

- ❖ Password Guessing
 - After 2 step scan
 - Usernames/emails
 - Server IP's
 - Open Ports
 - Services running
 - Physical security vulnerabilities
 - Procedure/process/training vulns
 - Domain names
 - Finding possible exploitation spots
- ❖ Gaining a Foothold
 - Depending on the results:
 - Vulnerabilities that can be exploited remotely and provide system access
 - Physical access to systems (if in scope)
 - Endpoint malware
- ❖ Credentials
 - Phishing
 - Brute-forcing
 - Malware
 - Guess (worth a shot)
 - **Defaults for services** ([Source](#))
- ❖ Goals of Password Guessing
 - See if you can get a few usernames and any passwords w minimal effort
 - Look for default and common passwords with account information
 - Testing completed in hours/days
- ❖ Password Guessing Techniques
 - **What is needed?**
 - List of usernames as well as naming conventions (i.e. first.last@xxx firstinitial.lastname@xxx, etc.)
 - List of possible passwords
 - List of authenticated services to test against
- ❖ Username Lists
 - Recon and scanning
 - LDAP and other Dirs
 - Website info
 - Email addresses
 - Wordlists
- ❖ Password Lists
 - Dictionary are available for download
 - Crawling websites to gather words/usernames for a particular org.
 - CEWL is a Kali tool for Lists

- ❖ Processes that takes wordlists and “mangle: them for password variation
 - **RS Mangler is the Kali tool**
- ❖ Possible examples
 - Leet speak: G@nd@lfTh3Gr3y
 - Add numbers: Canada1
 - Append/prepend years: 2019Patriots
 - Mix case: PaTrloTs
 - Special characters: Ch@mpl@1n!21
 - Combine words: bobadmin
 - Review organizations password policy if available
- ❖ Services?
 - RDP and SSH are great for access
 - But often heavily monitored
 - DCs/timeouts
 - Subject to Automatic locking
- ❖ Other services to use
 - FTP
 - SMTP
 - Simple web authentication
 - SMB and other file services
 - LDAP and other directory services
- ❖ Kali Tools
 - Ncrack
 - Medusa
 - Hydra