# Fundamental Concepts in Computational and Applied Mathematics

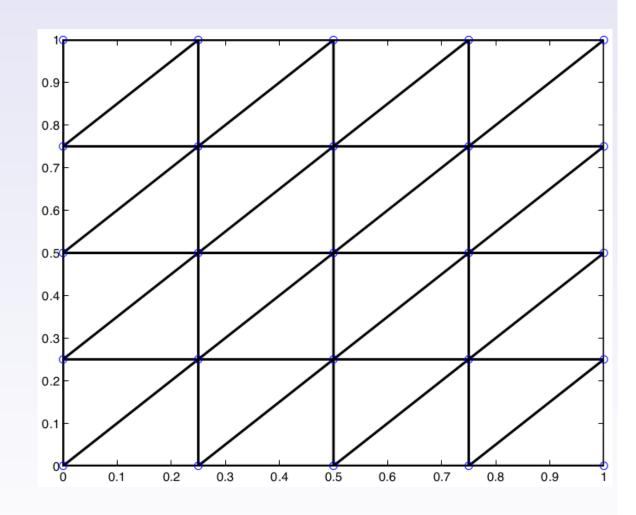
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#### Homework 1 Discussion

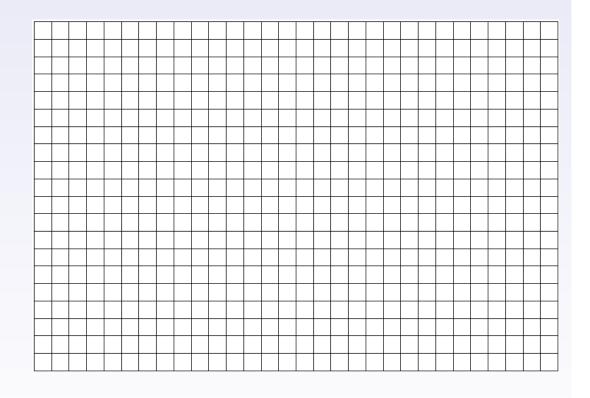
## **Grid Terminology**

- mesh
- cells, elements,
  e.g. triangles, quads,
  tetrahedrons, hex
- node, vertex, grid point
- cell center, edge, face
- Grid properties
  - quality of mesh
  - degeneracy
  - dof



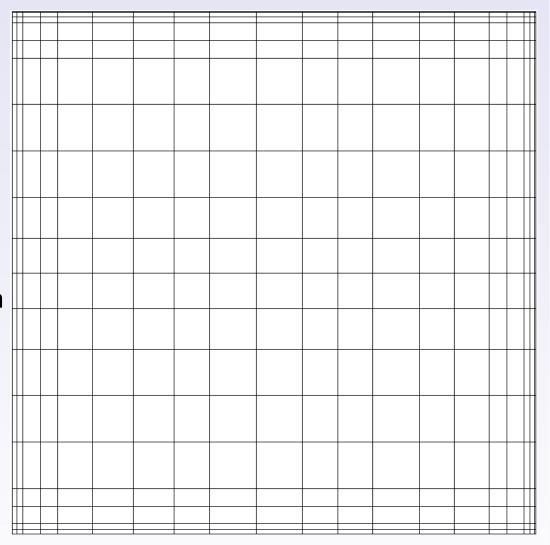
## Structured Grid Examples – Uniform

- (i, j, k) indexing
- What are the advantages/disadvantages?



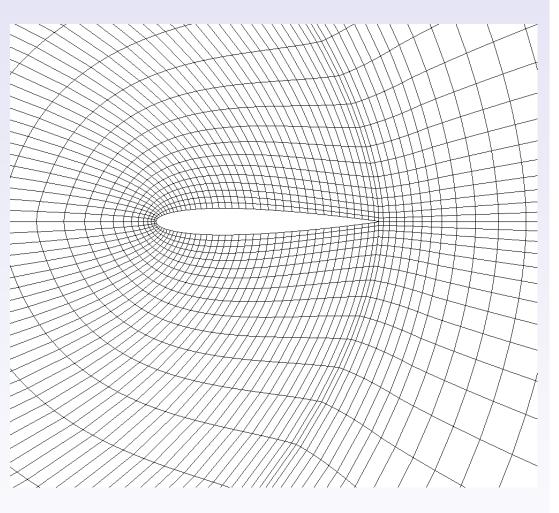
#### Structured Grid Examples – Rectilinear

- Similar to uniform grid
- What is the main advantage here as compared to a uniform grid?
- What are the disadvantages?



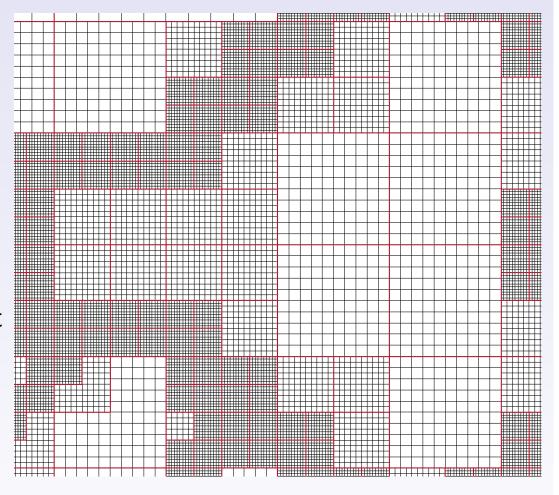
## Structured Grid Examples – Curvilinear

- Note that each node still has the same number of neighbors
- What is the main advantage here?
- What are the disadvantages?



#### Structured Grid Examples - Block Structured

- Used in Adaptive Mesh
  Refinement methods
- Solves problem of having too much resolution in places that you don't need it
- Software is more complicated
- Error analysis more difficult



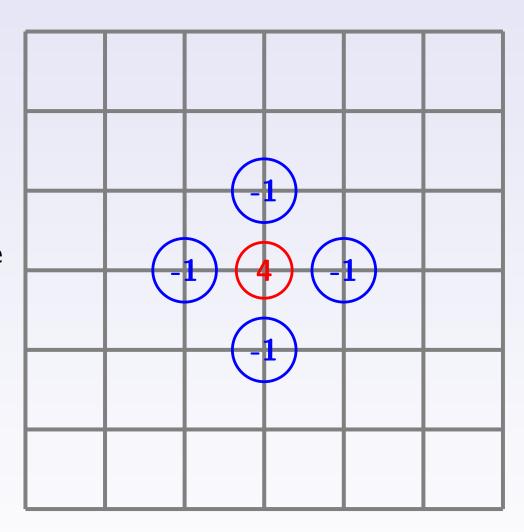
#### Main properties of structured grids

- Number of adjacent mesh elements is always the same
- Generally more accurate per unknown/dof than unstructured
- Convergence of algorithms (linear solvers) well understood
- Better data layout, which is good for computation

## Example: 5-Point Stencil

#### 5-point stencil

- Simplest 2-D case
- Leads directly to a sparse (penta-diagonal) matrix
- Iterative methods easy to apply



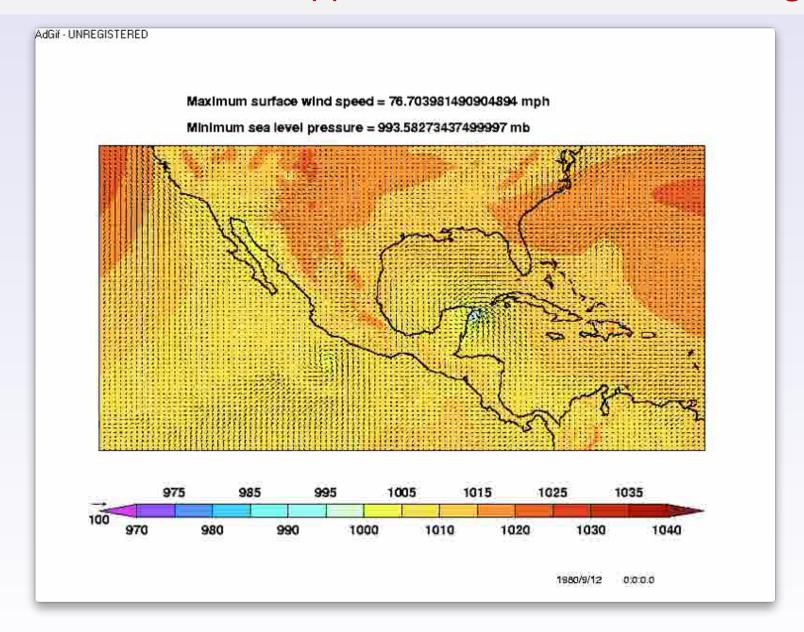
## 5-Point Stencil Matrix for ${\cal N}=3$ grid

$$A_{9} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 & & -1 & & & & & \\ -1 & 4 & -1 & & -1 & & & & \\ & -1 & 4 & & & -1 & & & \\ \hline -1 & & 4 & -1 & & -1 & & & \\ & -1 & & 4 & -1 & & -1 & & \\ & & -1 & & -1 & 4 & & & -1 \\ \hline & & & -1 & & 4 & -1 & \\ & & & -1 & & -1 & 4 & -1 \\ \hline & & & & -1 & & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

#### Question

What matrix properties can you name?

## Structured Grid Applications: Climate Modeling



#### Summary

- Structured grids exist in many shapes and forms
- Well understood methods
- Well developed software available
- Work well on parallel and other high performance computing environments
- Don't work as well with complex geometries
- Also harder to use with multi-material, multi-block problems

#### More information on meshing

A nice summary of meshing can be found at A. Bakker's web site [?]

#### References I



Andre Bakker.

Lecture 7 - Meshing.

http://www.bakker.org/dartmouth06/engs150/07-mesh.pdf



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