## Key for Take-Home Assignment 07

In a study of the reaction  $A \longrightarrow B$ , the concentration of the reactant was followed as a function of time, yielding the data shown here

time (s)	[A] (M)
10	0.1256
20	0.0997
30	0.0792
40	0.0629
50	0.0500
60	0.0397
70	0.0315
80	0.0251
90	0.0199
100	0.0158

The reaction's rate law takes the form  $R = k[A]^{\alpha}$ . Using this data, determine the rate constant, k, and the reaction order,  $\alpha$ . Be sure to attach a plot that shows how you linearized the data and explain how you used this plot to determine k and  $\alpha$ .

Your solution is due in class on Monday.

## Answer

As each data set is unique, the solution outlined here is general and not tied to the data shown above. To determine  $\alpha$ , find the correct way to linearize the data

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if [A] vs. time is linear, then \alpha=0 if \ln[A] vs. time is linear, then \alpha=1 if \frac{1}{|A|} vs. time is linear, then \alpha=2
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The absolute value of the slope of your linear plot gives the rate constant, k; note that k always is a postive value.