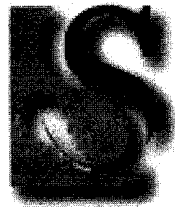


ENIGE (SAK)REKENAARS TOEGELAAT



University of Stellenbosch  
Toegepaste Wiskunde 314  
Semestertoets 1b

24 Maart 2004 om 19:30

**Time:** 90 min **Full marks:** 40

Vul asseblief in / Please complete:

Vir kantoorgebruik / For official use

Van (blokletters) / Surname (capitals)								
<b>MEMO</b>								
Volle Voorname / Full First Names								
US-nommer / US Number								
<table border="1"> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td> </tr> </table>								

Vraag Question	Punte Marks	Nasiener Marker
1	/15	H Botha
2	/15	H Botha
3	/10	H Botha
Totaal		

**Eksaminatore / Examiners:** Dr PJP Grobler & Prof JH van Vuuren

Lees asseblief die volgende reëls en voorskrifte, en teken dan die onderstaande verklaring:

- (1) Kommunikasie tussen kandidate word nie in die eksamenlokaal toegelaat nie.
- (2) Hulpmiddels (insluitende blankopapier, boeke, geskrifte en elektroniese apparaat) word nie in die eksamenlokaal toegelaat nie, tensy die gebruik van spesifieke items uitdruklik toegelaat of voorgeskryf is.
- (3) Geen dele van hierdie vraestel/antwoordstel mag verwyder word nie.
- (4) Ekstra tyd word nie toegestaan aan kandidate wat laat kom nie.
- (5) Kandidate word nie toegelaat om die eksamenlokaal binne die eerste 45 minute van die eksamensessie te verlaat nie.
- (6) Antwoorde moet in ink direk op hierdie vraestel/antwoordstel ingevul word.
- (7) Hierdie vraestel/antwoordstel moet aan 'n opsiener oorhandig word voordat u die eksamenlokaal verlaat.

Please read the following rules and instructions, and then sign the declaration below:

- (1) Communication between candidates is not allowed.
- (2) Supporting material (including blank paper, books, notes and electronic equipment) is not allowed in the examination room, unless the use of particular items is expressly allowed or prescribed.
- (3) No parts of this question/answer paper may be removed.
- (4) Latecomers are not allowed extra time.
- (5) Candidates are not allowed to leave the examination room within the first 45 minutes of the examination session.
- (6) Answers must be supplied in ink directly on this question/answer paper.
- (7) Before leaving the examination room candidates must hand this question/answer paper to an invigilator.

<b>VERKLARING / DECLARATION</b> Hiermee verklaar ek dat ek die bogenoemde eksamenreëls sal gehoorsaam en dat die inligting op hierdie bladsy verstrek, korrek is. / I hereby declare that I will abide by the above examination rules and that the particulars supplied on this front cover are correct.	<b>HANDTEKENING / SIGNATURE</b>    
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- (1) Die onderstaande kriptoteks is deur middel van die affiene substitusie  $N_{26}^{a,b}$  gevorm. / The ciphertext below was formed by means of the affine substitution  $N_{26}^{a,b}$ .

UZSGHBM EITVMMHMEITVYKENULFMZVMEHKVMEHFMIUHTTEKKQTSSLQUZMMZEHWGHEQTUKCML  
 LUKTEKRESLEHLMKKSHKCTEQTTMTUBXZSWUIMKENVSUIMVTEZVMHMTMULKSTUBZMLEIESGK  
 MBGQUVESHUVTSWMCTMZMTMCUKVUGITVPGBUEKWVCSYMUZKLUVNZTMMHVMZMBVMTLGEVDLSL  
 BIYWHUKEGWUHBUXVMZVTEKTEKZMLEIESGKMBGQUVESHCUKIERMHUVKQTSSLTMKVGBEMBWU  
 VTMWUVEQKEH DUZVEQGLUZVTMQULQGLGKFMIHHEHIUZSGHBM EITVMMHHEH MVYSHMEHMEIT  
 VMMHHEH MVYXSGZMEHKVMEHKXUWEL YWSRMBVSWELUHFVMEHKVMEHZMWUEHMBEHWGHEQTEH  
 MEITVMMHHEH MVYXERMMEHKVMEHXUELMBUHMNUWEHUVESHVTUVCSGLBTURMULLSCMBTEWVS  
 KVG BYXSZUBEDLSWUUKUHMLMQVZEQULMHIEHMMZUVVTMMEBIMHSKKEKQTMVMQTHEKQTMTSQ  
 TKQTGLMEHJGZEQTMEHKVMEHZMHSQHQBIMZUHQEVEJMHKTEDEHMEITVMMHHEH MVYKENUH  
 BCUKVSFMKVUVM LMKKXSZUHGWFMSXYMUZKTMBEBHSMRMHUDDLXYSZKCEKKQEVEJMHKTED  
 GHVELMEITVMMHHEH MVYHEHMQEVEJMHKTEDFMEHIIZUHVMBEHHEHMMHMTGHBZMBUHB SHMX  
 SLLSCEHIVTMXUELEHISXVTMMHVZUHQMMNUWVSVTMMVTMEHKVMEHUVVMHBMBKMQSHBUZYKQ  
 TSSLUVUUZUGDLUHHEHIVSGKMVTEKZSGVMVSMHVMZVTMMVTEHJGZEQTCTELMUVUUZUGTMCZ  
 SVMUHMKKUYXSZCTEQTTMCUKSHLYIERMHULEVVL MUF SRMTULXWUZAKEHCTEQTTMCZSVMSXT  
 EKDLUHKXSZVTMXGVGZMEHECMZMVSTURMVTMISSBXSZVGHMVS DUKKWMNUWEHUVESHKECSG  
 LBISVSJGZEQTECSGLBKVUYVTMZMXSZXSZGYMUZKEHSZBMZVSKVGBYWUVTMWUVEQKUHB DTY  
 KEQKEEWUIEHMWYKMLXFMQSWEHIUVMUQTMZEHVTSKMFZUHQTMKSXVTMHUVGZULKQEMHQMKQ  
 TSSKEHIVTMVTSZMVEQULDUZVSXVTMWTMZMUZMVTMZMUKSHKCTEQTLMUBWMVSVTEKDLUHU  
 FSRMULLEVEKWYBEKDSKEVESHSXZUFKVZUQVUHBWUVTMWUVEQULVTSGITVUHBWYLUQASKEW  
 UIEHUVESHUHBZUQVEQULUFELEVY

- (a) In watter natuurlike taal is die onderliggende skoon teks na alle waarskynlikheid? Motiveer volledig. / What is the probable underlying natural language of the associated plaintext? Motivate fully. [3]

Alphabetical characters: 1358					
A:	2	J:	6	S:	84
B:	42	K:	82	T:	89
C:	21	L:	53	U:	114
D:	16	M:	175	V:	119
E:	136	N:	6	W:	34
F:	13	O:	0	X:	27
G:	41	P:	1	Y:	24
H:	121	Q:	46	Z:	63
I:	33	R:	10		

Indeks van ooreenstemming is  $I_0 = 0.0700$   
 Skoon teks dus waarskynlik in Engels / Spaans.  
 (Sou Engels raai, van die twee)

- (b) Stel die drie waarskynlikste sisteme van twee gelyktydige lineêre kongruensies op waarmee u die sleutel-parameters  $a$  en  $b$  sou kon oplos. Motiveer die volgorde waarin u die sisteme sou oplos. / Formulate the three most likely systems of two simultaneous linear congruences from which you would solve for the key parameters  $a$  and  $b$ . Motivate the order in which you would go about solving the systems. [3]

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \begin{array}{lcl} e & \xrightarrow{\text{enkripsie}} & M \\ t & \longrightarrow & E \end{array} \quad \begin{cases} 4a + b \equiv 12 \pmod{26} \\ 19a + b \equiv 4 \pmod{26} \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \begin{array}{lcl} e & \longrightarrow & M \\ t & \longrightarrow & H \end{array} \quad \begin{cases} 4a + b \equiv 12 \pmod{26} \\ 19a + b \equiv 7 \pmod{26} \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \begin{array}{lcl} e & \longrightarrow & M \\ t & \longrightarrow & V \end{array} \quad \begin{cases} 4a + b \equiv 12 \pmod{26} \\ 19a + b \equiv 21 \pmod{26} \end{cases}$$

Motivering van volgorde ①, ②, ③:

Die karakter  $M$  is in duidelike uitskiet en dus die enkripsie van  $e$ .

Die volgende populêrste krypto-karakter is (in volgorde):  $E(136)$ ,  $H(121)$ ,  $V(119)$  — hierdie karakter is in afnemende volgorde van waarskynlikheid die enkripsie van  $t$ .

- (c) Los u sisteme in (b) op. Wys alle werking. / Solve your systems in (b). Clearly show your working. [6]

$$\textcircled{1}: b \equiv 12 - 4a \pmod{26}$$

$$\therefore 19a + (12 - 4a) \equiv 4 \pmod{26}$$

$$15a \equiv 18 \pmod{26}$$

$$\Rightarrow a = (15)^{-1} 18 = 7 \times 18 \equiv 22 \pmod{26}$$

wat impliseer dat

$$b \equiv 12 - 4(22) \equiv 2 \pmod{26}$$

Potensiële sleutelpaar dus:  $(a, b) = (22, 2)$

Soortgelyk vir  $\textcircled{2}$ :  $(a, b) = (17, 22)$

Soortgelyk vir  $\textcircled{3}$ :  $(a, b) = (11, 20)$

(Die sleutelpaar in  $\textcircled{1}$  is duidelik foutief aangesien  $\text{ggd}(a, 26) = 2$  en  $a = 22$  dus nie inverseerbaar is  $\pmod{26}$  nie)

- (d) Dekripteer die kriptoteks met die sleutelpare, soos in (c) verkry. Watter van hierdie sleutelpare is korrek? Motiveer deur die eerste 15 karakters van die skoonteks te gee. / Decrypt the ciphertext, using the resulting key parameter pairs, as found in (c). Which of the pairs is correct? Motivate by producing the first 15 characters of the associated plaintext. [3]

	Sleutelpaar	"Skoonteks" (eerste 15 karakters)	Reg/Verkeerd
$\textcircled{1}$	$(a, b) = (22, 2)$	$a$ nie inverseerbaar	X
$\textcircled{2}$	$(a, b) = (17, 22)$	grm wtleecgjdeete	X
$\textcircled{3}$	$(a, b) = (11, 20)$	aroundeighteene	✓

- (2) Die onderstaande kriptoteks is deur middel van die Vigenère substitusie  $\vartheta_{26}^{n,s}$  gevorm. / *The ciphertext below was formed by means of the Vigenère substitution  $\vartheta_{26}^{n,s}$ .*

ZROVIOVMYJXPZRDLGNVIOVHHZXSMDGPLEKCRHFRXTEKTERTEIEVIYIIYUVPUEDRXPRGSVV  
 ZWQLKLPDEEZGDRROGLJMJNJSYVSQYMDWVTVROJEEVXSNEDECTIWXVZJWXRRLNLZNEZREY  
 IDRQPTPLJWLJITEWEVMYVMYJXPZREIMPXZFFERMYRTZJXHIMEZRRKSSLVHZXKNLZYIWUSF  
 KWZDISFTPFJLGSDZXTFRMLXYFXSZRRTEXVSQZXEYVPSQVMYJXPZRDWIWCSHJXFUIYKWTEG  
 WLHTEKRISDJQLERHVPRTAFMYKIORWDZWERREJEEVXSZRKLVTTLMLXNCILIPJVMYJXPZRSR  
 HYFTDTCVWDVHPESFXLLEHDKMWCMEYMYVXPVRSLOIIORROFRPYIHRWHIMEZRRISFEHFEMG  
 VVDZXTVWTEXSVLZGIZWSMKETEMYXEUFFMLXHZXSIFYEJYNTIDJLPUMODEYRKPKSLMSTUWHZW  
 DDMWZXLICDVVGZGPFREYIRISFEHDKLLKLPYEOWPLKJPVXLEHGRVTTSDVZPZRDSCXZHYZRPK  
 IPELFEHCVHLEHZEISVLLUEEVQAFVLICUFFLJEEVENYICKILTLEKXRXSVQLKMNJEEKLPKIN  
 YRTTEWYMRYWNYSZCMYNYKICKLFIECFYUXSZWEZQPYIHISEVMSRZPXMGVRFGXSVEXSMEZS  
 YKSRVXEFEFEMGVVDZXJRRZKLPIXPDTZIECPTZJMEZSYKILTLEKTEEAIMGRXPJGSFSWZRD  
 LLWJSRYDVRQFPWFAPUXSVRRISDJQLERDWEYICKVTVHEFLPCTPZRDKITEKPKEUFFMPVPTSX  
 DIYUMYXLTDXZKLPUKMGFVZWXSVTLKIYKSQWMNVMYSICEITEWVMYNEDRTAFMYKIORWLKI  
 NYRTTEWVBAVVEKLTIHNCEDJITEWVMYNSCBIOZREYMDGEEVREFJQZGPWVZDRTEIEVIYIIYU  
 VPUEYUXHFZEMVYVXPVRSLOIIORROEMYVLZCHTEKLKIXGSCRJGSDKASVRSVALJJTIWERTA  
 FMYKIOSYESCYZRPKIPELFEHCVHLEHQFYCKLPGSDZXTFRHRWXRHPGICDEYVRERROZRYZRPKI  
 PELFEHCVHLEHDZBSVALJTCFQZKIOKSEVGSEMNRPPOTPIXDVGZEHNCEJASZPPZREYIMVVYG  
 EEVREFJQZGPYINFQACIEVHLEEDKSYZWSZRRIEYXIZWXSVCVXTTEWGLJMJNJTFSPTTEEZSY  
 JACZXEVRTELTJWARVPKMXVATKLZLXEYIMVRPWMEFJNCSDVGZEXLTXHZXSJGTVREZJTTPTKI  
 CRXFIIZIGZCPPRKFVWPZRDKITEILIRPUEOFGFVLKIQISXKLPLRTMICJMEPSQQYCZGSZRYZ  
 RPKIPELFEHCVHLEHQZZPWSCRXSVWTJSYRRPNHPKICDMYRXTFRZWQZCINLPLIHTDIYJZEW  
 VHPUMNRXPUSVXSVMYJXZXVZJWXRRL

- (a) Voer 'n volledige Kasiski analise op die kriptoteks uit om die waarskynlike sleutel-lengte,  $n$ , te bepaal. Motiveer u werking, en toon die inhoud en posisies van enige teksstringe wat gebruik word. / *Conduct a full Kasiski analysis of the ciphertext to determine the probable key length,  $n$ . Motivate your reasoning, and show the contents and positions of any text strings you use.* [5]

Teksstringherhalings van lengte langer as 10:

<u>String</u>	<u>Posisies</u>	<u>Afstand</u>	<u>Faktorisasie</u>
ZRYZRPKIPELFEHCVHLEH	1129, 1417	288	$2^5 \times 3^2$
YZRPKIPELFEHCVHLEHQ	1077, 1419	342	$2 \times 3^2 \times 19$
EMYVXPVRSLOIIORRO	385, 1006	621	$3^3 \times 23$
RTEIEVIYIIYUVPUE	47, 983	936	$2^3 \times 3^2 \times 13$
GEEVREFJQZGP	967, 1207	240	$2^4 \times 3 \times 5$
RTAFMYKIORW	304, 910	606	$2 \times 3 \times 101$

$$\text{ggd}(288, 342, 621, 936, 240, 606) = 3$$

Sleutellengte is dus na alle waarskynlikheid 3

- (b) In watter natuurlike taal is die onderliggende skoonteks na alle waarskynlikheid? Motiveer volledig. / What is the probable underlying natural language of the associated plaintext? Motivate fully. [3]

Sub-teks 1:

ZVVJZLVVZYGERREEEYUURRVWKDZRGJJVYVJVNDTXJRNNZYRTJJJEVVJZIUFRRJIZKLZNYUKDFFGZFLF  
ZTVZYVVJZWVCJKELEIJEVRFRZRJVZLTLCIVJZRFVDVVEKECEVVLIRFYRIZIEEVZVEVGWKEFLZFJTJU  
DRKMUZDZIVZFYIEKKYWKVERTVZSZZKEEVEEVUVFIFJVVYKTERVKJJKYTYYYCNKKIFUZZYIVRXVGVVSZKVF  
EVZRKIDIPJZKTEEIRJFZTWRVFFUJVIJEWYKVFZCZKEKFPTDUXDKUVFWVKKWVSEEVNRFKRKYTVVKICJEVNB  
ZYGVFZWDEVYUUFVVLIREVCEKGRGKVJIRFKSSZKEEVEFKGZFRRGDVRZZKEEVEZVJFKKVEROIVECJZZ  
YVGVFZYFCVEKZZIXWVVTGJJSTZJZVEJRKVLYVWFCVETZJVZTKRIICRVZKEIUUFFKIKLMJJPQZZZKEEVEZ  
WRVJRNRKDRFCLIDJEVURUVVJXJR

$$I_0 = 0.0770$$

Sub-teks 2:

RIMXRGIHMPKHKKRIIYVEXGVQLEGRMSSMVREXEEIVWRLERIQPWIWMMXRMXFMTXMRSVXLISWITJSXRX  
RESXVSMXRISXIWGHKSQRVTMIWREXRVLXIPMXRHXTWHSLSHMMXRRIRRIWMRSHMVXWXLISEMEFXXYYILM  
EKSSWMMXCVGRISHLLEPJXHVSZCHRILHHHILEQVCFEIILKXQMEIIREMWSMMILEYXWQISMZMRXEMSSXE  
MVXRLXTETMSILKEMXGSRJYRPAXRSQREIVHLTRIKEFVSI MLXLMGVXTISMMIWMETMIWIREBVLHEIWMSI  
RMERJGVRIIYVEXXMXRRIRMLHKISVSARAJWTMIYCRILHHHYLSXRWHIERRRRILHHHBATQISGMPTXGHEAPR  
IVERJGIIHESWREIXSXLMTPE SAXRLWVMAIXRMJSGXXXGRJPIXIGPKWRIIREGVISLRIMSYGRRILHHHZ  
SXWSRHIMXRQIPHIMWHMXXXWXVWR

$$I_0 = 0.0760$$

Sub-teks 3:

OOYPDNOHSDLCFTTTEYYPDPSZLPEDOJNYQDTOESDCWZXYZDEDPLLTEYYPEPZEYZHERSHKZWFZSPLDTMYS  
RXQEPQYPDWHFYTWTRDLHPAYODEEESKTMNLJYPSYTCDFLDWYYP SOOPHHERFFGDTTSZZMTYUMHSENDPO  
YPLTHDWLDGPERFDLPOLPLGTDPDXYPPFCLZSLEALULENCLTXSLNEPNTWRNZYYCFYSEPHESPGFSXEYREF  
GDJZPPZCZEYLT TAGPSWDLSDQWPSRDLDECTEPPDTPUMPXYTZPCEZSLYQNYCTEYDAYOLNTWAETNDTEYCO  
EDEEQPZTEYYPHYZPSOOOYZTLXCJDSSLTEAYOEYPPFCLQCPDTHXPCYEOYPPFCLDSLCOESNPPDZNDSP  
MYEEQPNALDYSRYSZCTWJNFTEYCETTAPXTZEMPENDZLHSTETTCTFZZPFPDTPLOELQXPTCEQCSYPPFCLQP  
CSTYPPCYTZNLTYZSPNPSSTZZXY

$$I_0 = 0.0690$$

Gemiddelde indeks van ooreenstemming is

$$I_0^* = \frac{0.0770 + 0.0760 + 0.0690}{3} = 0.0740$$

Natuurlike taal van skoonteks is dus in volgorde van afnemende waarskynlikheid:

Spaans, Italiaans, Afrikaans

(maar die kort tekslengte lei na onsekerheid)

- (c) Gebruik letterfrequenties om die sleutel, s, te bepaal. Wys al u werking. / Use letter frequencies to determine the key, s. Show all your working. [6]

Alphabetical characters: 507, 507, 507											
<u>1    2    3</u>			<u>1    2    3</u>			<u>1    2    3</u>					
A:	0,	7,	8	J:	35,	8,	5	S:	6,	38,	34
B:	1,	2,	0	K:	47,	9,	2	T:	16,	13,	44
C:	12,	4,	26	L:	12,	31,	35	U:	18,	0,	3
D:	13,	0,	38	M:	2,	49,	7	V:	76,	24,	0
E:	50,	37,	48	N:	8,	0,	18	W:	14,	26,	11
F:	34,	4,	17	O:	1,	0,	20	X:	7,	55,	11
G:	12,	16,	6	P:	3,	11,	61	Y:	22,	9,	49
H:	0,	31,	13	Q:	1,	10,	11	Z:	52,	3,	13
I:	26,	60,	0	R:	39,	60,	9				

Eerste letter van hodewoord: R  
 Tweede letter van hodewoord: E of N  
 Derde letter van hodewoord: L

- (d) Dekripteer die kriptoteks met die sleutel in (c) gevind. Wat is die eerste 10 karakters van die onderliggende skoonteks? / Decrypt the ciphertext with the key found in (c). What are the first 10 characters on the associated plaintext? [1]

Kodewoord	Eerste 10 karakters van "skoonteks"	Reg / Verkeerd
REL	indeedeins (tein succeeded)	✓
RNL	iedevdezn	X

- (3) Die onderstaande kriptoteks is deur middel van die Hill transposisie  $\mathcal{H}_{26}^{n,S}$  gevorm. / The ciphertext below was formed by means of the Hill transposition  $\mathcal{H}_{26}^{n,S}$ .

KYAXBKKXONGZHNKVALXOYVOL

- (a) Gestel dit is bekend dat die skoonteks **alberteinsteinisinzurich** onder die sleutel **S** na **WVYCBONRBXSJHUZNVVXZOLZB** enkripteer. Gebruik 'n bekende (skoonteks, kriptoteks)-paar aanval om die sleutel, **S**, te vind. Wys al u werking. / Suppose it is known that the plaintext **alberteinsteinisinzurich** encrypts to **WVYCBONRBXSJHUZNVVXZOLZB** under the key **S**. Launch a known (plaintext, ciphertext)-pair attack to solve for the key, **S**. Show all your working. [9]

Probeer as eerste raaiskoot  $n=2$ . Dan moet

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} W & V \\ 22 & 21 \\ Y & C \\ 24 & 2 \end{bmatrix}}_Y = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} a & l \\ 0 & 11 \\ b & e \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}}_X \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} S_{00} & S_{01} \\ S_{10} & S_{11} \end{bmatrix}}_S$$

Nou is  $|X| = -11 \equiv 15 \pmod{26}$ , sodat

$$X^{-1} = \underbrace{(15)^{-1}}_7 \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -11 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 28 & -77 \\ -7 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 19 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \pmod{26}$$

$$\text{Dus is } S = X^{-1}Y = \begin{bmatrix} 68 & 44 \\ 418 & 399 \end{bmatrix} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} 16 & 18 \\ 2 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \pmod{26}$$

Taets vir korrektheid met 'n volgende tekssegment:

$$\begin{bmatrix} r & t \\ 17 & 19 \end{bmatrix} S = \begin{bmatrix} 310 & 477 \end{bmatrix} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} 24 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \pmod{26}$$

$$\neq \begin{bmatrix} B & 0 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \pmod{26}$$

Dus is  $n > 2$ .



Probeer volgende  $n=3$ . Dan moet

$$\begin{bmatrix} W & V & Y \\ C & B & O \\ N & R & B \\ X & S & J \\ H & U & Z \\ N & V & V \\ X & Z & O \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & l & b \\ e & r & t \\ e & i & n \\ s & t & e \\ i & n & i \\ s & i & n \\ z & u & r \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \textcircled{1} \\ \textcircled{2} \\ \textcircled{3} \\ \textcircled{4} \\ \textcircled{5} \end{matrix} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} s_{00} & s_{01} & s_{02} \\ s_{10} & s_{11} & s_{12} \\ s_{20} & s_{21} & s_{22} \end{bmatrix}}_S$$

Die eerste 4 tekssegmenterings lewer singuliere skoontekste. Met segmentering ⑤ volg dat

$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 20 & 25 \\ 13 & 21 & 21 \\ 23 & 25 & 14 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 13 & 8 \\ 18 & 8 & 13 \\ 25 & 20 & 17 \end{bmatrix} S$$

$Y \qquad X$

Nou is  $|X| = 535 \equiv 15 \pmod{26}$ , sodat

$$X^{-1} = (15)^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} -124 & -61 & 105 \\ 19 & -64 & 40 \\ 160 & 165 & -170 \end{bmatrix} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} 16 & 15 & 7 \\ 3 & 20 & 20 \\ 2 & 11 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \pmod{26}$$

$$\text{Dus is } S = X^{-1}Y \equiv \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 7 \\ 13 & 18 & 21 \\ 9 & 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \pmod{26}$$

Toets v̇i correctheid met in volgende  
tekstsegment:

$$\begin{matrix} i & c & h \\ \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 2 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 7 \\ 13 & 18 & 21 \\ 9 & 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{matrix} L & z & B \\ \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 25 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$



- (b) Gebruik die sleutel in (a) om die bostaande kriptoteks, wat met behulp van dieselfde sleutel gevorm is, te dekripteer. / Use your key in (a) to decrypt the above ciphertext, which was formed, using the same key. [1]

Shoonteks is "generalrelativitytheory".