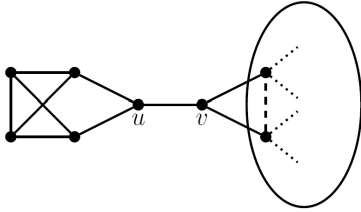


CS5330: Sample Endterm

April 10, 2020

1. Give an example of a family \mathcal{H} of hash functions $h : [n] \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$ such that \mathcal{H} is strongly $(n - 1)$ -uniform but not strongly n -uniform.



2.

In the graph above, the ellipse on the right side is a 3-regular graph with $n - 6$ vertices where the dashed edge is absent. Show that $h_{u,v} = O(1)$ but $h_{v,u} = \Omega(n)$. (**Hint:** What can you say about $h_{u,u}$?)

3. Consider a Markov chain on n points $\{0, 1, \dots, n - 1\}$ lying in order on a circle. At each step, the chain stays at the current point with probability $1/2$ or moves to the next point in the clockwise direction with probability $1/2$. Find the stationary distribution and show that, for any $\varepsilon > 0$, the mixing time $t_{\text{mix}}(\varepsilon)$ is $O(n^2 \log(1/\varepsilon))$.
4. Design a Markov chain on the independent sets of a graph where in the stationary distribution, $\pi_x \propto \lambda^{|I_x|}$ where I_x is the independent set corresponding to the state x and λ is a parameter.
5. Consider an n -cube with $N = 2^n$ nodes. Let S be a nonempty set of vertices on the cube, and let x be a vertex chosen uniformly at random among all vertices of the cube. Let $D(x, S)$ be the minimum number of coordinates in which x and y differ over all points $y \in S$.

(a) Show that

$$\Pr[|D(x, S) - \mathbb{E}[D(x, S)]| > \lambda] \leq 2 \exp\left(-\frac{2\lambda^2}{n}\right)$$

(b) By plugging in $\lambda = \mathbb{E}[D(x, S)]$ into part (a), show that if $|S| \geq \alpha \cdot 2^n$, then show that:

$$\mathbb{E}[D(x, S)] \leq c_\alpha \sqrt{n}$$

where c_α is a constant depending on α .