## Small dense subgraphs of polarity graphs and the extremal number for the 4-cycle

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## Abstract

In this note, we show that for any  $m \in \{1, 2, ..., q+1\}$ , if G is a polarity graph of a projective plane of order q that has an oval, then G contains a subgraph on  $m + {m \choose 2}$  vertices with  $m^2 + \frac{m^4}{8q} - O(\frac{m^4}{q^{3/2}} + m)$  edges. As an application, we give the best known lower bounds on the Turán number  $\exp(n, C_4)$  for certain values of n. In particular, we disprove a conjecture of Abreu, Balbuena, and Labbate concerning  $\exp(q^2 - q - 2, C_4)$  where q is a power of 2.

## 1 Introduction

Let F be a graph. A graph G is said to be F-free if G does not contain F as a subgraph.

Let  $\operatorname{ex}(n, F)$  denote the Turnnumber of F, which is the maximum number of edges in an n-vertex F-free graph. Write  $\operatorname{Ex}(n, F)$  for the family of n-vertex graphs that are F-free and have  $\operatorname{ex}(n, F)$  edges. Graphs in the family  $\operatorname{Ex}(n, F)$  are called  $\operatorname{extremal} \operatorname{graphs}$ . Determining  $\operatorname{ex}(n, F)$  for different graphs F is one of the most well-studied problems in extremal graph theory. A case of particular interest is when  $F = C_4$ , the cycle on four vertices.

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## References