## Linear Programming Quiz

Quiz, 5 questions



# **Congratulations! You passed!**

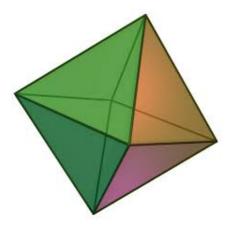
Next Item



1/1 point

1

What is the minimum number of linear inequalities needed to define the figure pictured below?



8



The figure is cut out by 8 flat surfaces. Thus 8 equations are needed.



1/1 point

2

Given a solution to a linear program, one could try to show that it is optimal by finding a matching solution to the dual program. Which of the following theorems will make it easier to do so?



Complementary slackness.

### Correct

Correct! Complementary slackness tells you that your dual solution only uses equations that are tight in solutions to the primal.

0, 10,2010	, taraneea , agentame and complexity
	Separation of convex sets from outside points by hyperplanes.
Quiz, 5 questio	Polytopes achieve optimum values at vertices.

0.67 / 1 point

3

Which of the following statements are true?

A system of linear equations has a solution unless they can be combined in some combination to give the equation 0=1.

#### Correct

This statement is true. There is a solution unless the corresponding row reduced matrix has a row corresponding to this equation, this will happen only if 0=1 can be obtained by combining the original equations.

A system of linear equations has always 0, 1, or infinitely many solutions.

#### Correct

This statement is true. Unless there are no solutions, the solution set has some number of free variables. If there are no free variables, there is a unique solution. If there is at least one free variable, there are infinitely many solutions.

A system of n linear equations in n variables always has a unique solution.

#### This should not be selected

This statement is false. Although this is usually the case, it is not always true.



0/1 point

4

Suppose that you are trying to solve the optimization problem:

Maximize  $v\cdot x$  subject to  $Ax\geq b$  for some  $A\in\mathbb{R}^{m\times n}$  (i.e. trying to solve an optimization problem in n variables with m linear inequality constraints).

This problem can be reduced to running a solution finding algorithm on a different system of linear equations in k variables. What is the smallest value of k for which this can be done?

# Linear Programming Quiz disallowed Quiz, 5 questions

K=0

Incorrect Response

## Reveal correct answer



1/1 point

5.

What is the largest possible value of x+y achievable by pairs x,y of real numbers satisfying the constraints:

- x <= 7
- y <= 10
- 2x+y <= 21
- -x + 2y <= 12
- 5x-y <= 30

15

#### **Correct Response**

Correct. The optimum is at x=6, y=9 as shown below.

