: Device response NAK to the IN or OUT token to the terminated endpoint.

Human Interface Device (HID) Class Support

Function	Description
USBFS_UpdateHIDTimer	Updates the HID Report timer for the specified interface and returns 1 if the timer expired and 0 if not. If the timer expired, it reloads the timer.
USBFS_GetProtocol	Returns the protocol for the specified interface

Global Variables

Variable	Description
USBFS_hidProtocol	This variable is initialized in the USBFS_InitComponent() API to the PROTOCOL_REPORT value. It is controlled by the Host using HID_SET_PROTOCOL request. The value is returned to the user code by the USBFS_GetProtocol() API.
USBFS_hidIdleRate	This variable controls the HID report rate. It is controlled by the Host using HID_SET_IDLE request and used by the USBFS_UpdateHIDTimer() API to reload timer.
USBFS_hidIdleTimer	This variable contains timer counter, which is decremented and reloaded by the USBFS_UpdateHIDTimer() API.



uint8 USBFS_UpdateHIDTimer(uint8 interface)

Description: Updates the HID Report idle timer and returns the status. Reloads the timer if it expires.

Parameters: (uint8) interface: Contains the interface number.

Return (uint8): Returns the state of the HID timer. Symbolic names are provided and their associated

Value: values are given here:

Return Value	Notes
USBFS_IDLE_TIMER_EXPIRED	The timer expired.
USBFS_IDLE_TIMER_RUNNING	The timer is running.
USBFS_IDLE_TIMER_IDEFINITE	Returned if the report is sent when data or state changes.

Side Effects: None

uint8 USBFS_GetProtocol(uint8 interface)

Description: Returns the HID protocol value for the selected interface.

Parameters: (uint8) interface: Contains the interface number.

Return (uint8): Returns the protocol value.

Value:

Side Effects: None

Boot Loader Support

The USBFS component could be used as a communication component for the Bootloader. The following configurations should be used to support communication protocol from an external system to the Bootloader:

- Endpoint Number: EP1, Direction: OUT, Transfer Type INT, Max Packet Size: 64
- Endpoint Number: EP2, Direction: IN, Transfer Type INT, Max Packet Size: 64

Full recommended configurations are stored in the template file (*bootloader.root.xml*). Select Descriptor Root on the Device Descriptor tree, click the Import button, browse to the following directory, and open *bootloader.root.xml* file.

<INSTALL>\psoc\content\cycomponentlibrary\CyComponentLibrary.cylib\USBFS_v1_60\Custom \template\

See more information about Bootloader in System Reference Guide.

The USBFS Component provides a set of API functions for the Bootloader usage.

Function	Description		
USBFS_CyBtldrCommStart	Performs all required initialization for USBFS Component, waits on the enumeration and enables the communication.		



Function	Description
USBFS_CyBtldrCommStop	Calls the USBFS_Stop function.
USBFS_CyBtldrCommReset	Resets the receive and transmit communication buffers.
USBFS_CyBtldrCommWrite	Allows the caller to write data to the boot loader host. The function will handle polling to allow a block of data to be completely sent to the host device.
USBFS_CyBtldrCommRead	Allows the caller to read data from the boot loader host. The function will handle polling to allow a block of data to be completely received from the host device.

void USBFS_CyBtldrCommStart(void)

Description: Performs all required initialization for USBFS component, waits on the enumeration and

enables the communication.

Parameters: None Return None

Value:

Side Effects: This function starts the USBFS with 3 V operation.

void USBFS_CyBtldrCommStop(void)

Description: Performs all necessary shutdown task required for the USBFS component.

Parameters: None Return None

Value:

Side Effects: Calls the USBFS_Stop() function.

void USBFS_CyBtldrCommReset(void)

Description: Resets the receive and transmit communication buffers.

Parameters: None Return None

Value:



cystatus USBFS_CyBtldrCommWrite(uint8 *data, uint16 size, uint16 *count, uint8 timeOut)

Description: Allows the caller to write data to the boot loader host. The function will handle polling to allow

a block of data to be completely sent to the host device.

Parameters: (uint8) *data: A pointer to the block of data to send to the device.

(uint16) size: The number of bytes to write.

(uint16) *count: Pointer to an unsigned short variable to write the number of bytes actually

written.

(uint8) timeout: Number of units to wait before returning because of a timeout.

Return (cystatus): Returns 1 if no problem was encountered or returns the value that best describes

Value: the problem.

Side Effects: None

cystatus USBFS_CyBtldrCommRead(uint8 *data, uint16 size, uint16 *count, uint8 timeOut)

Description: Allows the caller to read data from the boot loader host. The function will handle polling to

allow a block of data to be completely received from the host device.

Parameters: (uint8) *data: A pointer to the area to store the block of data received from the device.

(uint16) size: The number of bytes to read.

(uint16) *count: Pointer to an unsigned short variable to write the number of bytes actually

read.

(uint8) timeOut: Number of units to wait before returning because of a timeout.

Return (cystatus): Returns 1 if no problem was encountered or returns the value that best describes

Value: the problem.

Side Effects: None

USB Suspend, Resume, and Remote Wakeup

The USBFS Component supports USB Suspend, Resume, and Remote Wakeup. Since these features are tightly coupled into the user application, the USBFS Component provides a set of API functions.

Function	Description
USBFS_CheckActivity	Checks and clears the USB bus activity flag. Returns 1 if the USB was active since the last check, otherwise returns 0.
USBFS_Suspend	This function disables the USBFS block and prepare for power down mode.
USBFS_Resume	This function enables the USBFS block after power down mode.
USBFS_RWUEnabled	This function returns current remote wake up status.



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uint8 USBFS_CheckActivity(void)

Description: Returns the activity status of the bus. Clears the status hardware to provide fresh activity

status on the next call of this routine.

This function provides a means to check if any USB bus activity occurred. The application

uses the function to determine if the conditions to enter USB Suspend were met.

Parameters: None

Return (uint8) cystatus: Standard API return values.

Value:

Return Value	Description		
1	If bus activity was detected since the last call to this function		
0	If bus activity was not detected since the last call to this function		

Side Effects: None

void USBFS_Suspend(void)

Description: This function disables the USBFS block and prepare for power down mode. Should be called just

prior to entering sleep.

Once the conditions to enter USB suspend are met, the application takes appropriate steps to reduce current consumption to meet suspend current requirements. To put the USB SIE and transceiver into power down mode, the application calls the USBFS_Suspend() API function and the USBFS_CheckActivity() API to detect USB activity. This function disables the USBFS block, but maintains the current USB address (in the USBCR register). The device uses the sleep feature to

reduce power consumption.

Parameters: void

Return Value: void

Side Effects:

void USBFS Resume(void)

Description: This function enables the USBFS block after power down mode. Should be called just after

awaking from sleep.

While the device is suspended, it periodically checks to determine if the conditions to leave the suspended state were met. One way to check resume conditions is to use the sleep timer to periodically wake the device. If the resume conditions were met, the application calls the USBFS_Resume() API function. This function enables the USBFS SIE and Transceiver, bringing them out of power down mode. It does not change the USB address field of the USBCR register,

maintaining the USB address previously assigned by the host.

Parameters: void
Return Value: void

Side Effects:



uint8 USBFS_RWUEnabled(void)

Description: This function returns current remote wake up status.

If the device supports remote wakeup, the application is able to determine if the host enabled remote wakeup with the USBFS_RWUEnabled() API function. When the device is suspended and it determines the conditions to initiate a remote wakeup are met, the application uses the USBFS_Force() API function to force the appropriate J and K states onto the USB Bus,

signaling a remote wakeup.

Parameters: void

Return Value: TRUE - Remote Wake Up Enabled

FALSE - Remote Wake Up Disabled

Side Effects:

Audio Class Support

Global Variables

Variable	Description
USBFS_currentSampleFreq uency	Contains the current audio Sample Frequency. It is set by the Host using SET_CUR request to the endpoint.
USBFS_ frequencyChanged	This variable is used as a flag for the user code, to be aware that Host has been sent request for changing Sample Frequency. Sample frequency will be sent on the next OUT transaction. It is contains endpoint address when set. The following code is recommended for detecting new Sample Frequency in main code: if((USBFS_frequencyChanged != 0) && (USBFS_transferState == USBFS_TRANS_STATE_IDLE)) { /* Add core here.*/ USBFS_frequencyChanged = 0; } USBFS_transferState variable is checked to be sure that transfer completes.
USBFS_currentMute	USBFS_currentMute: Contains mute configuration set by Host.
USBFS_currentVolume	USBFS_currentVolume: Contains volume level set by Host.

Sample Firmware Source Code

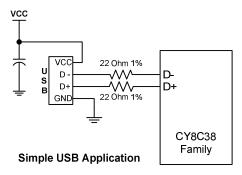
PSoC Creator provides numerous example projects that include schematics and example code in the Find Example Project dialog. For component-specific examples, open the dialog from the Component Catalog or an instance of the component in a schematic. For general examples, open the dialog from the Start Page or **File** menu. As needed, use the **Filter Options** in the dialog to narrow the list of projects available to select.

Refer to the "Find Example Project" topic in the PSoC Creator Help for more information.



Functional Description

The following diagram shows a simple bus-powered USB application with the D+ and D- pins from the PSoC device.



USB Compliance

USB drivers may present various bus conditions to the device, including Bus Resets, and different timing requirements. Not all of these can be correctly illustrated in the examples provided. It is your responsibility to design applications that conform to the USB spec.

USB Compliance for Self Powered Devices

If the device that you are creating will be self-powered, you must connect a GPIO pin to VBUS through a resistive network and write firmware to monitor the status of the GPIO. You can use the USBFS_Start() and USBFS_Stop() API routines to control the D+ and D- pin pull-ups. The pull-up resistor does not supply power to the data line until you call USBFS_Start(). USBFS_Stop() disconnects the pull-up resistor from the data pin.

The device responds to GET_STATUS requests based on the status set with the USBFS_SetPowerStatus() function. To set the correct status, USBFS_SetPowerStatus() should be called at least once if your device is configured as self-powered. You should also call the USBFS_SetPowerStatus() function any time your device changes status.

USB Standard Device Requests

This section describes the requests supported by the USBFS component. If a request is not supported the USBFS component responds with a STALL, indicating a request error.

Standard Device Request	USB Component Support Description	USB 2.0 Spec Section
CLEAR_FEATURE	Device:	9.4.1
	Interface:	
	Endpoint	



Standard Device Request	USB Component Support Description		
GET_CONFIGURATION	Returns the current device configuration value.		
GET_DESCRIPTOR	Returns the specified descriptor.	9.4.3	
GET_INTERFACE	Returns the selected alternate interface setting for the specified interface.	9.4.4	
GET_STATUS	Device:	9.4.5	
	Interface:		
	Endpoint:		
SET_ADDRESS	Sets the device address for all future device accesses.	9.4.6	
SET_CONFIGURATION	Sets the device configuration.		
SET_DESCRIPTOR	This optional request is not supported.		
SET_FEATURE	Device: DEVICE_REMOTE_WAKEUP support is selected by the bRemoteWakeUp Component Parameter. TEST_MODE is not supported.	9.4.9	
	Interface:		
	Endpoint: The specified Endpoint is halted.		
SET_INTERFACE	This request allows the host to select an alternate setting for the specified interface	9.4.10	
SYNCH_FRAME	Not supported. Future implementations of the Component will add support to this request to enable Isochronous transfers with repeating frame patterns.	9.4.11	

HID Class Request

Class Request	USBFS Component Support Description	Device Class Definition for HID - Section
GET_REPORT	Allows the host to receive a report by way of the Control pipe.	7.2.1
GET_IDLE	Reads the current idle rate for a particular Input report.	7.2.3
GET_PROTOCOL	Reads which protocol is currently active (either the boot or the report protocol).	7.2.5
SET_REPORT	Allows the host to send a report to the device, possibly setting the state of input, output, or feature controls.	7.2.2



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Class Request	USBFS Component Support Description	Device Class Definition for HID - Section
SET_IDLE	Silences a particular report on the Interrupt In pipe until a new event occurs or the specified amount of time passes.	7.2.4
SET_PROTOCOL	Switches between the boot protocol and the report protocol (or vice versa).	7.2.6

AUDIO Class Request

Class Request	USBFS Component Support Description	Device Class Definition for Audio - Section	
GET_CUR	Interface: MUTE_CONTROL VOLUME_CONTROL	5.2.1.1	
	Endpoint: SAMPLING_FREQ_CONTROL		
SET_CUR	Interface: MUTE_CONTROL VOLUME_CONTROL	5.2.1.2	
	Endpoint: SAMPLING_FREQ_CONTROL		



DC and AC Electrical Characteristics

USB DC Specifications

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V _{USB_5}	Device supply for USB operation	USB configured, USB regulator enabled	4.35	_	5.25	V
V _{USB_3.3}		USB configured, USB regulator bypassed	3.15	_	3.6	V
V _{USB_3}		USB configured, USB regulator bypassed	2.85	_	3.6	V
I _{USB_Configured}	Device supply current in device	V _{DDD} = 5 V	_	7	10	mA
	active mode, bus clock and IMO = 24 MHz	V _{DDD} = 3.3 V	_	5	8	mA
	Device supply current in device sleep mode	V _{DDD} = 5 V, connected to USB host, PICU configured to wake on USB resume signal	_	0.5	1.2	mA
		V _{DDD} = 5 V, disconnected from USB host	-	0.3	1.0	mA
		V _{DDD} = 3.3 V, connected to USB host, PICU configured to wake on USB resume signal	_	0.5	1.2	mA
		V _{DDD} = 3.3 V, disconnected from USB host	_	0.3	1.0	mA

USB Driver AC Specifications

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Tr	Transition rise time		_	_	20	ns
Tf	Transition fall time		_	_	20	ns
TR	Rise/fall time matching		90%	-	111%	
Vcrs	Output signal crossover voltage		1.3	_	2	V



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Component Changes

This section lists the major changes in the component from the previous version.

Version	Description of Changes	Reason for Changes / Impact
1.60	Added function USBFS_TerminateEP(uint8 ep) to NAK an endpoint.	This function is usable before endpoint reconfiguration or device mode switching.
	Initialize USBFS_hidProtocol variable to HID_PROTOCOL_REPORT value in USBFS_InitComponent() and USBFS_reInitComonent() functions.	To comply with HID "7.2.6 Set_Protocol Request" "When initialized, all devices default to report protocol."
	Added support SET_FEATURE/CLR_FEATURE requests to an interface.	For passing WHQL test.
	Added logic to the SET_IDLE request handling to support proper timing.	To comply with HID "7.2.4 Set_Idle Request"
	Added support Audio class requests: SET_CUR/CLR_CUR to an interface and Endpoint for Sampling Frequency, Mute and Volume controls.	To comply with Audio Class Definition "5.2.1.1 Set Request" and "5.2.1.2 Get Request"
	Boot loader APIs were renamed to have instance name ahead. The backward compatible defines added.	Preparation for future ability to boot from multiple interfaces.
	Added characterization data to datasheet	
	Minor datasheet edits and updates	
1.50.a	Made datasheet change log cumulative	Customer convenience.
1.50	USB Suspend, Resume, and Remote Wakeup functionality has been added.	USB device should support suspend and resume functionality.
	Most APIs renamed to remove foreign notation, old names are supported for backward compatibility.	To comply with corporate coding standards.
	GET_INTERFACE/SET_INTERFACE requests support has been added.	A device must support the GetInterface/SetInterface requests if it has alternate settings for that interface.
	Specific APIs were integrated to support the boot loader: CyBtldrCommStart, CyBtldrCommStop, CyBtldrCommReset, CyBtldrCommWrite, CyBtldrCommRead.	USB could be used as a communication component for the Boot Loader with this feature.
	Added generic USB Bulk Wraparound Transfer example to data sheet.	Described generic USB usage for user.
	Added the extern_cls and extern_vnd parameters to the Advanced tab of the Configure dialog.	These parameters enable other components at the solutions level, to provide their handling of Vendor and Class requests themselves.
	Restriction has been added to DMA w/Manual Memory Management section.	This restriction shows how to properly use Mode 2/3 transfers.
	'Advanced' tab layout modified.	The data grid was replaced with check boxes with information about each parameter. This was done to improve usability.



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	Added Audio Descriptors tab to the Configure dialog.	This allows you to add and configure audio descriptors for your component.
	Removed SOF ISR enable/disable from Start/Stop APIs.	SOF interrupts occur each 1ms, but was not used by the component. If application requires this interrupt it can be enabled by calling: CyIntEnable (USBFS_SOF_VECT_NUM);
1.30.b	Added information to the component that advertizes its compatibility with silicon revisions.	The tool reports an error/warning if the component is used on incompatible silicon. If this happens, update to a revision that supports your target device.
1.30.a	Moved local parameters to formal parameter list.	To address a defect that existed in PSoC Creator v1.0 Beta 4.1 and earlier, the component was updated so that it could continue to be used in newer versions of the tool. This component used local parameters, which are not exposed to the user, to do background calculations on user input. These parameters have been changed to formal parameters which are visible, but un-editable. There are no functional changes to the component but the affected parameters are now visible in the "expression view" of the customizer dialog.
1.30	Updated the Configure dialog and data sheet.	Added the Enable SOF Output parameter to the Advanced tab of the Configure dialog. Updated the USBFS_ReadOutEP() function in the data sheet to reflect the correct return value.
1.20.b	Added information to the component that advertizes its compatibility with silicon revisions.	The tool reports an error/warning if the component is used on incompatible silicon. If this happens, update to a revision that supports your target device.
1.20.a	Moved local parameters to formal parameter list.	To address a defect that existed in PSoC Creator v1.0 Beta 4.1 and earlier, the component was updated so that it could continue to be used in newer versions of the tool. This component used local parameters, which are not exposed to the user, to do background calculations on user input. These parameters have been changed to formal parameters which are visible, but un-editable. There are no functional changes to the component but the affected parameters are now visible in the "expression view" of the customizer dialog.
1.10.b	Added information to the component that advertizes its compatibility with silicon revisions.	The tool reports an error/warning if the component is used on incompatible silicon. If this happens, update to a revision that supports your target device.
1.10.a	Moved local parameters to formal parameter list.	To address a defect that existed in PSoC Creator v1.0 Beta 4.1 and earlier, the component was updated so that it could continue to be used in newer versions of the tool. This component used local parameters, which are not exposed to the user, to do background calculations on user input. These parameters have been changed to formal parameters which are visible, but un-editable. There are no functional changes to the component but the affected parameters are now visible in the "expression view" of the customizer dialog.



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