Z-World

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内存管理

文件系统

目标：能够自己写一个文件系统。

VFS 使用面向对象的设计思路，VFS 中有 4 个主要的对象类型：

- 超级块对象 (super_block): 它表示一个具体的已安装的文件系统
- 索引节点对象 (inode): 它表示一个具体的文件
- 目录项对象 (dentry): 它表示一个目录项，是路径的一个组成部分。
- 文件对象 (file): 它表示进程打开的文件。

VFS 将目录当作文件来处理，所以不存在目录对象，目录项代表的是路径中的一个组成部分。

2.1 inode

内核处理文件的关键是 inode，每个文件（和目录）都有且只有一个对应的 inode, 其中包含元数据（如访问权限，上次修改的日期，等等）和指向文件数据的指针。

```
/*
 * Keep mostly read-only and often accessed (especially for
 * the RCU path lookup and 'stat' data) fields at the beginning
 * of the 'struct inode'
 */
struct inode {/* fs.h */
        umode_t                 i_mode;/* 文件访问权限和所有权 */
        unsigned short          i_opflags;
        kuid_t                  i_uid;/* uid about the file */
        kgid_t                  i_gid;/* gid about the file */
        unsigned int            i_flags;

#ifdef CONFIG_FS_POSIX_ACL
        struct posix_acl        *i_acl;
        struct posix_acl        *i_default_acl;
#endif
        /* 负责管理结构性操作(如删除一个文件)和文件相关的元数据例如属性() */
        const struct inode_operations   *i_op;
        struct super_block      *i_sb;
        struct address_space    *i_mapping;

#ifdef CONFIG_SECURITY
        void                    *i_security;
#endif

        /* Stat data, not accessed from path walking */
        /* 对给定的文件系统，唯一的编号标识 */
        unsigned long           i_ino;
        /*
         * Filesystems may only read i_nlink directly.  They shall use the
         * following functions for modification:
         *
         *    (set|clear|inc|drop)_nlink
         *    inode_(inc|dec)_link_count
         */
        union {
                /* 记录使用该 inode 的硬链接总数 */
                const unsigned int i_nlink;
                unsigned int __i_nlink;
        };
        dev_t                   i_rdev;

        loff_t                  i_size;/* 文件大小 */
        struct timespec         i_atime;/* 最后访问时间 */
        struct timespec         i_mtime;/* 最后修改时间*/
        struct timespec         i_ctime;/* inode 最后修改时间 */
        spinlock_t              i_lock; /* i_blocks, i_bytes, maybe i_size */
        unsigned short          i_bytes;
        unsigned int            i_blkbits;
```

```
        blkcnt_t                i_blocks;/*指定了按块存放的长度*/

#ifdef __NEED_I_SIZE_ORDERED
        seqcount_t              i_size_seqcount;
#endif

        /* Misc */
        unsigned long           i_state;
        struct mutex            i_mutex;

        unsigned long           dirtied_when;   /* jiffies of first dirtying */
        unsigned long           dirtied_time_when;

        struct hlist_node       i_hash;
        struct list_head        i_io_list;      /* backing dev IO list */
#ifdef CONFIG_CGROUP_WRITEBACK
        struct bdi_writeback    *i_wb;          /* the associated cgroup wb */

        /* foreign inode detection, see wbc_detach_inode() */
        int                     i_wb_frn_winner;
        u16                     i_wb_frn_avg_time;
        u16                     i_wb_frn_history;
#endif
        struct list_head        i_lru;          /* inode LRU list */
        struct list_head        i_sb_list;
        union {
                struct hlist_head       i_dentry;
                struct rcu_head         i_rcu;
        };
        u64                     i_version;
        atomic_t                i_count;/* 访问该的进程数目inode */
        atomic_t                i_dio_count;
        atomic_t                i_writecount;
#ifdef CONFIG_IMA
        atomic_t                i_readcount; /* struct files open RO */
#endif

        const struct file_operations    *i_fop; /* 用于操作文件中包含的数据 */
        struct file_lock_context        *i_flctx;
        struct address_space    i_data;
        struct list_head        i_devices;
        union {
                struct pipe_inode_info  *i_pipe;
                struct block_device     *i_bdev;
                struct cdev             *i_cdev;
                char                    *i_link;
        };

        __u32                   i_generation;

#ifdef CONFIG_FSNOTIFY
        __u32                   i_fsnotify_mask; /* all events this inode cares about */
```

```
        struct hlist_head       i_fsnotify_marks;
#endif

        void                    *i_private; /* fs or device private pointer */
};
```

2.2 inode_operations

大多数请况下，各个函数指针成员的意义可以根据其名称推断。它们与对应的系统调用和用户空间工具在名称方面非常相似。

```
struct inode_operations {
        /* lookup 根据文件系统对象的名称表示为字符串）查找其( inode 实例*/
        struct dentry * (*lookup) (struct inode *,struct dentry *, unsigned int);
        const char * (*follow_link) (struct dentry *, void **);
        int (*permission) (struct inode *, int);
        struct posix_acl * (*get_acl)(struct inode *, int);

        int (*readlink) (struct dentry *, char __user *,int);
        void (*put_link) (struct inode *, void *);

        int (*create) (struct inode *,struct dentry *, umode_t, bool);
        int (*link) (struct dentry *,struct inode *,struct dentry *);
        int (*unlink) (struct inode *,struct dentry *);
        int (*symlink) (struct inode *,struct dentry *,const char *);
        int (*mkdir) (struct inode *,struct dentry *,umode_t);
        int (*rmdir) (struct inode *,struct dentry *);
        int (*mknod) (struct inode *,struct dentry *,umode_t,dev_t);
        int (*rename) (struct inode *, struct dentry *,
                        struct inode *, struct dentry *);
        int (*rename2) (struct inode *, struct dentry *,
                        struct inode *, struct dentry *, unsigned int);
        int (*setattr) (struct dentry *, struct iattr *);
        int (*getattr) (struct vfsmount *mnt, struct dentry *, struct kstat *);
        int (*setxattr) (struct dentry *, const char *,const void *,size_t,int);
        ssize_t (*getxattr) (struct dentry *, const char *, void *, size_t);
        ssize_t (*listxattr) (struct dentry *, char *, size_t);
        int (*removexattr) (struct dentry *, const char *);
        int (*fiemap)(struct inode *, struct fiemap_extent_info *, u64 start,
                      u64 len);
        int (*update_time)(struct inode *, struct timespec *, int);
        int (*atomic_open)(struct inode *, struct dentry *,
                           struct file *, unsigned open_flag,
                           umode_t create_mode, int *opened);
        int (*tmpfile) (struct inode *, struct dentry *, umode_t);
        int (*set_acl)(struct inode *, struct posix_acl *, int);
```

```
        /* WARNING: probably going away soon, do not use! */
} ____cacheline_aligned;
```

2.3 file_system_type

内核使用该结构体来描述文件系统的功能和行为：

```
struct file_system_type {
        const char *name;/* 文件系统名字 */
        int fs_flags;   /* 文件系统类型标志 */
#define FS_REQUIRES_DEV         1
#define FS_BINARY_MOUNTDATA     2
#define FS_HAS_SUBTYPE          4
#define FS_USERNS_MOUNT         8       /* Can be mounted by userns root */
#define FS_USERNS_DEV_MOUNT     16 /* A userns mount does not imply MNT_NODEV */
#define FS_USERNS_VISIBLE       32      /* FS must already be visible */
#define FS_RENAME_DOES_D_MOVE   32768   /* FS will handle d_move() during rename() internally. */
        struct dentry *(*mount) (struct file_system_type *, int,
                        const char *, void *);
        void (*kill_sb) (struct super_block *);/* 用来终止访问 super_block */
        struct module *owner;/* 文件系统模块 */
        struct file_system_type * next;
        struct hlist_head fs_supers;/* supperblock list */

        /* Runtime lock */
        struct lock_class_key s_lock_key;
        struct lock_class_key s_umount_key;
        struct lock_class_key s_vfs_rename_key;
        struct lock_class_key s_writers_key[SB_FREEZE_LEVELS];

        struct lock_class_key i_lock_key;
        struct lock_class_key i_mutex_key;
        struct lock_class_key i_mutex_dir_key;
};
```

2.4 super_block

内核使用该结构体来描述文件系统的功能和行为：

```
struct super_block {
        struct list_head        s_list;         /* 指向的链表super_block */
        dev_t                   s_dev;          /* 设备标识符 */
```

```
        unsigned char           s_blocksize_bits;/* 以位为单位的块大小 */
        unsigned long           s_blocksize;/* 以字节为单位的块大小 */
        loff_t                  s_maxbytes;     /* Max file size */
        struct file_system_type *s_type;/* Filesystem type */
        const struct super_operations   *s_op;/*超级块方法*/
        const struct dquot_operations   *dq_op;/*磁盘限额方法 */
        const struct quotactl_ops       *s_qcop;/* 限额控制方法 */
        const struct export_operations *s_export_op;/* 导出方法 */
        unsigned long           s_flags;/* 挂载标志 */
        unsigned long           s_iflags;       /* internal SB_I_* flags */
        unsigned long           s_magic;/* 文件系统魔数 */
        struct dentry           *s_root;/* 目录挂载点 */
        struct rw_semaphore     s_umount;/* 卸载信号量 */
        int                     s_count;/* 超级块引用计数 */
        atomic_t                s_active;/* 活动引用计数 */
#ifdef CONFIG_SECURITY
        void                    *s_security;/* 安全模块 */
#endif
        const struct xattr_handler **s_xattr;/*扩展的属性操作*/

        struct hlist_bl_head    s_anon;         /* anonymous dentries for (nfs) exporting */
        struct list_head        s_mounts;       /* list of mounts; _not_ for fs use */
        struct block_device     *s_bdev;/*相关的块设备*/
        struct backing_dev_info *s_bdi;
        struct mtd_info         *s_mtd;
        struct hlist_node       s_instances;
        unsigned int            s_quota_types;  /* Bitmask of supported quota types */
        struct quota_info       s_dquot;        /* Diskquota specific options */

        struct sb_writers       s_writers;

        char s_id[32];                          /* Informational name */
        u8 s_uuid[16];                          /* UUID */

        void                    *s_fs_info;     /* Filesystem private info */
        unsigned int            s_max_links;
        fmode_t                 s_mode;

        /* Granularity of c/m/atime in ns.
           Cannot be worse than a second */
        u32                s_time_gran;

        /*
         * The next field is for VFS *only*. No filesystems have any business
         * even looking at it. You had been warned.
         */
        struct mutex s_vfs_rename_mutex;        /* Kludge */

        /*
         * Filesystem subtype.  If non-empty the filesystem type field
         * in /proc/mounts will be "type.subtype"
         */
```

```
        char *s_subtype;

        /*
         * Saved mount options for lazy filesystems using
         * generic_show_options()
         */
        char __rcu *s_options;
        const struct dentry_operations *s_d_op; /* default d_op for dentries */

        /*
         * Saved pool identifier for cleancache (-1 means none)
         */
        int cleancache_poolid;

        struct shrinker s_shrink;       /* per-sb shrinker handle */

        /* Number of inodes with nlink == 0 but still referenced */
        atomic_long_t s_remove_count;

        /* Being remounted read-only */
        int s_readonly_remount;

        /* AIO completions deferred from interrupt context */
        struct workqueue_struct *s_dio_done_wq;
        struct hlist_head s_pins;

        /*
         * Keep the lru lists last in the structure so they always sit on their
         * own individual cachelines.
         */
        struct list_lru         s_dentry_lru ____cacheline_aligned_in_smp;
        struct list_lru         s_inode_lru ____cacheline_aligned_in_smp;
        struct rcu_head         rcu;
        struct work_struct      destroy_work;

        struct mutex            s_sync_lock;    /* sync serialisation lock */

        /*
         * Indicates how deep in a filesystem stack this SB is
         */
        int s_stack_depth;

        /* s_inode_list_lock protects s_inodes */
        spinlock_t              s_inode_list_lock ____cacheline_aligned_in_smp;
        struct list_head        s_inodes;       /* all inodes */
};
```

2.5 dentry

```
struct dentry {
        /* RCU lookup touched fields */
        unsigned int d_flags;           /* protected by d_lock */
        seqcount_t d_seq;               /* per dentry seqlock */
        struct hlist_bl_node d_hash;    /* lookup hash list */
        struct dentry *d_parent;        /* parent directory */
        struct qstr d_name;
        struct inode *d_inode;          /* Where the name belongs to - NULL is
                                         * negative */
        unsigned char d_iname[DNAME_INLINE_LEN];        /* small names */

        /* Ref lookup also touches following */
        struct lockref d_lockref;       /* per-dentry lock and refcount */
        const struct dentry_operations *d_op;
        struct super_block *d_sb;       /* The root of the dentry tree */
        unsigned long d_time;           /* used by d_revalidate */
        void *d_fsdata;                 /* fs-specific data */

        struct list_head d_lru;         /* LRU list */
        struct list_head d_child;       /* child of parent list */
        struct list_head d_subdirs;     /* our children */
        /*
         * d_alias and d_rcu can share memory
         */
        union {
                struct hlist_node d_alias;      /* inode alias list */
                struct rcu_head d_rcu;
        } d_u;
};
```

中断处理

中断的本质是一种特殊的电信号，有硬件发向处理器。内核启用中断以前，必须把 IDT 表的初始化地址装到 idtr 寄存器，并初始化表中的每一项。

3.1 系统启动

模块实现

由于 insmod 调用系统调用 init_module; 该系统调用回调模块初始化函数，所以在模块初始化函数中，属于 insmod 的进程上下文。

```
struct module {
        enum module_state state;/* 模块的内部状态 */

        /* Member of list of modules */
        struct list_head list;/*模块链表 */

        /* Unique handle for this module */
        char name[MODULE_NAME_LEN];/* 模块名 */

        /* Sysfs stuff. */
        struct module_kobject mkobj;
        struct module_attribute *modinfo_attrs;
        const char *version;
        const char *srcversion;
        struct kobject *holders_dir;

        /* Exported symbols */
        const struct kernel_symbol *syms;
        const unsigned long *crcs;
        unsigned int num_syms;

        /* Kernel parameters. */
#ifdef CONFIG_SYSFS
        struct mutex param_lock;
#endif
        struct kernel_param *kp;
        unsigned int num_kp;
```

```
        /* GPL-only exported symbols. */
        unsigned int num_gpl_syms;
        const struct kernel_symbol *gpl_syms;
        const unsigned long *gpl_crcs;

#ifdef CONFIG_UNUSED_SYMBOLS
        /* unused exported symbols. */
        const struct kernel_symbol *unused_syms;
        const unsigned long *unused_crcs;
        unsigned int num_unused_syms;

        /* GPL-only, unused exported symbols. */
        unsigned int num_unused_gpl_syms;
        const struct kernel_symbol *unused_gpl_syms;
        const unsigned long *unused_gpl_crcs;
#endif

#ifdef CONFIG_MODULE_SIG
        /* Signature was verified. */
        bool sig_ok;
#endif

        bool async_probe_requested;

        /* symbols that will be GPL-only in the near future. */
        const struct kernel_symbol *gpl_future_syms;
        const unsigned long *gpl_future_crcs;
        unsigned int num_gpl_future_syms;

        /* Exception table */
        unsigned int num_exentries;
        struct exception_table_entry *extable;

        /* Startup function. */
        int (*init)(void);

        /*
         * If this is non-NULL, vfree() after init() returns.
         *
         * Cacheline align here, such that:
         *   module_init, module_core, init_size, core_size,
         *   init_text_size, core_text_size and mtn_core::{mod,node[0]}
         * are on the same cacheline.
         */
        void *module_init       ____cacheline_aligned;

        /* Here is the actual code + data, vfree'd on unload. */
        void *module_core;

        /* Here are the sizes of the init and core sections */
        unsigned int init_size, core_size;
```

```
        /* The size of the executable code in each section.  */
        unsigned int init_text_size, core_text_size;

#ifdef CONFIG_MODULES_TREE_LOOKUP
        /*
         * We want mtn_core::{mod,node[0]} to be in the same cacheline as the
         * above entries such that a regular lookup will only touch one
         * cacheline.
         */
        struct mod_tree_node    mtn_core;
        struct mod_tree_node    mtn_init;
#endif

        /* Size of RO sections of the module (text+rodata) */
        unsigned int init_ro_size, core_ro_size;

        /* Arch-specific module values */
        struct mod_arch_specific arch;

        unsigned int taints;    /* same bits as kernel:tainted */

#ifdef CONFIG_GENERIC_BUG
        /* Support for BUG */
        unsigned num_bugs;
        struct list_head bug_list;
        struct bug_entry *bug_table;
#endif

#ifdef CONFIG_KALLSYMS
        /*
         * We keep the symbol and string tables for kallsyms.
         * The core_* fields below are temporary, loader-only (they
         * could really be discarded after module init).
         */
        Elf_Sym *symtab, *core_symtab;
        unsigned int num_symtab, core_num_syms;
        char *strtab, *core_strtab;

        /* Section attributes */
        struct module_sect_attrs *sect_attrs;

        /* Notes attributes */
        struct module_notes_attrs *notes_attrs;
#endif

        /* The command line arguments (may be mangled).  People like
           keeping pointers to this stuff */
        char *args;

#ifdef CONFIG_SMP
        /* Per-cpu data. */
```

```
        void __percpu *percpu;
        unsigned int percpu_size;
#endif

#ifdef CONFIG_TRACEPOINTS
        unsigned int num_tracepoints;
        struct tracepoint * const *tracepoints_ptrs;
#endif
#ifdef HAVE_JUMP_LABEL
        struct jump_entry *jump_entries;
        unsigned int num_jump_entries;
#endif
#ifdef CONFIG_TRACING
        unsigned int num_trace_bprintk_fmt;
        const char **trace_bprintk_fmt_start;
#endif
#ifdef CONFIG_EVENT_TRACING
        struct trace_event_call **trace_events;
        unsigned int num_trace_events;
        struct trace_enum_map **trace_enums;
        unsigned int num_trace_enums;
#endif
#ifdef CONFIG_FTRACE_MCOUNT_RECORD
        unsigned int num_ftrace_callsites;
        unsigned long *ftrace_callsites;
#endif

#ifdef CONFIG_LIVEPATCH
        bool klp_alive;
#endif

#ifdef CONFIG_MODULE_UNLOAD
        /* What modules depend on me? */
        struct list_head source_list;
        /* What modules do I depend on? */
        struct list_head target_list;

        /* Destruction function. */
        void (*exit)(void);

        atomic_t refcnt;
#endif

#ifdef CONFIG_CONSTRUCTORS
        /* Constructor functions. */
        ctor_fn_t *ctors;
        unsigned int num_ctors;
#endif
} ____cacheline_aligned;
```

模板

```
int main(int argc, char ** argv)
{
        printf("Hello world!\n");
        return 0;
}
```