

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT ARLINGTON, TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

EE 5356 DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

PROJECT #6

by

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Presented to

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Non-Linear Filters

MATLAB CODE:

```
%% Read the image
img = imread('lena512.dib.bmp');
img = img(:,:,1);
%% Add different noise to the image
gauss img = imnoise(img, 'gaussian', 0, 0.01);
poisson img = imnoise(img, 'poisson');
snp img = imnoise(img, 'salt & pepper', 0.05);
speckle img = imnoise(img, 'speckle', 0.04);
%% Display original image
figure(1)
imshow(img); title('Orignal Image');
saveas(gca, 'original image.jpg');
%% Display noisy images
figure(2)
subplot(2,2,1)
imshow(uint8(gauss img)); title('Gaussian Noise Img');
subplot(2,2,2)
imshow(uint8(poisson img)); title('Poisson Noise Img');
subplot(2,2,3)
imshow(uint8(snp img)); title('Salt & Pepper Noise Img');
subplot(2,2,4)
imshow(uint8(speckle img)); title('Speckle Noise Img');
saveas(gca,'noisy images.jpg');
```

Results:





Gaussian Noise Img



Salt & Pepper Noise Img



Poisson Noise Img



Speckle Noise Img



Applying Arithmetic mean filter to the images:

```
%% Arithmetic mean filter
f = @(x) mean(x(:));
g img gm = nlfilter(gauss img,[3 3],f);
p img gm = nlfilter(poisson img,[3 3],f);
snp img gm = nlfilter(snp img, [3 3], f);
s img gm = nlfilter(speckle img,[3 3],f);
figure;
subplot(2,2,1)
imshow(uint8(g_img_gm));
title('Gaussian Noise Arithmetic Mean');
subplot(2,2,2)
imshow(uint8(p_img_gm));
title('Poisson Noise Arithmetic Mean');
subplot(2,2,3)
imshow(uint8(snp img gm));
title('Salt & Pepper Noise Arithmetic Mean');
subplot(2,2,4)
imshow(uint8(s img gm));
title('Speckle Noise Arithmetic Mean');
```

Gaussian Noise Arithmetic Mean



Poisson Noise Arithmetic Mean



Salt & Pepper Noise Arithmetic Mean



Speckle Noise Arithmetic Mean



Observations:

From the above results, it can be observed that **arithmetic mean** works best for the image with **Poisson noise**.

Applying Geometric Mean to the noisy images:

```
%% Geometric Mean
f = Q(x) \text{ geomean}(x(:));
g img gm = nlfilter(double(gauss img),[3 3],f);
p img gm = nlfilter(double(poisson img),[3 3],f);
snp img gm = nlfilter(double(snp img),[3 3],f);
s img gm = nlfilter(double(speckle img),[3 3],f);
figure;
subplot(2,2,1)
imshow(uint8(g img gm));
title('Gaussian Noise Geometric Mean');
subplot(2,2,2)
imshow(uint8(p img gm));
title('Poisson Noise Geometric Mean');
subplot(2,2,3)
imshow(uint8(snp img gm));
title('Salt & Pepper Noise Geometric Mean');
subplot(2,2,4)
imshow(uint8(s img gm));
title('Speckle Noise Geometric Mean');
saveas(gca,'gm filter results.jpg');
```

Result:

Gaussian Noise Geometric Mean



Poisson Noise Geometric Mean



Salt & Pepper Noise Geometric Mean



Speckle Noise Geometric Mean



From the above results, it can be observed that **Geometric mean** works best for the image with **Poisson noise**.

Applying Harmonic mean to the noisy images:

```
%% Harmonic Mean
f = Q(x) \text{ hm filter}(x(:));
g hm = nlfilter(double(gauss img),[3 3],f);
p hm = nlfilter(double(poisson img),[3 3],f);
snp hm = nlfilter(double(snp img),[3 3],f);
s hm = nlfilter(double(speckle img),[3 3],f);
figure;
subplot(2,2,1)
imshow(uint8(g hm)); title('Gaussian Noise Harmonic Mean');
subplot(2,2,2)
imshow(uint8(p hm)); title('Poisson Noise Harmonic Mean');
subplot(2,2,3)
imshow(uint8(snp hm)); title('Salt & Pepper Noise Harmonic Mean');
subplot(2,2,4)
imshow(uint8(s hm)); title('Speckle Noise Harmonic Mean');
saveas(gca,'hm filter results.jpg');
%% Implementing Harmonic Mean filter
function mean = hm filter(img)
[m,n] = size(imq);
sum = 0; Q = 1;
for i=1:m
for j=1:n
sum = sum + 1/img(i,j);
end
end
mean = (m*n)/sum;
```

Gaussian Noise Harmonic Mean



Poisson Noise Harmonic Mean



Salt & Pepper Noise Harmonic Mean



Speckle Noise Harmonic Mean



Observation:

From the above results, it can be observed that **Harmonic mean** works best for the image with **Poisson noise** with **satisfactory results** for images with **Gaussian** and **Speckle noise**.

Applying Contra-Harmonic mean filter to the images:

```
%% Contraharmonic Mean
f = @(x) c_hm_filter(x(:));
g c hm = nlfilter(double(gauss img),[3 3],f);
p c hm = nlfilter(double(poisson img),[3 3],f);
snp c hm = nlfilter(double(snp img),[3 3],f);
s c hm = nlfilter(double(speckle img),[3 3],f);
figure;
subplot(2,2,1)
imshow(uint8(g c hm));
title ('Gaussian Noise ContraHarmonic Mean');
subplot(2,2,2)
imshow(uint8(p c hm));
title('Poisson Noise ContraHarmonic Mean');
subplot(2,2,3)
imshow(uint8(snp c hm));
title('Salt & Pepper Noise ContraHarmonic Mean');
```

```
subplot(2,2,4)
imshow(uint8(s_c_hm));
title('Speckle Noise ContraHarmonic Mean');
saveas(gca,'c_hm_filter_results.jpg');

%% Implementing Contr-Harmonic Mean filter
function mean = c_hm_filter(img)
[m,n] = size(img);
s0 = 0;s1 = 0;Q = 1;
for i=1:m
for j=1:n
s0 = s0 + img(i,j)^(Q+1);
s1 = s1 + img(i,j)^Q;
end
end
mean = s0/s1;
```

Gaussian Noise Contra Harmonic Mean Poisson Noise Contra Harmonic Mean





Salt & Pepper Noise Contra Harmonic Mear Speckle Noise Contra Harmonic Mean





Observation:

From the above results, it can be observed that **Contra-Harmonic mean** works best for the image with **Poisson noise**.

Applying Median Filter to the images:

```
%% Median Filter
g median = medfilt2(gauss img);
p median = medfilt2(poisson img);
snp median = medfilt2(snp img);
s median = medfilt2(speckle img);
figure;
subplot(2,2,1)
imshow(uint8(g median));
title('Gaussian Noise Median Filter');
subplot(2,2,2)
imshow(uint8(p_median));
title('Poisson Noise Median Filter');
subplot(2,2,3)
imshow(uint8(snp_median));
title('S & P Noise Median Filter');
subplot(2,2,4)
imshow(uint8(s median));
title('Speckle Noise Median Filter');
saveas(gca,'median filter results.jpg');
```

Result:

Gaussian Noise Median Filter



S & P Noise Median Filter



Poisson Noise Median Filter



Speckle Noise Median Filter



From the above results, it can be observed that **Median filter** works best for the image with **Salt** and **Pepper noise**.

Applying Min Filter to the images:

```
%% Min Filter
g min = ordfilt2(gauss img,1,ones(3,3));
p min = ordfilt2(poisson img,1,ones(3,3));
snp min = ordfilt2(snp img, 1, ones(3, 3));
s min = ordfilt2(speckle img,1,ones(3,3));
figure;
subplot(2,2,1)
imshow(uint8(g min)); title('Gaussian Noise Min Filter');
subplot(2,2,2)
imshow(uint8(p min)); title('Poisson Noise Min Filter');
subplot(2,2,3)
imshow(uint8(snp min)); title('Salt & Pepper Noise Min filter');
subplot(2,2,4)
imshow(uint8(s min)); title('Speckle Noise Min Filter');
saveas(gca,'min filter results.jpg');
Result:
```

Gaussian Noise Min Filter



Poisson Noise Min Filter



Salt & Pepper Noise Min filter



Speckle Noise Min Filter



Satisfactory results for images with Poisson Noise and Speckle Noise.

Applying Max Filter to the images:

```
%% Max Filter
g \max = \operatorname{ordfilt2}(gauss img, 9, ones(3, 3));
p max = ordfilt2(poisson img,9,ones(3,3));
snp max = ordfilt2(snp img, 9, ones(3, 3));
s max = ordfilt2(speckle img, 9, ones(3, 3));
figure;
subplot(2,2,1)
imshow(uint8(g max));
title ('Gaussian Noise Max Filter');
subplot(2,2,2)
imshow(uint8(p max));
title('Poisson Noise Max Filter');
subplot(2,2,3)
imshow(uint8(snp max));
title('Salt & Pepper Noise Max filter');
subplot(2,2,4)
imshow(uint8(s max));
title('Speckle Noise Max Filter');
saveas(gca,'max filter results.jpg');
```

Result:

Gaussian Noise Max Filter



Salt & Pepper Noise Max filter



Poisson Noise Max Filter



Speckle Noise Max Filter



Satisfactory results in image with Poisson noise.

Applying Alpha Trimmed filter to the images:

```
%% Alphatrimmed Filter
f = Q(x) a trim filter(x(:));
g alpha = nlfilter(double(gauss img),[3 3],f);
p alpha = nlfilter(double(poisson img),[3 3],f);
snp alpha = nlfilter(double(snp img),[3 3],f);
s alpha = nlfilter(double(speckle img),[3 3],f);
figure;
subplot(2,2,1)
imshow(uint8(g alpha)); title('Gaussian Noise Alphatrimmed Mean');
subplot(2,2,2)
imshow(uint8(p alpha)); title('Poisson Noise Alphatrimmed Mean');
subplot(2,2,3)
imshow(uint8(snp alpha)); title('Salt & Pepper Noise Alphatrimmed
Mean');
subplot(2,2,4)
imshow(uint8(s alpha)); title('Speckle Noise Alphatrimmed Mean');
saveas(gca, 'alpha trim filter results.jpg');
%% Implementing alpha-trimmed filter
function mean = a trim filter(img)
[m,n] = size(img);
sum = 0; d = 0;
for i=1:m
for j=1:n
sum = sum + img(i,j);
end
end
mean = sum*(1/m*n - d);
```

Gaussian Noise Alphatrimmed Mean



Poisson Noise Alphatrimmed Mean



Salt & Pepper Noise Alphatrimmed Mean Speckle Noise Alphatrimmed Mean





Observation:

As seen in the above results, Alpha Trimmed works best for image with Poisson noise.

Applying Mid-point filter to the images:

```
%% Mid-point Filter
f = Q(x) \text{ mid filter}(x(:));
g midpt = nlfilter(double(gauss img),[3 3],f);
p midpt = nlfilter(double(poisson img),[3 3],f);
snp midpt = nlfilter(double(snp img), [3 3], f);
s midpt = nlfilter(double(speckle img),[3 3],f);
figure;
subplot(2,2,1)
imshow(uint8(g midpt)); title('Gaussian Noise Mid-Point Filter');
subplot(2,2,2)
imshow(uint8(p midpt)); title('Poisson Noise Mid-Point Filter');
subplot(2,2,3)
imshow(uint8(snp midpt)); title('Salt & Pepper Noise Mid-Point
Filter');
subplot(2,2,4)
imshow(uint8(s midpt)); title('Speckle Noise Mid-Point Filter');
```

```
saveas(gca,'mid_point_filter_results.jpg');
%% Implementing mid-point filter
function mean = mid_filter(img)
mean = (1/2)*(max(max(img))+min(min(img)));
```

Gaussian Noise Mid-Point Filter



Poisson Noise Mid-Point Filter



Salt & Pepper Noise Mid-Point Filter



Speckle Noise Mid-Point Filter



Observation:

Satisfactory results for image with Poisson Noise.

Conclusion:

- It can be seen from the results of applying different filters to the same image with different noise that the success of filters depends on the noise the image has.
- Geometric mean filter works best for images with Poisson Noise.
- Median filter works best for images with salt and pepper noise.
- Arithmetic filter works best for images with Gaussian noise.
- Mid-Point filter works best for images with Speckle noise.