# Control of a multi-robot cooperative team guided by a human operator

#### M. Angerer

Intermediate Presentation Master Thesis

Betreuer: S. Musić

Lehrstuhl für Informationstechnische Regelung

Technische Universität München





# Why use cooperative manipulation with human guidance?



Figure: Coordinated handling of tools by a tele-operated robot [Mitsubishi Heavy Industries 2014]

#### Human reasoning

- Foresight and adaptiveness to incidents
- Superior planning capabilities
   Enhanced flexibility of multiple
   robots
  - Transportation of large/heavy objects
  - Assembly of multiple parts
  - Coordinated use of tools







#### **Problem Formulation**

- Precise and stable control during free-motion/contact transition
- Enhance versatility by performing friction grasps
- (Intuitive) high-level human supervisory control
- Local formation constraints controlled by robots
- Assistance of the operator with suitable feedback





#### Related Work: Robot-team control

- Formation control of robot team [Sieber, Music, and Hirche 2015; Wimboeck, Ott, and Hirzinger 2006]
  - object not part of control loop
- Intrinsically Passive Control [Stramigioli 2001; Wimboeck, Ott, and Hirzinger 2008]
  - virtual object simulation
- Internal impedance control + object dynamics' feed-forward
   [De Pascali et al. 2015]
  - object tracking required
- Internal and external impedance control [Caccvale and Villani 2001; Caccavale et al. 2008]
  - Force/Torque sensors at the manipulators required







### Related Work: Human in the loop

- Bilateral tele-manipulation [Lee and Spong 2005]
  - Single master, constrained system as slave
  - Local control of interaction dynamics
  - Force feedback
- Formation-based shared control [Sieber, Music, and Hirche 2015; Scheggi, Morbidi, and Prattichizzo 2014]
  - Single leader, multiple followers
  - Robots preserve formation autonomously
  - Tactile feedback
- Gesture Control [Gioioso et al. 2014]
  - Hand motion controls constrained system
  - Hand pose controls grasping process





# **Energy consistent modelling and control**

- Virtual object concept
  - Maps object forces to manipulators
  - Stores kinetic energy
  - Changes size to adjust formation
- Controller represents energy content of the complete system
- Dampers dissipate energy: passive system
- Operator controls system by energy supply
- Model errors never influence passivity nor stability





# System modelling

How can we consistently model different forms of energy stored in a system?

#### Port-Hamiltonian systems

- Mechanical elements
  - Spring
  - Mass

Impedance control components

- Damper
- Conservative elements
  - Transformer
  - Gyrator
- Interconnection through power ports

$$\mathcal{P} = \mathcal{V} \times \mathcal{V}^*$$



# **Intrinsically Passive Control**

Approach

0000

- Geometric interconnection of springs, masses and dampers
- Internal and external impedance relations
- No manipulator inertia re-shaping
- Energy supplied by operator/environment
- Grasping with variable rest-length springs

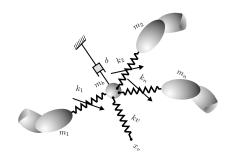


Figure: Mass-spring-damper structure of the IPC [Stramigioli 2001]



# **Human supervisory control**

- Command value: velocity ⇔ force :feedback value
- Suitable for bilateral tele-manipulation
- Energy intuition: humans can estimate possible impacts of interaction
- Spring rest-lengths: adjust to grasp/release objects





# **Comparison: position tracking**

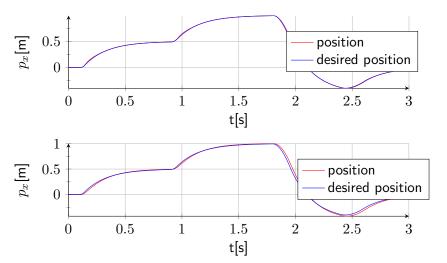


Figure : Top: Object force feed-forward; Bottom: Virtual Object





# Comparison: velocity tracking

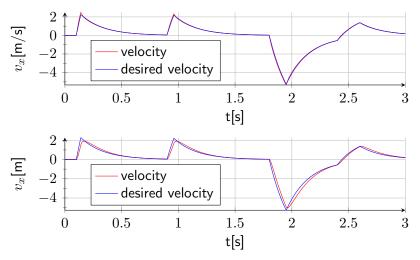


Figure : Top: External impedance based reference trajectory generation; Bottom: Virtual object





# Comparison: internal forces (rotation)

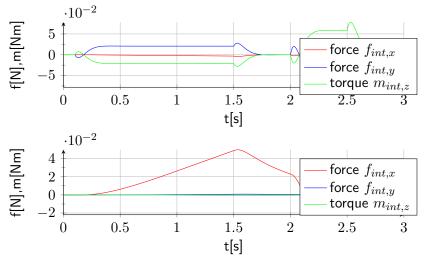


Figure : Top: Object force feed-forward; Bottom: Virtual Object





#### **Conclusion**

. . .



#### References I



F. Caccavale, P. Chiacchio, A. Marino, and L. Villani.

Six-DOF Impedance Control of Dual-Arm Cooperative Manipulators.

In: Mechatronics, IEEE/ASME Transactions on 13.5 (2008), pp. 576-586.



F. Caccyale and L. Villani. An impedance control strategy for cooperative manipulation.

In: Advanced Intelligent Mechatronics, IEEE/ASME International Conference on 1 (2001), pp. 343-348.



L. De Pascali, S. Erhart, L. Zaccarian, F. Biral, and S. Hirche.

A Decoupling Scheme for Force Control in Cooperative Multi-Robot Manipulation Tasks.

In: Manuscript submitted for publication (2015).



G. Gioioso, A. Franchi, G. Salvietti, S. Scheggi, and D. Prattichizzo.

The flying hand: A formation of UAVs for cooperative aerial tele-manipulation.

In: Robotics and Automation (ICRA), 2014 IEEE International Conference on (2014), pp. 4335-4341,



Dongjun Lee and M.W. Spong. Bilateral Teleoperation of Multiple Cooperative Robots over Delayed Communication Networks: Theory.

In: Robotics and Automation (ICRA), International Conference on (2005), pp. 360-365.



LTD Mitsubishi Heavy Industries. "MEISTER" Remote Control Robot Completes Demonstration Testing At Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station.

Press Information 1775, February 20, 2014; Online, accessed January 13, 2016. 2014. URL: https://www.mhi-global.com/news/story/1402201775.html.

S. Scheggi, F. Morbidi, and D. Prattichizzo.

Human-Robot Formation Control via Visual and Vibrotactile Haptic Feedback.

In: Haptics, IEEE Transactions on 7.4 (2014), pp. 499-511.



D. Sieber, S. Music, and S. Hirche,

Multi-robot manipulation controlled by a human with haptic feedback.

In: IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS) (2015), pp. 2440-2446.





#### References II



Stefano Stramigioli. Energy-Aware Robotics. In: Mathematical Control Theory I. Ed. by M. K. Camlibel, A. A. Julius, R. Pasumarthy, and J. Scherpen. Vol. 461. Lecture Notes in Control and Information Sciences. Springer London, 2015, pp. 37–50.



Stefano Stramigioli.

Modeling and IPC Control of Interactive Mechanical Systems: A Coordinate-Free Approach.
London, UK: Springer-Verlag London, 2001. ISBN: 1852333952.



T. Wimboeck, C. Ott, and G. Hirzinger. Analysis and experimental evaluation of the Intrinsically Passive Controller (IPC) for multifingered hands.

In: Robotics and Automation, IEEE International Conference on (2008), pp. 278–284.



T. Wimboeck, C. Ott, and G. Hirzinger.

Passivity-based Object-Level Impedance Control for a Multifingered Hand.

In: IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS) (2006), pp. 4621–4627.



