# Data Science Survey

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Section V: ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES

### I. PURPOSE & OUTCOMES

For questions Q1-Q6, please rate your experience on a scale of 0-4, where:

- *O* have no knowledge or experience
- 1: aware user; limited practical experience
- 2 basic user; some past performance (clients, tasks, prior personal projects)
- 3 skilled user; significant past performance (clients, tasks, prior personal projects)
- 4: power user; expert knowledge; significant past performance

Q1-Q6: Please rate your experience with performing:

Data Science Concepts	0	1	2	3	4
Q1: Exploratory data analysis - the practice of analyzing data					
sets to summarize their main characteristics, including use of					
statistical and visual methods, for preliminary data					
discoveries.					
Q2: <i>Diagnostic data analysis</i> - the practice of looking at past					
performance to determine what happened and why.					
performance to determine what happened and why.					
Q3: <i>Predictive data analysis</i> - the practice of using many					
techniques from data mining, statistics, modeling, machine					
learning, and artificial intelligence to analyze current data to					
make predictions about future events.					
Q4: Time series analysis - the practice of analyzing time series					
data to extract meaningful statistics and other characteristics					
of the data.					
Q5: Longitudinal data analysis - the practice of deriving insights					
from longitudinal data that captures changes in individual					
entities over time.					

Q6: Data analysis insights as inputs to another analysis - for			
example, using insights into key variables to inform the			
development of simulation models.			

### II. TECHNOLOGY, TOOLS & PLATFORMS

For questions Q7-Q19, please rate your experience on a scale of 0-4, where:

- O have no knowledge or experience
- 1: aware user; limited practical experience
- 2 basic user; some past performance (clients, tasks, prior personal projects)
- 3 skilled user; significant past performance (clients, tasks, prior personal projects)
- 4. power user; expert knowledge; significant past performance

Q7: Please rate your experience with the following programming languages:

Technology, Tools, & Platforms	0	1	2	3	4
С					
C++					
C#					
Java					
JavaScript					
Julia					
Lisp/Clojure					
.NET					
Perl					
PHP					

Python			
R			
Ruby/Rails			
Scala			
SQL			
Visual Basic			
(Free Text) <b>Other languages</b> you are skilled in (Rating Level 2 or higher), separated by commas.			

**Q8:** Please rate your experience with the following categories for database management systems:

Technology, Tools, & Platforms	0	1	2	3	4
Desktop relational databases					
(e.g., MS Access)					
Client-server relational databases					
(e.g. MS SQL Server, Oracle, MySQL)					

Non-Relational / NoSQL databases (e.g. Apache Cassandra, HBase, Bigtable/MapReduce, DataStax, Dynamo, MarkLogic, MongoDB, Redis)			
Distributed databases (e.g. blockchain)			
(Free Text) <b>Other languages</b> you are skilled in (Rating Level 2 or higher), separated by commas.			

**Q9**: Please rate your experience with data reshaping and analysis tools:

Technology, Tools, & Platforms	0	1	2	3	4
Open-source					
(e.g. Python—for example pandas, R— for example dplyr)					
(Free Text) Other open-source data reshaping and analysis tools you are skilled in (Rating Level 2 or higher), separated by commas.					

Proprietary			
(e.g. MATLAB, SAS, SPSS, Stata, Tableau)			
(Free Text) Other proprietary data reshaping and analysis tools you are skilled in (Rating Level 2 or higher), separated by commas.			

Q10: Please rate your experience with machine learning tools:

Technology, Tools, & Platforms	0	1	2	3	4
Open-source  (e.g. Python— for example scikit- learn, Java— for example WEKA, R— for example caret)					
(Free Text) Other open-source machine learning tools you are skilled in (Rating Level 2 or higher), separated by commas.					
Proprietary (e.g. Amazon Machine Learning, Mathematica, MATLAB, Splunk)					

(Free Text) Other proprietary	
machine learning tools you are	
skilled in (Rating Level 2 or	
higher), separated by commas.	

# Q11: Please rate your experience with network analysis tools:

Technology, Tools, & Platforms	0	1	2	3	4
Open-source					
(e.g. Gephi, pajek, Python— for example networkx, Java— for example JUNG, R— for example sna)					
(Free Text) Other open-source network analysis tools you are skilled in (Rating Level 2 or higher), separated by commas.					
Proprietary					
(e.g. ORA, UCINET)					
(Free Text) Other proprietary network analysis tools you are skilled in (Rating Level 2 or higher), separated by commas.					

Q12: Please rate your experience with using the following:

Technology, Tools, & Platforms	0	1	2	3	4
Deep Learning frameworks  (e.g. Caffe, TensorFlow, Theano, Torch).					
(Free Text) Other deep learning tools you are skilled in (Rating Level 2 or higher), separated by commas.					

Q13: Please rate your experience with using the following:

Technology, Tools, & Platforms	0	1	2	3	4
Source code management and control tools					
(e.g. Git, Mercurial, Subversion (SVN)					
(Free Text) Other source code management and control tools you are skilled in (Rating Level 2 or higher), separated by commas.					

## Q14: Please rate your experience with the following:

Technology, Tools, & Platforms	0	1	2	3	4
Generating data visualizations					
(e.g. Chart.js, D3.js, Gephi,					
Processing, Tableau).					
(Free Text) Other data					
visualization tools you are					
skilled in (Rating Level 2 or					
higher), separated by commas.					

## Q15: Please rate your experience with the following:

0	1	2	3	4
	0	0 1	0 1 2	0 1 2 3

## Q16: Please rate your experience with the following:

Technology, Tools, & Platforms	0	1	2	3	4
Tools for distributed					
computing					

(e.g., Flink, Hive/Impala, Pig, Spark, Storm, Vertica).			
(Free Text) Other distributed computing tools you are skilled in (Rating Level 2 or higher), separated by commas.			

Q17: Please rate your experience with the following:

Technology, Tools, & Platforms	0	1	2	3	4
Cloud-based resources for big-					
data computing					
(e.g. Amazon AWS, Cloudera,					
Google Cloud, IBM					
Bluemix/SoftLayer, Microsoft					
Azure, Oracle Cloud, Salesforce).					
(Free Text) Other distributed					
computing tools you are skilled					
in (Rating Level 2 or higher),					
separated by commas.					

Q18: Please rate your experience with geographical information system (GIS) tools:

Technology, Tools, & Platforms	0	1	2	3	4
Open-source GIS tools					
(e.g. GRASS GIS, QGIS, uDig)					

(Free Text) Other open-source GIS tools you are skilled in (Rating Level 2 or higher)				
Proprietary GIS tools				
(e.g. <i>Esri products such as</i> <i>ArcGIS</i> )				
(Free Text) Other proprietary				
•				
separated by commas.				
GIS tools you are skilled in (Rating Level 2 or higher),	I	I	1	1

Q19: Please rate your experience with leveraging the following technologies for enabling more efficient data analytics:

Technology, Tools, & Platforms	0	1	2	3	4
GPU processing					
In-memory processing					
Microservices					
Multi-threading					

#### III. DATA SIZE

For questions Q20-Q22, please rate your experience on a scale of 0-4, where:

- *Q.* have no knowledge or experience
- 1: aware user; limited practical experience
- 2 basic user; some past performance (clients, tasks, prior personal projects)
- 3 skilled user; significant past performance (clients, tasks, prior personal projects)
- 4: power user; expert knowledge; significant past performance

Q20: Please rate your experience in using the following data set sizes for analysis:

Data Size	0	1	2	3	4
Less than 10GB					
More than 10GB, up to 100GB					
More than 100GB, up to 1TB					
More than 1TB, up to 100TB					
More than 100TB, up to 1PB					
More than 1PB					

**Q21-Q22:** Please rate your experience with performing the following:

Data Size	0	1	2	3	4
Q21: Feature selection - the process of selecting a subset of					
relevant features (variables, predictors) for use in model					
construction. Feature selection returns a subset of the					
features.					

Q22: Feature extraction – the process of transforming data in			
the high-dimensional space to a space of fewer dimensions.			
Feature extraction creates <i>new features</i> from functions of the			
original features.			
(e.g. principal component analysis (PCA), multiple correspondence analysis (MCA)).			

## IV: DATA CHARACTERISTICS, STORAGE & MANAGEMENT

For questions Q23-Q26, please rate your experience on a scale of 0-4, where:

- *Q.* have no knowledge or experience
- 1: aware user; limited practical experience
- 2 basic user; some past performance (clients, tasks, prior personal projects)
- 3 skilled user; significant past performance (clients, tasks, prior personal projects)
- 4: power user; expert knowledge; significant past performance

**Q23:** Please rate your experience with processing and handling the following data formats:

Data Characteristics, Storage, & Management – Data Characteristics	0	1	2	3	4
Audio formats					
Geospatial formats (e.g. Esri, GeoJSON, GML, LandXML)					
Hierarchical Data Format (HDF)					
Image formats					

JavaScript Object Notation (JSON)			
Tabular CSV/ASCII			
Video formats			
XML			
Unstructured text			
(Free Text) Other data formats			
you are skilled in (Rating Level			
2 or higher), separated by			
commas.			

Q24-Q25: Please rate your experience with the following:

Data Characteristics, Storage, & Management  – Data Storage	0	1	2	3	4
Q24: Data warehouses - central repositories of integrated data from one or more disparate sources, but the data (as opposed to data lakes) is <i>predominantly structured and processed</i> .					
In other words, before data may be loaded into a data warehouse, it first needs some shape and structure (also known as <i>schema-on-write</i> ). The end users are typically professionals interested in business intelligence insights.					

Q25: Data lakes - storage repositories that hold			
a vast amount of raw data in its native format.			
As opposed to data warehouses, data lakes			
may include structured, semi-structured, and			
unstructured data, as well as formats like video			
and audio.			
Increasingly, the term is being accepted as a			
way to describe any large data pool in which			
the schema and data requirements are not			
defined until the data is queried. In other			
words, with a data lake, you load in the raw			
data, as-is; when it is needed, you give it shape			
and structure (also known as <i>schema-on-read</i> ).			
The end users are typically data science			
professionals.			

# Q26: Please rate your experience with the following:

Data Characteristics, Storage, Management – Data Management	0	1	2	3	4
Q26: Developing policies for data governance - the practice of managing the availability, usability, integrity, ownership, stewardship, and security of the data employed in an enterprise.					

### V. ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES

For questions Q27-Q34, please rate your experience on a scale of 0-4, where:

- *Q.* have no knowledge or experience
- 1: aware user; limited practical experience
- 2 basic user; some past performance (clients, tasks, prior personal projects)
- 3 skilled user; significant past performance (clients, tasks, prior personal projects)
- 4: power user; expert knowledge; significant past performance

Q27-Q28: Please rate your experience with performing the following:

Analysis Techniques – Data Engineering and Processing	0	1	2	3	4
Q27: Data engineering (includes what some companies might call data infrastructure or data architecture) - Data engineering involves gathering and collecting the data, storing the data, running batch processing or real-time processing on the data, and serving the data via an API to data scientists who can easily query it.					
Q28: Extract, Transform, Load (ETL) - a data integration process for transferring raw data from a source server to a data warehouse on a target server and then preparing the information for downstream use.					

#### **Q29-31:** Please rate your experience with performing the following:

Analysis Techniques – Data Science	0	1	2	3	4
Q29: Feature engineering - practice of transforming raw data					
into features that better represent the underlying problem to					
the predictive models, resulting in improved model accuracy					
on data not explicit in the set.					

Q30: Supervised feature learning – a process in which			
features are learned with labeled input data			
(e.g. supervised neural networks, multilayer perceptron, and (supervised) dictionary learning).			
Q31: Unsupervised feature learning – a process in which			
features are learned with unlabeled input data			
(e.g. dictionary learning, independent component analysis, auto-			
encoders, matrix factorization, and various forms of clustering			
such as k-means).			

Q32: Please rate your experience with performing the following machine learning techniques and algorithms:

Analysis Techniques – Data Science	0	1	2	3	4
Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)					
Decision Tree					
Deep Learning					
Deep Neural Network					
K-means Clustering					
Support Vector Machine (SVM)					
Text Mining/Natural Language Processing (NLP)					
(Free Text) Other machine learning techniques and algorithms you are skilled in (Rating Level 2 or higher), separated by commas.					

Q33: Please rate your experience with the following simulation modeling methods:

Analysis Techniques – Simulation Modeling	0	1	2	3	4
Agent-based					
Discrete-event					
Microsimulation					
Monte Carlo					
Systems dynamics					

Q34: Please rate your experience with the following:

Analysis Techniques – Simulation Modeling	0	1	2	3	4
Q34: Using simulation modeling (e.g. agent-based modeling,					
Monte Carlo) to generate pseudo-data sets for study in					
scenarios where no real-world data exists.					

**END SURVEY**