

Project1_Assg

July 2, 2021

```
[694]: import numpy as np
import requests as reqs
import pandas as pd
import bs4
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup as soup
import datetime as dt
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.dates as pltdate
```

1 Part 1: Data scraping and preparing

2 Step 1: scrape your competitor's Data

```
[695]: #(2) Use reqs to get the url
sp_we_liv = reqs.get("https://cmssc320.github.io/files/top-50-solar-flares.html")
```

```
[696]: #(3 & 4) Extract the text, read and parse the data using soup
sp_we_liv_txt = soup(sp_we_liv.text, "html.parser")
```

```
[697]: #(5) Use prettify() to view the content and find the appropriate table
print(sp_we_liv_txt.prettify()[:256])
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html class="fontawesome-i2svg-active fontawesome-i2svg-complete" lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta content="text/html; charset=utf-8" http-equiv="content-type"/>
    <title>
      Top 50 solar flares | Solar activity | SpaceWeatherLive.com
    </title>
```

```
[698]: #(6) Use find() to save the aforementioned table as a variable
sp_we_liv_table = sp_we_liv_txt.find("table", {"class": "table table-striped",
→ "table-responsive-md"})
print(sp_we_liv_table.text)
```

```
RegionStartMaximumEnd1X28+2003/11/04048619:2919:5320:06 MovieView
archive2X20+2001/04/02939321:3221:5122:03 MovieView
```

archive3X17.2+2003/10/28048609:5111:1011:24 MovieView
archive4X17+2005/09/07080817:1717:4018:03 MovieView
archive5X14.42001/04/15941513:1913:5013:55 MovieView
archive6X102003/10/29048620:3720:4921:01 MovieView
archive7X9.41997/11/06810011:4911:5512:01 MovieView
archive8X9.32017/09/06267311:5312:0212:10 MovieView
archive9X92006/12/05093010:1810:3510:45 MovieView
archive10X8.32003/11/02048617:0317:2517:39 MovieView
archive11X8.22017/09/10267315:3516:0616:31 MovieView
archive12X7.12005/01/20072006:3607:0107:26 MovieView
archive13X6.92011/08/09126307:4808:0508:08 MovieView
archive14X6.52006/12/06093018:2918:4719:00 MovieView
archive15X6.22005/09/09080819:1320:0420:36 MovieView
archive16X6.22001/12/13973314:2014:3014:35 MovieView
archive17X5.72000/07/14907710:0310:2410:43 MovieView
archive18X5.62001/04/06941519:1019:2119:31 MovieView
archive19X5.42012/03/07142900:0200:2400:40 MovieView
archive20X5.42005/09/08080820:5221:0621:17 MovieView
archive21X5.42003/10/23048608:1908:3508:49 MovieView
archive22X5.32001/08/25959116:2316:4517:04 MovieView
archive23X4.92014/02/25199000:3900:4901:03 MovieView
archive24X4.91998/08/18830722:1022:1922:28View
archive25X4.82002/07/23003900:1800:3500:47 MovieView
archive26X42000/11/26923616:3416:4816:56 MovieView
archive27X3.92003/11/03048809:4309:5510:19 MovieView
archive28X3.91998/08/19830721:3521:4521:50View
archive29X3.82005/01/17072006:5909:5210:07 MovieView
archive30X3.71998/11/22838406:3006:4206:49 MovieView
archive31X3.62005/09/09080809:4209:5910:08 MovieView
archive32X3.62004/07/16064913:4913:5514:01 MovieView
archive33X3.62003/05/28036500:1700:2700:39 MovieView
archive34X3.42006/12/13093002:1402:4002:57 MovieView
archive35X3.42001/12/28976720:0220:4521:32 MovieView
archive36X3.32013/11/05189022:0722:1222:15 MovieView
archive37X3.32002/07/20003921:0421:3021:54 MovieView
archive38X3.31998/11/28839504:5405:5206:13 MovieView
archive39X3.22013/05/14174800:0001:1101:20 MovieView
archive40X3.12014/10/24219221:0721:4122:13 MovieView
archive41X3.12002/08/24006900:4901:1201:31 MovieView
archive42X32002/07/15003019:5920:0820:14 MovieView
archive43X2.82013/05/13174815:4816:0516:16 MovieView
archive44X2.82001/12/11973307:5808:0808:14 MovieView
archive45X2.81998/08/18830708:1408:2408:32View
archive46X2.72015/05/05233922:0522:1122:15 MovieView
archive47X2.72003/11/03048801:0901:3001:45 MovieView
archive48X2.71998/05/06821007:5808:0908:20 MovieView
archive49X2.62005/01/15072022:2523:0223:31 MovieView
archive50X2.62001/09/24963209:3210:3811:09 MovieView archive

```
[699]: #(7) Use pandas to read in the HTML file to SWL table
sp_we_liv = pd.read_html(sp_we_liv_table.prettify(), flavor="bs4")[0]
sp_we_liv.head(10)
```

```
[699]:      Unnamed: 0  Unnamed: 1  Unnamed: 2  Region  Start Maximum      End  \
0              1      X28+   2003/11/04     486   19:29   19:53   20:06
1              2      X20+   2001/04/02    9393   21:32   21:51   22:03
2              3    X17.2+   2003/10/28     486   09:51   11:10   11:24
3              4      X17+   2005/09/07     808   17:17   17:40   18:03
4              5    X14.4   2001/04/15    9415   13:19   13:50   13:55
5              6       X10   2003/10/29     486   20:37   20:49   21:01
6              7      X9.4   1997/11/06    8100   11:49   11:55   12:01
7              8      X9.3   2017/09/06    2673   11:53   12:02   12:10
8              9       X9    2006/12/05     930   10:18   10:35   10:45
9             10     X8.3   2003/11/02     486   17:03   17:25   17:39
```

```
      Unnamed: 7
0  Movie  View archive
1  Movie  View archive
2  Movie  View archive
3  Movie  View archive
4  Movie  View archive
5  Movie  View archive
6  Movie  View archive
7  Movie  View archive
8  Movie  View archive
9  Movie  View archive
```

```
[700]: #(8) Set the names of the SWL table
sp_we_liv = sp_we_liv.rename(columns={'Unnamed: 0': 'rank', 'Unnamed: 1':
    ↳ 'x_class',                                'Unnamed: 2': 'date',
    ↳ 'Region': 'region',                        'Start': 'start_time', 'Maximum':
    ↳ 'max_time',                                'End': 'end_time',
    ↳ 'Unnamed: 7': 'movie'})
sp_we_liv.head(10)
```

```
[700]:      rank x_class      date  region start_time max_time end_time  \
0       1   X28+   2003/11/04     486     19:29     19:53     20:06
1       2   X20+   2001/04/02    9393     21:32     21:51     22:03
2       3  X17.2+   2003/10/28     486     09:51     11:10     11:24
3       4   X17+   2005/09/07     808     17:17     17:40     18:03
4       5  X14.4   2001/04/15    9415     13:19     13:50     13:55
5       6    X10   2003/10/29     486     20:37     20:49     21:01
6       7   X9.4   1997/11/06    8100     11:49     11:55     12:01
7       8   X9.3   2017/09/06    2673     11:53     12:02     12:10
8       9    X9    2006/12/05     930     10:18     10:35     10:45
```

9	10	X8.3	2003/11/02	486	17:03	17:25	17:39
---	----	------	------------	-----	-------	-------	-------

```

movie
0 Movie View archive
1 Movie View archive
2 Movie View archive
3 Movie View archive
4 Movie View archive
5 Movie View archive
6 Movie View archive
7 Movie View archive
8 Movie View archive
9 Movie View archive

```

3 Step 2: Tidy the top 50 solar flare data

```

[701]: # (1) Drop the last column of the table
sp_we_liv = sp_we_liv.drop('movie', axis=1)
sp_we_liv.head(10)

```

```

[701]:   rank x_class      date region start_time max_time end_time
0      1   X28+  2003/11/04    486      19:29      19:53      20:06
1      2   X20+  2001/04/02   9393      21:32      21:51      22:03
2      3  X17.2+  2003/10/28    486      09:51      11:10      11:24
3      4   X17+  2005/09/07    808      17:17      17:40      18:03
4      5  X14.4  2001/04/15   9415      13:19      13:50      13:55
5      6    X10  2003/10/29    486      20:37      20:49      21:01
6      7   X9.4  1997/11/06   8100      11:49      11:55      12:01
7      8   X9.3  2017/09/06   2673      11:53      12:02      12:10
8      9     X9  2006/12/05    930      10:18      10:35      10:45
9     10   X8.3  2003/11/02    486      17:03      17:25      17:39

```

```

[702]: # (2 & 3) Use datetime import to combine and update the value
# date--->start_time
# date--->max_time
# date--->end_time
# into three datetime columns
start_time_col = []
max_time_col = []
end_time_col = []

# for loop in table
for index, row in sp_we_liv.iterrows():
    new_date = row['date'].split('/')
    date = dt.date(int(new_date[0]), int(new_date[1]), int(new_date[2]))

```

```

#start_time column combine
# date--->start_time
new_start_time = row['start_time'].split(':')
start_time = dt.time(int(new_start_time[0]), int(new_start_time[1]))

# max_time column combine
# date--->max_time
new_maximum_time = row['max_time'].split(':')
maximum_time = dt.time(int(new_maximum_time[0]), int(new_maximum_time[1]))

# end_time column combine
# end_time_col = []
new_end_time = row['end_time'].split(':')
end_time = dt.time(int(new_end_time[0]), int(new_end_time[1]))

#append the combine data into the array
start_time_col.append(dt.datetime.combine(date, start_time))
max_time_col.append(dt.datetime.combine(date, maximum_time))
end_time_col.append(dt.datetime.combine(date, end_time))

# drop and insert the new ones
#from end_time to start_time to date--->max_time
sp_we_liv = sp_we_liv.drop('end_time', axis=1).drop('max_time', axis=1).
↳drop('start_time', axis=1).drop('date', axis=1)
sp_we_liv.insert(loc=2, column='end_datetime', value=end_time_col)
sp_we_liv.insert(loc=2, column='max_datetime', value=max_time_col)
sp_we_liv.insert(loc=2, column='start_datetime', value=start_time_col)

#print the first 10 rows
sp_we_liv.head(10)

```

```

[702]:
rank x_class      start_datetime      max_datetime      end_datetime \
0      1      X28+ 2003-11-04 19:29:00 2003-11-04 19:53:00 2003-11-04 20:06:00
1      2      X20+ 2001-04-02 21:32:00 2001-04-02 21:51:00 2001-04-02 22:03:00
2      3  X17.2+ 2003-10-28 09:51:00 2003-10-28 11:10:00 2003-10-28 11:24:00
3      4      X17+ 2005-09-07 17:17:00 2005-09-07 17:40:00 2005-09-07 18:03:00
4      5  X14.4 2001-04-15 13:19:00 2001-04-15 13:50:00 2001-04-15 13:55:00
5      6      X10 2003-10-29 20:37:00 2003-10-29 20:49:00 2003-10-29 21:01:00
6      7      X9.4 1997-11-06 11:49:00 1997-11-06 11:55:00 1997-11-06 12:01:00
7      8      X9.3 2017-09-06 11:53:00 2017-09-06 12:02:00 2017-09-06 12:10:00
8      9       X9 2006-12-05 10:18:00 2006-12-05 10:35:00 2006-12-05 10:45:00
9     10  X8.3 2003-11-02 17:03:00 2003-11-02 17:25:00 2003-11-02 17:39:00

region
0      486
1     9393
2      486

```

```

3      808
4     9415
5      486
6     8100
7     2673
8      930
9      486

```

```

[703]: # (4) Set region code '-' as NaN
sp_we_liv = sp_we_liv.replace('-', np.NaN)
sp_we_liv.head(10)

```

```

[703]:  rank x_class      start_datetime      max_datetime      end_datetime  \
0      1    X28+ 2003-11-04 19:29:00 2003-11-04 19:53:00 2003-11-04 20:06:00
1      2    X20+ 2001-04-02 21:32:00 2001-04-02 21:51:00 2001-04-02 22:03:00
2      3  X17.2+ 2003-10-28 09:51:00 2003-10-28 11:10:00 2003-10-28 11:24:00
3      4    X17+ 2005-09-07 17:17:00 2005-09-07 17:40:00 2005-09-07 18:03:00
4      5  X14.4 2001-04-15 13:19:00 2001-04-15 13:50:00 2001-04-15 13:55:00
5      6     X10 2003-10-29 20:37:00 2003-10-29 20:49:00 2003-10-29 21:01:00
6      7   X9.4 1997-11-06 11:49:00 1997-11-06 11:55:00 1997-11-06 12:01:00
7      8   X9.3 2017-09-06 11:53:00 2017-09-06 12:02:00 2017-09-06 12:10:00
8      9     X9 2006-12-05 10:18:00 2006-12-05 10:35:00 2006-12-05 10:45:00
9     10   X8.3 2003-11-02 17:03:00 2003-11-02 17:25:00 2003-11-02 17:39:00

      region
0      486
1     9393
2      486
3      808
4     9415
5      486
6     8100
7     2673
8      930
9      486

```

4 Step 3: Scrape the NASA data

```

[704]: # Scrape the data from the NASA url
nasa_data = reqs.get('http://www.hcbravo.org/IntroDataSci/misc/waves_type2.
↳html')
print(nasa_data.text[:400])

```

```

<html><body>
<h2>Wind/WAVES type II bursts and CMEs</h2>
<a href="waves_type2_description.htm">A Brief Description</a>
<pre>

```

NOTE: List includes DH type II bursts observed by Wind spacecraft, but after STEREO launch on Oct 2006 the start and end times and frequencies of bursts are determined using both Wind and STEREO observations

=====

```
[705]: #(Task 1) Use soup to read from the nasa url and parse
nasa_txt = soup(nasa_data.text, "html.parser")
print(nasa_txt.prettify()[:147])
```

```
<html>
<body>
  <h2>
    Wind/WAVES type II bursts and CMEs
  </h2>
  <a href="waves_type2_description.htm">
    A Brief Description
  </a>
</pre>
```

```
[706]: # Show this beautiful table with Dh type II, Flare, CME with Plots
# by using find()
nasa_html = nasa_txt.find("pre")
print(nasa_html.getText()[:995])
```

NOTE: List includes DH type II bursts observed by Wind spacecraft, but after STEREO launch on Oct 2006 the start and end times and frequencies of bursts are determined using both Wind and STEREO observations

=====

=====

DH Type II						Flare			CME		
-----						-----					
				Plots							
Start	End		Frequency		Loc	NOAA	Imp	Date	Time	CPA	
Width	Spd										
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
(13)	(14)	(15)									
=====											
=====											
1997/04/01	14:00	04/01	14:15	8000	4000	S25E16	8026	M1.3	04/01	15:18	74
79	312	PHTX									
1997/04/07	14:30	04/07	17:30	11000	1000	S28E19	8027	C6.8	04/07	14:27	Halo
360	878	PHTX									

```
[707]: # Using splitline to get the text and show the next 10 rows from previous table
nasa_line = nasa_html.getText().splitlines()
nasa_line = nasa_line[12:-2]
nasa_line[0:5]
```

```
[707]: ['1997/04/01 14:00 04/01 14:15 8000 4000 S25E16 8026 M1.3 04/01 15:18
74 79 312 PHTX',
'1997/04/07 14:30 04/07 17:30 11000 1000 S28E19 8027 C6.8 04/07 14:27
Halo 360 878 PHTX',
'1997/05/12 05:15 05/14 16:00 12000 80 N21W08 8038 C1.3 05/12 05:30
Halo 360 464 PHTX',
'1997/05/21 20:20 05/21 22:00 5000 500 N05W12 8040 M1.3 05/21 21:00
263 165 296 PHTX',
'1997/09/23 21:53 09/23 22:16 6000 2000 S29E25 8088 C1.4 09/23 22:02
133 155 712 PHTX']
```

```
[708]: # Use split to see what will be in each column of nasa table
# Separate each line of text into a data row
#like satrt_date, start_time, end_date...
nasa_line[0].split()
```

```
[708]: ['1997/04/01',
'14:00',
'04/01',
'14:15',
'8000',
'4000',
'S25E16',
'8026',
'M1.3',
'04/01',
'15:18',
'74',
'79',
'312',
'PHTX']
```

```
[709]: #(1 & 2) Create a DataFrame at this point so be use later
# Chose appropriate names for columns
nasa = pd.DataFrame()
lines = []
for line in nasa_line: # for loop into table
    lines.append(line.split()[:14]) #append then to nasa for 14 lines split
nasa = nasa.append(lines)
nasa.columns = ["Start Date", "Start Time", "End Date", "End Time", "Start_
↪Frequency",
```



```

      "End Frequency", "Flare Location", "Flare Region", "Flare_
↪Classification",
      "CME Date", "CME Time", "CME Angle", "CME Width", "CME Speed"]
#Show table
nasa.head(10)

```

```

[709]:   Start Date Start Time End Date End Time Start Frequency End Frequency \
0  1997/04/01    14:00    04/01    14:15          8000          4000
1  1997/04/07    14:30    04/07    17:30         11000          1000
2  1997/05/12    05:15    05/14    16:00         12000           80
3  1997/05/21    20:20    05/21    22:00          5000           500
4  1997/09/23    21:53    09/23    22:16          6000          2000
5  1997/11/03    05:15    11/03    12:00         14000           250
6  1997/11/03    10:30    11/03    11:30         14000          5000
7  1997/11/04    06:00    11/05    04:30         14000           100
8  1997/11/06    12:20    11/07    08:30         14000           100
9  1997/11/27    13:30    11/27    14:00         14000          7000

```

```

      Flare Location Flare Region Flare Classification CME Date CME Time \
0          S25E16          8026          M1.3    04/01    15:18
1          S28E19          8027          C6.8    04/07    14:27
2          N21W08          8038          C1.3    05/12    05:30
3          N05W12          8040          M1.3    05/21    21:00
4          S29E25          8088          C1.4    09/23    22:02
5          S20W13          8100          C8.6    11/03    05:28
6          S16W21          8100          M4.2    11/03    11:11
7          S14W33          8100          X2.1    11/04    06:10
8          S18W63          8100          X9.4    11/06    12:10
9          N17E63          8113          X2.6    11/27    13:56

```

```

      CME Angle CME Width CME Speed
0          74          79          312
1        Halo          360          878
2        Halo          360          464
3          263          165          296
4          133          155          712
5          240          109          227
6          233          122          352
7        Halo          360          785
8        Halo          360         1556
9          98          91          441

```

5 Step 4: Tidy up the nasa table

```
[710]: nasa = pd.DataFrame()
lines = []
for line in nasa_line: # for loop into table
    lines.append(line.split()[:15]) #append then to nasa for 14 lines split
nasa = nasa.append(lines)
nasa.columns = ["Start Date", "Start Time", "End Date", "End Time", "Start_
    ↪Frequency",
                "End Frequency", "Flare Location", "Flare Region", "Flare_
    ↪Classification",
                "CME Date", "CME Time", "CME Angle", "CME Width", "CME Speed",_
    ↪"plot"]
nasa.head(10)
```

```
[710]:   Start Date Start Time End Date End Time Start Frequency End Frequency \
0  1997/04/01    14:00    04/01    14:15          8000          4000
1  1997/04/07    14:30    04/07    17:30         11000          1000
2  1997/05/12    05:15    05/14    16:00         12000           80
3  1997/05/21    20:20    05/21    22:00          5000           500
4  1997/09/23    21:53    09/23    22:16          6000          2000
5  1997/11/03    05:15    11/03    12:00         14000           250
6  1997/11/03    10:30    11/03    11:30         14000          5000
7  1997/11/04    06:00    11/05    04:30         14000           100
8  1997/11/06    12:20    11/07    08:30         14000           100
9  1997/11/27    13:30    11/27    14:00         14000          7000
```

```
   Flare Location Flare Region Flare Classification CME Date CME Time \
0      S25E16      8026      M1.3    04/01    15:18
1      S28E19      8027      C6.8    04/07    14:27
2      N21W08      8038      C1.3    05/12    05:30
3      N05W12      8040      M1.3    05/21    21:00
4      S29E25      8088      C1.4    09/23    22:02
5      S20W13      8100      C8.6    11/03    05:28
6      S16W21      8100      M4.2    11/03    11:11
7      S14W33      8100      X2.1    11/04    06:10
8      S18W63      8100      X9.4    11/06    12:10
9      N17E63      8113      X2.6    11/27    13:56
```

```
   CME Angle CME Width CME Speed plot
0         74         79        312 PHTX
1       Halo        360        878 PHTX
2       Halo        360        464 PHTX
3        263        165        296 PHTX
4        133        155        712 PHTX
5        240        109        227 PHTX
6        233        122        352 PHTX
```

7	Halo	360	785	PHTX
8	Halo	360	1556	PHTX
9	98	91	441	PHTX

```
[711]: #(1) Recode any missing entries as NaN
nasa = nasa.replace(['-----', '----', '--/--', '--:--'], np.NaN)
nasa['Flare Classification'] = nasa['Flare Classification'].replace('FILA', np.
↪NaN)
nasa.head(10)
```

```
[711]:      Start Date Start Time End Date End Time Start Frequency End Frequency \
0  1997/04/01      14:00    04/01    14:15           8000           4000
1  1997/04/07      14:30    04/07    17:30          11000           1000
2  1997/05/12      05:15    05/14    16:00          12000              80
3  1997/05/21     20:20    05/21    22:00           5000           500
4  1997/09/23     21:53    09/23    22:16           6000          2000
5  1997/11/03      05:15    11/03    12:00          14000           250
6  1997/11/03      10:30    11/03    11:30          14000          5000
7  1997/11/04      06:00    11/05     04:30          14000           100
8  1997/11/06      12:20    11/07     08:30          14000           100
9  1997/11/27     13:30    11/27    14:00          14000          7000
```

	Flare Location	Flare Region	Flare Classification	CME Date	CME Time	\
0	S25E16	8026	M1.3	04/01	15:18	
1	S28E19	8027	C6.8	04/07	14:27	
2	N21W08	8038	C1.3	05/12	05:30	
3	N05W12	8040	M1.3	05/21	21:00	
4	S29E25	8088	C1.4	09/23	22:02	
5	S20W13	8100	C8.6	11/03	05:28	
6	S16W21	8100	M4.2	11/03	11:11	
7	S14W33	8100	X2.1	11/04	06:10	
8	S18W63	8100	X9.4	11/06	12:10	
9	N17E63	8113	X2.6	11/27	13:56	

	CME Angle	CME Width	CME Speed	plot
0	74	79	312	PHTX
1	Halo	360	878	PHTX
2	Halo	360	464	PHTX
3	263	165	296	PHTX
4	133	155	712	PHTX
5	240	109	227	PHTX
6	233	122	352	PHTX
7	Halo	360	785	PHTX
8	Halo	360	1556	PHTX
9	98	91	441	PHTX

```
[712]: # (2) Create a new column that indicates if a row corresponds to a halo flares
        ↳ or not
        nasa.insert(loc=15, column='Halo', value=np.where(nasa['CME Angle'] == 'Halo',
        ↳ True, False))
        # a replace Halo entries in the cme_angle column as NaN
        nasa = nasa.replace('Halo', np.NaN)
        #show this beautiful table
        nasa.head(10)
```

```
[712]:      Start Date Start Time End Date End Time Start Frequency End Frequency \
0  1997/04/01      14:00    04/01    14:15           8000           4000
1  1997/04/07      14:30    04/07    17:30          11000           1000
2  1997/05/12      05:15    05/14    16:00          12000              80
3  1997/05/21     20:20    05/21    22:00           5000           500
4  1997/09/23     21:53    09/23    22:16           6000          2000
5  1997/11/03      05:15    11/03    12:00          14000           250
6  1997/11/03     10:30    11/03    11:30          14000          5000
7  1997/11/04      06:00    11/05     04:30          14000           100
8  1997/11/06     12:20    11/07     08:30          14000           100
9  1997/11/27     13:30    11/27    14:00          14000          7000
```

```
      Flare Location Flare Region Flare Classification CME Date CME Time \
0      S25E16           8026           M1.3    04/01    15:18
1      S28E19           8027           C6.8    04/07    14:27
2      N21W08           8038           C1.3    05/12    05:30
3      N05W12           8040           M1.3    05/21    21:00
4      S29E25           8088           C1.4    09/23    22:02
5      S20W13           8100           C8.6    11/03    05:28
6      S16W21           8100           M4.2    11/03    11:11
7      S14W33           8100           X2.1    11/04    06:10
8      S18W63           8100           X9.4    11/06    12:10
9      N17E63           8113           X2.6    11/27    13:56
```

```
      CME Angle CME Width CME Speed plot Halo
0          74          79        312 PHTX False
1         NaN         360        878 PHTX  True
2         NaN         360        464 PHTX  True
3         263         165        296 PHTX False
4         133         155        712 PHTX False
5         240         109        227 PHTX False
6         233         122        352 PHTX False
7         NaN         360        785 PHTX  True
8         NaN         360       1556 PHTX  True
9          98          91        441 PHTX False
```

```
[713]: # (3) Create a new column that indicate if width is as lower bound and remove
        # any non-numeric part of width column
```

```

nasa.insert(loc=16, column='Lower Bound', value=[isinstance(x, str) and x[0] == '
↳>' for x in nasa['CME Width']])
nasa['CME Width'] = [x[1:] if isinstance(x, str) and x[0] == '>' else x for x
↳in nasa['CME Width']]
nasa.head(10)

```

```

[713]:      Start Date Start Time End Date End Time Start Frequency End Frequency \
0  1997/04/01      14:00    04/01    14:15           8000           4000
1  1997/04/07      14:30    04/07    17:30          11000           1000
2  1997/05/12      05:15    05/14    16:00          12000              80
3  1997/05/21      20:20    05/21    22:00           5000           500
4  1997/09/23      21:53    09/23    22:16           6000          2000
5  1997/11/03      05:15    11/03    12:00          14000           250
6  1997/11/03      10:30    11/03    11:30          14000          5000
7  1997/11/04      06:00    11/05    04:30          14000           100
8  1997/11/06      12:20    11/07    08:30          14000           100
9  1997/11/27      13:30    11/27    14:00          14000          7000

```

```

      Flare Location Flare Region Flare Classification CME Date CME Time \
0      S25E16           8026           M1.3    04/01    15:18
1      S28E19           8027           C6.8    04/07    14:27
2      N21W08           8038           C1.3    05/12    05:30
3      N05W12           8040           M1.3    05/21    21:00
4      S29E25           8088           C1.4    09/23    22:02
5      S20W13           8100           C8.6    11/03    05:28
6      S16W21           8100           M4.2    11/03    11:11
7      S14W33           8100           X2.1    11/04    06:10
8      S18W63           8100           X9.4    11/06    12:10
9      N17E63           8113           X2.6    11/27    13:56

```

```

      CME Angle CME Width CME Speed plot Halo Lower Bound
0      74         79        312 PHTX False      False
1      NaN        360        878 PHTX  True      False
2      NaN        360        464 PHTX  True      False
3      263        165        296 PHTX False      False
4      133        155        712 PHTX False      False
5      240        109        227 PHTX False      False
6      233        122        352 PHTX False      False
7      NaN        360        785 PHTX  True      False
8      NaN        360       1556 PHTX  True      False
9      98         91        441 PHTX False      False

```

```

[714]: #(4) Combine date and time columns for
#date & Time----> start_dateTime
#date & Time----> end_dateTime
#date & Time----> cme_dateTime
nasa_start_times = []

```

```

nasa_end_times = []
nasa_cme_times = []
# split the Start date & Time
for index, row in nasa.iterrows():
    start_time_str = row['Start Time'].split(':')
    start_date_str = row['Start Date'].split('/')
    #date & Time----> start_dateTime combine
    start_time = dt.time(int(start_time_str[0]), int(start_time_str[1]))
    start_date = dt.date(int(start_date_str[0]), int(start_date_str[1]),
↳int(start_date_str[2]))
    #date & Time----> end_dateTime combine
    end_time_str = row['End Time'].split(':')
    end_date_str = row['End Date'].split('/')
    end_date = dt.date(int(start_date_str[0]), int(end_date_str[0]),
↳int(end_date_str[1]))

    if int(end_time_str[0]) >= 0:
        end_time_str[0] = int(end_time_str[0]) % 24
        end_date = end_date + dt.timedelta(days=1)

    end_time = dt.time(int(end_time_str[0]), int(end_time_str[1]))
    #appending start and end time n date
    nasa_start_times.append(dt.datetime.combine(start_date, start_time))
    nasa_end_times.append(dt.datetime.combine(end_date, end_time))

    if isinstance(row['CME Time'], str) and isinstance(row['CME Date'], str):
        cme_time_str = row['CME Time'].split(':')
        cme_date_str = row['CME Date'].split('/')
        #date & Time----> cme_dateTime combine
        cme_time = dt.time(int(cme_time_str[0]), int(cme_time_str[1]))
        cme_date = dt.date(int(start_date_str[0]), int(cme_date_str[0]),
↳int(cme_date_str[2]))
        #appending cme date n time
        nasa_cme_times.append(dt.datetime.combine(cme_date, cme_time))
    else:
        nasa_cme_times.append(np.NaN)
#dropping old columns and inserting the combine ones
nasa = nasa.drop('End Time', axis=1).drop('Start Time', axis=1).drop('End_
↳Date', axis=1).drop('Start Date', axis=1)
nasa = nasa.drop('CME Time', axis=1).drop('CME Date', axis=1)
nasa.insert(loc=3, column='CME DateTime', value=nasa_cme_times)
nasa.insert(loc=0, column='End DateTime', value=nasa_end_times)
nasa.insert(loc=0, column='Start DateTime', value=nasa_start_times)
#show the beautiful table
nasa.head(1)

```

```
[714]:      Start DateTime      End DateTime Start Frequency End Frequency \
0 1997-04-01 14:00:00 1997-04-01 14:15:00      8000      4000

      Flare Location      CME DateTime Flare Region Flare Classification \
0      S25E16 1997-04-04 15:18:00      8026      M1.3

      CME Angle CME Width CME Speed plot Halo Lower Bound
0      74      79      312 PHTX False False
```

```
[715]: #The output of this step should looks like this
nasa_tidy = nasa.rename(columns={'Start DateTime':'start_datetime',
                                'End DateTime':'end_datetime',
                                'Start Frequency':
→ 'start_frequency',
                                'End Frequency':'end_frequency',
                                'Flare Location':'flare_location',
                                'Flare Region':'flare_region',
                                'Flare Classification':'importance',
                                'CME DateTime':'cme_datetime',
                                'CME Angle':'cpa', 'CME Width':'width', 'CME_
→Speed':'speed',
                                'Halo':'is_halo', 'Lower Bound':
→ 'width_lower_bound'
                                })
nasa_tidy.head(10)
```

```
[715]:      start_datetime      end_datetime start_frequency end_frequency \
0 1997-04-01 14:00:00 1997-04-01 14:15:00      8000      4000
1 1997-04-07 14:30:00 1997-04-07 17:30:00      11000      1000
2 1997-05-12 05:15:00 1997-05-14 16:00:00      12000      80
3 1997-05-21 20:20:00 1997-05-21 22:00:00      5000      500
4 1997-09-23 21:53:00 1997-09-23 22:16:00      6000      2000
5 1997-11-03 05:15:00 1997-11-03 12:00:00      14000      250
6 1997-11-03 10:30:00 1997-11-03 11:30:00      14000      5000
7 1997-11-04 06:00:00 1997-11-05 04:30:00      14000      100
8 1997-11-06 12:20:00 1997-11-07 08:30:00      14000      100
9 1997-11-27 13:30:00 1997-11-27 14:00:00      14000      7000

      flare_location      cme_datetime flare_region importance cpa width speed \
0      S25E16 1997-04-04 15:18:00      8026      M1.3      74      79      312
1      S28E19 1997-04-04 14:27:00      8027      C6.8      NaN      360      878
2      N21W08 1997-05-05 05:30:00      8038      C1.3      NaN      360      464
3      N05W12 1997-05-05 21:00:00      8040      M1.3      263      165      296
4      S29E25 1997-09-09 22:02:00      8088      C1.4      133      155      712
5      S20W13 1997-11-11 05:28:00      8100      C8.6      240      109      227
6      S16W21 1997-11-11 11:11:00      8100      M4.2      233      122      352
7      S14W33 1997-11-11 06:10:00      8100      X2.1      NaN      360      785
```

8	S18W63	1997-11-11 12:10:00	8100	X9.4	NaN	360	1556
9	N17E63	1997-11-11 13:56:00	8113	X2.6	98	91	441

	plot	is_halo	width_lower_bound
0	PHTX	False	False
1	PHTX	True	False
2	PHTX	True	False
3	PHTX	False	False
4	PHTX	False	False
5	PHTX	False	False
6	PHTX	False	False
7	PHTX	True	False
8	PHTX	True	False
9	PHTX	False	False

6 Part 2: Analysis

7 Question 1: Replication

```
[716]: # The top 50 solar flare base on their classification using data from nasa
# Use their magnitude
def magnitude(x):
    if isinstance(x, float) and np.isnan(x):
        return 0

    #Remove non alphanumerical component from data
    if x[-1] == '+':
        x = x[:-1]

    #Calculate magnitude, ex. X4.5 -> 4.5*10^4
    return (10**({ 'A':0, 'B':1, 'C':2, 'M':3, 'X':4}[x[0]]))*float(x[1:])

#The last 50 rows of the sorted data represent the 50 largest flares by
↳magnitude.
# pip install -U pandas (to be able to use key)
nasa_top_sf = nasa.sort_values(by=['Flare Classification'], key=lambda x: x.
↳map(magnitude)).tail(50)
#show table
nasa_top_sf.head(10)
```

```
[716]:      Start DateTime      End DateTime  Start Frequency  End Frequency  \
49  1999-10-14 09:10:00  1999-10-14 10:00:00           14000           4000
191 2002-07-18 07:55:00  2002-07-18 08:45:00           14000           1500
102 2000-11-24 22:24:00  2000-11-24 22:36:00            4000           3000
104 2000-11-25 19:00:00  2000-11-25 19:35:00            6000           2000
287 2005-01-17 09:25:00  2005-01-17 16:00:00           14000            30
```


100	2000-11-24 05:10:00	2000-11-24 15:00:00	14000	100
127	2001-04-12 10:20:00	2001-04-12 10:40:00	14000	7000
276	2004-11-07 16:25:00	2004-11-08 20:00:00	14000	60
362	2011-09-06 22:30:00	2011-09-07 15:40:00	16000	150
421	2013-10-25 15:08:00	2013-10-25 22:32:00	16000	200

	Flare Location	CME DateTime	Flare Region	Flare Classification	\
49	N11E32	1999-10-10 09:26:00	8731	X1.8	
191	N19W30	2002-07-07 08:06:00	10030	X1.8	
102	N21W14	2000-11-11 22:06:00	9236	X1.8	
104	N20W23	2000-11-11 19:31:00	9236	X1.9	
287	N15W25	2005-01-01 09:30:00	10720	X2.0	
100	N20W05	2000-11-11 05:30:00	9236	X2.0	
127	S19W43	2001-04-04 10:31:00	9415	X2.0	
276	N09W17	2004-11-11 16:54:00	10696	X2.0	
362	N14W18	2011-09-09 23:05:00	11283	X2.1	
421	S06E69	2013-10-10 15:12:00	11882	X2.1	

	CME Angle	CME Width	CME Speed	plot	Halo	Lower Bound
49	NaN	360	1250	PHTX	True	False
191	NaN	360	1099	PHTX	True	False
102	NaN	360	1005	PHTX	True	False
104	NaN	360	671	PHTX	True	False
287	NaN	360	2094	PHTX	True	False
100	NaN	360	1289	PHTX	True	False
127	NaN	360	1184	PHTX	True	False
276	NaN	360	1759	PHTX	True	False
362	NaN	360	575	PHTX	True	False
421	NaN	360	1081	PHTX	True	False

```
[717]: # Recall the SWL table
sp_we_liv.head(10)
```

```
[717]: rank x_class      start_datetime      max_datetime      end_datetime \
0      1      X28+ 2003-11-04 19:29:00 2003-11-04 19:53:00 2003-11-04 20:06:00
1      2      X20+ 2001-04-02 21:32:00 2001-04-02 21:51:00 2001-04-02 22:03:00
2      3  X17.2+ 2003-10-28 09:51:00 2003-10-28 11:10:00 2003-10-28 11:24:00
3      4      X17+ 2005-09-07 17:17:00 2005-09-07 17:40:00 2005-09-07 18:03:00
4      5  X14.4 2001-04-15 13:19:00 2001-04-15 13:50:00 2001-04-15 13:55:00
5      6      X10 2003-10-29 20:37:00 2003-10-29 20:49:00 2003-10-29 21:01:00
6      7      X9.4 1997-11-06 11:49:00 1997-11-06 11:55:00 1997-11-06 12:01:00
7      8      X9.3 2017-09-06 11:53:00 2017-09-06 12:02:00 2017-09-06 12:10:00
8      9        X9 2006-12-05 10:18:00 2006-12-05 10:35:00 2006-12-05 10:45:00
9     10      X8.3 2003-11-02 17:03:00 2003-11-02 17:25:00 2003-11-02 17:39:00

region
0      486
```

1	9393
2	486
3	808
4	9415
5	486
6	8100
7	2673
8	930
9	486

8 Interpretation of nasa_top_sf and the sp_we_liv table

The magnitude from the SpaceWeatherLive(SWL) is quite significant. Compare to the ones from NASA I can say that SWL magnitudes are smaller than NASA's

9 Question 2: Inetgration

Use of three aspects to see if a flare exist in both SWL and NASA A flare is function closely matched if there exists an entry in nasa table the given flare begins within 4 hours and flare has magnitude $\pm 10\%$ and also shares its region data with the nasa entry.

```
[718]: #A close enough match is tuple function of
# a possible match, the number of criteria
def close_enough(swl_row):
    matches = []
    #for loop in reach the nasa_top_sf elem
    for i, row in nasa_top_sf.iterrows():
        n = (abs((row[0]-swl_row[2]).total_seconds()) < 14400)*1 + \
            (abs(np.log10(magnitude(row[7])/magnitude(swl_row[1]))) < np.log10(1.
→1)))*1 + \
            (int(row[6]) % 10000 == int(swl_row[5]))*1

        if n >= 2:
            matches.append((i,n))

    matches.sort(key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
    #if match then return the list
    #else return -1
    if len(matches) == 0:
        return -1
    else:
        return matches

matched = [close_enough(row) for i, row in sp_we_liv.iterrows()]
#insert match into the table
sp_we_liv.insert(loc=6, column='Matched', value=matched)
```

```
sp_we_liv.head(10)
```

```
[718]:
```

	rank	x_class	start_datetime	max_datetime	end_datetime	\
0	1	X28+	2003-11-04 19:29:00	2003-11-04 19:53:00	2003-11-04 20:06:00	
1	2	X20+	2001-04-02 21:32:00	2001-04-02 21:51:00	2001-04-02 22:03:00	
2	3	X17.2+	2003-10-28 09:51:00	2003-10-28 11:10:00	2003-10-28 11:24:00	
3	4	X17+	2005-09-07 17:17:00	2005-09-07 17:40:00	2005-09-07 18:03:00	
4	5	X14.4	2001-04-15 13:19:00	2001-04-15 13:50:00	2001-04-15 13:55:00	
5	6	X10	2003-10-29 20:37:00	2003-10-29 20:49:00	2003-10-29 21:01:00	
6	7	X9.4	1997-11-06 11:49:00	1997-11-06 11:55:00	1997-11-06 12:01:00	
7	8	X9.3	2017-09-06 11:53:00	2017-09-06 12:02:00	2017-09-06 12:10:00	
8	9	X9	2006-12-05 10:18:00	2006-12-05 10:35:00	2006-12-05 10:45:00	
9	10	X8.3	2003-11-02 17:03:00	2003-11-02 17:25:00	2003-11-02 17:39:00	

	region	Matched
0	486	[(242, 3)]
1	9393	[(119, 3)]
2	486	[(234, 3)]
3	808	-1
4	9415	[(128, 3)]
5	486	[(235, 3)]
6	8100	[(8, 3)]
7	2673	-1
8	930	[(330, 3)]
9	486	[(238, 3)]

```
[719]: # For each of the top 50 solar flares in the SpaceWeatherLive data
# find the best matching row from the NASA data
best_match = [-1 if isinstance(x, int) else x[0][0] for x in
↳sp_we_liv['Matched']]
sp_we_liv.insert(loc=7, column='Best Match', value=best_match)
sp_we_liv.head(10)
```

```
[719]:
```

	rank	x_class	start_datetime	max_datetime	end_datetime	\
0	1	X28+	2003-11-04 19:29:00	2003-11-04 19:53:00	2003-11-04 20:06:00	
1	2	X20+	2001-04-02 21:32:00	2001-04-02 21:51:00	2001-04-02 22:03:00	
2	3	X17.2+	2003-10-28 09:51:00	2003-10-28 11:10:00	2003-10-28 11:24:00	
3	4	X17+	2005-09-07 17:17:00	2005-09-07 17:40:00	2005-09-07 18:03:00	
4	5	X14.4	2001-04-15 13:19:00	2001-04-15 13:50:00	2001-04-15 13:55:00	
5	6	X10	2003-10-29 20:37:00	2003-10-29 20:49:00	2003-10-29 21:01:00	
6	7	X9.4	1997-11-06 11:49:00	1997-11-06 11:55:00	1997-11-06 12:01:00	
7	8	X9.3	2017-09-06 11:53:00	2017-09-06 12:02:00	2017-09-06 12:10:00	
8	9	X9	2006-12-05 10:18:00	2006-12-05 10:35:00	2006-12-05 10:45:00	
9	10	X8.3	2003-11-02 17:03:00	2003-11-02 17:25:00	2003-11-02 17:39:00	

	region	Matched	Best Match
0	486	[(242, 3)]	242

1	9393	[(119, 3)]	119
2	486	[(234, 3)]	234
3	808	-1	-1
4	9415	[(128, 3)]	128
5	486	[(235, 3)]	235
6	8100	[(8, 3)]	8
7	2673	-1	-1
8	930	[(330, 3)]	330
9	486	[(238, 3)]	238

```
[720]: #checking for a possible ties break
#they are all unique so no ties break
sp_we_liv['Best Match'].value_counts()
```

```
[720]: -1      18
289      1
444      1
123      1
106      1
376      1
119      1
202      1
242      1
240      1
239      1
238      1
235      1
234      1
360      1
290      1
162      1
19       1
128      1
286      1
405      1
404      1
83       1
144      1
334      1
333      1
223      1
330      1
137      1
8        1
195      1
194      1
319      1
```

Name: Best Match, dtype: int64

```
[721]: #Ranking the top 50 in nasa table base on their flare classification column
ranks = [np.NaN] * len(nasa.index)
for i, row in sp_we_liv.iterrows():
    if not row[7] == -1:
        ranks[row[7]] = row[0]

nasa.insert(loc=13, column='Rank', value=ranks)
# ranking by flare classification
nasa_top_sf = nasa.sort_values(by=['Flare Classification'], key=lambda x: x.
    ↪map(magnitude)).tail(50)

nasa_top_sf.head(10)
```

```
[721]:      Start DateTime      End DateTime Start Frequency End Frequency \
49  1999-10-14 09:10:00 1999-10-14 10:00:00          14000          4000
191 2002-07-18 07:55:00 2002-07-18 08:45:00          14000          1500
102 2000-11-24 22:24:00 2000-11-24 22:36:00           4000          3000
104 2000-11-25 19:00:00 2000-11-25 19:35:00           6000          2000
287 2005-01-17 09:25:00 2005-01-17 16:00:00          14000           30
100 2000-11-24 05:10:00 2000-11-24 15:00:00          14000          100
127 2001-04-12 10:20:00 2001-04-12 10:40:00          14000          7000
276 2004-11-07 16:25:00 2004-11-08 20:00:00          14000           60
362 2011-09-06 22:30:00 2011-09-07 15:40:00          16000          150
421 2013-10-25 15:08:00 2013-10-25 22:32:00          16000          200
```

```
      Flare Location      CME DateTime Flare Region Flare Classification \
49      N11E32 1999-10-10 09:26:00      8731      X1.8
191     N19W30 2002-07-07 08:06:00     10030      X1.8
102     N21W14 2000-11-11 22:06:00      9236      X1.8
104     N20W23 2000-11-11 19:31:00      9236      X1.9
287     N15W25 2005-01-01 09:30:00     10720      X2.0
100     N20W05 2000-11-11 05:30:00      9236      X2.0
127     S19W43 2001-04-04 10:31:00      9415      X2.0
276     N09W17 2004-11-11 16:54:00     10696      X2.0
362     N14W18 2011-09-09 23:05:00     11283      X2.1
421     S06E69 2013-10-10 15:12:00     11882      X2.1
```

```
      CME Angle CME Width CME Speed plot Halo Rank Lower Bound
49      NaN      360      1250 PHTX True  NaN      False
191      NaN      360      1099 PHTX True  NaN      False
102      NaN      360      1005 PHTX True  NaN      False
104      NaN      360       671 PHTX True  NaN      False
287      NaN      360      2094 PHTX True  NaN      False
100      NaN      360      1289 PHTX True  NaN      False
127      NaN      360      1184 PHTX True  NaN      False
```

276	NaN	360	1759	PHTX	True	NaN	False
362	NaN	360	575	PHTX	True	NaN	False
421	NaN	360	1081	PHTX	True	NaN	False

10 Question 3: Analysis

I will plot the logarithm in base 10 of the magnitude of individual observations vs their CME Width and CME Speed respectively.

```
[722]: #(1 & 3) Plot attributes in the NASA dataset (e.g., starting or ending
→frequenciues, flare height or width) over time. Use graphical elements (e.g.
→, text or points) to indicate flares in the top 50 classification.
nasa = nasa.replace('360h', '360')

magnitudes = []
widths = []
speeds = []

for index, row in nasa.iterrows():
    if magnitude(row[7]) == 0 or np.isnan(float(row[10])) or np.
    →isnan(float(row[12])):
        continue
    magnitudes.append(np.log10(magnitude(row[7])))
    widths.append(float(row[10]))
    speeds.append(float(row[12]))

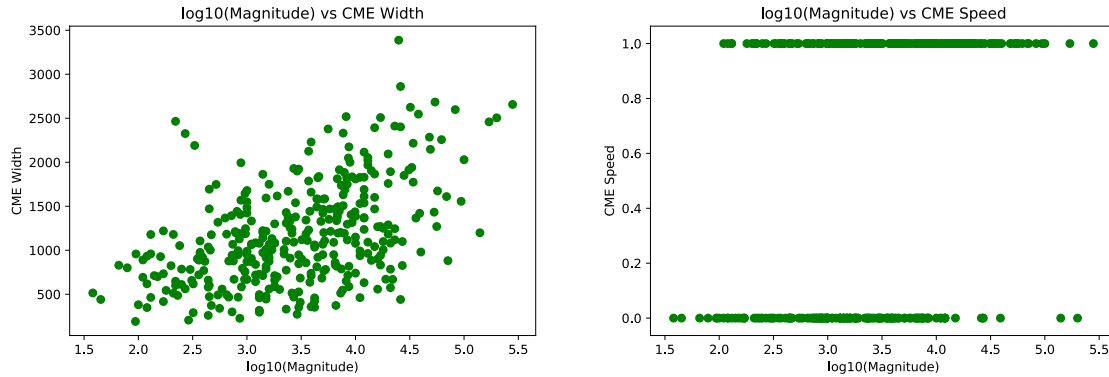
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2)

fig.tight_layout()

ax[0].scatter(magnitudes, widths, color='g')
ax[0].set_title('log10(Magnitude) vs CME Width')
ax[0].set_ylabel('CME Width')
ax[0].set_xlabel('log10(Magnitude)')

ax[1].scatter(magnitudes, speeds, color='g')
ax[1].set_title('log10(Magnitude) vs CME Speed')
ax[1].set_ylabel('CME Speed')
ax[1].set_xlabel('log10(Magnitude)')

plt.subplots_adjust(right = 2)
```



11 Interpretation

First Graph: We can correlation between log10 and CMEs width. They cluster in time

Second Graph: There is absolutely no correlation between both.

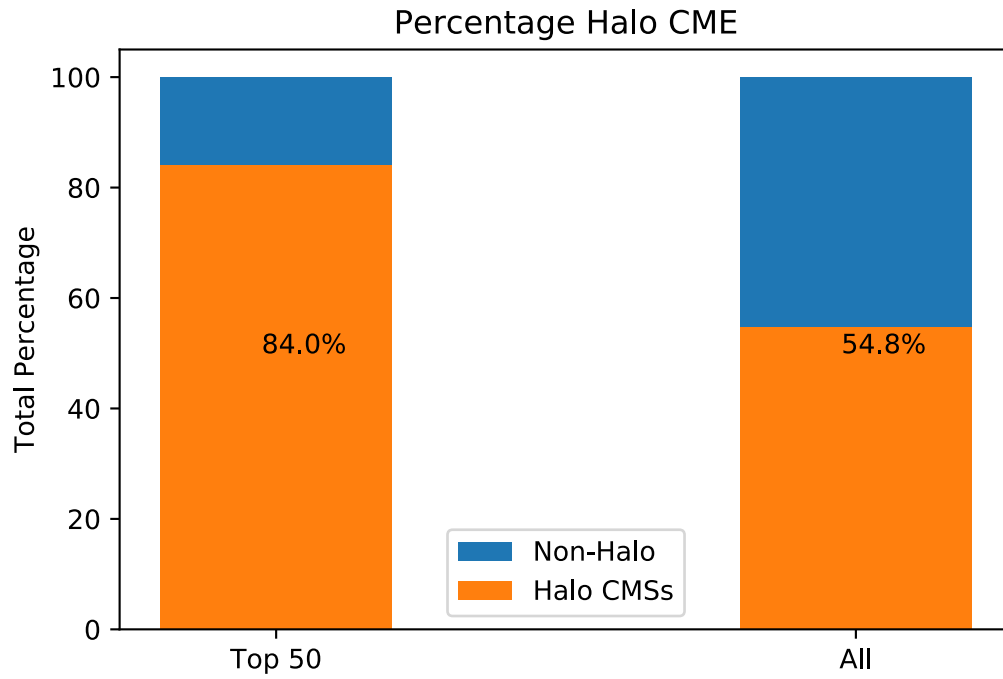
```
[723]: # (2) You can make a barplot that compares the number (or proportion) of Halo
        ↪ CMEs in the top 50 flares vs. the dataset as a whole.
labels = 'Top 50', 'All'

fig, ax = plt.subplots()
halo_prop = [nasa_top_sf['Halo'].value_counts()[True]/50 * 100, nasa['Halo'].
        ↪ value_counts()[True]/len(nasa.index) * 100]
n_halo_prop = [nasa_top_sf['Halo'].value_counts()[False]/50 * 100, nasa['Halo'].
        ↪ value_counts()[False]/len(nasa.index) * 100]

ax.bar(labels, n_halo_prop, .4, bottom=halo_prop, label='Non-Halo')
ax.bar(labels, halo_prop, .4, label='Halo CMEs')

ax.set_ylabel('Total Percentage')
ax.set_title('Percentage Halo CME')
ax.legend()
ax.text(-.025, 50, '%.1f%%' % halo_prop[0])
ax.text(0.975, 50, '%.1f%%' % halo_prop[1])

plt.show()
```



12 Interpretation

Top 50 CMEs from NASA has higher percentage(84%) and proportion than the dataset in hole only (54%) percentage.

13 The end of project 1