

Solution to 1st order linear ODE's

If we have the DE

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + P(x)y = f(x)$$

Then $y = e^{-\int P(x)dx} \left[\int f(x) e^{\int P(x)dx} dx + K \right]$

where K is determined from IC

Example:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{ay}{x^2} = \frac{b}{x^2}$$

$$\therefore P(x) = -\frac{a}{x^2}, \quad f(x) = \frac{b}{x^2}$$

$$\int P(x) dx = \int -\frac{a}{x^2} dx = \frac{a}{x}$$

$$\therefore y = e^{-\frac{a}{x}} \left[\int \frac{b}{x^2} e^{\frac{a}{x}} dx + K \right]$$

$$= e^{-\frac{a}{x}} \left[-\frac{b}{a} e^{\frac{a}{x}} + K \right]$$

$$= -\frac{b}{a} + K e^{-\frac{a}{x}}$$

Dittus-Boelter Correlation (and hydraulic radius)

$$Nu = 0.023 Re^{4/5} Pr^n$$

All parameters are evaluated at the average bulk temperature

$$n = 0.3 \text{ for } \underline{\text{cooling}}$$

$$n = 0.4 \text{ for } \underline{\text{heating}}$$

$$Re \equiv \frac{VD_H}{\nu} \quad Nu \equiv \frac{h D_H}{k}$$

where D_H is the hydraulic diam.

$$D_H = \frac{4A}{P}$$

\leftarrow x-sectional area
 \leftarrow wetted perimeter

For an annular pipe :

$$A = \frac{\pi}{4} (D_i^2 - D_o^2)$$

$$P = \pi (D_i + D_o)$$

$$\therefore D_H = \frac{D_i^2 - D_o^2}{D_i + D_o} = D_i - D_o$$