Control of a multi-robot cooperative team guided by a human operator

M. Angerer

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Betreuer: S. Musić

Lehrstuhl für Informationstechnische Regelung

Technische Universität München





Why use human guided cooperative manipulation?



Human reasoning

- Foresight and adaptiveness to incidents
- Superior planning capabilities

Enhanced flexibility of multiple robots

- Transportation of large/heavy objects
- Assembly of multiple parts
- Coordinated use of tools

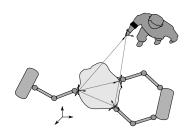






Problem setting

- A set of robots manipulating a common object
- A human guiding the formation by hand motion



Goal

- Consistent modelling of constrained systems
- Model-based control with human-in-the-loop



Related Work

Robot-team control

- Virtual object based impedance control [SC92]
- Internal and external impedance control [CV01,CCMV08]
- Intrinsically Passive Control [Str01, WOH08]
- Object dynamics' feed-forward [EH15]
- Formation control of a robot team [SMH15,WOH06]

Human in the loop

- Formation-based control [SMH15,SMP14]
- Bilateral tele-manipulation [LS05]
- Gesture-based Control [GFS+14]
- port-Hamiltonian systems allow for energy consistent modelling of complex physical systems
- *IPC* concept based on a physical model
- Closed loop stability for bounded energy supply











port-Hamiltonian systems

Idea

Network representation of interconnected non-linear physical systems

Hamiltonian H: total energy of the system

Port: a pair (f, e) of flow f and effort e variables

$$\dot{x} = J(x)\frac{\partial H}{\partial x}(x) + g(x)f$$

$$e = g^{T}(x)\frac{\partial H}{\partial x}(x)$$

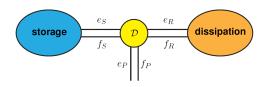
state-space representation with structure matrix J(x), input matrix g(x)

Energy balance: power exchanged through a port $\frac{d}{dt}H = e^T f$



Interconnection and elements

Structure of a port-Hamiltonian system



Elements are geometrically interconnected by the $\emph{energy routing}$ structure $\mathcal D$

- Energy storing elements (inertia, spring)
- Energy dissipating elements (damper)
- Energy conservative elements (transformer, gyrator)

Energy supply through port (f_p, e_p) from operator or environment

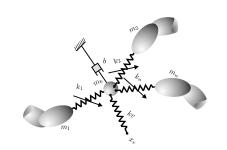


System model

$$\begin{pmatrix} \dot{x}_{M} \\ \dot{x}_{S} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} J_{M} & -(\phi_{M})^{T} \\ \phi_{M} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial H}{\partial x_{M}} \\ \frac{\partial H}{\partial x_{S}} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \phi_{h} & \phi_{rl} & \phi_{m} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} T_{h} \\ T_{rl} \\ T \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} W_{h} \\ W_{rl} \\ W \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \phi_{h}^{T} \\ 0 & \phi_{rl}^{T} \\ 0 & \phi_{m}^{T} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial H}{\partial x_{M}} \\ \frac{\partial H}{\partial x_{S}} \end{pmatrix}$$

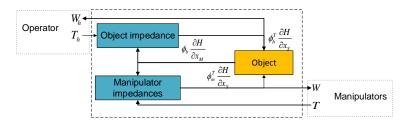
- \blacksquare x_M : inertia state vector
- x_S : spring state vector
- T_h : desired object twist
- T_{rl} : desired rest-length twist
- lacktriangleq T: manipulator twist
- W_h, W_{rl}, W : wrenches





Intrinsically Passive Control

Control based on the model of an impedance controlled cooperative manipulation set-up



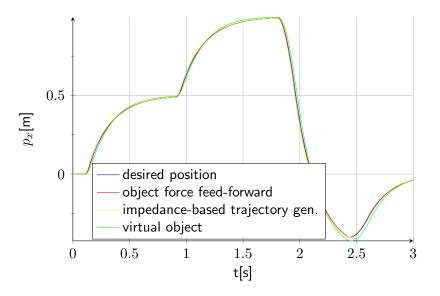
- Internal and external *impedance* relations
- Energy supplied by operator/environment

Stability

Model errors never influence passivity nor stability [Str01]



Comparison: position tracking





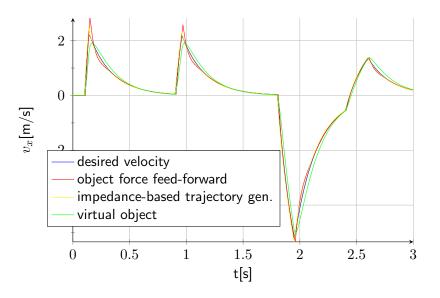
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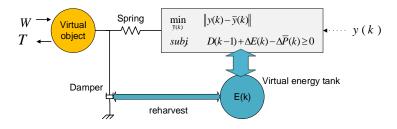
Comparison: velocity tracking





Human in the loop

- Desired object position is connected with a spring to the human
- Time-discrete reference changes possibly violate passivity
- Spring energy leap $\Delta \bar{P}(k) = H_S(t_k) H_S(t_k^-)$
- Pre-filled energy tank to allow for initial twist





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Overview & open issues

- port-Hamiltonian model of a cooperative manipulation set-up
- Appropriate dynamic performance of the model-based controller

Open issues

- Formulation of the HIL in the Hamiltonian framework
- Passive, stable closed loop behaviour
- Experimental evaluation





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