Using a GitHub git Repository as a Read-Only Mirror for an svn Repository

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Introduction and Overview

I (Dave Ashley) use *svn* (Subversion) at home as a version control system. However, *git* and *GitHub* are very popular, and I wish to keep a copy of my public projects under *git* on *GitHub*. This requires an export from *svn* to *git*, as well as interaction with *GitHub*.

This document describes the procedures I use to initially export a complete *svn* repository to *git* and *GitHub*, and to incrementally export subsequent *svn* commits to *git* and *GitHub*.

Git vs. TortoiseGit git Executables

At the time I first tried to fully export and svn repository to a git repository, I had both Git and TortoiseGit installed.

I discovered that the *git* binary included with *Git* seemed to handle the *svn* export incorrectly, eventually terminating with the error "*git-svn* migration fatal: not a valid SHA1 ...".

The *git* binary included with *TortoiseGit* seemed to handle the *svn* export correctly.

To use the *TortoiseGit git* binary from the *Bash* shell program distributed with *Git*, a longer path must be used. That is why "*C:/Program Files/Git/bin/git.exe*" rather than "git" is used in some of the instructions that follow. Using "git" alone would use the git executable distributed with *Git*, which does not do the export from svn correctly.

However, other than the export from svn to git, the Git git executable works correctly.

Notes on My Home Setup

I use *svn* hidden behind *SSH* port forwarding. For that reason, in the following procedures, the host for my *svn* repository is *locahost*. A typical *svn* URL in my home setup is "*svn://localhost/dtapublic*".

Initial svn to git Export

1. Create the file used to transform an *svn* author name to a *git* author name (if necessary). My file has this content and is named *authors-transform.txt*:

dashley = David T. Ashley <dashley@gmail.com>

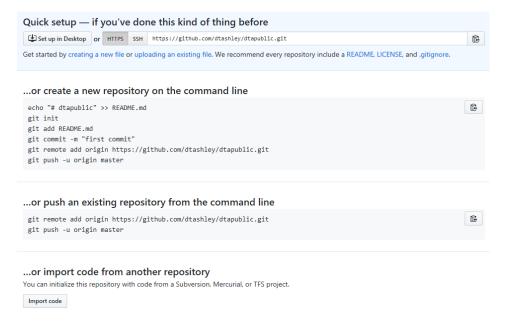
- 2. Perform the initial export:
 - \$ "C: /Program Files/Git/bin/git.exe" svn clone svn: //local host/dtapublic -A authors-transform. txt The transformation will proceed at the rate of approximately 20 *svn* revisions per minute. A subdirectory named *dtapublic* will be created to contain the *qit* repository and sandbox. As the last phase, a *qit* checkout will be performed.
- 3. Create a git repository on GitHub.

Create a new repository

A repository contains all the files for your project, including the revision history. Owner Repository name dtashley ▼ dtapublic ~ Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about refactored-spoon. Description (optional) David T. Ashley's Public Projects Public Anyone can see this repository. You choose who can commit. O Private You choose who can see and commit to this repository. ☐ Initialize this repository with a README This will let you immediately clone the repository to your computer. Skip this step if you're importing an existing repository. Add .gitignore: None ▼ Add a license: None ▼ (i)

GitHub also provides instructions about what can be done with the repository.

Create repository



4. cd into the new qit repository (the subsequent qit commands must be done from within the repository).

\$ cd dtapublic/

5. Execute the *git remote add* command below.

\$ git remote add origin https://github.com/dtashley/dtapublic.git

6. Execute the *git push* command below. This pushes the local repository to GitHub.

```
$ git push -u origin master
Enumerating objects: 5953, done.
Counting objects: 100% (5953/5953), done.
Del ta compression using up to 4 threads.
Compressing objects: 100% (4931/4931), done.
Writing objects: 100% (5953/5953), 63.54 MiB | 1.12 MiB/s, done.
Total 5953 (del ta 2765), reused 0 (del ta 0)
remote: Resolving del tas: 100% (2765/2765), done.
remote:
remote: Create a pull request for 'master' on GitHub by visiting:
remote: https://github.com/dtashley/dtapublic/pull/new/master
remote:
To https://github.com/dtashley/dtapublic.git
```

```
* [new branch] master -> master
Branch 'master' set up to track remote branch 'master' from 'origin'.
```

Incremental svn to git Export

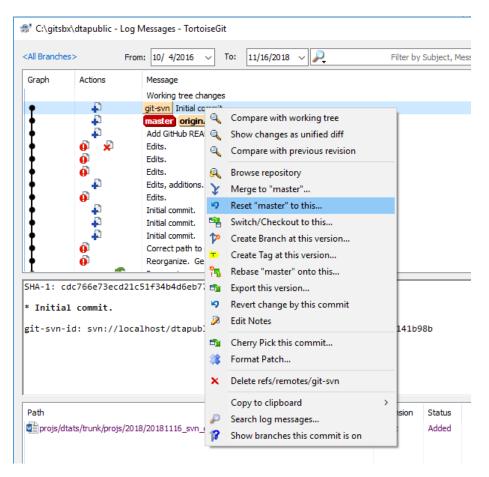
1. Run the git fetch command below.

```
$ "C:/Program Files/Git/bin/git.exe" svn fetch -A
"C:/svnsbx/dtapublic/projs/dtats/trunk/projs/2018/20181116_svn_git_mirror/authors-transform.txt"
A projs/dtats/trunk/projs/2018/20181116_svn_git_mirror/authors-transform.txt
r255 = 98be7c63b17c13af3ac838588f1fee9281172560 (refs/remotes/git-svn)
```

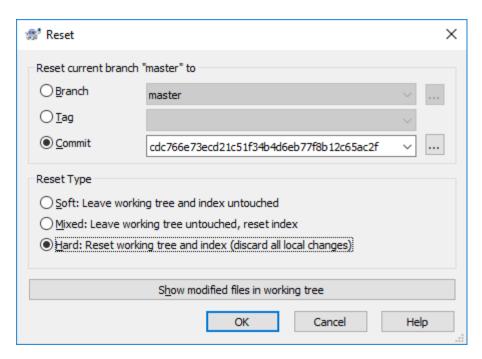
2. Right-click on the local *qit* repository and choose *TortoiseGit -> View Log*. Ensure that "All Branches" is checked.



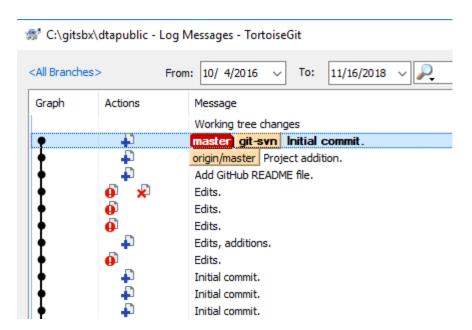
3. The most recent commits should be shown at the top of the log. Right click on the topmost commit and choose Reset "master" to this....



Choose "hard" reset to keep the git sandbox synchronized with the repository.



At this point, *origin/master* will be lagging *master*.



4. Issue the *git push* command shown below. This will cause *origin/master* to become coincident with *master*.

```
dashl ey@DTA-T420-B MI NGW64 /c/gi tsbx/dtapublic (master)
$ gi t push
Enumerating objects: 15, done.
Counting objects: 100% (15/15), done.
Del ta compression using up to 4 threads.
Compressing objects: 100% (6/6), done.
Writing objects: 100% (9/9), 827 bytes | 413.00 Ki B/s, done.
Total 9 (del ta 2), reused 0 (del ta 0)
remote: Resolving del tas: 100% (2/2), completed with 2 local objects.
To https://gi thub.com/dtashl ey/dtapublic.git
9425e85..98be7c6 master -> master
```

