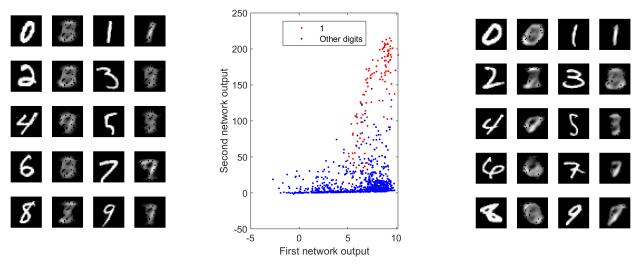
Fully connected autoencoder

David Tonderski (davton)



- (a) Montage for the first network.
- (b) Scatter plot of the encoded values.
- (c) Montage for the second network.

Figure 1: Montage for the two networks and scatter plot for the first.

As shown in figure 1a, the first encoder only convincingly reproduces the digit 1. This is also visible in figure 1b. The second encoder seems to reproduce the digits 1, 2, and 7, as shown in figure 1c. Examining scatter plots of the values encoded in the second network shows the approximate regions for each of the reproduced digits: ones are in the region $x_1 \in [15, 40], x_2 \in [-5, 10], x_3 \in [0, 100], x_4 \in [20, 350]$, twos are in $x_1 \in [3, 15], x_2 \in [3, 15], x_3 \in [0, 4], x_4 \in [0, 10]$, while sevens are in $x_1 \in [20, 30], x_2 \in [10, 40], x_3 \in [80, 140], x_4 \in [20, 50]$. This is visualised in table 1. Fives and threes often resemble each other, while the other digits are usually visually similar to zeros. This was also seen in the scatter plots, as all the other digits where scrambled together.

Table 1: Shows generated images for chosen x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 .

Digit	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	Generated digit
1	25	3	50	175	ı
2			2		\mathcal{I}_{L}
7	25	25	110	35	7

Fully connected Autoencoder

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Initialization

```
clear; clc;
loadNetworks = true;
```

Load and convert data to the desired format

```
[xTrain, tTrain, xValid, tValid, xTest, tTest] = LoadMNIST(1);
```

Autoencoder 1

```
layers1 = [
    sequenceInputLayer(784)

fullyConnectedLayer(50, 'WeightsInitializer', 'glorot')
    reluLayer

fullyConnectedLayer(2, 'WeightsInitializer', 'glorot')
    reluLayer

fullyConnectedLayer(784, 'WeightsInitializer', 'glorot')
    reluLayer

regressionLayer];

options = trainingOptions('adam', ...
    'MiniBatchSize', 8192, ...
    'InitialLearnRate',0.001, ...
    'Shuffle', 'every-epoch', ...
    'MaxEpochs', 10000, ...
```

```
'Plots','training-progress');

if ~loadNetworks
    [net1, trainingInfo1] = trainNetwork(xTrain, xTrain, layers1, options);
end
```

Autoencoder 2

```
layers2 = [
    sequenceInputLayer(784)
   fullyConnectedLayer(50, 'WeightsInitializer', 'glorot')
   reluLayer
   fullyConnectedLayer(4, 'WeightsInitializer', 'glorot')
   reluLayer
   fullyConnectedLayer(784, 'WeightsInitializer', 'glorot')
   reluLayer
   regressionLayer];
if ~loadNetworks
    [net2, trainingInfo2] = trainNetwork(xTrain, xTrain, layers2,
options);
end
if ~loadNetworks
save('Homework3_2_networks.mat', 'net1', 'trainingInfo1', 'net2', 'trainingInfo2'
end
if loadNetworks
    load('Homework3_2_networks.mat');
end
```

Testing parameters

```
pauseTime = 1;
numberOfImages = 5;
```

Test network 1

```
figure(1)
index = randi([1 length(xTrain) - numberOfImages]);
for iImage = index:index+numberOfImages
   imageData = xTrain(:,iImage);

subplot(1,2,1)
   image = reshape(imageData, 28, 28, 1);
   imshow(image);
```

```
subplot(1,2,2)
predictedImageData = predict(net1, imageData);
predictedImage = reshape(predictedImageData, 28, 28, 1);
imshow(predictedImage);

pause(pauseTime);
end
```

Test network 2

```
figure(2)
for iImage = index:index+numberOfImages
    imageData = xTrain(:,iImage);

subplot(1,2,1)
    image = reshape(imageData, 28, 28, 1);
    imshow(image);

subplot(1,2,2)
    predictedImageData = predict(net2, imageData);
    predictedImage = reshape(predictedImageData, 28, 28, 1);
    imshow(predictedImage);
    a = iImage;
    pause(pauseTime);
end
```

Divide networks

```
net1_layers_encode(1:5) = [net1.Layers(1:4); regressionLayer];
net1_layers_decode(1:5) = [sequenceInputLayer(2); net1.Layers(5:8)];
net1_encode = assembleNetwork(net1_layers_encode);
net1_decode = assembleNetwork(net1_layers_decode);
net2_layers_encode(1:5) = [net2.Layers(1:4); regressionLayer];
net2_layers_decode(1:5) = [sequenceInputLayer(4); net2.Layers(5:8)];
net2_encode = assembleNetwork(net2_layers_encode);
net2_decode = assembleNetwork(net2_layers_decode);
```

Network 1 montage

```
currentDigit = 0;
iImage = 20;
figure(3)
clf
while currentDigit < 10
  if find(tTrain(:,iImage))-1 == currentDigit
    imageData = xTrain(:,iImage);
    subplot(5,4,currentDigit*2+1)
    image = reshape(imageData, 28, 28, 1);
    imshow(image);
```

```
subplot(5,4,currentDigit*2+2)
    predictedImageData = predict(net1, imageData);
    predictedImage = reshape(predictedImageData, 28, 28, 1);
    imshow(predictedImage);
    currentDigit = currentDigit+1;
end
    iImage = iImage+1;
end
```

Network 1 scatter plot

```
successfulDigits = [1];
colors = {'red'};
b = [];
figure(4)
clf
plotDigit = 1;
for iImage = 1:1000
    digit = find(tTrain(:,iImage))-1;
    a = predict(net1_encode, xTrain(:,iImage));
    if ismember(digit, successfulDigits)
        hold on
        if plotDigit < length(successfulDigits)+1</pre>
            if digit == successfulDigits(plotDigit)
                b(plotDigit) = plot(a(1), a(2), '.', 'color',
 char(colors(successfulDigits == digit)));
                plotDigit = plotDigit + 1;
                continue
            end
        plot(a(1), a(2), '.', 'color', char(colors(successfulDigits ==
 digit)));
    else
        plot(a(1), a(2), '.blue')
    end
end
b(plotDigit) = plot(a(1), a(2), '.', 'color', 'blue');
legend(b, '1', 'Other digits', 'Location', 'north')
xlabel('First network output')
ylabel('Second network output')
```

Network 2 montage

```
currentDigit = 0;
iImage = 300;
figure(5)
clf
while currentDigit < 10
   if find(tTrain(:,iImage))-1 == currentDigit
      imageData = xTrain(:,iImage);
```

```
subplot(5,4,currentDigit*2+1)
  image = reshape(imageData, 28, 28, 1);
  imshow(image);

subplot(5,4,currentDigit*2+2)
  predictedImageData = predict(net2, imageData);
  predictedImage = reshape(predictedImageData, 28, 28, 1);
  imshow(predictedImage);
  currentDigit = currentDigit+1;
end
  iImage = iImage+1;
end
```

Network 2 scatter

```
successfulDigits = [1,2,7];
colors = {'red', 'green', 'cyan'};
b = [];
figure(6)
clf
plotDigit = 1;
for iImage = 1:1000
   digit = find(tTrain(:,iImage))-1;
    a = predict(net2_encode, xTrain(:,iImage));
    if ismember(digit, successfulDigits)
       hold on
        if plotDigit < length(successfulDigits)+1</pre>
            if digit == successfulDigits(plotDigit)
               b(plotDigit) = plot(a(1), a(2), '.', 'color',
 char(colors(successfulDigits == digit)));
                plotDigit = plotDigit + 1;
                continue
            end
        end
        plot(a(1), a(2), '.', 'color', char(colors(successfulDigits ==
digit)));
    else
        plot(a(1), a(2), '.blue')
    end
end
b(plotDigit) = plot(a(1), a(2), '.', 'color', 'blue');
legend(b, '1','2','7', 'Other digits')
xlabel('First network output')
ylabel('Second network output')
b = [];
figure(7)
clf
```

```
plotDigit = 1;
for iImage = 1:1000
    digit = find(tTrain(:,iImage))-1;
    a = predict(net2_encode, xTrain(:,iImage));
    if ismember(digit, successfulDigits)
        hold on
        if plotDigit < length(successfulDigits)+1</pre>
            if digit == successfulDigits(plotDigit)
                b(plotDigit) = plot(a(3), a(4), '.', 'color',
 char(colors(successfulDigits == digit)));
                plotDigit = plotDigit + 1;
                continue
            end
        end
        plot(a(3), a(4), '.', 'color', char(colors(successfulDigits ==
 digit)));
    else
        plot(a(3), a(4), '.blue')
    end
end
b(plotDigit) = plot(a(3), a(4), '.', 'color', 'blue');
legend(b, '1','2','7', 'Other digits')
xlabel('Third network output')
ylabel('Fourth network output')
```

Check rule

```
figure(8)
a1 = [25; 3; 50; 175];
imageData = predict(net2_decode, a1);
image = reshape(imageData, 28, 28, 1);
imshow(image);

figure(9)
a2 = [9; 9; 2; 5];
imageData = predict(net2_decode, a2);
image = reshape(imageData, 28, 28, 1);
imshow(image);

figure(10)
a3 = [25; 25; 110; 35];
imageData = predict(net2_decode, a3);
image = reshape(imageData, 28, 28, 1);
imshow(image);
```

Published with MATLAB® R2020b