

## Dimensionless Groups

$$Re = \frac{UD}{\nu} = \frac{D^2/\nu}{D/U} = \frac{\text{Inertial}}{\text{Viscous}}$$

$$Pr = \frac{\nu}{\alpha}$$

$$Pe \equiv Re Pr = \frac{UD}{\alpha}$$

$$Nu \equiv \frac{hD}{k} = \frac{h}{(k/D)}$$

$$Bi \equiv \frac{hR}{k}$$

$$f_f \equiv \frac{\tau_w}{\frac{1}{2} \rho U_\infty^2}$$

$$St \equiv \frac{h}{\rho U_\infty \hat{C}_p} \equiv \frac{Nu}{Re Pr}$$

$$j_H = St Pr^{2/3} \quad \text{Colburn Analogy} \approx \frac{f_f}{2}$$

$$h \approx \rho U_\infty \hat{C}_p \frac{f_f}{2} Pr^{-2/3}$$

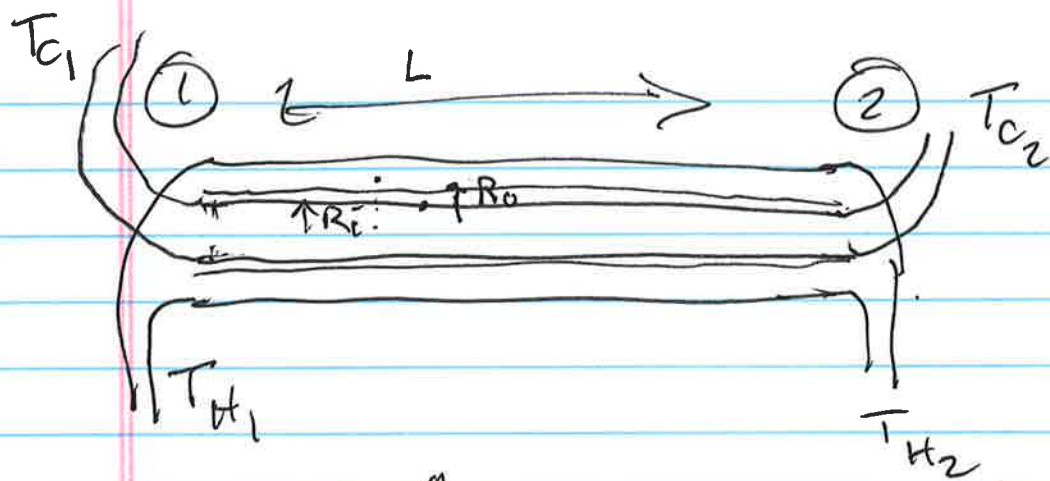
$$\left(\frac{\omega a^2}{\nu}\right)^{1/2} \equiv \text{Womersley } \# = \left(\frac{a}{\nu/\omega}\right)^{1/2}$$

$$Ra = \frac{\rho g \Delta T D^3}{\nu \alpha} \equiv Gr Pr$$

$$Gr = \frac{\rho g \Delta T D^3}{\nu^2}$$

$$Sc \equiv \frac{\nu}{D_{AB}}$$

$$j_H = j_D \equiv \frac{k_m}{D_{AB}} Sc^{2/3}$$



$$C_H = \dot{m}_H \hat{C}_{pH}$$

$$C_C = \dot{m}_C \hat{C}_{pC}$$

$$Q = UA \Delta T_{\text{lm}}$$

$$\Delta T_{\text{lm}} = \frac{\Delta T_1 - \Delta T_2}{\ln \left( \frac{\Delta T_1}{\Delta T_2} \right)}$$

$$\Delta T = T_H - T_C$$

$$UA = \left[ \frac{1}{h_i 2\pi R_i L} + \frac{\ln(R_o/R_i)}{2\pi k_m L} + \frac{1}{h_o 2\pi R_o L} \right]^{-1}$$

$$Q = C_H (T_{H2} - T_{H1})$$

$$= C_C (T_{C2} - T_{C1})$$