

Homework

$$\begin{aligned}
 2.2 \quad P &= P_0 + h \cdot \rho \cdot g \\
 &= (101,33 \text{ kPa}) + (11000 \text{ m})(1025 \text{ kg/m}^3)(9,8 \text{ m/s}^2) \\
 &= 11 \times 10^7 \text{ kPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2.3 \quad P_{\text{air}} &= 6 \text{ lb/in}^2 = 864 \text{ lb/ft}^2 \\
 \gamma_{\text{glycerin}} &= 7,86 \text{ lb/ft}^3 \\
 P &= P_0 + \gamma h \\
 &= (864 \text{ lb/ft}^2) + (7,86 \text{ lb/ft}^3)(10 \text{ ft}) \\
 &= 1650 \text{ lb/ft}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2.20 \quad \rho_{1500} &= 1,496 \times 10^{-3} \text{ slugs/ft}^3 \\
 \rho_0 &= 2,37 \times 10^{-3} \text{ slugs/ft}^3 \\
 m_{\text{mountain level}} &= \rho_{1500} \times V_{1500} \\
 &= 1,496 \times 10^{-3} \times V_{1500} \\
 m_{\text{sea level}} &= \rho_0 \times V_0 = 2,37 \times 10^{-3} \times V_0 \\
 &\text{the person takes in the same volume of air at high mountain} \\
 &\text{level as at sea level} \rightarrow V_{1500} = V_0 \\
 \rightarrow \frac{m_{\text{mountain}}}{m_{\text{sea}}} &= \frac{1,496 \times 10^{-3}}{2,37 \times 10^{-3}} = 0,631 = 63,1\%
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2.31 \quad P &= \gamma_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \cdot h + P_0 \\
 \text{gage pressure} &= P - P_0 = \gamma_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \cdot h = (0,0361 \text{ lb/in}^3) \times (3 \text{ in}) \\
 &= 0,1083 \text{ lb/in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P_{\text{gas in in H}_2\text{O}} = 3 \text{ in}$$

$$P_{\text{gas in lb/in}^2 \text{ gage}} = 0,183 \text{ lb/in}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2.35 \quad \rho_{\text{water}} \cdot g \cdot (h_w + h_m) &= \rho_{\text{Hg}} \cdot g \cdot (h_m + h_m) \\
 \rightarrow \rho_{\text{water}} \cdot g \cdot h_w + \rho_{\text{water}} \cdot g \cdot h_m &= 2 \rho_{\text{Hg}} \cdot g \cdot h_m \\
 \rightarrow \rho_{\text{water}} \cdot g \cdot \frac{h_w}{h_m} + \rho_{\text{water}} \cdot g &= 2 \rho_{\text{Hg}} \cdot g
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{h_w}{h_m} = \frac{2 \rho_{\text{Hg}} - \rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}}{\rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}} = \frac{2 \times 13600 - 1000}{1000} = 26,2$$

2.43

$$\gamma_{\text{gage}} = 2,6 \times 62,4 \text{ lb/ft}^3 = 162,24 \text{ lb/ft}^3 \quad / \quad l \sin \theta = 0,7 \text{ ft}$$

$$P_A = 0,6 \text{ psi} = 86,4 \text{ lb/ft}^2 \quad / \quad h = 3 \text{ in} = 0,25 \text{ ft}$$

$$P_A + \gamma_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \cdot h = P_B + \gamma_{\text{gage}} \cdot l \sin \theta + \gamma_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \cdot h$$

$$\rightarrow P_B = P_A + \gamma_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \cdot h - \gamma_{\text{gage}} \cdot l \sin \theta - \gamma_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \cdot h$$

$$= 86,4 + 62,4 \times 0,25 - 162,24 \times 0,7 \times \sin 30^\circ - 62,4 \times 0,25$$

$$= 29,616 \text{ lb/ft}^2$$

3.4.

$$dp \cdot dA = -\rho \cdot dA \cdot ds \cdot a$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{dp}{ds} = -\rho \cdot a = -(1000 \text{ kg/m}^3) \times (30 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$$= -3 \times 10^4 \text{ Pa/m} = -30 \text{ kPa/m}$$