

Gandini Notes on Invariants

$$S = \mathbb{K}[x]^G$$

J_G = IDEAL generated by all POSITIVE degree invariants.

$$x \mapsto -x, \quad f = x^2$$

$$\mathbb{K}[x^2] \text{ vs } (x^2)$$

To compute R^G , first compute $J_G = (f_1, \dots, f_2)$ then $R^G = \mathbb{L}[R_G(f_1), \dots, R_G(f_2)]$ where R_G is the map $f \mapsto \frac{1}{|G|} \sum g \cdot f$.

Note: J_G is the hilbert ideal.

$$J_G = (\mathbb{I}(A_G) + (y_1, \dots, y_n) \cap \mathbb{K}[x_1, \dots, x_n]).$$

Now consider $\underline{x}, \underline{y}$.

G acts on \underline{x} .

$$\{(\underline{x}, g \cdots \underline{x})\}$$

on all $(\underline{x}, \underline{y})$ such that $\underline{y} = g \cdots \underline{x}$.

$$A_G = \bigcup_{g \in G} \{(\underline{x}, g \cdot \underline{x})\}$$