Generalized coordinates: 2, h, d > q: (2/h)

Generalized forces on 2:-(frtle) sind

on h: (frtle) coo 0 > 7: (frtle) coo 0

on g: d(fr-fe) d(fr-fe)

d (fr-fe)

Kinetic Energy!

K= 1/2(mc+2m-) 2 +1/2 (mc+2m-) h +1/2 (Sc+2m-d) 0°

Potential Energy:

 $P = m_c g h + m_r g (h + d sin \theta) + m_e g (h - d sin \theta) + P_o$   $= (m_c + 2 m_r) g h + P_o$ 

Lagrangian:

 $L = K - P = \frac{1}{2} \left( m_e + 2m_r \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( m_e + 2m_r \right) \dot{h}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( J_e + 2m_r \dot{d}^2 \right) \dot{\theta}^2 - \left( m_e + 2m_r \right) g \dot{h} - P,$ 

$$\frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{z}}\right) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial z} = z,$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}}\right) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}} = \infty_{3}$$

where

$$\frac{d(3L)}{dt(\frac{3L}{2})} = \frac{d(m_L + 2m_r)}{2} = (m_L + 2m_r)^{\frac{2}{2}}$$

$$\frac{d(\partial L)}{d(\partial \dot{\theta})} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \left( \int_{C} + 2m_{r} d^{2} \right) \dot{\theta} \right) = \left( \int_{C} + 2m_{r} d^{2} \right) \dot{\theta}$$

The Euler Lagrange equations give 50 =0

9,3

or in Matrix form

 $\begin{pmatrix}
(m_c + 2m_r) & 0 & 0 \\
0 & (m_c + 2m_r) & 0 & 4
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
-(f_r + f_e) & -(m_c + 2m_r)g + (f_r + f_e) & con 0
\end{pmatrix}$   $\begin{pmatrix}
0 & 0 & (3e + 2m_r) & 0 & 4
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
-(f_r + f_e) & con 0 \\
0 & 0 & (3e + 2m_r) & 0
\end{pmatrix}$ 

MARKE