Defensive Security Project by: The Night's Watch (Dylan, Ryan, & Benji)

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This document contains the following resources:

02 03 Monitoring **Attack Analysis Project Summary Environment** & Future Mitigations



Scenario

- Assume the role of a SOC analyst for VSI Corporation to monitor and analyze their Windows and Apache systems before and after an attack
- Analyze events by:
 - Creating reports to assist in monitoring for attacks.
 - Create alerts based on ideal thresholds from baselines.
- Design visualizations and incorporate into a dashboard for quick access to important data.
 - Adding additional apps for monitoring specific information.

Website Monitoring Add-on

Website Monitoring

Website Monitoring

Open App

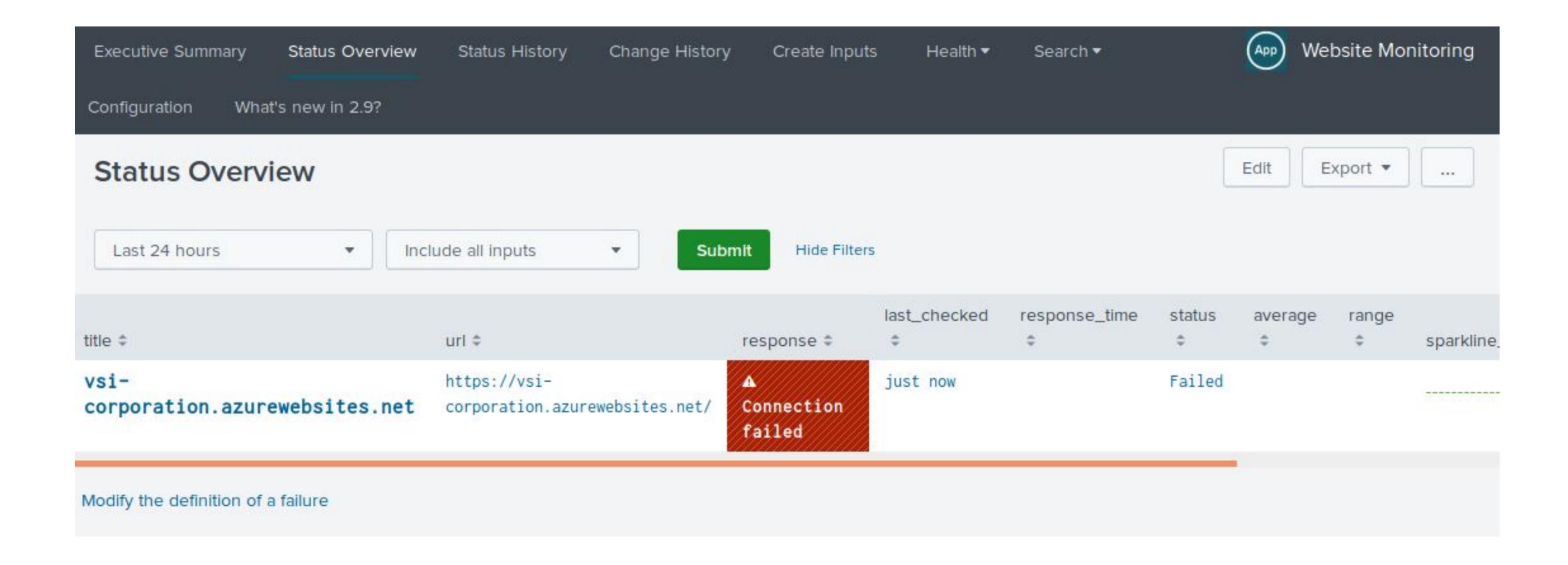
Monitor websites to detect downtime and performance problems. This app uses a modular input that can be setup easily (in 5 minutes or less).

Please consider financially supporting me in the developing this app in order to promote continued development; see https://github.com/sponsors/LukeMurphey

Category: IT Operations | Author: Luke Murphey | Downloads: 39787 | Released: 10 months ago | Last Updated: 4 months ago |

View on Splunkbase

Website Monitoring (In Use)



Logs Analyzed

1

Windows Logs

- Important information on Windows Machine events
 - User IDs / Account Names
 - Security Privileges
 - Date / Time
 - Event Statuses / Codes

2

Apache Logs

- Web Application Server
 - URIs
 - Date / Time
 - Geographic location of source IPs
 - HTTP Statuses
 - GET/HEAD/POST/OPTION
 - 404 etc.

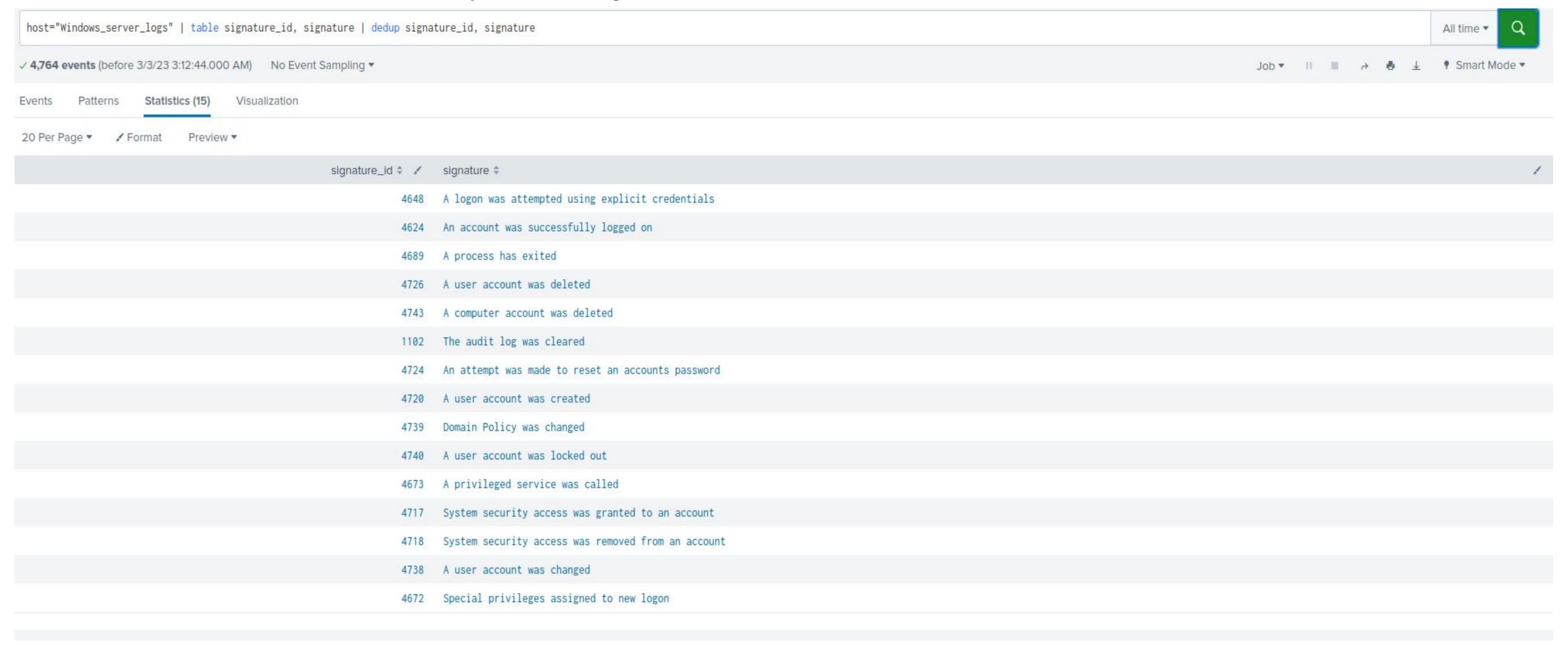


Reports—Windows

Report Name	Report Description
ID Number Associated with Specific Signature	A report for Windows activities that displays the ID number connected to the particular signature.
Severity	A report that outlines the severity levels and count of the Windows logs that are being examined.
Success and Failure	A report indicating whether the number of unsuccessful operations on their server is suspiciously high.

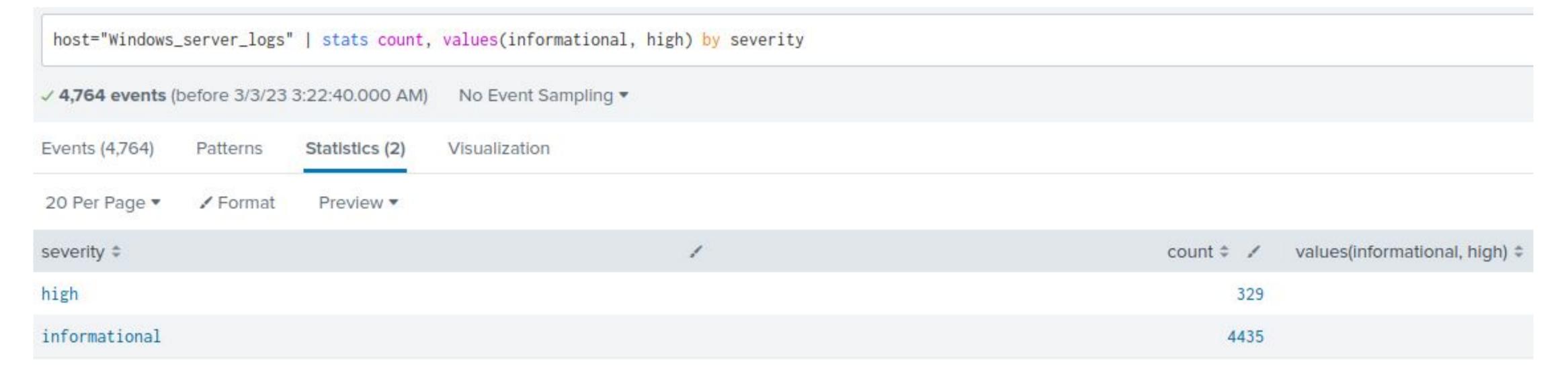
Report 1—Windows

ID Number Associated with Specific Signature



Report 2—Windows

Severity Count



Report 3—Windows

Success and Failure Rate

```
host="Windows_server_logs" | stats count, values(informational, high) by status
4,764 events (before 3/3/23 3:27:17.000 AM)
                                             No Event Sampling ▼
Events (4,764)
                             Statistics (2)
                                             Visualization
                 Patterns
20 Per Page ▼
                 / Format
                               Preview *
                                                                                                                                      values(informational, high) $
                                                                                                                        count $ /
status $
failure
                                                                                                                                142
                                                                                                                               4622
success
```

Alert 1 — Windows

Alert Name	Alert Description	Alert Baseline	Alert Threshold
Suspicious Activity	Threshold of failed Windows Activity	199	199



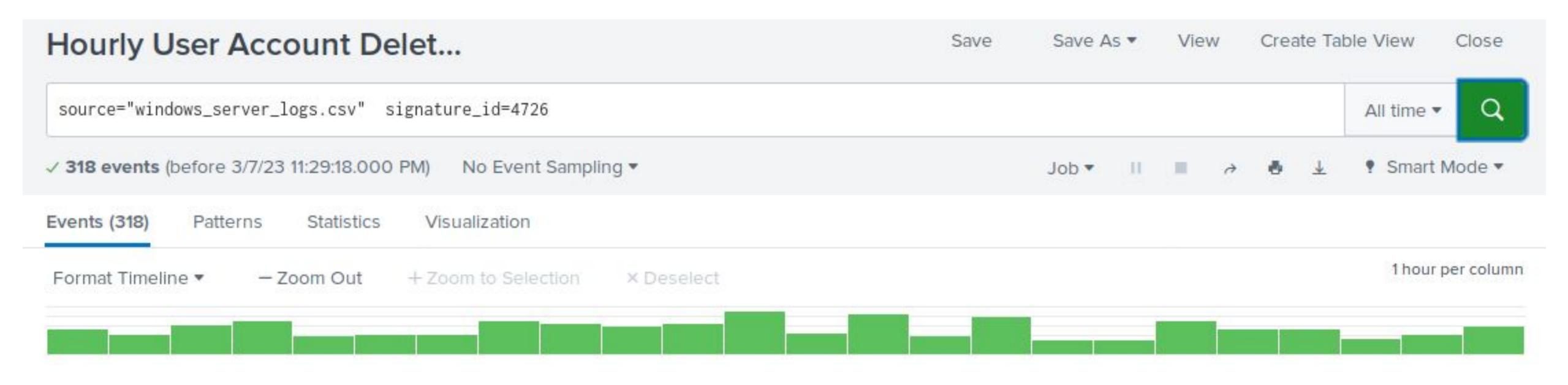
Alert 2 — Windows

Alert Name	Alert Description	Alert Baseline	Alert Threshold
Successful Logins	Hourly successful logon rate	15	15

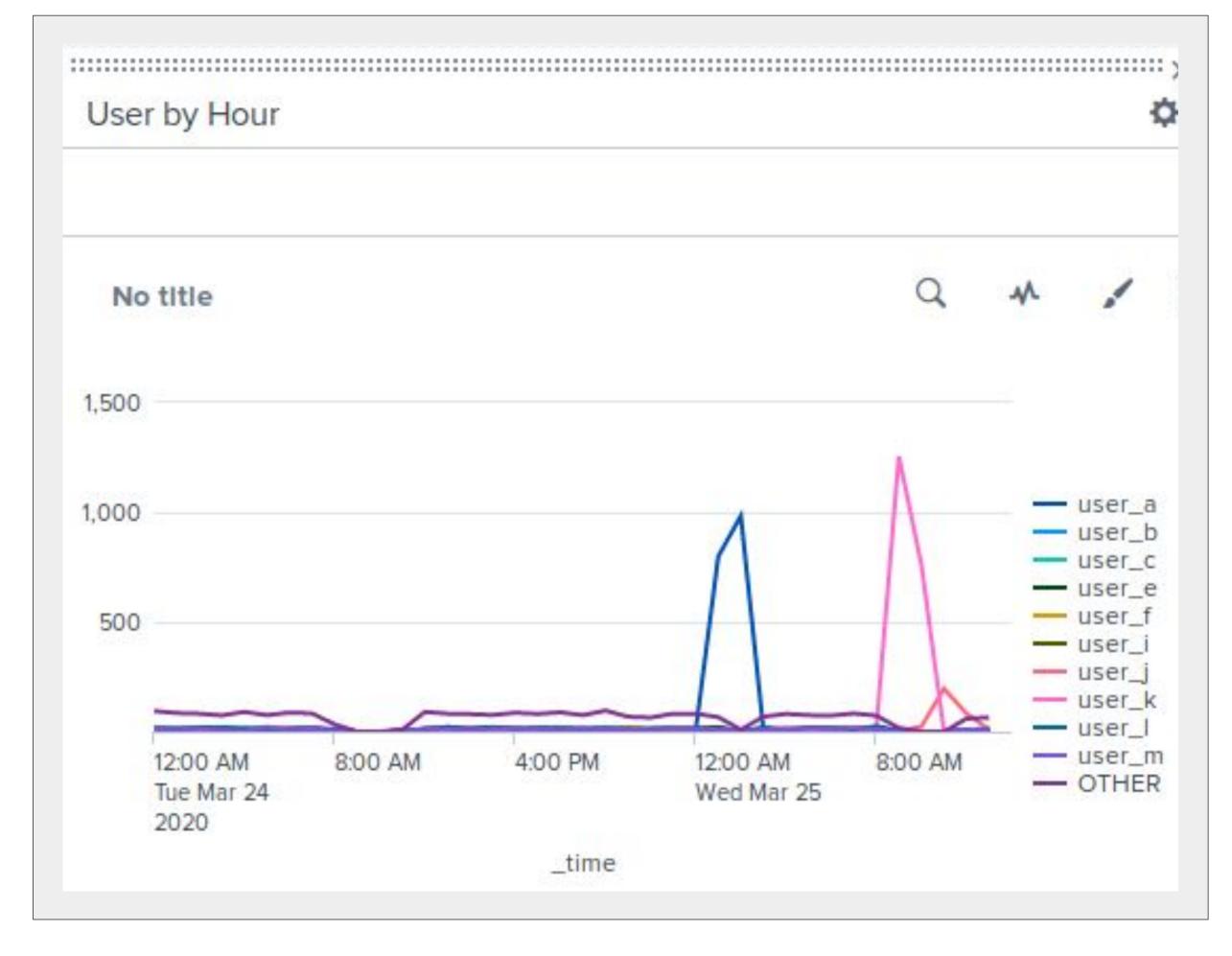


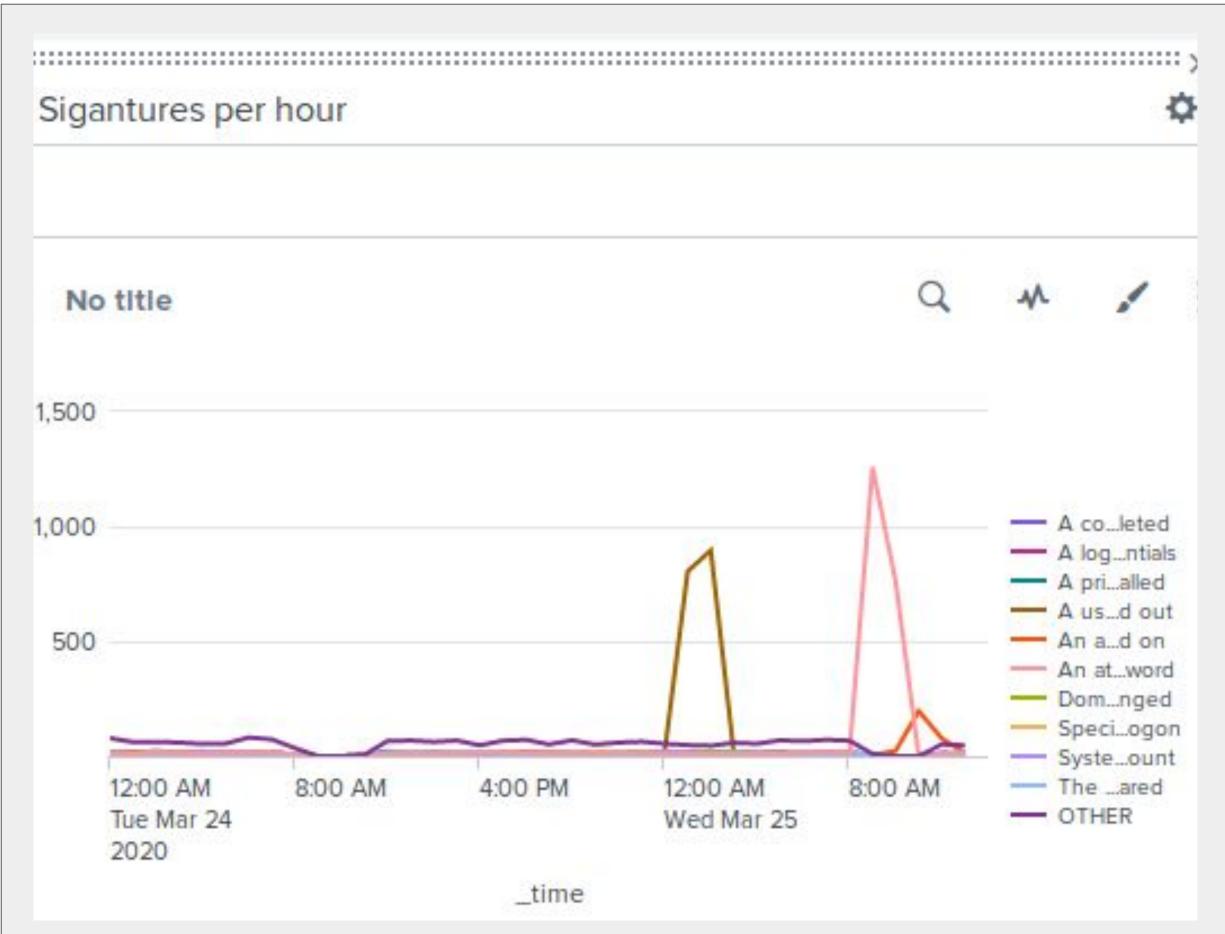
Alert 3— Windows

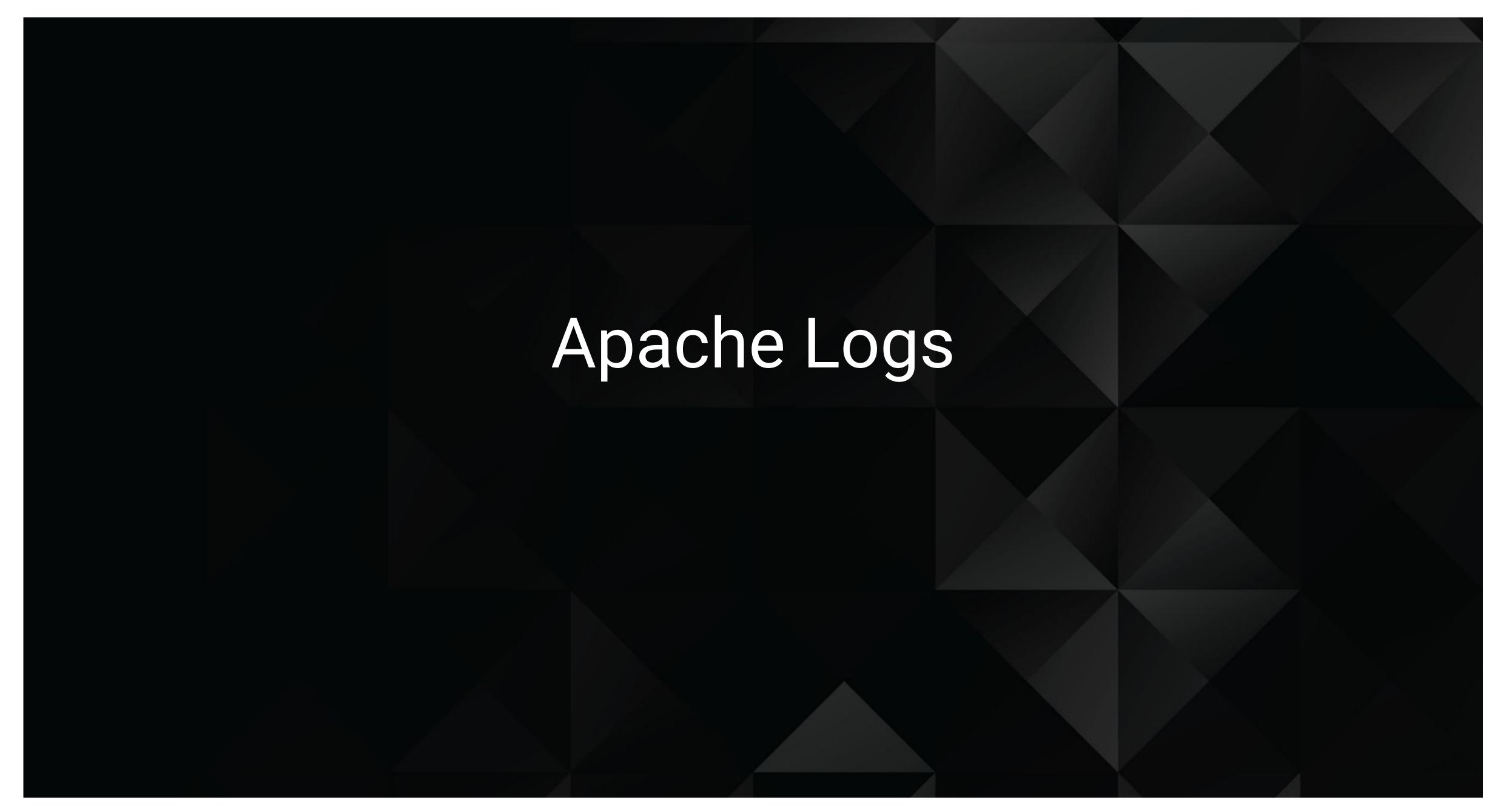
Alert Name	Alert Description	Alert Baseline	Alert Threshold
Deleted User Accounts	Threshold of Deleted User Accounts	17	17



Dashboards—Windows





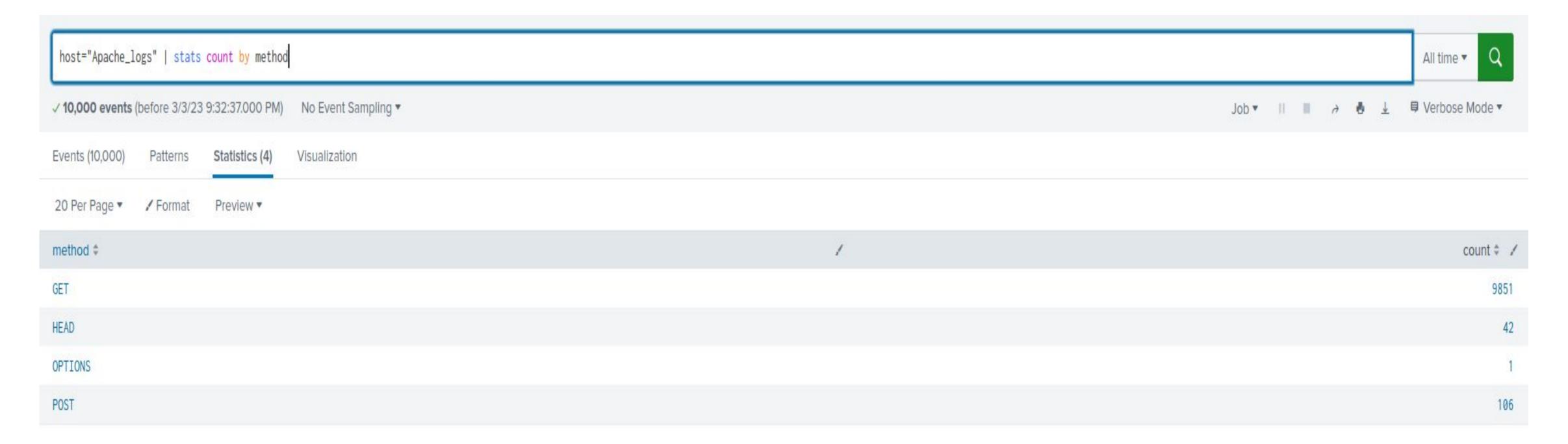


Reports—Apache

Report Name	Report Description	
HTTP Methods	Displays list of HTTP method and their count	
Top 10 Referrer Domains	Lists the top 10 referrer Domains and count	
Count of each HTTP Response Code	HTTP code and their count	

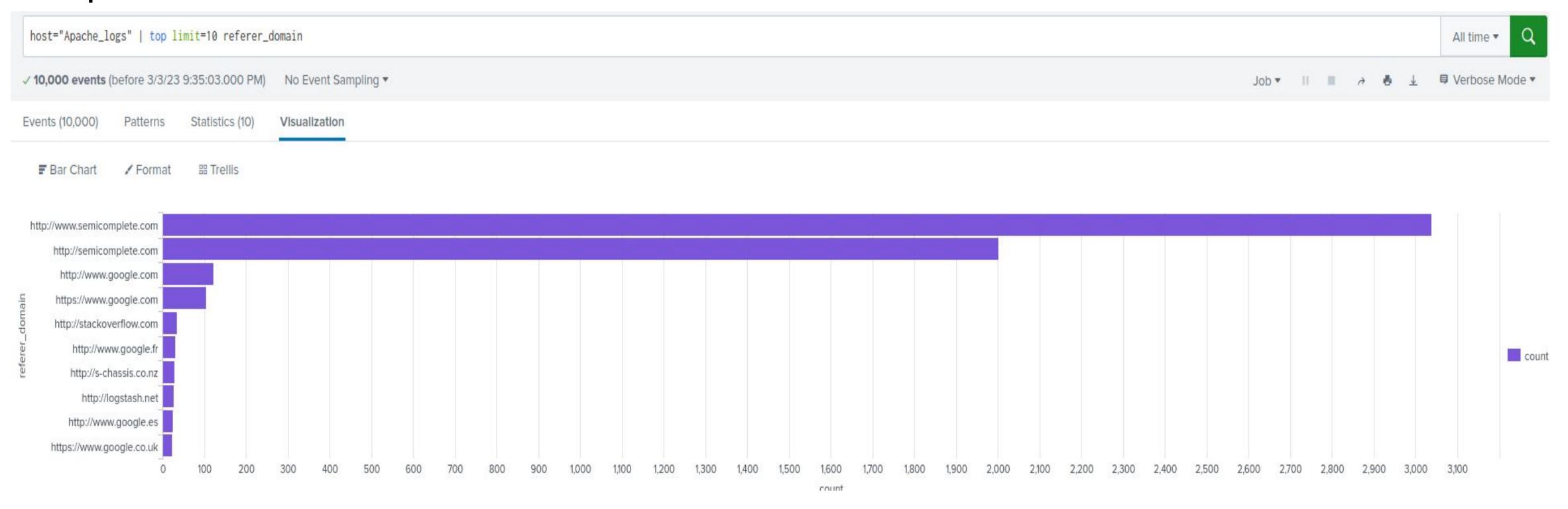
Report 1—Apache

HTTP Methods



Report 2—Apache

Top 10 Referrer Domains



Report 3—Apache

Count of each HTTP Response Code



Alert 1 — Apache

Alert Name	Alert Description	Alert Baseline	Alert Threshold
Non-USA Activity	If the hourly activity from any nation other than the United States surpasses the cutoff, send out an alert.	99	99

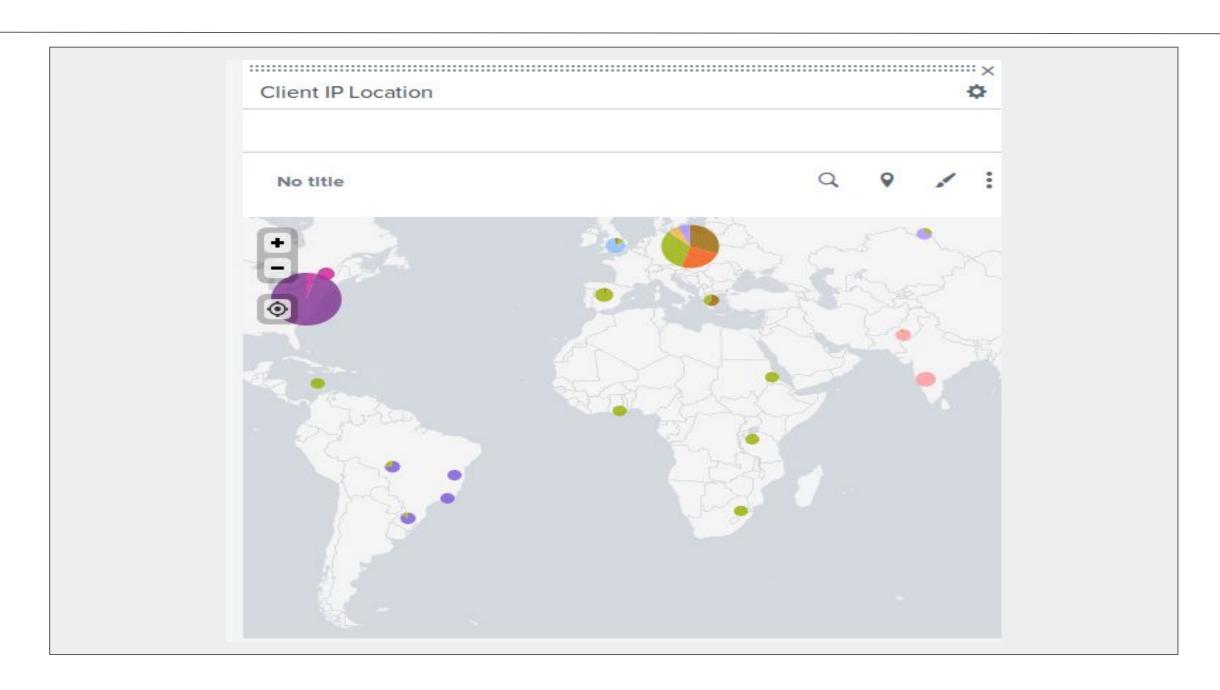


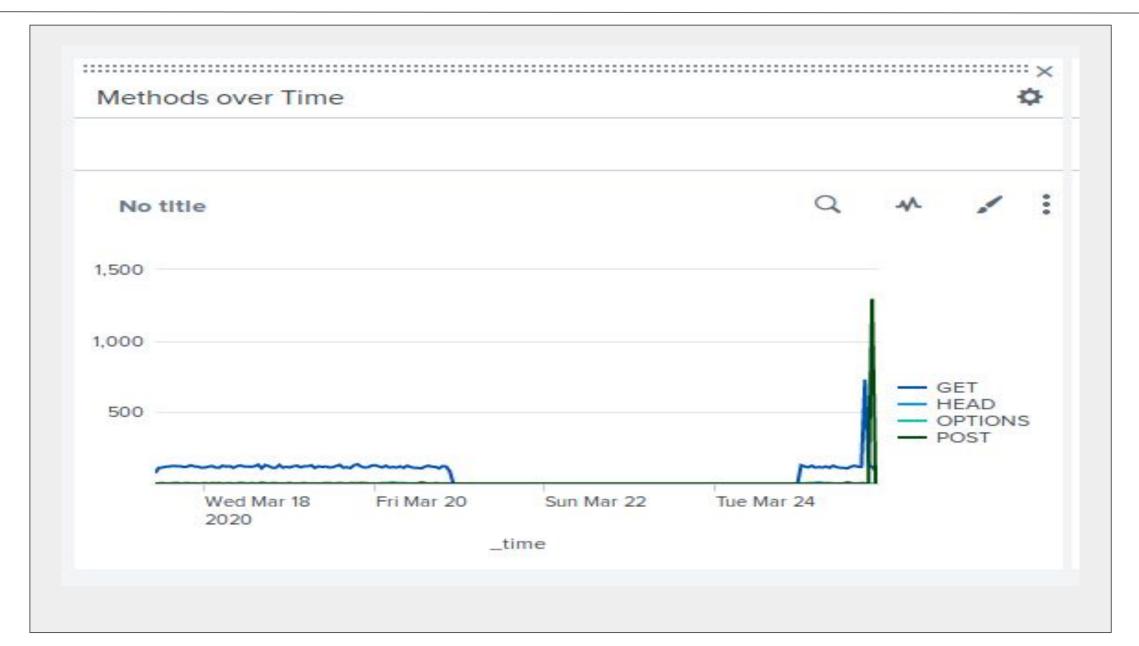
Alert 2 — Apache

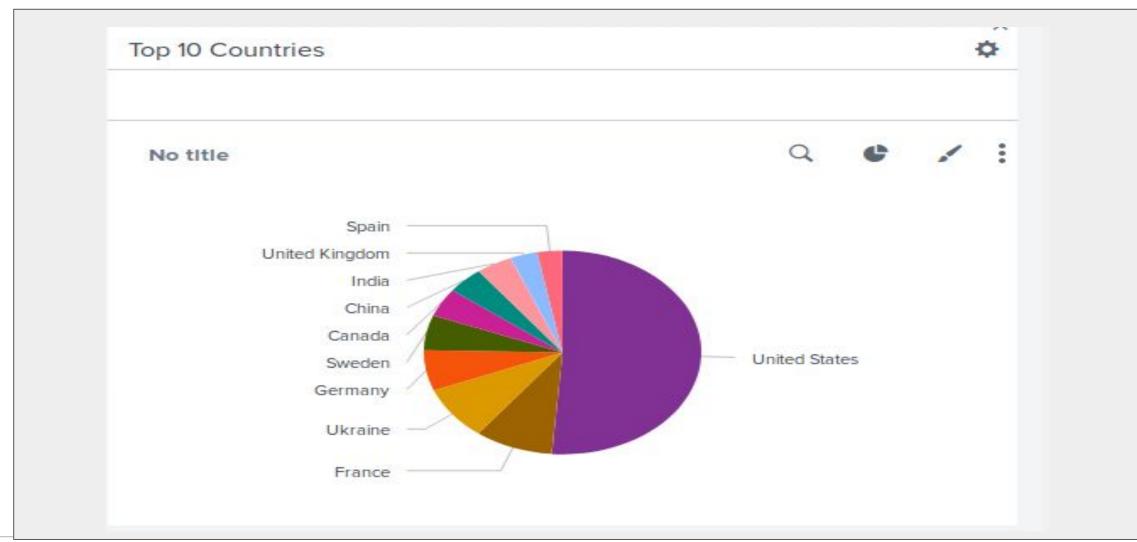
Alert Name	Alert Description	Alert Baseline	Alert Threshold
HTTP POST Count	If the HTTP POST method hourly count goes over the limit, an alert is sent.	4	4

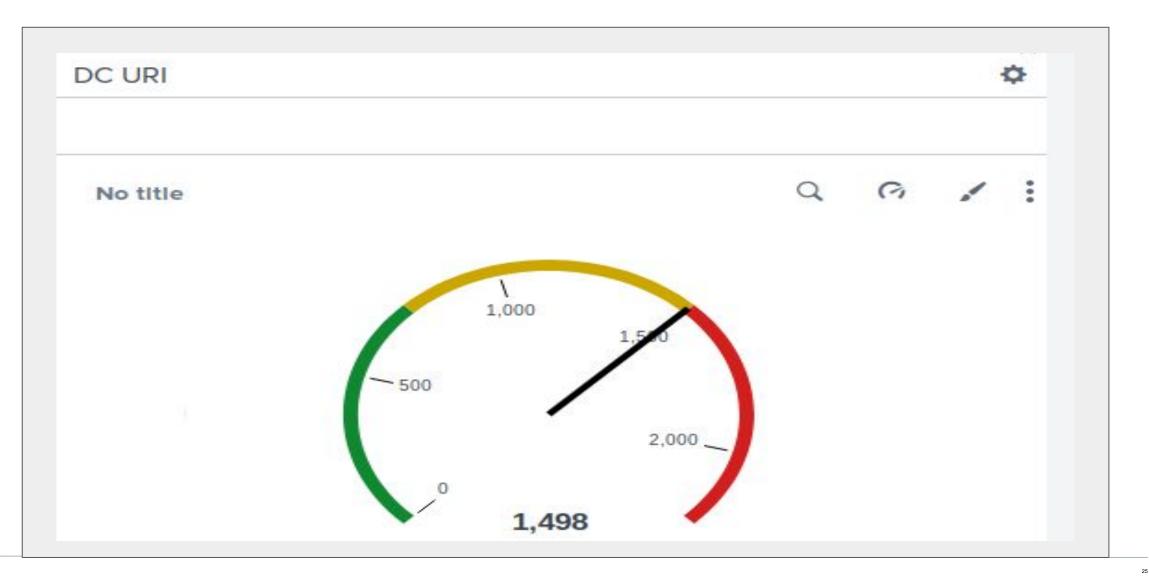


Dashboards—Apache









!5



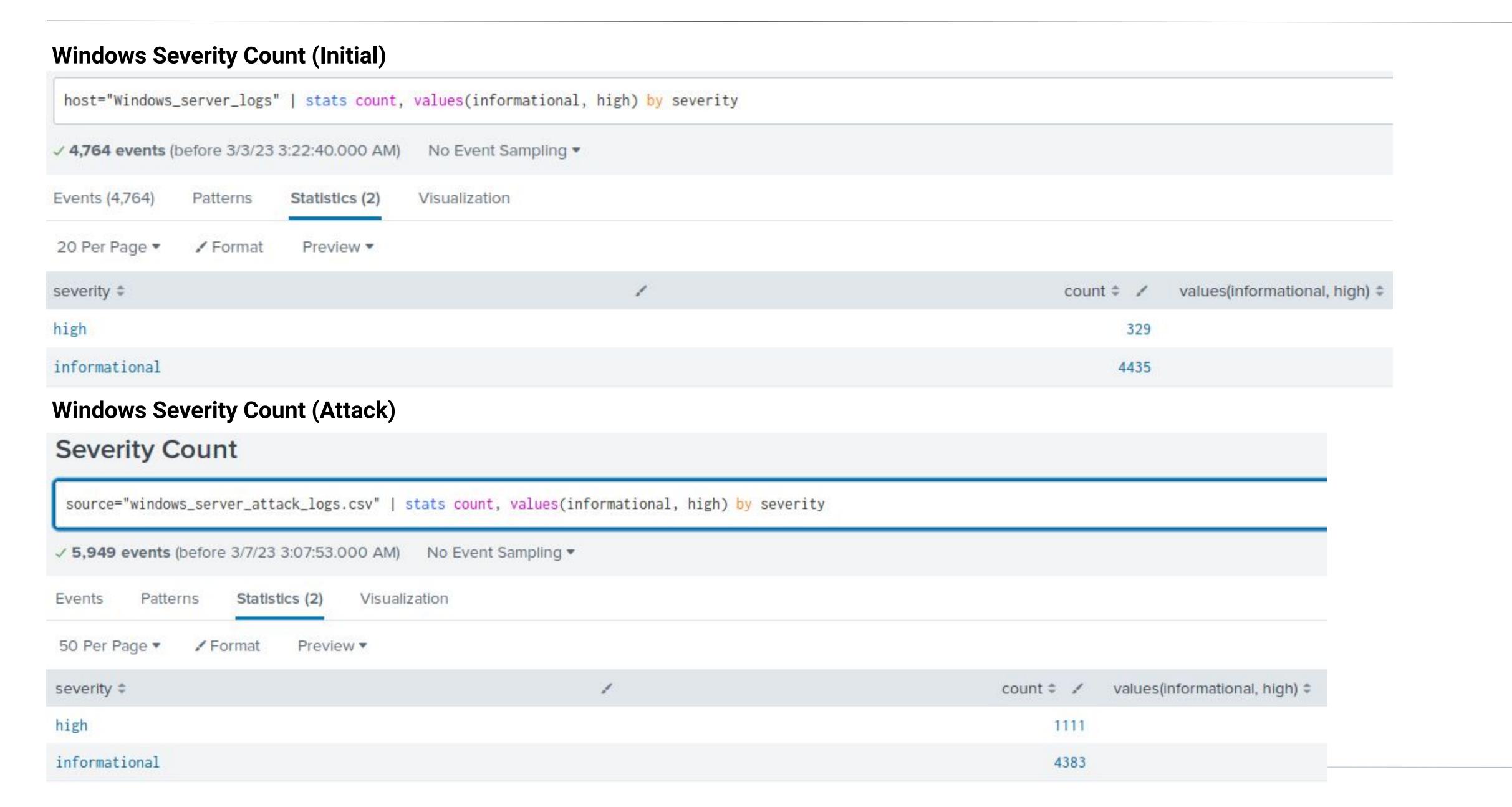
Attack Reportinguments by accounts were also given special privileges, with data confirming successful logins.

Windows Status Count (Initial)

host="Windows_server_logs" | stats count, values(informational, high) by status 4,764 events (before 3/3/23 3:27:17.000 AM) No Event Sampling ▼ Statistics (2) Events (4,764) Patterns Visualization 20 Per Page ▼ ✓ Format Preview * values(informational, high) \$ status \$ count \$ / failure 142 4622 success **Status Count** source="windows_server_attack_logs.csv" | stats count, values(success, failure) by status √ 5,949 events (before 3/7/23 3:13:39.000 AM) No Event Sampling ▼ Events Statistics (2) Visualization Preview • status \$ count \$ / values(success, failure) \$ failure 93 5856 success

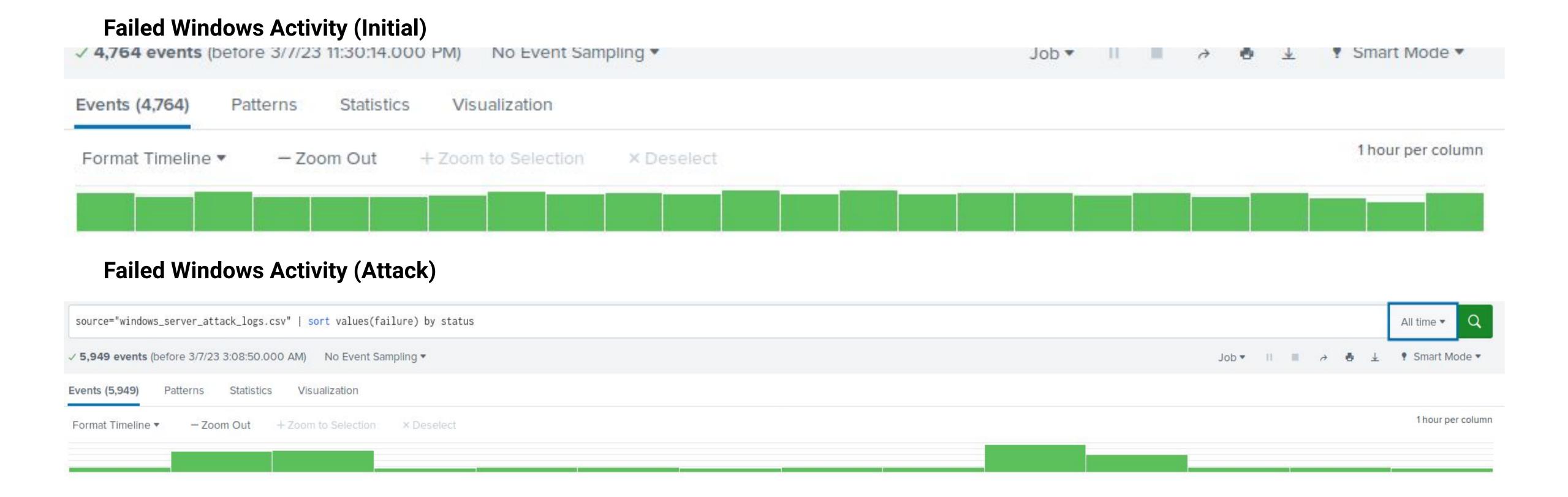
Windows Status Count (Attack)

Attack Report Summary—Windows



Attack Alert Summary—Windows

During the attack, the team was alerted to suspicious activities on the network. This activity was in the
form of failed login attempts. When the threshold was set at 199 failed activities per hour, there was
an unusually high volume of failed activity. Four reports of suspicious activity far exceeded the
threshold. They occured at 1am: 973, 2am: 1007, 9am: 1293, and at 10am: 784.

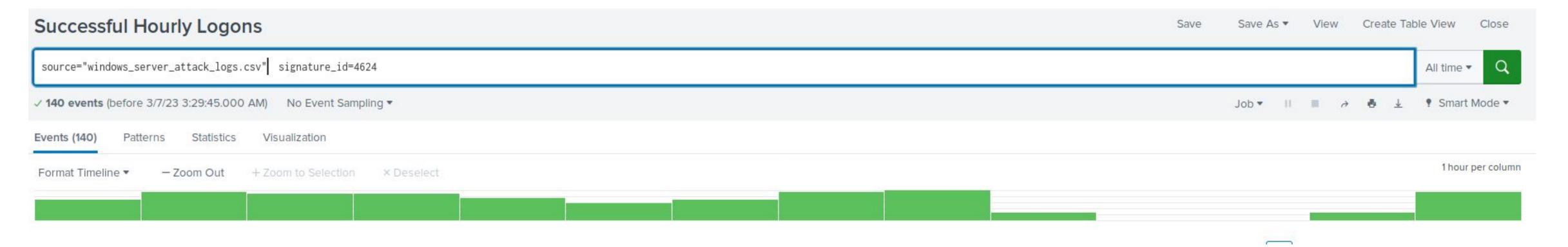


Attack Alert Summary—Windows

Successful Hourly Logons (Initial)

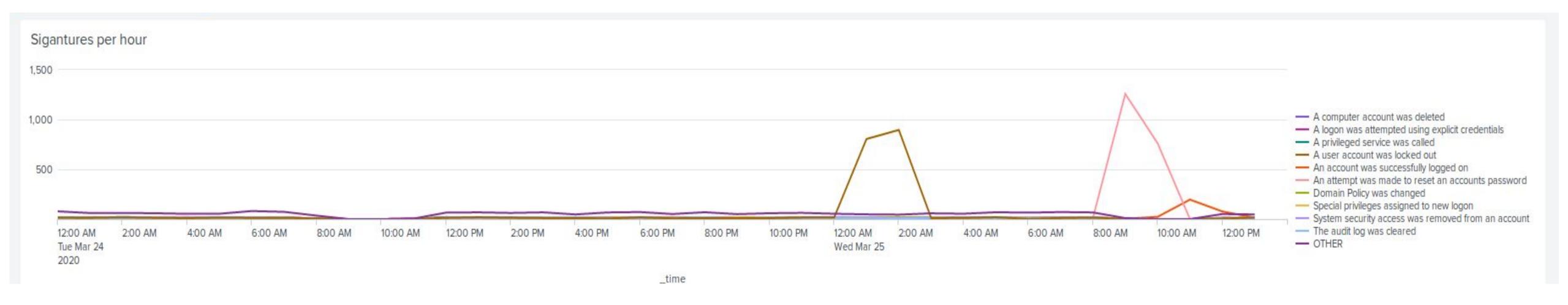


Successful Hourly Logons (Attack)



Attack Alert Summary—Windows

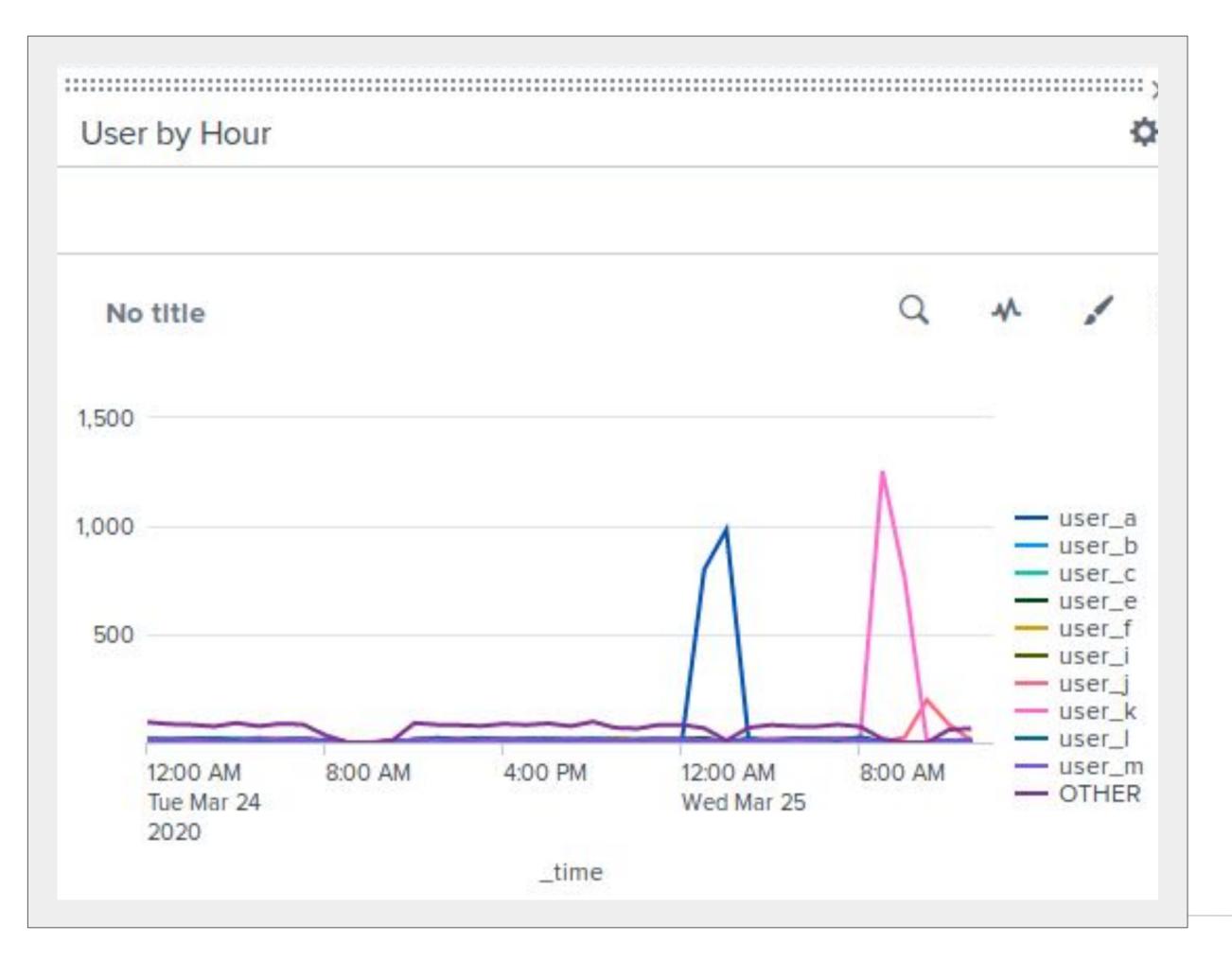
User Accounts Deleted

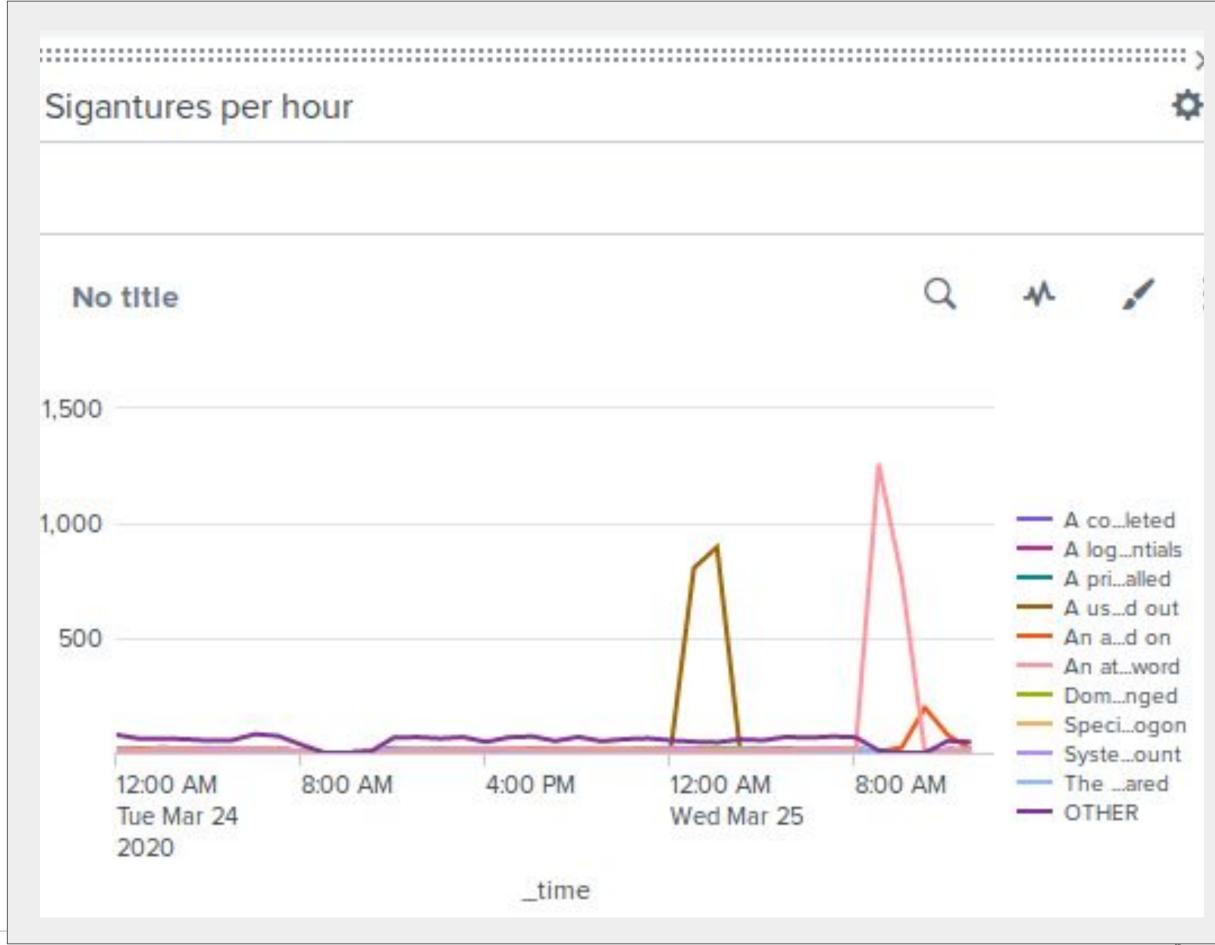


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Attack Dashboard Summary—Windows

 The dashboards provided a wealth of information. On Wednesday, March 25th, there were two significant spikes. User accounts were locked out, password reset attempts were made, and successful logins were made. We were able to identify the time and date of the attack(March 15th between 01:00 am and 02:00 am)

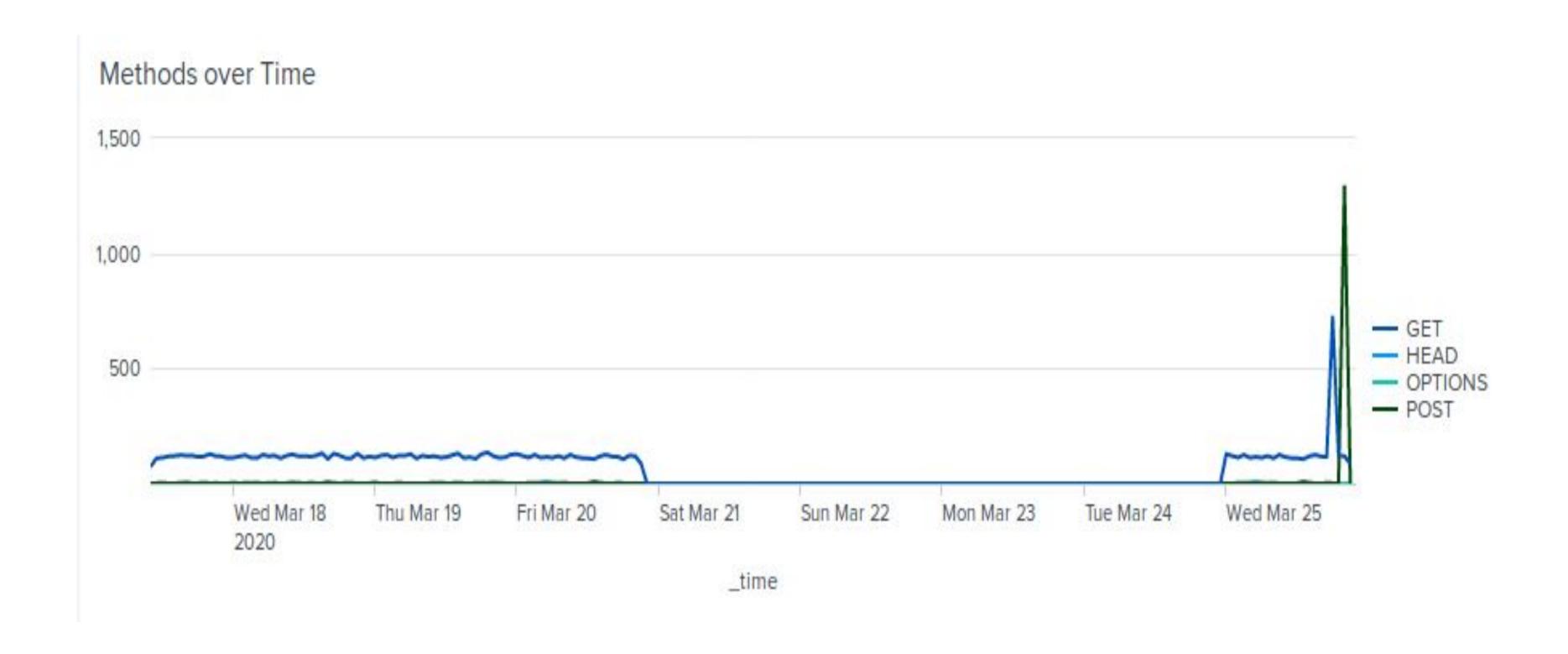




Attack Report Summary—Apache

• We noticed a change in the HTTP methods GET and POST during the first attack. Both requests had high spike counts. The amount of response code 200 decreased, while the amount of response code 404 increased. The number of referrer domains is lower than in the original Apache log file.

HTTP Methods During Attack

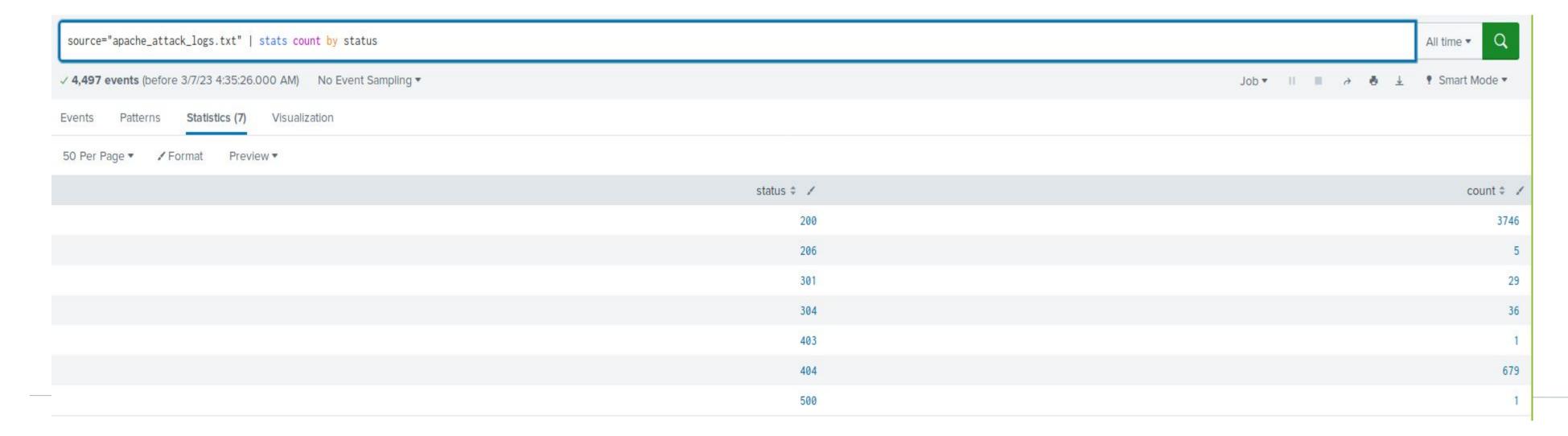


Attack Report Summary—Apache

HTTP Response Codes (Initial)

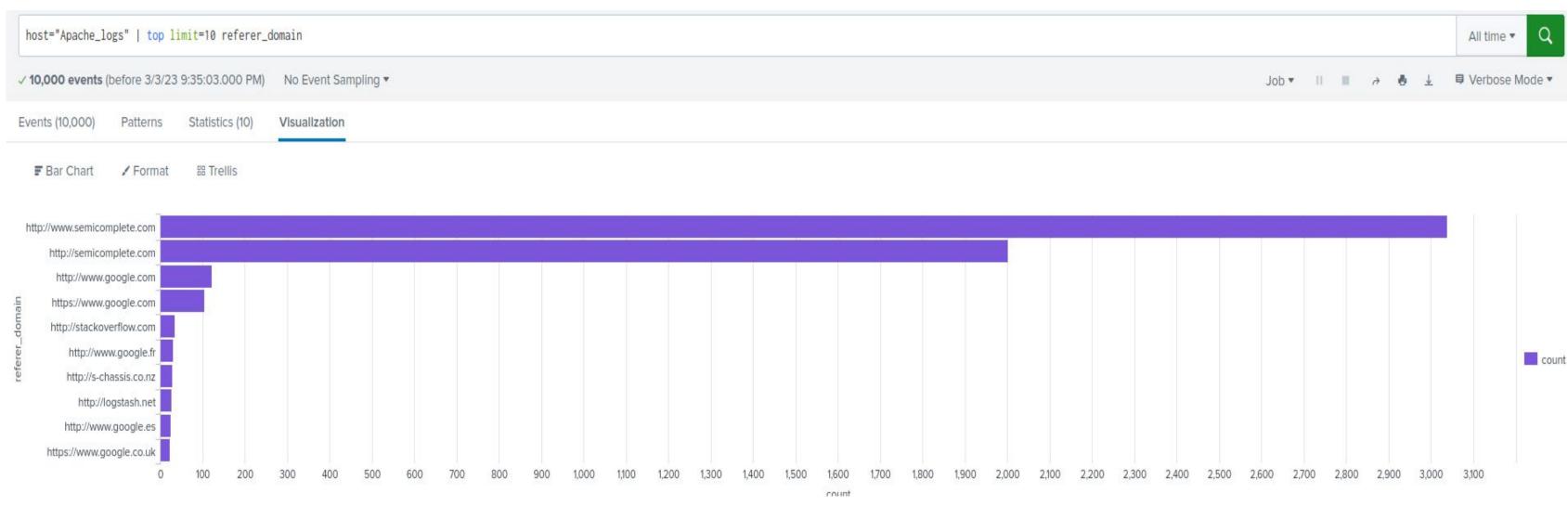


Increase in HTTP 404 Response Codes

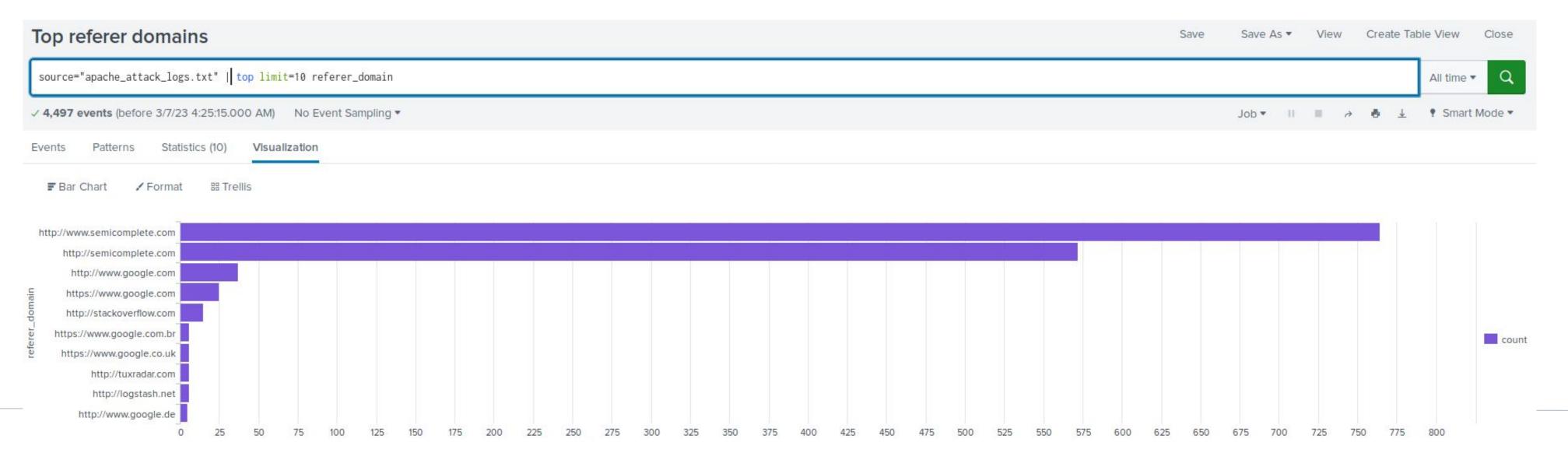


Attack Report Summary—Apache

Referrer Domains (Initial)

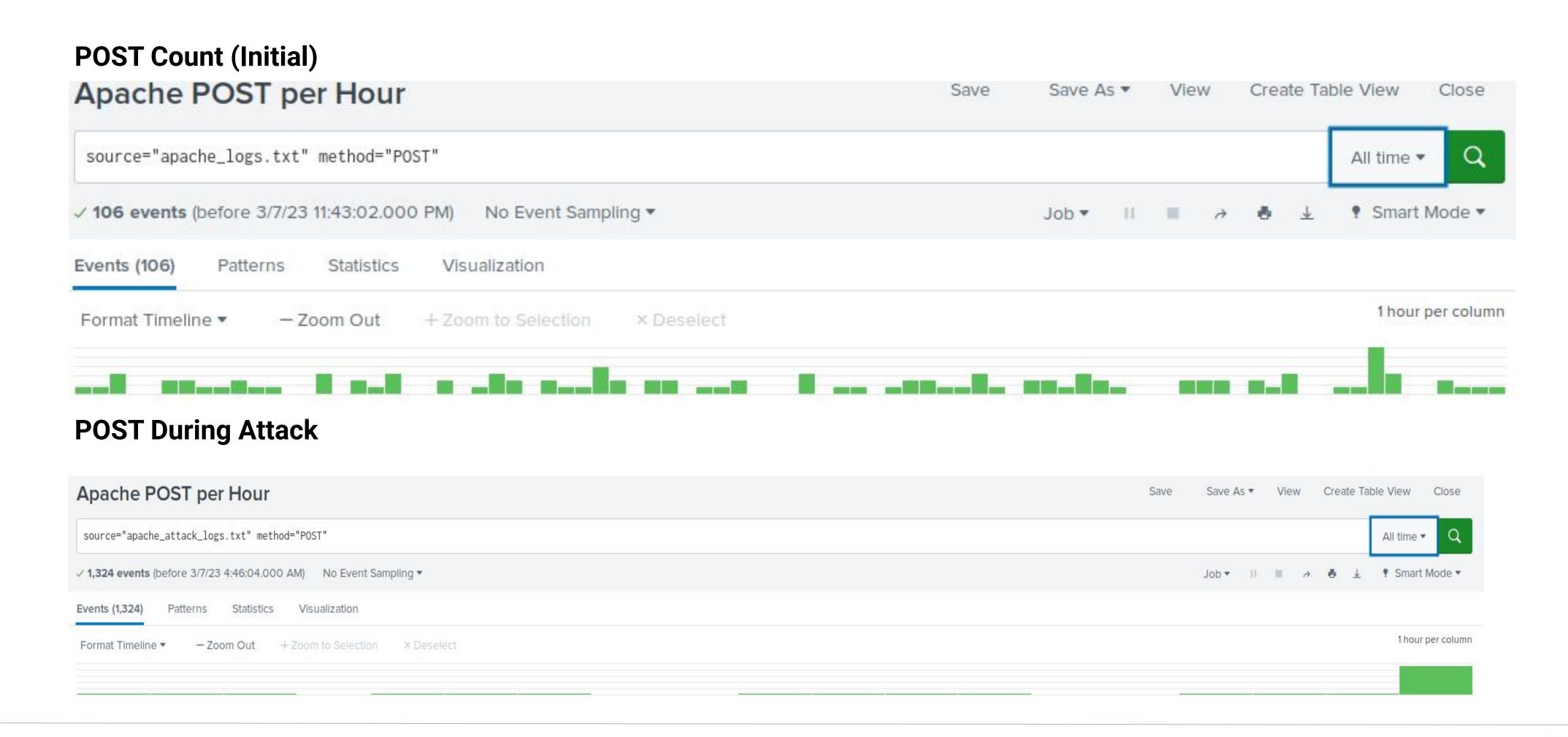


Decrease in Referrer Domains



Attack Alert Summary—Apache

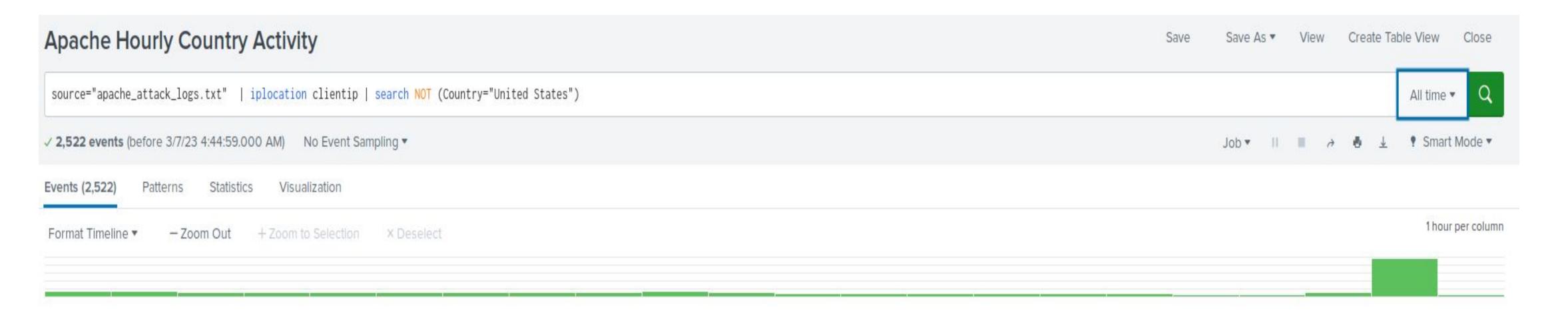
On Wednesday, March 25th, between 08:00 pm and 09:00 pm, 939 international events were observed.
 A large number of HTTP POST requests were made to the Apache server and it peaked at 1,296. After review, we would adjust our threshold between 7 and 10.



Attack Alert Summary—Apache

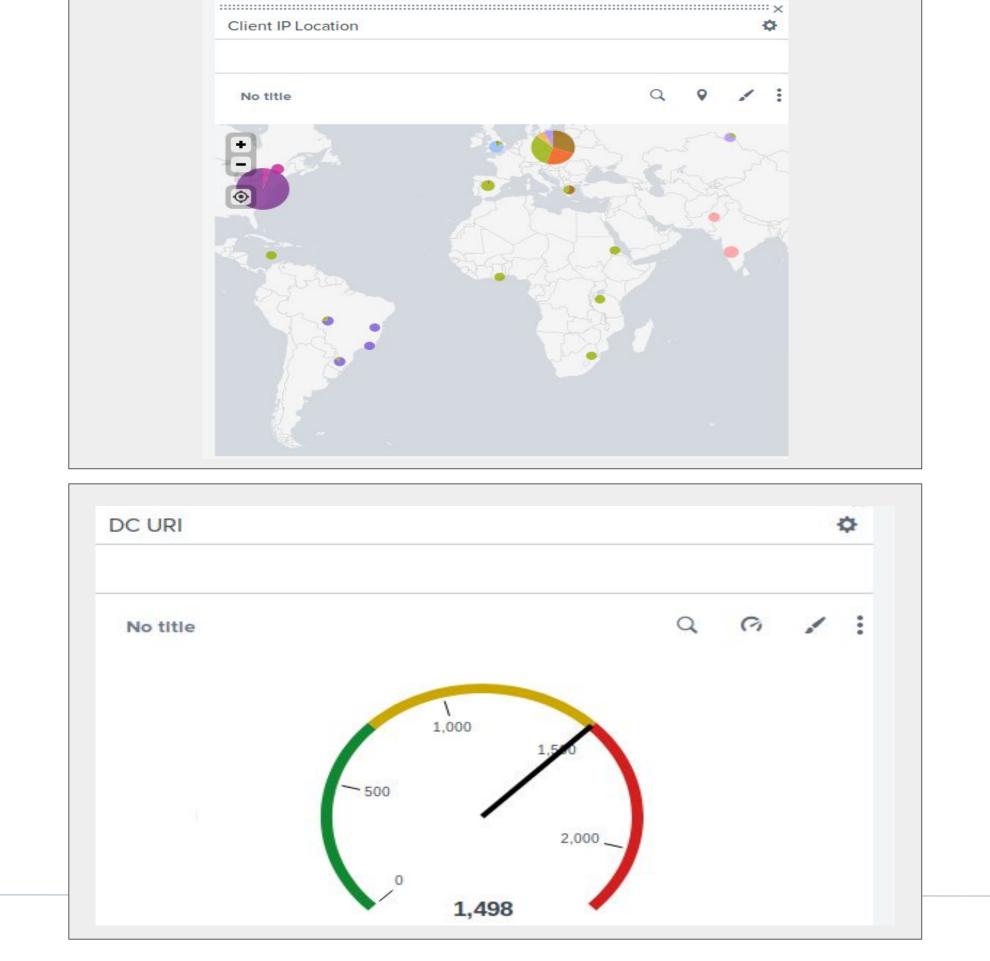
International Activity (Initial) Apache Hourly Country Ac... Create Table View Save View Close Save As ▼ source="apache_logs.txt" | iplocation clientip | search NOT (Country="United States") Q All time ▼ √ 6,148 events (before 3/7/23 11:42:10.000 PM) No Event Sampling ▼ ¶ Smart Mode ▼ Job ▼ Events (6,148) Statistics Visualization Patterns 1 hour per column Format Timeline ▼ + Zoom to Selection - Zoom Out x Deselect

International Activity During Attack

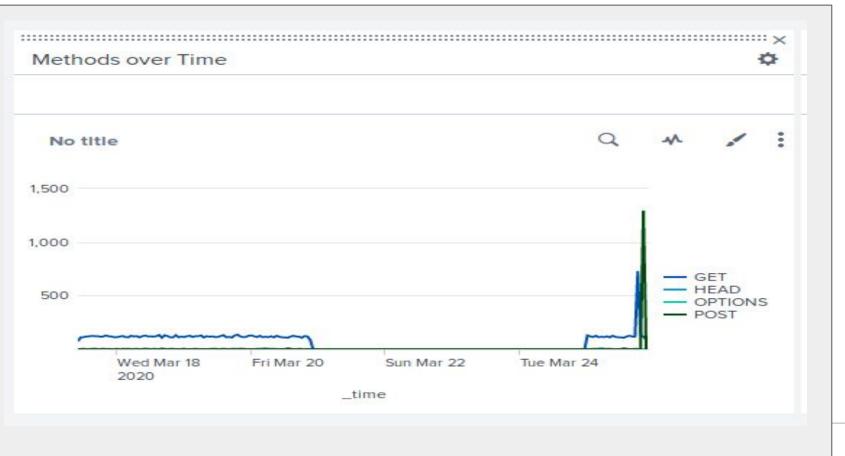


Attack Dashboard Summary—Apache

 According to our Time Chart of HTTP Methods both GET and POST requests began to spike between 06:00 pm and 08:00 pm. Most of the activity originated in Ukraine, according to the produced Cluster Map. Kharkiv and Kyiv were the specific cities identified in the attack with Kharkiv having an event count of 433 and Kyiv with an event count of 439.









Project 3 Summary

Overall Findings

 Our conclusion was that VSI had numerous attacks on its Windows and Apache servers on March 25th. The majority of these attacks appeared to be a brute force attack against the Windows machine and a DoS attack against the Apache machine.

Mitigation Strategies

- To stop upcoming attacks, lock users after a particular number of login attempts.
- Using two-factor authentication as your first line of security will help avoid Brute Force attacks.
- Create a whitelist for POST requests to prevent unwanted requests.