Ukrainska Halytska Armiia

The army of the West Ukrainian People's Republic (ZUNR) was a disciplined force that provided the Polish Army with stiff opposition. The bulk of the material below was kindly supplied to me by Boguslaw Goscieniecki (nsz45@poczta.onet.pl) with additions from the *Ukrainian Encyclopedia* and *Ukrainian Armies* 1914–55.

The initial core of the army were the Sich Riflemen and other units from the former Austro-Hungarian Army. These were joined by spontaneous worker and student detachments and then conscription commenced by November 1918. By the start of December 1918 there were 30,000-odd men, but only half were properly ready for combat. Early in 1919 the assortment of regular and irregular units was formed into a regular army of three corps.

Organisation and doctrine were essentially Austrian.

Theoretical Unit Structures

Corps

4 brigades

Independent sapper company

2-5 field hospitals and sanitary trains

Infantry Brigade

6 infantry battalions, in 2 regiments

Cavalry squadron

Field artillery regiment, of 6 batteries

Sapper company

Various communications and auxiliary units.

Infantry Battalion (Ukr. kuren) – 1,364 soldiers

3 infantry companies (Ukr. sotnia)

[NB: some authorities say 4 companies]

3 infantry platoons (Ukr. choty)

Light machinegun platoon – LMGs

Heavy machinegun company

4 platoons – 2 x "Maxim" each

Reconnaissance platoon

Engineer platoon

Independent Cavalry Squadron (Ukr. sotnia) – 161 soldiers

3 cavalry platoons

Heavy machinegun platoon – 2-3 Schwarzlose

UHA Order of Battle — April 1919

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I Corps – Colonel O. Mykytka
     5th "Sokal" Brigade – Captain P. Petryk
         3 infantry battalions
         2 artillery batteries
         cavalry squadron
         armoured train
         technical company
    6th "Rava" Brigade – Captain W. Stafaniak
         4 infantry battalions
         2 infantry companies
         3 artillery batteries
         cavalry squadron
         heavy machinegun platoon
         technical-engineer company
    9th "Uhniv" (later "Belz") Brigade – Captain B. Shashkievich
         4 infantry battalions
         3 artillery batteries
         cavalry squadron
         technical platoon
         military police company
         engineer company
     10th "Yaniv" Brigade - Major A. Dolud
         4 infantry battalions
         cavalry squadron
         artillery battalion (2 artillery batteries)
II Corps – Colonel M. Tarnavsky
     1st "Sichovykh Striltsi" (i.e. Sich Riflemen or USS) Brigade – Maj S. Bukshovany
         2 infantry battalions
         reserve battalion
          1 artillery battery [6 guns]
         cavalry squadron
         engineer company
    2nd "Kolomyya" Brigade – Major F. Tinkl
         4 infantry battalions
         assault company
         infantry company "Huculsk"
         Field Artillery Regiment No 2 (2 artillery batteries and mortar battery)
         technical company
         armoured train
     3rd "Berezhany" Brigade - Colonel A. Wolf
         4 infantry battalions
         6artillery batteries
         cavalry squadron
    4th "Zolochiv" Brigade – Major S. Shukhevych
         5 infantry battalions
         infantry company
         Field Artillery Regiment No 4 (6 artillery batteries)
         military police platoon
    2nd Sich Artillery Regiment (2 batteries) [3 x 122mm + 1 x 152mm howitzers, 2 x 106.8mm]
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III Corps – General M. Gembachiv
     7th "Stryy" (later "L'viv") Brigade – Major A. Bizanz
         7 infantry battalions
         4 artillery batteries
         armoured train
    8th "Sambir" Brigade – Colonel A. Kraus
         I Group "Rudki" ("Hoffman") - Captain K. Hoffman
              6 infantry battalions
         "Dnieper" heavy artillery Brigade [24 x 106.8mm type 1910 guns]
         II Group "Krukenitsa" – Colonel Szepel
              4 infantry battalions
         II Group artillery [13 guns]
         III Group "Hlyboka" – Captain M. Fedyk
              4 infantry battalions
              assault battalion
              artillery group [15 guns]
              armoured train
         2 infantry battalions – reserve 8th Brigade
     1st Mountain Brigade – Major O. Chersky
         I Group "Staryy Sambir"
              2 infantry battalions
              demi-battery mountain howitzers [2 x 100mm type 1916 mountain howitzers]
              cavalry squadron
         II Group "Lutoviska"
              9 infantry companies
              demi-battery field artillery [2 x 75mm type 1915 guns]
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Air troops

- 1 Air field company HQ Duliby (Stryy) [1x Nieuport17, 1x Brandenburg C, 2 x LVG]
- 2 Air field company HQ Krasnoye
- 3 Air field company HQ Ternopil'

Technical battalion

Notes:

- the Sich Rifles had added another infantry regiment by June 1919. It was the best unit of the UGA.
- the Hlyboka and Krukenychi Groups of the 8th Brigade were to form the basis of the 11th "Stryy" Brigade in June 1919.
- IV and V Corps were also organised in June, but due to lack of manpower were soon dissolved.

Numbers

as at 15.03.1919

	officers	soldiers	guns	infantry guns mortars		MGs	horses
Staff of the Armed Forces73		305	-	-	-	-	51
I Corps	227	14,025	39	6	-	118	2,074
II Corps	406	13,044	70	6	10	124	1,696
III Corps	467	19,362	77	-	-	207	3,369
Siczovi Striltsi	136	4,245	8	8	16	41	781
Air troops	36	294	-	-	-	22	10
Total	1,396	51,274	192	20	26	512	7,981

Notes:

- The UHA reached its greatest size in June 1919, when it had 70–75,000 men (including reserves). About 65,000 men crossed the Zbruch (others being forced into Czechoslovakia).
- Its proportion of officers to men was very low, requiring the recruitment of Ukrainians from the UNR Army (Directory Ukraine) and former Austro-Hungarian army specialists.
- Cavalry was initially very limited, with the few squadrons only being 40-50 men and only about 600 sabres in March 1919.
- On the advice of General Hrekov a cavalry brigade was formed in June and July 1919, with a total of 1,340 sabres.
- Artillery was largely ex-Austrian pieces, including some heavy pieces with each brigade. It was the greatest strength of the UHA.
- Armoured cars were fielded around L'viv. It seems that the UGA reached a total of 8 cars.
- II and III Corps had an armoured train each.
- The air arm reached 40 planes, ex-Austrian and Russian. Until April 1919 it had the advantage in the air but then Polish strength grew rapidly.

Commanders

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Colonel D. Vitovsky

Colonel H. Kossak

Colonel H. Stefaniv

Brigadier General M. Omelianovych-Pavlenko

Major General O. Hrekov

Brigadier General M. Tarnavsky

29 October to 5 November 1918

to 9 November 1918

to 9 June 1919

to 5 July 1919

to 7 November 1919

Chiefs of the General Staff

Colonel M. Marynovych to 5 November 1918
Major S. Goruk to 10 December 1918
Colonel Ye. Myshkivsky to 12 February 1919
Colonel V. Kurmanovych to 7 June 1919
Colonel A. Schamanek to 7 November 1919