

Homework G.12 - Solution

Soln

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G.12

a) Given $0 \leq f_e \leq f_{max}$, $0 \leq f_r \leq f_{max}$

Since

$$F = f_r + f_e$$

and

$$\tilde{F} = F - F_e$$

we have

$$|\tilde{F}| \leq |f_r + f_e| - |F_e|$$

$$\leq 2f_{max} - (m_c + 2mr)g$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\tilde{F}_{max} = 2f_{max} - (m_c + 2mr)g}$$

Since $\alpha = \frac{f_e}{d} - \frac{f_r}{d}$

$$\alpha_{max} = \frac{f_{max}}{d}$$

However since each motor must apply $F_e/2$ just to stay in the air the maximum force available to each motor for applied torque is

$$f_{max} - \frac{(m_c + 2mr)g}{2}$$

\therefore the maximum possible torque is

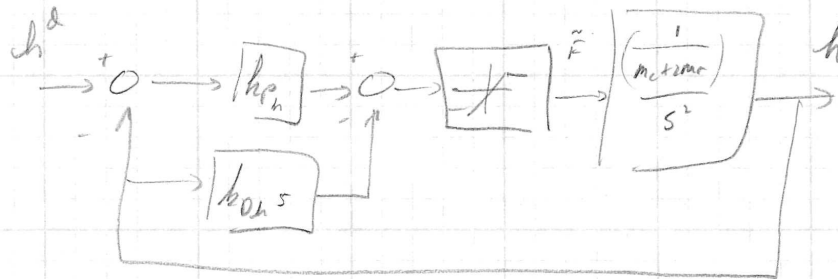
$$\boxed{\alpha_{max} = \frac{f_{max} - \frac{(m_c + 2mr)g}{2}}{d}}$$

Soln

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5) A block diagram of the attitude loop w/ PD control is



When a step of A_h is applied to h^d , the

force is $\tilde{F} = k_{p_h} A_h$

$$\therefore \text{let } k_{p_h} = \frac{\tilde{F}_{max}}{A_h}$$

The closed-loop char polynomial is

$$\Delta_d(s) = s^2 + \left(\frac{1}{m_c + 2mr}\right) k_{p_h} s + \left(\frac{1}{m_c + 2mr}\right) k_{p_h}$$

comparing to $\Delta_d(s) = s^2 + 2\xi\omega_n s + \omega_n^2$

we have

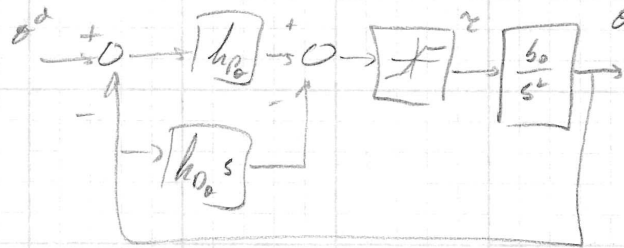
$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{m_c + 2mr}\right) k_{p_h}}$$

and

$$k_{p_h} = 2\xi\omega_n (m_c + 2mr)$$

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c) The block diagram of the lateral inner loop w/ PD control is



where $b_0 = \frac{1}{J_c + 2mr d^2}$

Just after a step of A_0 on δ_d the torque is

$$\tau_c = A_0 h_{D\theta}$$

$$\therefore \text{let } h_{D\theta} = \frac{\tau_{max}}{A_0}$$

The closed loop char polynomial is

$$D_d = s^2 + b_0 h_{D\theta} s + b_0 h_{D\theta}$$

Comparing to

$$D_d^d = s^2 + 2\zeta_0 \omega_{n0} s + \omega_{n0}^2$$

gives

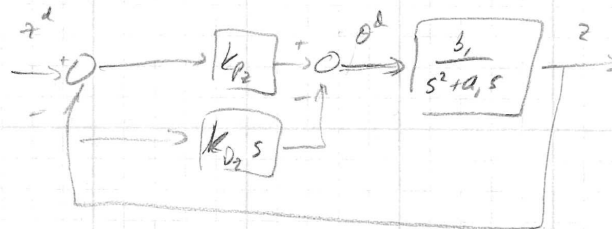
$$\omega_{n0} = \sqrt{b_0 k_{D\theta}}$$

$$k_{D\theta} = 2\zeta_0 \omega_{n0} / b_0$$

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d) the DC gain of the inner loop is one

e) The block diagram of the outer loop w/ PD control is



where

$$a_1 = \frac{m}{m_c + 2mr}$$

$$b_1 = \frac{-F_0}{m_c + 2mr}$$

Just after a step of A_z on z^d , the closed angle is

$$\theta^d = k_{p2} A_z$$

$$\therefore \text{let } k_{p2} = \frac{A_{\theta}}{A_z}$$

The closed-loop char polynomial is

$$\Delta_d = s^2 + (a_1 + b_1 k_{D2})s + b_1 k_{p2}$$

Comparing to

$$\Delta_d^d = s^2 + 2\zeta_2 \omega_{n2} s + \omega_{n2}^2$$

gives

$$\omega_{n2} = \sqrt{b_1 k_{p2}}$$

$$k_{D2} = \frac{2\zeta_2 \omega_{n2} - a_1}{b_1}$$