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Project 2 CS 3200

# **Sustainable Transportation Tracking Database**

## I. Overview and Proposal

### **Problem**

In many urban areas, transportation contributes significantly to pollution, congestion, and carbon emissions. While there's a growing interest in sustainable transportation options such as cycling, walking, and public transit, tracking the usage and impact of these alternatives can be challenging without proper tools.

## **Objective**

To develop a database that allows the tracking, management, and promotion of sustainable transportation options within communities. The database would help to collect data on usage patterns, emissions reductions, and user feedback, informing transportation planning and policy decisions.

#### **Tables**

Transportation\_Mode

- mode\_id (PK)
- mode name
- description
- carbon emission rate per mile

### User

- user id (PK)
- username
- email
- password
- location
- preferred transportation mode

## Trip

- trip\_id (PK)
- user id (FK)
- mode id (FK)
- start location
- end location
- distance traveled
- trip\_purpose
- trip\_duration
- carbon\_emission\_saved

## Emissions Data

- emissions\_id (PK)
- mode id (FK)
- date
- total\_emissions\_saved

### Feedback

- feedback id (PK)
- user id (FK)
- date
- feedback text
- satisfaction\_rating

## **Community Event**

- event id (PK)
- event name
- location
- date\_time
- description
- organizer

# II. Business Requirements

# **Sustainable Transportation Tracking Database Requirements:**

#### **Rules**

- Users can register with the system using a unique username, email, and password.
- Users provide their location and preferred transportation mode during registration.
- Users can log their trips, including start and end locations, distance traveled, purpose, and duration.
- The system calculates carbon emissions saved for each trip based on the transportation mode chosen.
- Emissions data is aggregated to track total emissions saved over time.
- Users can provide feedback on their transportation experiences, including text feedback and satisfaction ratings.
- Community events promoting sustainable transportation habits are organized, including car-free days, bike-to-work campaigns, and walking tours.
- Users can participate in community events, track their participation, and provide feedback.
- Incentive programs reward users for choosing sustainable transportation options.
- Rewards earned by users are managed within the system.
- Visualizations and reports can be generated from the database to illustrate usage patterns, emissions reductions, user feedback, and community event participation.
- The database system prioritizes security and privacy, encrypting sensitive user information and adhering to data protection regulations.
- The system is designed to handle large volumes of data and support a growing user base.

#### **Possible Nouns**

Denoted by yellow highlights in Rules listed above.

- Users
- Transportation Modes
- Trips
- Emissions Data
- Feedback
- Community Events

- Incentive Programs
- Rewards
- Visualizations
- Reports
- Security
- Privacy
- System

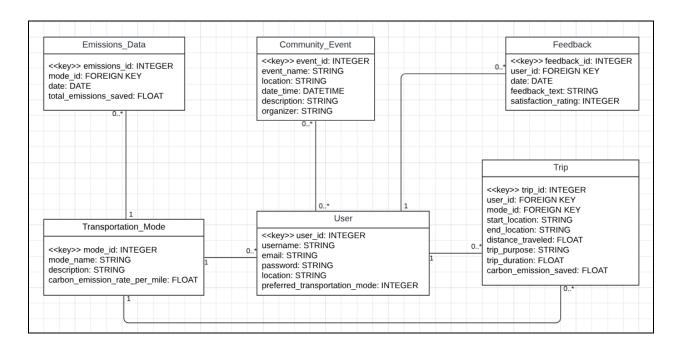
# **Possible Actions**

Denoted by green highlights in Rules listed above.

- Register
- Log
- Calculate
- Aggregate
- Provide
- Organize
- Participate
- Track
- Manage
- Generate
- Illustrate
- Prioritize
- Encrypt
- Support

# III. UML Class Diagram

Resued from Project 1.



#### URL:

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## **Explanation of Multiplicities**

- 1. User to Transportation Mode
  - Type: Many-to-One
  - Multiplicity: Many Users (0..\*) to One Transportation Mode (1)
  - **Description**: Each user may have one preferred transportation mode, but each transportation mode can be preferred by many users.
- 2. User to Trip
  - Type: One-to-Many
  - **Multiplicity**: One User (1) to Many Trips (0..\*)
  - **Description**: Each user can log multiple trips, but each trip is logged by exactly one user.
- 3. Trip to Transportation Mode
  - Type: Many-to-One
  - **Multiplicity**: Many Trips (0..\*) to One Transportation Mode (1)
  - **Description**: Each trip is associated with one transportation mode, while each transportation mode can be used for many trips.
- 4. User to Feedback
  - **Type**: One-to-Many

- **Multiplicity**: One User (1) to Many Feedback entries (0..\*)
- **Description**: Each user can provide multiple feedback entries, but each feedback entry is provided by exactly one user.

### 5. Transportation Mode to Emissions Data

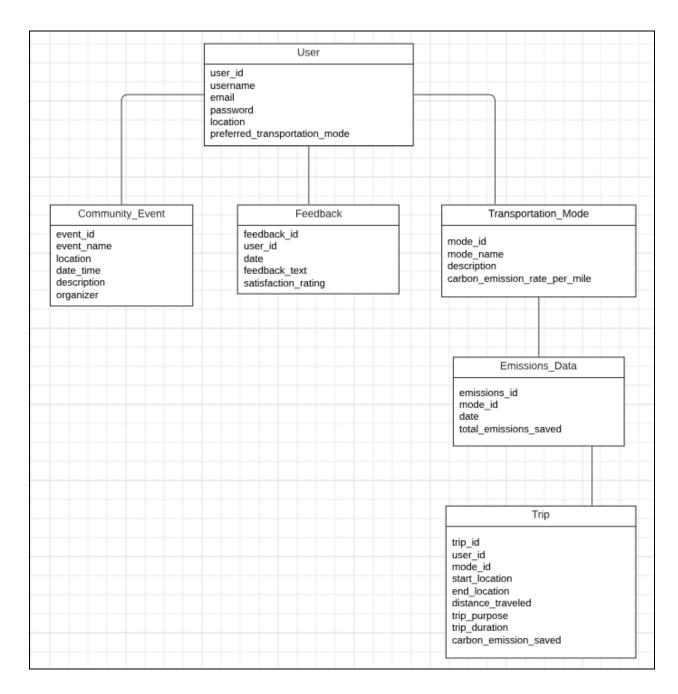
- Type: One-to-Many
- **Multiplicity**: One Transportation Mode (1) to Many Emissions Data entries (0..\*)
- **Description**: Each transportation mode can have multiple emissions data entries, but each entry is associated with exactly one transportation mode.

### 6. User to Community Event

- **Type**: Many-to-Many
- **Multiplicity**: Many Users (0..\*) to Many Community\_Events (0..\*)
- **Description**: Users can attend multiple community events, and each community event can have multiple attendees.

# IV. ER Diagram (Logical Model)

Derived from the UML class diagram depicted above and adapted to fit a document database.



#### URL:

https://lucid.app/lucidchart/b164c01e-8368-4d0f-83b9-ef3cde5ce34f/edit?viewport\_loc=-2161%2C-486%2C3565%2C1412%2C0\_0&invitationId=inv\_f1d1878c-934a-4844-b132-bd91533cabe5