DCF Week 3 Activity

Data and Computing Fundamentals

Popular Names

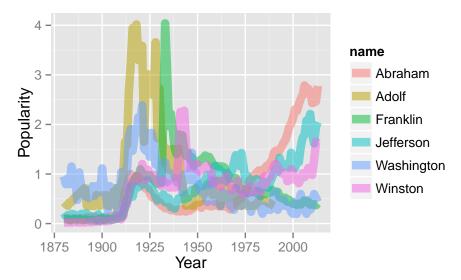
We're going to do some individual and group activities about the *analysis* of data transfiguration tasks as well as their *design*. After constructing a design, and only after, you're going to *implement* the design in R.

In any work, it's important to have a goal and a plan for data table transfigurations. This need not be elaborate.

Fashions in Naming

Objective: create a graph like the following.

```
myNames <- c("Abraham","Franklin","Jefferson","Washington", "Winston", "Adolf")
Results <-
BabyNames %>%
filter( name %in% myNames ) %>%
group_by( name, year ) %>%
summarise( total=sum(count) ) %>%
mutate( total=100*total/sum(total))
p <-
Results %>% ggplot(aes(x=year,y=total,group=name)) +
geom_line( size=3, alpha=.5, aes(color=name)) +
ylab("Popularity") + xlab("Year")
plot(p)
```



The raw material you have is the BabyNames data set in the DCF package. Write a few example lines in the format of the BabyNames, identifying the variable names and typical levels or values.

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Point out which variables are categorical. These can potentially be used for defining groups of cases.

First, Individually ...

Step 1. Analyze the graphic to figure out what a glyph-ready data table should look like. Mostly, this involves figuring out what variables are represented in the graph. Write down a small example of the glyph-ready data frame. and how they relate to the variable in the raw materials.

- What variable(s) from the raw data table do not appear at all in the graph?
- What variable(s) in the graph are similar to corresponding variables in the raw data table, but might have been transformed in some way.

Step 2 Consider how the cases differ between the raw input and the glyph-ready table. * Have cases been **filtered** out? * Have cases been grouped and **aggregated/summarized** within groups in any way? * Have any new variables been introduced?

Step 3 Using English, write down a sequence of steps that will accomplish the transfiguration from the raw data table to your hypothesized glyph-ready data table.

Step 4: Confer with your colleagues As a group, compare your different analyses in Steps 1 through 3. Your goal is to develop a consensus for the design in Step 3.

But **FIRST**, each person in turn should present his or her analysis with others in the group **listening**. Don't be shy about saying things like, "But I'm not sure about this," or, "Hearing what person X just said, I realize that this is wrong. I'll explain how it's wrong."

AFTER everyone has presented, start a discussion to develop a consensus about the sequence of operations and the parameters of each (e.g.: What's being filtered out.) Use the whiteboard to keep a record of your consensus.

Step 5: First individually, then as a group. Translate your design, step by step, into R.

Step 6: Implementation Now you can start writing the commands themselves. Do so, try to identify and solve any problems that arise, and make your glyph-ready data.

For graphing, you can use this template:

```
Results %>% ggplot(aes(x=year,y=total,group=name)) +
  geom_line( size=3, alpha=.5, aes(color=name)) +
  ylab("Popularity") + xlab("Year")
```