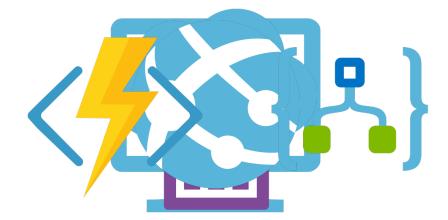
Module Completion & Exam Hints

Azure Compute Options

Azure Compute Options Introduction

- Azure compute is an on-demand computing service that facilitates running your Apps in the cloud
- Resources in Azure are available on-demand in minutes or even seconds (depends on the compute option)
- Azure Computing options:
 - UVMs
 - Containers
 - Azure App Service
 - Serverless (Function & Logic Apps)



Azure Containers

Containers in Azure – Azure Container Instances

- You can easily run containers on Azure without managing servers -> Azure Container Instances (ACI)
- □ ACI (Azure PaaS offering) allows uploading your containers to Azure and running them immediately
- No virtual machines to manage, no additional configuration needed



Containers in Azure – Azure Kubernetes Service

- Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) makes deploying and managing containerized applications easy
- □ Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) is a complete orchestration service for containers with distributed architectures with multiple containers



Orchestration – use AKS in order to automate, manage and interact with a large number of containers

Azure App Service

Azure App Service

Azure App Service is an HTTP-based service for hosting web applications, REST APIs and mobile back ends

Available programming languages:

















- Azure App Service PaaS offering
- Pricing based on App Service Plan

App Service Plan

- With App Service, apps run in an App Service plan; when you create an App Service plan, a set of compute resources is created for that plan in that region
- Each App Service plan defines: Region, Number of VM instances, size of VMs, pricing tier
- The pricing tier of an App Service plan determines what App Service features you get and how much you pay for the plan

Azure Serverless Computing

Serverless Computing Main Pillars

- Abstraction of servers
 - With serverless computing, you simply upload you code to Azure, which is run assuring HA as well
- Event-driven
 - App code is run based on triggers or events
 - i.e. Run a function when it receives an HTTP request
- Pay by the run time
 - You pay only for the duration your code runs
 - Times it was executed

Azure Functions

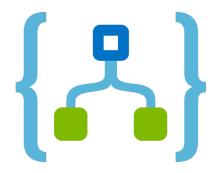
- With Azure Functions you can run small pieces of code ("functions") without worrying about application infrastructure
- ☐ The function is triggered by an event
- Trigger examples:
 - Respond to data changes
 - Run a task on schedule
 - Run a function as response to HTTP request



Azure Functions

Azure Logic Apps

- Azure Logic Apps are similar to Azure Functions, just that you don't have to write code
- With Azure Logic Apps you can:
 - Schedule
 - Automate and orchestrate tasks
- Business processes and workflows when you need to integrate apps, data, systems and services across enterprises or organizations
 - What does workflow mean?



Azure Logic Apps

Azure Logic Apps Introduction

- Workflow Visualize, design, build, automate and deploy business processes as series of steps
- □ Azure Functions executes code, while Azure Logic Apps executes workflows, using prebuilt logic blocks

Azure Logic Apps

■ You create Logic Apps workflows using a visual designer on Azure Portal or Visual Studio

Thank you