The University of Alabama in Huntsville Electrical & Computer Engineering Department CPE 431 01 Test 1 September 25, 2008

Name:

1.	(1 point) An	is a program that manages the resources of a					
	computer for the benefit of the pro	ograms that run on that machine.					
2.	(1 point) A is a	data structure for spilling registers organized as a last-in-first-					
	out queue.						
3.	(1 point) When I say sources, you	say					
4.	(1 point) A number in floating-po	(1 point) A number in floating-point notation that has no leading 0s is said to be					
	·						
5.	(1 point) Performance is	related to execution time.					
6.	(10 points) Show the single MIPS statement: x[4] = x[5] + a;	instruction or minimal sequence of instructions for this C					
	Assume that a corresponds to regineral has been declared with the follow char x[100];	ster \$t3 and the array x has a base address of $64,000_{10}$ and that x ing statement:					

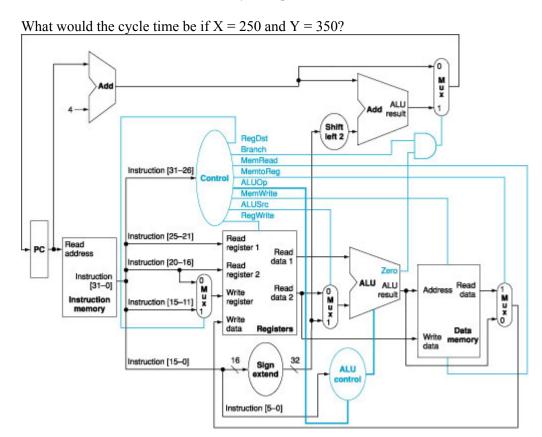
7. (10 points) In a magnetic disk, the disks containing the data are constantly rotating. On average it should take half a revolution for the desired data on the disk to spin under the read/write head. Assuming that the disk is rotating at 9600 revolutions per minute (RPM), what is the average time for the data to rotate under the disk head?

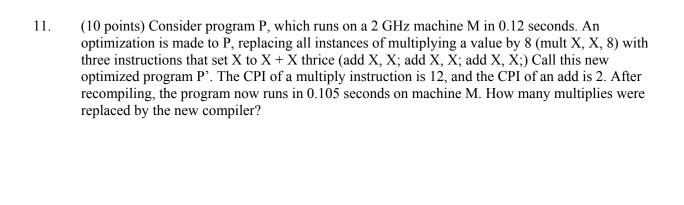
8. (20 points) Consider two different implementations, I1 and I2, of the same instruction set. There are three classes of instructions (A, B, and C) in the instruction set. I1 has a clock rate of 6 GHz, and I2 has a clock rate of 3 GHz. The average number of cycles for each instruction class on I1 and I2 is given in the following table:

Class	CPI on I1	CPI on I2	C1 usage	C2 usage	Third-party usage
A	2	3	25%	30%	50%
В	5	1	30%	20%	25%
C	4	2	45%	50%	25%

The table also contains a summary of how three different compilers use the instruction set. C1 is a compiler produced by the makers of I1, C2 is a compiler produced by the makers of I2, and the other compiler is a third-party product. Assume that each compiler uses the same number of instructions for a given program but that the instruction mix is as described in the table. Using C1 on both I1 and I2, how much faster can the makers of I1 claim that I1 is compared with I2? If you purchase I1, which compiler would you use?

- 10. (15 points) In estimating the performance of the single-cycle implementation, assume the following delays:
 - ALU: 200 ps
 - adder for PC + 4: X ps
 - adder for branch address computation: Y ps
 - multiplexors, wires, and PC access: 0 ps
 - control unit and sign extension unit: 100 ps.
 - instruction and data memory: 300 ps



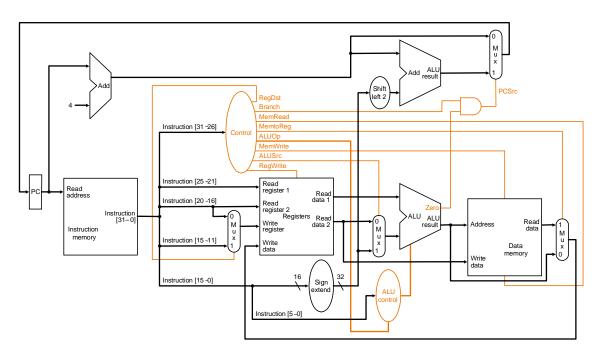


9. (15 points) Show the IEEE 754 binary representation for the floating-point number -47.75_{ten} in single and double precision.

12. (15 points) Add a variant of the lw instruction which sums the contents of two registers to obtain the address of the data and which uses the R format to the single-cycle datapath shown in the figure below. Add any necessary datapaths and control signals and show the necessary additions to the table of control signals given.

$$1w$$
 \$9, \$6, \$22 $$9 \leftarrow MEM[$6+$22]$

36 6 22	9	0	32
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Instruction	RegDst	ALUSrc	Memto-	Reg	Mem	Mem	Branch	ALU	ALU	
			Reg	Write	Read	Write		Op1	Op0	
R-format	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	
lw	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	
sw	d	1	d	0	0	1	0	0	0	
beq	d	0	d	0	0	0	1	0	1	

d – don't care