# ToolsTechniques

December 15, 2020

## 1 Tools & Techniques: Neural Networks Using Keras

```
[1]: import pandas as pd import numpy as np
```

### 1.1 Read in Housing Data

- Data collected from Realtor.com.
- Houses sold during June 2020 in eastern Loudoun County, VA.
- For our demonstration, the data has already been cleaned.
- Mean Price:  $\sim $520,000$

```
[2]: df = pd.read_csv("tools_techniques.csv")
```

[3]: df

[3]:	Beds	SqFt	Built	Garage	FullBaths	HalfBaths	LotSqFt	AboveMeanPrice
0	3	2336	2004	2	2	1	2178	0
1	4	2106	2005	2	2	1	2178	0
2	3	1410	1999	1	2	0	3049	0
3	3	1769	1994	1	2	1	1742	0
4	4	2283	1999	2	3	1	2614	0
	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
542	4	2780	1967	2	3	1	47480	1
543	4	3430	2013	0	4	1	43560	1
544	3	1346	1977	0	2	0	15682	0
545	5	3696	2002	2	3	1	11326	1
546	4	2491	1974	0	3	0	10019	1

[547 rows x 8 columns]

```
[4]: dataset = df.values
```

[5]: dataset

```
[5]: array([[
                  3, 2336, 2004, ...,
                                          1, 2178,
                                                         0],
                  4, 2106,
             2005, ...,
                                           1, 2178,
                                                         0],
             3, 1410, 1999, ...,
                                          0, 3049,
                                                         0],
             ...,
                  3, 1346, 1977, ...,
                                          0, 15682,
                                                         0],
             5, 3696, 2002, ...,
                                           1, 11326,
                                                         1],
             4, 2491, 1974, ...,
                                          0, 10019,
                                                         1]])
 [6]: X = dataset[:, 0:7]
 [7]: Y = dataset[:,7]
     1.2 Normalize Data
 [8]: from sklearn import preprocessing
 [9]: min_max_scaler = preprocessing.MinMaxScaler()
      X_scale = min_max_scaler.fit_transform(X)
      X_scale
 [9]: array([[0.4
                        , 0.16361181, 0.86885246, ..., 0.2
                                                                , 1.
              0.00172891],
             [0.6
                        , 0.14142389, 0.87704918, ..., 0.2
                                                                , 1.
              0.00172891],
                        , 0.0742813 , 0.82786885, ..., 0.2
                                                                , 0.
              0.00242031],
                        , 0.06810727, 0.64754098, ..., 0.2
             [0.4]
                                                                , 0.
              0.01244845],
                        , 0.29480996, 0.85245902, ..., 0.4
             8.0]
                                                                , 1.
              0.00899064],
                        , 0.17856454, 0.62295082, ..., 0.4
                                                                , 0.
              0.00795313]])
     1.3 Partition Data
[10]: from sklearn.model selection import train test split
[11]: X_train, X_val_and_test, Y_train, Y_val_and_test = train_test_split(X_scale, Y,__
       →test_size=0.3)
```

X\_val, X\_test, Y\_val, Y\_test = train\_test\_split(X\_val\_and\_test, Y\_val\_and\_test, u

print(X\_train.shape, X\_val.shape, X\_test.shape, Y\_train.shape, Y\_val.shape,

→test\_size=0.5)

 $\hookrightarrow$  Y\_test.shape)

```
(382, 7) (82, 7) (83, 7) (382,) (82,) (83,)
```

#### 1.4 Model Building

```
[12]: from keras.models import Sequential
   from keras.layers import Dense
[13]: model = Sequential([
      Dense(16, activation='relu', input_shape=(7,)), #hidden layer ***
      Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')]) #output layer (1 neuron)
[14]: model.compile(optimizer='sgd',
            loss='binary_crossentropy',
            metrics=['accuracy'])
[15]: hist = model.fit(X_train, Y_train,
         batch_size=16, epochs=100,
          validation_data=(X_val, Y_val))
   Epoch 1/100
   0.3691 - val_loss: 0.6971 - val_accuracy: 0.5244
   Epoch 2/100
   0.4005 - val_loss: 0.6923 - val_accuracy: 0.5366
   Epoch 3/100
   - 0s 19ms/step - loss: 0.7030 - accuracy: 0.4188 - val_loss: 0.6880 -
   val_accuracy: 0.5488
   Epoch 4/100
   0.4634 - val_loss: 0.6840 - val_accuracy: 0.5976
   Epoch 5/100
   0.4869 - val_loss: 0.6802 - val_accuracy: 0.5976
   Epoch 6/100
   0.5026 - val_loss: 0.6765 - val_accuracy: 0.5854
   Epoch 7/100
   24/24 [============= ] - Os 12ms/step - loss: 0.6860 - accuracy:
   0.5340 - val_loss: 0.6728 - val_accuracy: 0.6341
   0.5785 - val_loss: 0.6691 - val_accuracy: 0.6585
   Epoch 9/100
   0.6047 - val_loss: 0.6655 - val_accuracy: 0.6707
```

```
Epoch 10/100
0.6230 - val_loss: 0.6617 - val_accuracy: 0.6707
Epoch 11/100
0.6309 - val_loss: 0.6577 - val_accuracy: 0.6707
Epoch 12/100
0.6466 - val_loss: 0.6532 - val_accuracy: 0.6951
Epoch 13/100
0.6649 - val_loss: 0.6479 - val_accuracy: 0.6951
Epoch 14/100
24/24 [============= ] - Os 18ms/step - loss: 0.6550 - accuracy:
0.7094 - val_loss: 0.6416 - val_accuracy: 0.7561
Epoch 15/100
0.7408 - val_loss: 0.6342 - val_accuracy: 0.8415
Epoch 16/100
0.7827 - val_loss: 0.6269 - val_accuracy: 0.8659
Epoch 17/100
0.8115 - val_loss: 0.6204 - val_accuracy: 0.8902
Epoch 18/100
0.8272 - val_loss: 0.6128 - val_accuracy: 0.8902
Epoch 19/100
0.8194 - val_loss: 0.6046 - val_accuracy: 0.8780
Epoch 20/100
24/24 [============= ] - Os 11ms/step - loss: 0.6149 - accuracy:
0.8168 - val_loss: 0.5982 - val_accuracy: 0.8780
Epoch 21/100
0.8220 - val_loss: 0.5930 - val_accuracy: 0.8780
Epoch 22/100
0.8220 - val_loss: 0.5883 - val_accuracy: 0.8780
Epoch 23/100
0.8168 - val_loss: 0.5835 - val_accuracy: 0.8902
0.8194 - val_loss: 0.5786 - val_accuracy: 0.8902
Epoch 25/100
24/24 [============= ] - Os 12ms/step - loss: 0.5914 - accuracy:
0.8272 - val_loss: 0.5740 - val_accuracy: 0.8902
```

```
Epoch 26/100
0.8325 - val_loss: 0.5694 - val_accuracy: 0.8902
Epoch 27/100
0.8298 - val_loss: 0.5646 - val_accuracy: 0.8902
Epoch 28/100
0.8351 - val_loss: 0.5601 - val_accuracy: 0.8902
Epoch 29/100
0.8272 - val_loss: 0.5551 - val_accuracy: 0.8902
Epoch 30/100
0.8351 - val_loss: 0.5503 - val_accuracy: 0.9024
Epoch 31/100
24/24 [============= ] - Os 12ms/step - loss: 0.5653 - accuracy:
0.8325 - val_loss: 0.5456 - val_accuracy: 0.9024
Epoch 32/100
0.8403 - val_loss: 0.5408 - val_accuracy: 0.9024
Epoch 33/100
0.8377 - val_loss: 0.5362 - val_accuracy: 0.9024
Epoch 34/100
0.8429 - val_loss: 0.5314 - val_accuracy: 0.9024
Epoch 35/100
24/24 [============== ] - Os 18ms/step - loss: 0.5480 - accuracy:
0.8482 - val_loss: 0.5268 - val_accuracy: 0.9024
Epoch 36/100
0.8429 - val_loss: 0.5224 - val_accuracy: 0.9024
Epoch 37/100
0.8455 - val_loss: 0.5176 - val_accuracy: 0.9024
Epoch 38/100
0.8482 - val_loss: 0.5129 - val_accuracy: 0.9024
Epoch 39/100
0.8482 - val_loss: 0.5085 - val_accuracy: 0.9146
Epoch 40/100
0.8534 - val_loss: 0.5036 - val_accuracy: 0.9146
Epoch 41/100
0.8560 - val_loss: 0.4987 - val_accuracy: 0.9146
```

```
Epoch 42/100
0.8534 - val_loss: 0.4943 - val_accuracy: 0.9146
Epoch 43/100
0.8586 - val_loss: 0.4895 - val_accuracy: 0.9146
Epoch 44/100
0.8534 - val_loss: 0.4848 - val_accuracy: 0.9146
Epoch 45/100
0.8665 - val_loss: 0.4810 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 46/100
0.8639 - val_loss: 0.4761 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 47/100
0.8665 - val_loss: 0.4711 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 48/100
0.8665 - val_loss: 0.4655 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 49/100
0.8639 - val_loss: 0.4615 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 50/100
0.8691 - val_loss: 0.4571 - val_accuracy: 0.9390
Epoch 51/100
0.8691 - val_loss: 0.4523 - val_accuracy: 0.9390
Epoch 52/100
24/24 [============= ] - Os 17ms/step - loss: 0.4749 - accuracy:
0.8743 - val_loss: 0.4477 - val_accuracy: 0.9390
Epoch 53/100
0.8717 - val_loss: 0.4440 - val_accuracy: 0.9390
Epoch 54/100
0.8717 - val_loss: 0.4394 - val_accuracy: 0.9390
Epoch 55/100
0.8770 - val_loss: 0.4355 - val_accuracy: 0.9390
Epoch 56/100
0.8717 - val_loss: 0.4307 - val_accuracy: 0.9390
Epoch 57/100
0.8848 - val_loss: 0.4273 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
```

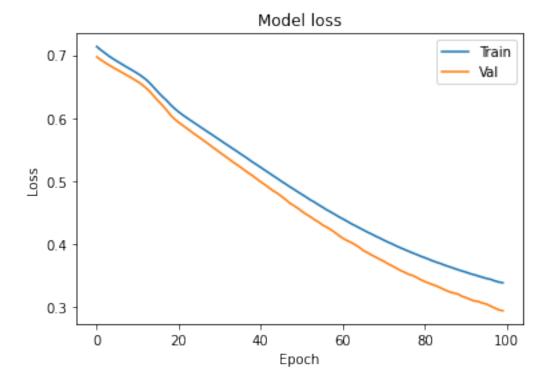
```
Epoch 58/100
0.8770 - val_loss: 0.4234 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 59/100
0.8743 - val_loss: 0.4190 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 60/100
0.8743 - val_loss: 0.4140 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 61/100
0.8770 - val_loss: 0.4095 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 62/100
0.8796 - val_loss: 0.4059 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 63/100
0.8796 - val_loss: 0.4029 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 64/100
0.8796 - val_loss: 0.3992 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 65/100
0.8796 - val_loss: 0.3951 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 66/100
0.8796 - val_loss: 0.3900 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 67/100
0.8822 - val_loss: 0.3867 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 68/100
0.8770 - val_loss: 0.3829 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 69/100
0.8796 - val_loss: 0.3796 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 70/100
0.8743 - val_loss: 0.3761 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 71/100
0.8770 - val_loss: 0.3730 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 72/100
0.8796 - val_loss: 0.3690 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 73/100
0.8822 - val_loss: 0.3658 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
```

```
Epoch 74/100
0.8796 - val_loss: 0.3622 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 75/100
0.8848 - val_loss: 0.3585 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 76/100
0.8848 - val_loss: 0.3557 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 77/100
0.8796 - val_loss: 0.3524 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 78/100
0.8822 - val_loss: 0.3506 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 79/100
24/24 [============= ] - Os 13ms/step - loss: 0.3837 - accuracy:
0.8848 - val_loss: 0.3473 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 80/100
0.8822 - val_loss: 0.3438 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 81/100
0.8848 - val_loss: 0.3407 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 82/100
0.8822 - val_loss: 0.3383 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 83/100
0.8796 - val_loss: 0.3357 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 84/100
0.8822 - val_loss: 0.3334 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 85/100
0.8796 - val_loss: 0.3302 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 86/100
0.8848 - val_loss: 0.3273 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 87/100
0.8796 - val_loss: 0.3245 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
0.8848 - val_loss: 0.3227 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
Epoch 89/100
0.8848 - val_loss: 0.3212 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
```

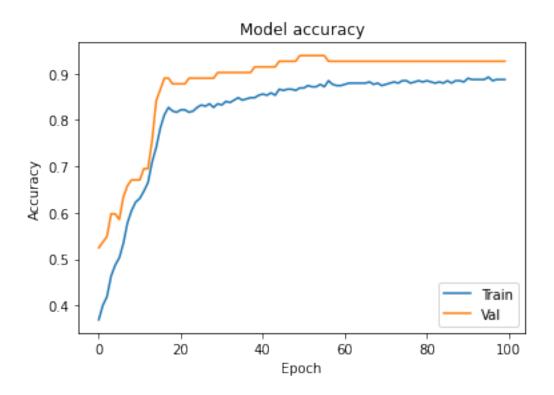
```
0.8822 - val_loss: 0.3176 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
  Epoch 91/100
  0.8901 - val_loss: 0.3154 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
  Epoch 92/100
  0.8874 - val_loss: 0.3127 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
  Epoch 93/100
  - 0s 8ms/step - loss: 0.3517 - accuracy: 0.8874 - val_loss: 0.3102 -
  val_accuracy: 0.9268
  Epoch 94/100
  0.8874 - val_loss: 0.3093 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
  Epoch 95/100
  0.8874 - val_loss: 0.3068 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
  Epoch 96/100
  0.8927 - val_loss: 0.3051 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
  Epoch 97/100
  0.8848 - val_loss: 0.3021 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
  Epoch 98/100
  0.8874 - val_loss: 0.2990 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
  Epoch 99/100
  0.8874 - val_loss: 0.2960 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
  Epoch 100/100
  0.8874 - val_loss: 0.2946 - val_accuracy: 0.9268
  You have a strong model if your test accuracy is between 80% and 95%. * Above 95%, you likely
  overfit the model. * Below 80%, the model didn't capture enough of the data's variability.
[16]: model.evaluate(X_test, Y_test)[1] #0 = loss, 1 = accuracy
  0.8072
[16]: 0.8072289228439331
[17]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Epoch 90/100

```
[18]: plt.plot(hist.history['loss'])
  plt.plot(hist.history['val_loss'])
  plt.title('Model loss')
  plt.ylabel('Loss')
  plt.xlabel('Epoch')
  plt.legend(['Train', 'Val'], loc='upper right')
  plt.show()
```



```
[19]: plt.plot(hist.history['accuracy'])
   plt.plot(hist.history['val_accuracy'])
   plt.title('Model accuracy')
   plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
   plt.xlabel('Epoch')
   plt.legend(['Train', 'Val'], loc='lower right')
   plt.show()
```



#### 1.5 Making Predictions

Predict whether a house with the following characteristics is above or below the average price. \* Bedrooms: 4 \* Square Feet: 2,500 \* Year Built: 2001 \* Garage Spaces: 2 \* Full Bathrooms: 3 \* Half Bathrooms: 1 \* Lot Size: 3,452 Square Feet

```
[20]: x = [[4, 2500, 2001, 2, 3, 1, 3452]]
print(model.predict(x)[0])
```

[1.]

### 2 Summary

- Keras is an easy to use, well-known library for constructing neural networks in Python.
- It was designed with a user-friendly API with easy to decipher error messages.
- Neural Networks emulate human pattern-recognition skills to analyze large datasets (particularly nonlinear responses).